CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY LTD/CN Form 6-K October 21, 2014

#### **UNITED STATES**

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16

under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of October, 2014

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY LIMITED** 

(Commission File No. 1-01342)

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY

(Commission File No. 1-15272)

(translation of each Registrant s name into English)

7550 Ogden Dale Road S.E., Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2C 4X9

# (address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants file or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F. Form 20-F  $\,^{\circ}$  Form 40-F  $\,^{\circ}$ 

Indicate by check mark if the registrants are submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): "

Indicate by check mark if the registrants are submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): "

This Report furnished on Form 6-K shall be incorporated by reference into the Registration Statements of Canadian Pacific Railway Limited on Form S-8 (File Nos. 333-127943, 333-13962, 333-140955, 333-183891, 333-183892, 333-183893, 333-188826 and 333-188827).

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY LIMITED

(Registrant)

Date: October 21, 2014 Signed: /s/ Paul A. Guthrie

By: Name: Paul A. Guthrie

Title: Corporate Secretary

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY

(Registrant)

Date: October 21, 2014 By: Signed: /s/ Paul A. Guthrie

Name: Paul A. Guthrie Title: Corporate Secretary Release: Immediate October 21, 2014

# CP reports record Q3 2014 net income of C\$400M or \$2.31 per diluted share

#### Delivers strongest financial results in company s history

Calgary, AB Canadian Pacific Railway Limited (TSX: CP) (NYSE: CP) today announced record Q3 2014 financial results.

Net income in the third quarter rose to a record \$400 million, or \$2.31 per diluted share, from \$324 million, or \$1.84 per share, in the third quarter of 2013. This represents an increase of 26 percent in earnings per share year-over-year.

#### THIRD-QUARTER 2014 RESULTS COMPARED WITH THIRD-QUARTER 2013:

- Revenue rose 9 percent to a record \$1.670 billion
- Operating expenses rose 4 percent to \$1.049 billion
- Operating Ratio fell to a record low 62.8 percent, an improvement of 310 basis points
- Operating income rose 19 percent to \$621 million, the highest ever
  The CP team delivered another quarter of impressive results, said E. Hunter Harrison, CP s Chief Executive Officer.
  Going forward, we will continue to execute on our plan of delivering safe, superior service to our customers, focusing on further efficiency and capacity initiatives and building on our solid foundation for growth.

Despite recent volatility in commodity prices, we are confident in the strength of the franchise and are on track to finish the year with CP s strongest quarter to date, Harrison said.

#### Note on forward-looking information

This news release contains certain forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws relating, but not limited, to our operations, priorities and plans, anticipated financial performance, business prospects, planned capital expenditures, programs and strategies. This forward-looking information also includes, but is not limited to, statements concerning expectations, beliefs, plans, goals, objectives, assumptions and statements about possible future events, conditions, and results of operations or performance. Forward-looking information may contain statements with words or headings such as financial expectations, key assumptions, anticipate, believe, expect, will, outlook, should or similar words suggesting future outcomes. To the extent that CP has provided guidance using non-GAAP financial measures, the Company may not be able to provide a reconciliation to a GAAP measure, due to unknown variables and uncertainty related to future results.

Undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking information as actual results may differ materially from the forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is not a guarantee of future performance. By its nature, CP s forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking information, including but not limited to the following

factors: changes in business strategies; general North American and global economic, credit and business conditions; risks in agricultural production such as weather conditions and insect populations; the availability and price of energy commodities; the effects of competition and pricing pressures; industry capacity; shifts in market demand; changes in commodity prices; uncertainty surrounding timing and volumes of commodities being shipped via CP; inflation; changes in laws and regulations, including regulation of rates; changes in taxes and tax rates; potential increases in maintenance and operating costs; uncertainties of investigations, proceedings or other types of claims and litigation; labour disputes; risks and liabilities arising from

derailments; transportation of dangerous goods; timing of completion of capital and maintenance projects; currency and interest rate fluctuations; effects of changes in market conditions and discount rates on the financial position of pension plans and investments; and various events that could disrupt operations, including severe weather, droughts, floods, avalanches and earthquakes as well as security threats and governmental response to them, and technological changes. The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive.

