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Q3 2017 Earnings Call

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Q3 2017 Earnings Call

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION SECTION

Operator: Good day, ladies and gentlemen, and welcome to the third quarter 2017 Praxair earnings conference call. At this time, all participants are in a listen-only mode. Later we ll conduct a question-and-answer session and instructions will follow at that time. [Operator Instructions] As a reminder, this call is being recorded. I would now like to introduce your host for today s conference, Juan Pelaez, Director of Investor Relations. Sir, you may begin.

Juan Pelaez

Director, Investor Relations, Praxair, Inc.

Thanks, Skyler. Good morning and thank you for attending our third quarter earnings call and webcast. I am joined this morning by Steve Angel, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer; Matt White, Senior Vice President and Chief

Financial Officer; and Kelcey Hoyt, Vice President and Controller.

Today s presentation materials are available on our website at praxair.com in the investor section. Please read the forward-looking statement disclosure on page 2 of the slides and note that it applies to all statements made during this teleconference. In addition, please note that year-over-year and sequential comparisons excludes merger-related and other costs. The reconciliations to the U.S. GAAP reported numbers are in the appendix of this presentation and the press release. Let me turn the call over to Steve.

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Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Thanks Juan and good morning, everyone. By all accounts, our third quarter performance was quite strong. Both sales and operating profit grew 8% over prior year, and we delivered record free cash flow, all while operating safely and reliably. Furthermore, we achieved these results despite significant challenges from three hurricanes and the Mexican earthquakes. Thankfully, all of our employees are safe and accounted for. In fact, they performed very admirably during these extremely difficult situations.

Despite many of our employees having damage to their own personal property, they continued to support delivery of critical gases for those who are most in need. We are taking actions to help our employees and customers get back to a normal routine, but until then I d like to personally extend my appreciation for the entire Praxair team s hard work and dedication.

For the call today, I will walk through some of the key trends we are seeing around the world and provide a brief update on the proposed business combination with Linde. Matt will then walk through the numbers and guidance in more detail, after which we can take your questions. I ll start with slide 4 which provides key global trends by operating segment. As you know, North America is our largest segment at 52% of sales. Sales are up 6% driven by strong volume and pricing across every end market we serve. Volume strength in metals and electronics led the way with healthy production rates from our customers, while the resilient markets of food, beverage and healthcare continue growing mid-single digits.

While we saw softer metals volumes at the start of the quarter, those trends reversed by late July. Key start-ups in chemicals and downstream energy also helped lift volumes as we are enjoying returns of the start-ups of prior backlog investments in Canada and the U.S.

All three supply modes of onsite, merchant and packaged grew with the most noticeable recovery occurring in our U.S. packaged business that has lapped some of the more difficult comps and is now growing mid-single digits for both gases and hard goods.

This growth was partially offset by the hurricane effects as Harvey temporarily disrupted our customers in Texas, and Maria has significantly impacted our market in Puerto Rico. Overall, we lost approximately \$0.02 of EPS this quarter from Harvey. Although Harvey is largely behind us, we expect an additional negative \$0.02 effect from Maria in Q4 due to the damaged infrastructure in Puerto Rico.

South America continues to be the most challenging region, now representing only 13% of total sales and becoming less and less of a factor in our overall results. The industrial market has been stabilizing, but at very weak levels as the political uncertainty continues to prevent any meaningful investments. The lower inflation, while good for the economy in the longer run, has reduced our pricing opportunities. So we are facing a low growth, low pricing environment, and I don t expect much change until there is more clarity around the 2018 presidential election. Until then, our team is focusing on cost management, cash generation and growing in the more resilient markets.

Our European segment continues to grow in the mid-single digits due to a combination of strength in consumer markets, coupled with steady recovery in the industrial markets. Metals and manufacturing end markets comprised almost half of the growth as we continue to see higher operating rates across all customers. A quarter of the growth relates to food and beverage as the CO2 acquisition has been fully integrated and is contributing as expected, though we did have a shutdown this quarter that temporarily affected our Q3 results.

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Our oil well services business in the North Sea and Scandinavia continues to be a challenge, and Russia has not produced as expected given the macro headwinds there,. But having said that, Continental Europe continues to improve at a steady pace.

Asia at 16% of sales has been the fastest growing region. In fact, one year ago, Asia represented only 14% of sales. Volumes are up 13% with a little less than half coming from project start-ups in Korea and China. The growth is broad based with every end market contributing, although metals, electronics and chemicals continue to lead the way.

From my perspective, there are two key reasons for the strong underlying growth. First, the significant investment in the electronics industry, coupled with the Chinese initiative of One Belt, One Road has stimulated investment and production rates for the broad economy.

Second, and probably more importantly, we have started to see consolidation in certain overcapacity markets in China, which has shifted volume to the most competitive low cost producers that we supply. This reduction in capacity has also decreased some of the excess by-product merchant liquid in the market, reducing some of the structural oversupply and supporting price improvements.

In addition to the base business growth, we are seeing more backlog project opportunities, especially for the electronic and end market across Korea and China. We added three new Asian electronics projects to the backlog this quarter and expect to win more over the next year.

Based on the performance around the world, it is clear that our employees have maintained focus on executing our core strategy. However, we have also made significant progress towards the business combination with Linde. Slide 5 provides a progress update and overview of key milestones for the merger. As stated in prior calls, our priority right now is to obtain all necessary approvals from both shareholders and applicable regulators.

I m happy to report that we had a successful outcome with Praxair shareholders. 83% of all outstanding shares voted in favor of the merger, well above the required majority of 50%. Of the total votes cast, 99% of shareholders voted in favor of the merger, so that speaks to the overall strong level of support.

Currently, we are in an extension period for the Linde exchange offer process. On Monday of this week, both companies mutually agreed to lower the required threshold from 75% to 60%, which extends the tender window for two additional weeks. This is a fairly normal occurrence as there are inherent challenges for index funds to tender under this process, and a lower threshold allows them a clear path to tender without concerns of tracking error.

As of Tuesday of this week, the percentage of total tendered shares was approximately 65%. We still have confidence in our ability to exceed the initial threshold of 75% over the next few weeks, but we ask those who have not tendered to do so early to help make the process more efficient. In parallel to the shareholder process, we are diligently working with approximately two dozen antitrust regulators around the world.

In summary, we on track to our plan. As expected, we are in different stages with different regulators and there are significant information requests that are being complied with around the world. We have confidence in our team and

advisors given their experience and knowledge, but the process as expected will take time. We should have more clarity as we enter the new year and will provide public updates when appropriate.

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The potential divestiture process will move in lockstep with our efforts to get antitrust approval. There isn t much to update at this time other than we fully intend to have a structured process. It will likely kick off late this year into early next year. There is a wide spectrum of interested buyers and we plan to formally engage with them in the coming months.

So to recap, we are on track on the shareholder approval process, but we ask that any shareholder who has not tendered to consider tendering as soon as possible. Following a successful tender, we anticipate communication to prospective buyers of assets by the end of this year or early 2018 and more clarity around regulatory approval going into the first quarter of next year.

I d now like to hand it over to Matt to discuss the numbers and guidance.

Matthew J. White

Chief Financial Officer & Senior Vice President, Praxair, Inc.

Thanks, Steve. Slide 7 provides further detail on our third quarter results. Sales of \$2.9 billion are 8% higher than prior year and 3% higher than the second quarter. Year-over-year sales increased 6% when excluding positive effects of currency and cost pass-through. Volume growth of 5% was driven by approximately one-third from projects and two-thirds from organic growth, while the 1% price improvement was broad-based with the largest impact from Asia. Project contribution was primarily in North America and Asia, serving the chemical, electronic and energy end markets. We anticipate further project contribution in the fourth quarter as we have additional start-ups scheduled.

Organic volume growth was balanced across all end markets as shown on slide 17 in the appendix. Most markets are growing mid-single digit, with a solid recovery in the more industrial-related sectors of manufacturing and metals. Sequentially, sales grew 3% driven by 2% positive currency and 1% volume. Volume grew from a combination of projects and base business with seasonal improvements in the Americas and higher industrial activity in Asia.

As Steve mentioned, we did have some negative effect to our results from the hurricanes. Third quarter total revenue was reduced by approximately 50 basis points and EPS by \$0.02 primarily from the lower customer operating rates in Texas due to Hurricane Harvey. That impact has substantially subsided and we do not anticipate any material impact from Harvey going forward.