These and other factors are detailed from time to time in reports filed by CP with securities regulators in Canada and the United States. Reference should be made to Management's Discussion and Analysis in CP's annual and interim reports, Annual Information Form and Form 40-F. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is based on current expectations, estimates and projections and it is possible that predictions, forecasts, projections, and other forms of forward-looking information will not be achieved by CP. Except as required by law, CP undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### **About Canadian Pacific**

Canadian Pacific (TSX:CP)(NYSE:CP) is a transcontinental railway in Canada and the United States with direct links to eight major ports, including Vancouver and Montreal, providing North American customers a competitive rail service with access to key markets in every corner of the globe. CP is growing with its customers, offering a suite of freight transportation services, logistics solutions and supply chain expertise. Visit www.cpr.ca to see the rail advantages of CP.

#### **Contacts**

#### Media

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#### **Investment Community**

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# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share data)

(unaudited)

	For the three months ended September 30 2014 2013				For the nine months ended September 30 2014 2013			
Revenues								
Freight	\$	1,629	\$	1,495	\$	4,745	\$	4,412
Other		41		39		115		114
Total revenues		1,670		1,534		4,860		4,526
Operating expenses								
Compensation and benefits		347		324		1,034		1,050
Fuel		249		226		793		742
Materials		47		36		146		115
Equipment rents		36		44		117		134
Depreciation and amortization		135		139		413		421
Purchased services and other		235		241		726		758
Total operating expenses		1,049		1,010		3,229		3,220
Operating income		621		524		1,631		1,306
Less:								
Other income and charges		1				4		11
Net interest expense		70		70		209		208
Income before income tax expense		550		454		1,418		1,087
Income tax expense (Note 4)		150		130		393		294
Net income	\$	400	\$	324	\$	1,025	\$	793
Earnings per share (Note 5) Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	<b>\$</b> <b>\$</b>	2.33 2.31	<b>\$</b>	1.85 1.84	<b>\$</b>	5.90 5.84	<b>\$</b>	4.54 4.50
Weighted-average number of shares (in millions) (Note 5)								
Basic		171.9		175.1		173.9		174.8
Diluted		173.5		176.5		175.5		176.3
Ditation		113.3		170.5		175.5		110.5

# Dividends declared per share

\$0.3500 \$0.3500 \$1.0500 \$1.0500

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the 2014 presentation. (*Note 13*)

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in millions of Canadian dollars)

(unaudited)

	For the t	hree months	For the ni	ne months
	ended Se	eptember 30 2013	ended Sep 2014	tember 30 2013
Net income	\$ 400	\$ 324	\$ 1,025	\$ 793
Net (loss) gain in foreign currency translation adjustments, net of hedging activities	(26)	2	(19)	(1)
Change in derivatives designated as cash flow hedges			(2)	
Change in defined benefit pension and post-retirement plans	31	50	93	299
Other comprehensive income before income taxes	5	52	72	298
Income tax benefit recovery (expense)	15	(22)	(1)	(63)
Other comprehensive income (Note 3)	20	30	71	235
Comprehensive income	\$ 420	\$ 354	\$ 1,096	\$ 1,028

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AS AT,

(in millions of Canadian dollars)

(unaudited)

	September 30 2014		Dec	ember 31 2013
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	315	\$	476
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		84		411
Accounts receivable, net		739		580
Materials and supplies		168		165
Deferred income taxes		164		344
Other current assets		68		53
		1,538		2,029
Investments		107		92
Properties		14,040		13,327
Assets held for sale (Note 6)				222
Goodwill and intangible assets		170		162
Pension asset		1,210		1,028
Other assets		160		200
Total assets	\$	17,225	\$	17,060
Liabilities and shareholders equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,213	\$	1,189
Long-term debt maturing within one year		132		189
		1,345		1,378
Pension and other benefit liabilities		657		657
Other long-term liabilities		399		338
Long-term debt		4,752		4,687
Deferred income taxes		2,980		2,903
Total liabilities		10,133		9,963
Shareholders equity (Note 7)				
Share capital		2,240		2,240
Additional paid-in capital		35		34

Accumulated other comprehensive loss ( <i>Note 3</i> )	(1,432)	(1,503)
Retained earnings	6,249	6,326
	7,092	7,097
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 17,225	\$ 17,060

Contingencies (Note 12)

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in millions of Canadian dollars)