However, at the end of the third quarter Hurricane Maria had a significant impact to Puerto Rico and while it wasn t much of an impact us to in the third quarter, we expect the full impact in the fourth quarter. There was only minor impact to our assets, but the power infrastructure was severely damaged, so we expect it could take some time for recovery.

Puerto Rico only represents about 0.5% of our global sales, but we are losing variable margin in this situation and are required to incur extraordinary expenses to supply the more critical customers. We do have insurance covering our business losses which will be settled on a future date. But until then, we have included another \$0.02 negative EPS impact in our fourth quarter guidance.

Operating profit of \$642 million was 8% higher than prior year, and 4% higher sequentially. Operating margin at 22% is consistent with prior year, but this variance is negatively affected by about 20 basis points due to higher cost pass-through, mostly from higher natural gas pricing. Excluding the pass-through effect positive margin contributions from volume and price actions were partially offset by lower margins in South America and negative mix effects from lower helium and lost hurricane volumes.

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The operating profit rolls down to an EPS of \$1.50, which includes the \$0.02 hurt related to the hurricanes but excludes \$0.05 or \$16 million of expenses primarily related to merger costs. Year-over-year EPS growth is slightly lower than the operating profit growth, due to higher non-controlling interest expense primarily related to the PST joint venture, which we will lap by the end of this year. After-tax return on capital has increased to 12.3%, driven by the business growth on a fairly stable capital base.

We signed four new projects that were added to the backlog this quarter, resulting in an increase from \$1.4 billion to \$1.5 billion of projects under construction, support by an executed contract with secured revenue. Examples of recently announced projects include providing high purity gases to Huali Microelectronics for their new production base near Shanghai, gaseous nitrogen to GLOBALFOUNDRIES for their fabrication facility in upstate New York, and nitrogen to Samsung s display manufacturing complex in South Korea. As Steve mentioned, we are confident in our ability to sign additional contracts in the coming months, especially in the U.S. Gulf Coast and Asia.

Cash generation was once again quite strong, in fact, free cash flow was the highest quarter on record. You can see that operating cash flow of almost \$800 million is higher than both prior year and the second quarter. Our base CapEx is up a little over \$20 million. And almost all of that relates to small, non-backlog growth capital across our regions, primarily small on-site plants and equipment in support of the merchant liquid growth.

Given our strength in cash flow, I d like to provide some additional information which you can find on slide 8. The graph on the left shows operating cash flow by quarter represented as green bars. The red line denotes free cash flow defined as operating cash flow less total capital expenditures. You can see that 2017 year-to-date operating cash flow performance is approximately \$160 million, or 8% better than 2016 year-to-date, due to initiatives around managing all aspects of cash flow.

Furthermore, our capital spending has decreased over this time resulting in 24% more free cash flow. The combinations of these efforts has provided us excess cash to deploy and the pie chart to the right provides a breakdown of the third quarter allocation.

As you know, stock repurchases have been paused during the proposed merger. So, the \$474 million of free cash flow this quarter was roughly split between dividends and net debt reduction. We anticipate further reductions in net debt over the next several quarters due to the continued strong cash flow generation.

I d like to wrap up with guidance which you can find on slide 9. Fourth quarter guidance is estimated to be between \$1.45 and \$1.50. As mentioned earlier, this range includes a \$0.02 headwind from the effects of lost variable margin and excessive dislocation costs in Puerto Rico; as we anticipate it will take considerable time to fully restore power. The midpoint of this range is a few cents lower than the \$1.50 we just achieved in the third quarter. We often experience seasonal declines from Q3 to Q4 due to lower CO2 demand in North America and lower general industrial activity in South America from the summer break and Christmas holiday. We expect the South American trend to be worse than historical as customers often take extended outages during weak demand periods, similar to what happened last year. Furthermore, we are not expecting any sequential relief from the hurricane impact as the elimination of the Q3 negative Harvey impact is offset by the Q4 impact to Puerto Rico.

Foreign currency rates have also softened in recent weeks which may have a small negative sequential impact. Overall, we feel good about the demand patterns heading into the fourth quarter but we remain cautious on South America.

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The updated fourth quarter guidance results in a new full-year guidance range of \$5.78 to \$5.83. The midpoint of this range is approximately \$0.12 or 2% higher than our prior range. A combination of higher volume and price trends in Asia, better North American metals production, and improved currency rates from the prior guidance have all led to better results in Q3 and an improved outlook for Q4.

I ll now turn the call over to Q&A.

QUESTION AND ANSWER

Operator: [Operator Instructions] Our first question comes from Vincent Andrews with Morgan Stanley. Your line is now open.

Vincent Stephen Andrews

Q

Analyst, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Thanks and good morning, everyone. Encouraging to hear that the packaged and hard goods business is picking up and that those trends seem to be more complementary in terms of what the go-forward growth outlook is from an implications perspective. What are you seeing sequentially that s driving that and where do you think we are in this recovery?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, I would say good morning, Vince I would say that much of what we see in packaged gases is tied to industrial production and it is also tied to more specifically, metal fabrication. In fact, about half of our sales of our packaged gas business are tied to that specific market. But if I look at the drivers of that business of metal fabrication, for example, capital equipment seems to be stronger and getting stronger. You we heard some reports from some of major capital equipment producers that has been more positive than what we we heard in the past. Transportation seems to be fairly strong in the United States.

So that seems to be what s behind it. I anticipate that that trend should continue. I m not hearing anyone say or think that that might not be the case. Automotive is a piece of that. Obviously we supply products into that supply chain. And that seems to be holding up fairly well though the results seem to be mixed and impacted by hurricanes and so forth. But that s how I would answer that question. It looks like it s got some legs heading into 2018.

Analyst, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Then maybe just a follow-up on South America. Obviously ongoing issues there, but do you think we re near the bottom at least the terms of your results vis-à-vis, maybe some of the self-help measures you re putting in there? So as we look into 2018, we should at least see a flattening out. Or how should we be thinking about that?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

It s a good question. I think Q4, as Matt described, from the standpoint of you got the normal seasonal effects, it s their summertime. It s the holidays and you have weak economic activity. So I m not really expecting much positive to come out of Q4.

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A lot of what s taking place there seems to be influenced by the political environment. I guess the bit of good news that we ve heard recently it s hard to believe we would ever characterize this as good news is that Temer is not going be charged with corruption, so that s a positive.

The Selic lending rate was lowered another 75 basis points so that s positive in terms of stimulating some activity. From our standpoint, we ve worked hard on the cost side. We ve worked hard on building out the resilient end markets. The team works extremely hard on cash flow because that s obviously very important, particularly in a difficult environment and they re doing a great job with that.

We have some other things we re looking at that we think are going to provide positive effects. I would say it stable. I m not expecting anything really positive to come out of Q4 for the reasons I just mentioned. I don't think it s going to get any worse in 2018. I would say of course, we have elections that are a year away which will be very interesting to see how all that plays out, but again, I would say we re probably bouncing along the bottom here. We are very well positioned to capitalize on any improvement. It will come at some point. It shard for me to predict when.

Vincent Stephen Andrews

Q

Analyst, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC Okay. Great. Thank you very much.

Operator: Our next question comes from Laurence Alexander with Jefferies. Your line s now open.

Laurence Alexander Q

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Good morning. A couple of quick questions. First, given what you re seeing in terms of bidding activity picking up, do you think CapEx should be higher or just flat in 2018? Secondly, with the fairly wide discount that Linde s at currently, once the vote if the tender completes favorably, how is the price set for if there s going to be an effort to buy out the stub shares, and when would be the first time that you could approach that?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, let me just take the first question. Based on the positive activity that we re seeing, we ve talked a lot about the U.S. Gulf Coast in prior quarters and we re having a lot of success there and we think we ll have a lot of success going forward. And you can add to that a lot of activity on the electronics side driven more by data, the use of data, more

memory storage, the cloud, internet of things, however you want to characterize it. There s a lot of demand driving a lot of chip production.

And then also on the display side, we re seeing lot of activity around OLED, AMOLED production and we re well positioned to take advantage of that. But having said all that, my anticipation going forward, Laurence, is that the CapEx spend rate is going be about where it is this year. I mlooking at something around \$1.4 billion, perhaps \$1.5 billion. That will depend on when we re able to win projects and start spending against those projects. But I think that s a very healthy pace and that will continue. What we ve been saying is that we expect about 3% per year earnings per share contribution out of our large projects as they start up going forward.