(unaudited)

		ree months otember 30 2013	For the nine months ended September 30 2014 2013			
Operating activities						
Net income	\$ 400	\$ 324	\$ 1,025	\$ 793		
Reconciliation of net income to cash provided by operating						
activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	135	139	413	421		
Deferred income taxes (Note 4)	120	110	194	260		
Pension funding in excess of expense (Note 11)	(38)	(17)	(103)	(40)		
Other operating activities, net	(1)	(21)	39	(40)		
Change in non-cash working capital balances related to						
operations	(82)	(31)	(102)	(103)		
Cash provided by operating activities	534	504	1,466	1,291		
Investing activities						
Additions to properties	(414)	(298)	(936)	(802)		
Proceeds from the sale of west end of Dakota, Minnesota and	(414)	(296)	(930)	(802)		
Eastern Railroad ( <i>Note</i> 6)			236			
Proceeds from the sale of properties and other assets	10	11	26	38		
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents used to	10	11	20	36		
collateralize letters of credit	318	(247)	327	(346)		
Other	1	(1)	321			
Other	1	(1)		(27)		
Cash used in investing activities	(85)	(535)	(347)	(1,137)		
Financing activities						
Dividends paid	(61)	(62)	(184)	(183)		
Issuance of CP common shares	14	6	50	69		
Purchase of CP common shares (Note 7)	(455)		(987)			
Repayment of long-term debt	(21)	(19)	(175)	(45)		
Settlement of foreign exchange forward on long-term debt						
(Note 9)	17		17			
Other	(3)		(3)			
Cash used in financing activities	(509)	(75)	(1,282)	(159)		

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Effect of foreign currency fluctuations on U.S. dollar-								
denominated cash and cash equivalents		6		<b>(7)</b>		2		1
Cash position								
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(54)		(113)		(161)		(4)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		369		442		476		333
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	315	\$	329	\$	315	\$	329
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:								
Income taxes paid	\$	103	\$	16	\$	142	\$	27
Interest paid	\$	60	\$	58	\$	220	\$	209
	Ψ	00	Ψ	20	Ψ		Ψ	

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except common share amounts)

(unaudited)

				Ac	ccumulated			
	Common		Addition	ıal	other		7	Γotal
	shares	Share	paid-in c		nprehensive	Retained	shar	eholders
	(in millions)	capital	capita	l	loss	earnings	e	quity
Balance at January 1, 2014	175.4	\$ 2,240	\$ 3	4 \$	(1,503)	\$ 6,326	\$	7,097
Net income						1,025		1,025
Other comprehensive income ( <i>Note 3</i> )					71			71
Dividends declared						(183)		(183)
Effect of stock-based compensation								
expense			1	6				16
CP common shares repurchased (Note								
7)	(5.3)	(68)				(919)		(987)
Shares issued under stock option plans								
(Note 10)	0.9	68	(1	5)				53
Balance at September 30, 2014	171.0	\$ 2,240	\$ 3	5 \$	(1,432)	\$ 6,249	\$	7,092

					Acc	cumulated							
	Common		Add	itional	l	other		ŗ	Total				
	shares	Share	-	id-in	com	prehensive							
	(in millions)	capital	capital		capital		capital			loss	earnings	e	quity
Balance at January 1, 2013	173.9	\$ 2,127	\$	41	\$	(2,768)	\$ 5,697	\$	5,097				
Net income							793		793				
Other comprehensive income ( <i>Note 3</i> )						235			235				
Dividends declared							(185)		(185)				
Effect of stock-based compensation													
expense				14					14				
Shares issued under stock option plans													
(Note 10)	1.3	94		(20)					74				
Balance at September 30, 2013	175.2	\$ 2,221	\$	35	\$	(2,533)	\$ 6,305	\$	6,028				

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

## 1 Basis of presentation

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Canadian Pacific Railway Limited (CP), or the Company), expressed in Canadian dollars, reflect management is estimates and assumptions that are necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). They do not include all disclosures required under GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the 2013 annual consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies used are consistent with the accounting policies used in preparing the 2013 annual consolidated financial statements.

CP s operations can be affected by seasonal fluctuations such as changes in customer demand and weather-related issues. This seasonality could impact quarter-over-quarter comparisons.

In management s opinion, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal and recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly such information. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the fiscal year.