So that s how I would answer your first question. On your second question, clearly, the difference in our market capital has been closing as there s been more and more confidence in shareholder approval. Perhaps more confidence in the regulatory approval process and then the divestiture process and just the overall likelihood that

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Praxair, Inc. (PX) Q3 2017 Earnings Call the deal will consummate. So that s what we expected to see, that the market capitalization would close based on the ratios that are used between Linde shares and Praxair shares. As far as the stub, I m going ask Matt just to comment on that. Matthew J. White A Chief Financial Officer & Senior Vice President, Praxair, Inc. Yes, Lawrence, this is Matt. I think it s just a bit too early to talk about that at this stage. I mean, as Steve mentioned in the prepared remarks, our focus right now is over the next few weeks to achieve our threshold. We feel quite confident about that. And that s the focus. When that ends, any relevant communication on the next phases will be given at that time. Laurence Alexander Q Analyst, Jefferies LLC Perfect. Thanks. Stephen F. Angel Α Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc. Thank you. **Operator**: Our next question comes from Mike Sison with KeyBanc. Your line s now open. Michael J. Sison Q Analyst, KeyBanc Capital Markets, Inc. Hey, guys. Nice quarter.

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc. Thank you.

Michael J. Sison

Analyst, KeyBanc Capital Markets, Inc.

A question on Asia pricing. It was positive again. When you think about where your products are priced there relative to other regions, is there a long potential tail for pricing in the region for the next couple years?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

That s a very important question. There s no secret that the lowest pricing we ve had in the merchant liquids space has been in China for some years. That comment probably applies to a lot of other industries as well. So yes, there is opportunity, clearly, to improve the pricing environment in China. You know, the interesting thing is there has been inflation over recent years and we as an industry have not been able to keep up with that inflation. It is very low pricing, as I said to begin with.

What s really changed, and I alluded to that in my comments is that we ve seen some of our, say, metals capacity come offline, 150 million tons, for example, of the steel industry. That removes the by-product liquids that were also produced. So that has been favorable, particularly on the argon side of the equation. I would say that the

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industrial gas industry has not added capacity at the pace it had in prior years. So I think that was helpful in allowing demand to grow into the current supply capacity.

And then what we ve been working on really for several years now and I think it s really starting to come to fruition is shifting more and more of our sales to direct end users. And much of that sale is wrapped around an application so it s stickier, typically higher priced. Today we re probably close to 85% of our sales are direct to the end user versus distributor.

Michael J. Sison Q

Analyst, KeyBanc Capital Markets, Inc.

Great. And then quick follow-up, you ve had more time to think about the Linde opportunities and potential, anything new in terms of longer term potential for the combination, anything new and exciting?

Stephen F. Angel A

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, it is been exciting from the beginning. So I would say that it is kind of hard to top what we is een as the potential from the beginning. So the interesting thing about where we are in this process is that we have obviously worked toward shareholder approval. We worked collaboratively towards regulatory approvals and well work collaboratively as we start looking at divestitures and who they may go to. And we can work on integration planning and we have been doing that. But beyond that, there is not a lot more we can do at this stage. Obviously as we get more into the new year, have a chance to really start looking at the synergies at a more detailed level, I expect well find more.

And if you go back and just take a look at what we said when we introduced this deal, we said there s a billion dollars of cost synergies. We felt comfortable with that. There s a couple hundred million dollars of CapEx and we said and plus growth synergies. And we know the growth synergies are there. But again, at this stage we haven t spent a lot of time evaluating that yet. But I think we ll find more as we get closer to the expected close in the second half of next year. What we always have to remind ourselves here and remind our friends at Linde is that we re still competitors and we have to be viewed as such in the marketplace.

Michael J. Sison Q

Analyst, KeyBanc Capital Markets, Inc. Great. Thank you.

Stephen F. Angel A

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc. Thank you.

Operator: Our next question comes from Jeff Zekauskas with JPMorgan. Your line s now open.

Jeffrey J. Zekauskas Q

Analyst, JPMorgan Securities LLC

Hi. Thanks very much. Can you at least in very rough terms frame the index fund voting issue having to do with the transaction, that is, in rough terms what do you see as index ownership of Linde and what percentage do you think has voted or what s the percentage that you think that you re going capture through this extension?

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Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, the index fund ownership we estimate at around 14% to 15%. And when we lowered the threshold, one of our objectives was to remove a condition that would have prevented them from recommending to their—for the indexes recommending to their shareholders to vote in favor of the transaction. So again, it—s about 14% to 15%. DAX came out couple weeks ago I believe and said that they were going to change their tracking stock to the new Linde PLC and they announced a date, I think it was October 25. Recently MSCI and FTSE have come out and have said that essentially if at the end of this tender period, which is November 7, provided the 60% threshold is met, and as of Tuesday we were at 65%, so that seems to be a good assumption, that they would be changing their tracking stock to the new class of shares. And at that point, the holders of those index funds would naturally tender their shares.

Jeffrey J. Zekauskas Q

Analyst, JPMorgan Securities LLC

Okay. And can you talk about what s going right and what s going wrong in your South American operations in that year-over-year your revenues grew but your operating profits fell from \$68 million to \$63 million.

Stephen F. Angel A

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

So I think what s going right you can see is the growth has been held in there pretty well. Now, keep in mind a lot of that growth is coming from food and beverage and the healthcare industry. The healthcare growth, it s good growth but it doesn't carry the margins that our core manufacturing business would carry.

And if you go back and look a couple years ago, you ll see that industrial production was much higher a couple years ago than it is today. I think we re still off probably a good 30%. That s high margin business for us. That manufacturing business is very high margin for us. It s our packaged gas business. It s our merchant liquid business. And so you can call that a mix effect but it s very real. And so until that starts to recover, we re going have some pressure on the margin side.

Now also add to that something that Matt reminds me from time to time and that is that the good news is we have our metals customers, our steel customers, are paying their take-or-pays. That s the good news. But the problem is many of them are still producing underneath their take-or-pays or below their take-or-pay. So as their volumes improve, which they are improving more export driven, we re going to actually incur more cost until they cross that take-or-pay threshold so that is also an element of why the margins aren t as strong as they have been historically.

Jeffrey J. Zekauskas

Q

Analyst, JPMorgan Securities LLC
Okay. Good. Thank you so much.

Operator: Our next question comes from P.J. Juvekar with Citi. Your line s now open.

P.J. Juvekar

Q

Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.
Yes. Hi. Good morning.

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Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc. Good morning.

P.J. Juvekar Q

Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.

I had a question on healthcare. You have healthcare business in Europe. Linde has a much bigger healthcare business in U.S. through Lincare. So when you combine, you re going to have a bigger position there in that end market. What are the trends in healthcare you re seeing and can you just talk us to about that?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, I think the trends, generally speaking, if you look at, if you just start with Europe. We would be in we have healthcare business in Spain. We have healthcare business in Italy, primarily. Outside of Europe, Canada, we have a healthcare business, Mexico, et cetera. Our healthcare business, if I just segment that one more level, if you look at hospital, it s been quite strong all over the world. Always a good business for us.

If you look at the home care business, it kind of has depended. In Europe, the business still looks healthy to us. As far as the trends in the U.S., our hospital business kind of continues to click along at a, I d say, low-single digit rate but it s very stable. Our business in Canada, both institutional and home care, does quite well. And Mexico, our home care business is doing fine.

As far as their Lincare business, you ve got to keep in mind, I m not privy to all that information nor should I be until we close between the two companies. But because we were in the business and exited sometime around 2010, we are familiar with the business. We have watched the results of some of the auctions whereby the price of oxygen is a good 70% lower than it was, say, back in really the 2010 timeframe. So what we have observed Lincare do in this environment is to build density. I think that s a smart thing to do. Density is the secret to a lot of our business around the world. So they we been building density. They we been doing some acquisitions. And that s what I we observed from afar.

But as far as specifically what s going on, I m not privy to that information today. But it certainly appears like they re doing all the right things. And I think arguably, and you ve heard me say this before, this price reductions that have gone into effect, most people think or observers in the industry think that we have to be near the end of this process. The small ma and pa type of home care suppliers can t stay in business. They can t earn positive cash flow. So I don t think our government really needs to keep pressing on that and I think we re probably near the end of all that price

pressure, which says it could be a good time to be in the U.S. home care business.