#### 2 Future accounting changes

#### Reporting discontinued operations and disclosures of disposals of components

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-08, Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity, an amendment to FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 205 and Topic 360. The update amends the definition of a discontinued operation in Topic 205, expands disclosure requirements for transactions that meet the definition of a discontinued operation and requires entities to disclose information about individually significant components that are disposed of or held for sale and do not qualify as discontinued operations. In addition, an entity is required to separately present assets and liabilities of a discontinued operation for all comparative periods and separately present assets and liabilities of assets held for sale in the initial period in which the disposal group is classified as held for sale on the face of the consolidated balance sheets. For each period in which assets and liabilities are separately presented on the consolidated balance sheets, those amounts should not be offset and presented as a single amount. This ASU will be effective for public entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2014, and will be applied prospectively. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact to the Company s financial statements.

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers**

In May 2014, FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, a new FASB ASC, Topic 606, which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605 and most industry-specific guidance

throughout the Industry Topics of the Codification. This new standard requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, the new standard requires enhanced disclosures about revenue to help users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. This ASU will be effective for public entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. Entities have the option of using either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt the ASU. The Company has not, at this time, ascertained the full impact on the consolidated financial statements from the adoption of this new standard but does not expect the impact to be material.

# NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

# 3 Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss ( AOCL ) by component

	Foreign	2						For the nine months ended September 30 Pension Foreign and currency post-						
	net			retirement	·	net	′		retirement					
	of			defined		of			defined					
				s benefit					s benefit					
(in millions of Canadian dollars)				<sup>1</sup> plans <sup>(1)(2)</sup>					plans <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Total <sup>(1)</sup>				
Opening balance, 2014	\$114	\$	(18)	\$ (1,548)	\$ (1,452)	\$ 105	\$	(15)	\$ (1,593)	\$ (1,503)				
Other comprehensive (loss) incombefore reclassifications	ie (4)				(4)	5				5				
Amounts reclassified from	(4)				(4)	3				3				
accumulated other comprehensive loss (income)				24	24			(3)	69	66				
loss (income)				∠ <del>4</del>	∠ <del>4</del>			(3)	09	00				
Net current-period other comprehensive (loss) income	(4)			24	20	5		(3)	69	71				
Closing balance, 2014	\$110	\$	(18)	\$ (1,524)	\$ (1,432)	\$110	\$	(18)	\$ (1,524)	\$ (1,432)				
Opening balance, 2013	\$ 94	\$	(14)		·		\$	, ,	\$ (2,828)	\$ (2,768)				
Other comprehensive (loss) incom	ie													
before reclassifications	(7)		(7)		(14)	13		8	102	123				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive														
loss (income)			7	37	44			(8)	120	112				
Net current-period other														
comprehensive (loss) income	(7)			37	30	13			222	235				
Closing balance, 2013	\$ 87	\$	(14)	\$ (2,606)	\$ (2,533)	\$ 87	\$	(14)	\$ (2,606)	\$ (2,533)				

- (1) Amounts are presented net of tax.
- (2) Reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss.

Amounts in Pension and post-retirement defined benefit plans reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss

	For the thr ended Sep		For the nin	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Amortization of prior service costs <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ (17)	\$ (18)	\$ (51)	\$ (41)
Recognition of net actuarial loss <sup>(1)</sup>	48	68	144	205
Total before income tax	31	50	93	164
Income tax recovery	(7)	(13)	(24)	(44)
Net of income tax	\$ 24	\$ 37	\$ 69	\$ 120

<sup>(1)</sup> Impacts Compensation and benefits on the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

#### 4 Income taxes

	For the three months			For	onths				
	ended September 30				•				
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	20	014	2	013	2	014	2	013	
Current income tax expense	\$	30	\$	20	\$	199	\$	34	
Deferred income tax expense		120		110		194		260	
Income tax expense	\$	150	\$	130	\$	393	\$	294	

The effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 were 27.2% and 27.7%, respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 28.6% and 27.1%, respectively). The changes in tax rates were primarily due to the impact of a change in the province of British Columbia s corporate income tax rate in the third quarter of 2013, which was partially offset by the benefit recognized for the 2012 U.S. federal track maintenance credit of \$6 million enacted in the first quarter of 2013.

#### 5 Earnings per share

At September 30, 2014, the number of shares outstanding was 171.0 million (September 30, 2013 175.2 million).

Basic earnings per share have been calculated using net income for the period divided by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period.

The number of shares used in earnings per share calculations is reconciled as follows:

	For the thr	ee months	For the nin	ne months
	ended Sept	tember 30	ended Sep	tember 30
(in millions)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Weighted-average basic shares outstanding	171.9	175.1	173.9	174.8
Dilutive effect of stock options	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.5
_				
Weighted-average diluted shares				
outstanding	173.5	176.5	175.5	176.3

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, there were 15,980 options and 82,146 options, respectively, excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effects were not dilutive (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 8,800 and 38,872, respectively).