P.J. Juvekar

Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.

Very interesting. And then I have a question on India. You traditionally had a very strong position there. But now your competitor is also building six new ASUs through a joint venture there. So was just wondering what is the competitive landscape in India and you ve seen more competition come up there?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

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Edgar Filing: PRAXAIR INC - Form 425 Praxair, Inc. (PX) Q3 2017 Earnings Call Well, I think one thing, obviously, as we look at India, the growth prospects look pretty good. Our volumes have been pretty good there. I think there s probably more opportunities to come in the near future. The structure in India is different than China in that there s not as many competitors in India, nor have there been, as there are in China because you have all the local producers and so forth, but certainly there s plenty of competition there. But I think our competitors are seeing what we see is that India s a land of opportunity going forward. Everybody wants to start to build their positions. What I know for sure is that we have an excellent position today as a standalone company in India, and so we feel very good about our ability to capitalize on whatever opportunities come down the road. P.J. Juvekar Q Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. So you don t see sort of the overcapacity you saw in China, that scenario repeat in India? Stephen F. Angel Α Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc. Could you repeat that? I didn t quite hear you. P.J. Juvekar Q Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. Yes. So you don't see the overcapacity that we saw in China, that kind of scenario, repeat in India? Stephen F. Angel A

P.J. Juvekar

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

I don t see that.

Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.

Okay. Thank you.

Operator: Our next question comes from Patrick Lambert with Raymond James. Your line s now open.

Patrick Lambert Q

Analyst, Raymond James Financial International Ltd.

Hi. Good afternoon. Congrats for Q3 numbers. Three questions for me. The first one is could you give a bit more granularity on the year of 13% growth in Asia around your three major countries there, if there are big differences between the two. I would expect electronics China to be driving pretty well. That s the first question.

The second, regarding the backlog, the \$1.5 billion, could you help us out in terms of you gave the EPS impact, the contribution of these project. Could you give us the top line or the capital intensity of those projects, especially the new one, the 2018, 2019 type of capital intensity we should use to forecast?

And finally a question about Linde. What happened if you don't get that threshold of 75%? How can you incentivize a bit more the Linde shareholders to tender? Or what can you do to salvage the deal if you don't get the threshold?

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Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, I ll just take the last one first. I mean, given where we are as of Tuesday with 65% tendered, and that s without the contributions largely of the index funds, and we said that s 14% to 15%, and provided we get today we re at 65%. The threshold that we had to cross was 60% for this current period. At the end of this period, provided we re still above 60%, which I assume we will be well above that, then there will be another two-week period that will be granted. So the long and short of that is, we feel pretty confident today about the 75%, though everybody needs to come in and vote to make that a reality.

I ll go back to your first question on Asia. And I m not looking at the breakdown in numbers by country, but I can say that electronics activity in Korea with Samsung is quite strong. Project activity is quite strong. So that would be a big driver of that 13%. But also, in China, we are very well positioned with Tier 1 metals customers, very well positioned with some of the chemical customers that are growing there. Metal fabrication seems to be stronger. Electronics is growing across the board in China. So a lot of growth is coming there. Growth in India has been pretty consistent, a little weaker in Thailand, but that s how I would basically talk about where the growth is coming. I think the two strongest countries, clearly, were China and South Korea for us.

Then on the backlog side, the \$1.5 billion, I ve said 3% EPS contribution going forward. The revenue line might be a little lighter than that, call it two-ish, and the reason is that just the basic structure of many of our contracts are going be more facility fee based, which means less contribution on the revenue but strong contribution from cash flow that hits the earnings per share.

Patrick Lambert Q

Analyst, Raymond James Financial International Ltd.

Thank you.

Operator: Our next question comes from John Roberts of UBS. Your line s now open.

John Roberts Q

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Thanks. In the Praxair proxy, you showed Linde s packaged gas businesses is 40% of their sales. That was much higher than I was expecting. It s higher than Praxair and it s higher than their on-site and merchant bulk business. Do they do anything differently overseas in their packaged gas operations than you do in the U.S.? I m thinking pull through more hard goods or have more branded products like Airgas? Are they similar to you in that packaged gas business they have?

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, it s not hard goods related. It would certainly be more pure gas than what we would have in the U.S. where hard goods has traditionally been more of the gas package. But if you go back and look at Linde historically they ve always been very strong in the cylinder gas business. I would say they ve been a technology leader in the cylinder gas business. And if you look at their positions around the world, I mean I can just take, for example, Eastern Europe. They re very strong in the packaged gas business in places like Eastern Europe, but really all over. Everywhere they participate, they ve typically been strong. So again, here s an area where after we close, it will be really interesting to look at their strengths vis-a-vis ours and I think there s going be plenty of opportunity there.

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John Roberts Q

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

And then maybe an on-site question. I believe you depreciate the capital over the initial life of an on-site contract. Would the step-up depreciation that s going to come as part of the merger here, will any of that be assignable to contract renewals and allow you to expense that a little quicker?

Matthew J. White

Chief Financial Officer & Senior Vice President, Praxair, Inc.

Hey, John. This is Matt. I can handle that question. As you can imagine, we re using U.S. GAAP acquisition accounting rules. That s what we re required to use because there is no other solution under U.S. GAAP for this. And under that, we have to allocate all of the step-up across various aspects including tangible assets, non-tangible assets, as well as goodwill in the non-tangible. So there s going be a variety of different lives. The shortest would be something like COGS, cost of goods sold, as you can imagine as that works through inventory.

And then, clearly, the longest would be goodwill with indefinite and other types of intangibles like brand equity and things like that which could be substantially long lives. So a lot of this information, actually, you can find in our S-4 filing. It does give some of the step-up assumptions at that time. Realize that number is very preliminary. The real number will not be known until the actual close. But if you go to the S-4, you can probably get a lot more details on what you re looking at.

John Roberts Q

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC Thank you.

Operator: Our next question comes from Kevin McCarthy with Vertical Research. Your line s now open.

Matthew DeYoe Q

Analyst, Vertical Research Partners LLC

Hi. This is Matt DeYeo on for Kevin. Just to piggyback a bit on a prior question about margins in South America. Sounds like topline s stabilizing a bit. The mix, I guess, is working against you. So what is the traditional margin differential between the shrinking manufacturing businesses and the growing healthcare businesses? Trying to get a sense for how much downside you might have from here despite what sounds like stabilization.

Stephen F. Angel

Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc.

Well, I don t think you need to calculate downside from here because I think industrial production is actually improving a bit. It s just improving off a very low bottom. But clearly, the margins are much higher. Because you re talking about argon. You re talking about some packaged gases where we have very strong market positions, very strong merchant liquid sales, et cetera. But if you went back many years and you looked at where South America operating margins were, we were in the low 20%s at one time. So I think you can think about it in terms of with a strong industrial production economy, we should be able to get back to the 20% kind of range. But we re not close to that type of economy today.

Matthew DeYoe Q

Analyst, Vertical Research Partners LLC

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Praxair, Inc. (PX) Q3 2017 Earnings Call Okay. And then you d also mentioned that lower inflation in Brazil was making it a little bit harder to get price. It seems like price has trended back to flat kind of on a year-over-year basis from what seemed like mid-single digit growth last year. Is it possible prices go negative or do you think, again, we re pretty much bottoming here? Stephen F. Angel Α Chairman, President & Chief Executive Officer, Praxair, Inc. I think we re pretty much bottoming here. I mean, I don t expect any kind of real turnaround in terms of our ability to pass price through, at least any time soon. I think, to your point, we re probably bottoming. Matthew DeYoe Q Analyst, Vertical Research Partners LLC All right. Thank you. Matthew J. White Α Chief Financial Officer & Senior Vice President, Praxair, Inc. Yes, and, Matt, just to add one thing. Remember that price line also includes mix, too. Matthew DeYoe Q Analyst, Vertical Research Partners LLC Oh, okay.

Matthew J. White

Chief Financial Officer & Senior Vice President, Praxair, Inc.

So it 11 have product mix and that could also have a negative effect on that line.

Matthew DeYoe Q

Analyst, Vertical Research Partners LLC Okay. Thank you.

Operator: Our next question comes from Jim Sheehan with SunTrust. Your line is now open.