#### 6 Assets held for sale

On May 30, 2014, the Company completed the sale of the west end of Dakota, Minnesota and Eastern ( DM&E West ) to Genesee & Wyoming Inc. ( G&W ) for net proceeds of U.S. \$218 million (CDN \$236 million). The Company and G&W are currently in the process of finalizing closing adjustments.

#### 7 Shareholders equity

On February 20, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a share repurchase program, and in March 2014, the Company filed a new normal course issuer bid (bid) to purchase, for cancellation, up to 5.3 million of its outstanding Common Shares. On September 29, 2014, the Company announced the amendment of the bid to increase the maximum number of its Common Shares that may be purchased from 5.3 million to 12.7 million of its outstanding Commons Shares, effective October 2, 2014. Under the filing, share purchases may be made during the twelve months period that began March 17, 2014, and ends March 16, 2015. The purchases are made at the market price on the day of purchase, with consideration allocated to share capital up to the average carrying amount of the shares, and any excess allocated to retained earnings.

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

## 7 Shareholders equity (continued)

The following table provides the activities under the share repurchase program:

	three months ended tember 30 2014	 ne nine months September 30 2014
Number of common shares		
repurchased	2,000,392	5,270,374
Weighted-average price per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 210.91	\$ 187.33
Amount of repurchase (in millions) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 422	\$ 987

#### 8 Revolving credit facility

At September 26, 2014, the Company terminated its existing revolving credit facility agreement dated as of November 29, 2013. On the same day, CP entered into a new revolving credit facility (the facility) agreement with 15 highly rated financial institutions for a commitment amount of U.S. \$2 billion. The facility includes a U.S. \$1 billion five years portion and a U.S. \$1 billion one year plus one year term out portion. The facility can accommodate draws of cash and/or letters of credit at market competitive pricing. At September 30, 2014, the facility is undrawn. The facility agreement requires the Company not to exceed a maximum debt to total capitalization ratio. At September 30, 2014, the Company satisfied this threshold stipulated in the financial covenant.

#### 9 Financial instruments

#### A. Fair values of financial instruments

The Company categorizes its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in line with the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP that prioritizes, with respect to reliability, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels. Level 1 inputs consist of quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and give the highest priority to these inputs. Level 2 and 3 inputs are based

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes brokerage fees.

on significant other observable inputs and significant unobservable inputs, respectively, and give lower priority to these inputs.

When possible, the estimated fair value is based on quoted market prices and, if not available, estimates from third party brokers. For non-exchange traded derivatives classified in Level 2, the Company uses standard valuation techniques to calculate fair value. Primary inputs to these techniques include observable market prices (interest, foreign exchange and commodity) and volatility, depending on the type of derivative and nature of the underlying risk. The Company uses inputs and data used by willing market participants when valuing derivatives and considers its own credit default swap spread as well as those of its counterparties in its determination of fair value.

The carrying values of financial instruments equal or approximate their fair values with the exception of long-term debt which has a fair value of approximately \$5,952 million at September 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$5,572 million) and a carrying value of \$4,884 million at September 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$4,876 million). The estimated fair value of current and long-term borrowings has been determined based on market information where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the Company at period end. All derivatives and long-term debt are classified as Level 2.

# B. Financial risk management Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments may be used to selectively reduce volatility associated with fluctuations in interest rates, foreign exchange (FX) rates, the price of fuel and stock-based compensation expense. Where derivatives are designated as hedging instruments, the relationship between the hedging instruments and their associated hedged items is documented, as well as the risk management objective and strategy for the use of the hedging instruments. This documentation includes linking the derivatives that are designated as fair value or cash flow hedges to specific assets or liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet, commitments or forecasted transactions. At the time a derivative contract is entered into and at least quarterly thereafter, an assessment is made whether the derivative item is effective in offsetting the changes in fair value or cash flows of the hedged items. The derivative qualifies for hedge accounting treatment if it is effective in substantially mitigating the risk it was designed to address.

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

## 9 Financial instruments (continued)

It is not the Company s intent to use financial derivatives or commodity instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

## Foreign exchange management

The Company conducts business transactions and owns assets in both Canada and the United States. As a result, the Company is exposed to fluctuations in value of financial commitments, assets, liabilities, income or cash flows due to changes in FX rates. The Company may enter into foreign exchange risk management transactions primarily to manage fluctuations in the exchange rate between Canadian and U.S. currencies. FX exposure is primarily mitigated through natural offsets created by revenues, expenditures and balance sheet positions incurred in the same currency. Where appropriate, the Company may negotiate with customers and suppliers to reduce the net exposure.

Occasionally the Company may enter into short-term FX forward contracts as part of its cash management strategy.

# Net investment hedge

The FX gains and losses on long-term debt are mainly unrealized and can only be realized when U.S. dollar denominated long-term debt matures or is settled. The Company also has long-term FX exposure on its investment in U.S. affiliates. The majority of the Company s U.S. dollar denominated long-term debt has been designated as a hedge of the net investment in foreign subsidiaries. This designation has the effect of mitigating volatility on net income by offsetting long-term FX gains and losses on U.S. dollar denominated long-term debt and gains and losses on its net investment. The effective portion recognized in Other comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was an unrealized foreign exchange loss of \$175 million and \$186 million, respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 unrealized foreign exchange gain of \$65 million and a loss of \$112 million, respectively). There was no ineffectiveness during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and comparative periods.

#### Foreign exchange forward contracts

The Company may enter into FX forward contracts to lock in the amount of Canadian dollars it has to pay on its U.S. denominated debt maturities.

At September 30, 2014, the Company had no remaining FX forward contracts to fix the exchange rate on US denominated debt maturities. At December 31, 2013, the Company had FX forward contracts to fix the exchange rate on U.S. \$100 million of principal outstanding on a capital lease due in January 2014, U.S. \$175 million of its 6.50% Notes due in May 2018, and U.S. \$100 million of its 7.25% Notes due in May 2019. These derivatives, which were accounted for as cash flow hedges, guaranteed the amount of Canadian dollars that the Company would repay when

these obligations mature.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company settled the FX forward contract related to the repayment of a capital lease due in January 2014 for proceeds of \$8 million.

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company de-designated and settled prior to maturity the FX forward contracts related to the repayment of its 6.50% Notes due in May 2018 and its 7.25% Notes due in May 2019 for proceeds of \$17 million settled in the third quarter of 2014 with the offset recorded as realized gains of \$3 million in Accumulated other comprehensive loss and \$14 million in Retained earnings . Amounts remaining in Accumulated other comprehensive loss are being amortized to Other income and charges until the underlying debts, which were hedged, are repaid.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, the amount being amortized to Other income and charges is not significant.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the combined realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain was \$nil and \$3 million, respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 unrealized loss of \$6 million and unrealized gain of \$9 million, respectively), were recorded in Other income and charges in relation to these settled derivatives. Gains recorded in Other income and charges were largely offset by losses on the underlying debt which the settled derivatives were designated to hedge. Similarly, losses were largely offset by gains on the underlying debt.

At December 31, 2013, the unrealized gains derived from these FX forwards was \$25 million of which \$6 million was included in Other current assets and \$19 million in Other assets with the offsets reflected as unrealized gains of \$5 million in Accumulated other comprehensive loss and \$20 million in Retained earnings.

At September 30, 2014, the Company expected that, during the next twelve months, a pre-tax gain of \$1 million would be reclassified to Other income and charges .

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

#### 10 Stock-based compensation

At September 30, 2014, the Company had several stock-based compensation plans, including stock option plans, various cash settled liability plans and an employee stock savings plan. These plans resulted in an expense of \$42 million and \$102 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 - an expense of \$9 million and \$52 million, respectively).

## **Regular options**

In the nine months ended September 30, 2014, under CP s stock option plans, the Company issued 424,440 regular options at the weighted-average price of \$173.81 per share, based on the closing price on the grant date.

Pursuant to the employee plans, these regular options may be exercised upon vesting, which is between 12 and 48 months after the grant date, and will expire after 10 years.

Under the fair value method, the fair value of the regular options at the grant date was \$21 million. The weighted-average fair value assumptions were approximately:

	nine months tember, 30 2014
Grant price	\$ 173.81
Expected option life (years) <sup>(1)</sup>	5.96
Risk-free interest rate <sup>(2)</sup>	1.66%
Expected stock price volatility <sup>(3)</sup>	28.70%
Expected annual dividends per share <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 1.40
Expected forfeiture rate <sup>(5)</sup>	1.20%
Weighted-average grant date fair value per regular options granted during the period	\$ 48.68

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the period of time that awards are expected to be outstanding. Historical data on exercise behaviour, or when available, specific expectations regarding future exercise behaviour, were used to estimate the expected life of the option.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on the implied yield available on zero-coupon government issues with an equivalent remaining term at the time of the grant.

<sup>(3)</sup> Based on the historical stock price volatility of the Company s stock over a period commensurate with the expected term of the option.

- (4) Determined by the current annual dividend at the time of grant. The Company does not employ different dividend yields throughout the contractual term of the option.
- (5) The Company estimated forfeitures based on past experience. This rate is monitored on a periodic basis.

#### Performance share unit ( PSU ) plan

In the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company issued 165,500 PSUs with a grant date fair value of approximately \$25 million. These units attract dividend equivalents in the form of additional units based on the dividends paid on the Company s Common Shares. PSUs vest and are settled in cash, or in CP common shares approximately three years after the grant date, contingent upon CP s performance (performance factor). The fair value of PSUs is measured, both on the grant date and each subsequent quarter until settlement, utilizing a Monte Carlo simulation model. The model utilizes multiple input variables that determine the probability of satisfying the performance factor and market conditions stipulated in the grant.

#### Deferred share unit ( DSU ) plan

In the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company granted 52,169 DSUs with a grant date fair value of approximately \$9 million. DSUs vest over various periods of up to 48 months and are only redeemable for a specified period after employment is terminated. An expense to income for DSUs is recognized over the vesting period for both the initial subscription price and the change in value between reporting periods.

# Restricted share unit ( RSU ) plan

In the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company granted 15,918 RSUs with a grant date fair value of approximately \$3 million. RSUs are subject to time vesting over 36 months. An expense to income for RSUs is recognized over the vesting period for both the initial subscription price and the change in value between reporting periods.

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

# 11 Pensions and other benefits

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company made contributions of \$25 million and \$64 million, respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 \$24 million and \$76 million, respectively), to its defined benefit pension plans. The net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans and other benefits recognized in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 included the following components:

#### For the three months

	eı	nded Septe	mber 30	
	_			her
	Pens	ions	ben	efits
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current service cost (benefits earned by employees in the period)	\$ 27	\$ 34	\$ 4	\$ 4
Interest cost on benefit obligation	120	111	5	5
Expected return on fund assets	(190)	(186)		
Recognized net actuarial loss (gain)	47	66	1	(2)
Amortization of prior service costs	(17)	(18)		
Net periodic (recovery) benefit cost	\$ (13)	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 7

	_	or the nine ided Septe		
	Domai			her
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Pensi 2014	ons 2013	2014	efits 2013
Current service cost (benefits earned by employees in the period)	\$ 80	\$ 102	\$11	\$ 12
Interest cost on benefit obligation	358	334	17	16
Expected return on fund assets	(568)	(559)		
Recognized net actuarial loss	142	200	2	1
Amortization of prior service costs	(51)	(41)		
Net periodic (recovery) benefit cost	\$ (39)	\$ 36	\$ 30	\$ 29

#### 12 Contingencies

In the normal course of its operations, the Company becomes involved in various legal actions, including claims relating to injuries and damages to property. The Company maintains provisions it considers to be adequate for such actions. While the final outcome with respect to actions outstanding or pending at September 30, 2014 cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of management that their resolution will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position or results of operations individually and in aggregate.

## Legal proceedings related to Lac-Mégantic rail accident

On July 6, 2013, a train carrying crude oil operated by Montreal Maine and Atlantic Railway (MM&A) derailed and exploded in Lac-Mégantic, Quebec on a section of railway line owned by MM&A. The previous day CP had interchanged the train to MM&A, and after that interchange MM&A exercised exclusive control over the train.

Following this incident, the Minister of Sustainable Development, Environment, Wildlife and Parks of Quebec issued an order directing certain named parties to recover the contaminants and to clean up and decontaminate the derailment site. CP was added as a named party on August 14, 2013. CP is a party to an administrative appeal with respect to this order.

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2014

(unaudited)

## 12 Contingencies (continued)

A class action lawsuit has also been filed in the Superior Court of Quebec on behalf of a class of persons and entities residing in, owning or leasing property in, operating a business in or physically present in Lac-Mégantic. The lawsuit seeks damages caused by the derailment including for wrongful deaths, personal injuries, and property damages. CP was added as a defendant on August 16, 2013. In the wake of the derailment and ensuing litigation, MM&A filed for bankruptcy in Canada and the United States.

At this early stage in the legal proceedings, any potential liability and the quantum of potential loss cannot be determined. Nevertheless, CP denies liability for MM&A s derailment and will vigorously defend itself in both proceedings and any proceeding that may be commenced in the future.

#### **Environmental liabilities**

Environmental remediation accruals cover site-specific remediation programs. Environmental remediation accruals are measured on an undiscounted basis unless a reliably determinable estimate as to amount and timing of costs can be established. The accruals are recorded when the costs to remediate are probable and reasonably estimable. Certain future costs to monitor sites are discounted at a risk free rate.

The accruals for environmental remediation represent CP s best estimate of its probable future obligation and include both asserted and unasserted claims, without reduction for anticipated recoveries from third parties. Although the recorded accruals include CP s best estimate of all probable costs, CP s total environmental remediation costs cannot be predicted with certainty. Accruals for environmental remediation may change from time to time as new information about previously untested sites becomes known, environmental laws and regulations evolve and advances are made in environmental remediation technology. The accruals may also vary as the courts decide legal proceedings against outside parties responsible for contamination. These potential charges, which cannot be quantified at this time, are not expected to be material to CP s financial position, but may materially affect income in the particular period in which a charge is recognized. Costs related to existing, but as yet unknown, or future contamination will be accrued in the period in which they become probable and reasonably estimable.

The expense included in Purchased services and other for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively (three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 \$4 million and \$5 million, respectively). Provisions for environmental remediation costs are recorded in Other long-term liabilities , except for the current portion which is recorded in Accounts payable and accrued liabilities . The total amount provided at September 30, 2014 was \$91 million (December 31, 2013 \$90 million). Payments are expected to be made over 10 years to 2024.

# 13 Reclassification of comparative figures

Billings to third parties for the recovery of costs incurred for freight car repairs and servicing have been reclassified from Purchased services and other to Compensation and benefits and Materials within Operating expenses, in order match the billings with the costs incurred on behalf of third parties. As a result, the changes to these components of Operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 are noted below. Operating expenses in total were unchanged as a result of this reclassification.

(in millions of Canadian dollars)	-	pensation and enefits	Mat	terials	servi	chased ces and ther
For the three months ended September 30,						
2013						
As previously reported	\$	331	\$	54	\$	216
(Decrease) increase		(7)		(18)		25
As reclassified	\$	324	\$	36	\$	241
For the nine months ended September 30, 2013						
As previously reported	\$	1,075	\$	184	\$	664
(Decrease) increase		(25)		(69)		94
As reclassified	\$	1,050	\$	115	\$	758

# **Summary of Rail Data**

2014	hird ( 2013	_	rter hange	%		2014		Year-to-date 2013 Change		%	
			C		Financial (millions, except per share data)					J	
					Revenues						
\$ 1,629	\$ 1,495	\$	134	9	Freight revenue	\$4,745	\$4,	412	\$	333	8
41	39		2	5	Other revenue	115		114		1	1
1,670	1,534		136	9	Total revenues	4,860	4,	526		334	7
					Operating expenses						
347	324		23	7	Compensation and benefits <sup>(1)</sup>	1,034		050		(16)	(2)
249	226		23	10	Fuel	793		742		51	7
47	36		11	31	Materials <sup>(1)</sup>	146		115		31	27
36	44		(8)	(18)	Equipment rents	117		134		(17)	(13)
135	139		(4)	(3)	Depreciation and amortization	413		421		(8)	(2)
235	241		(6)	(2)	Purchased services and other <sup>(1)</sup>	726		758		(32)	(4)
1,049	1,010		39	4	Total operating expenses	3,229	3,	220		9	
621	524		97	19	Operating income	1,631	1,	306		325	25
					Less:						
1			1		- Other income and charges	4		11		(7)	(64)
70	70				- Net interest expense	209		208		1	
550	454		96	21	Income before income tax expense	1,418	1	087		331	30
150	130		20	15	Income tax expense	393		294		99	34
\$	\$ 324	\$	76	23	Net income	\$ 1,025		793	\$	232	29
62.8	65.9		(3.1)	(310)bps	Operating ratio (%)	66.4	-	71.1		(4.7)	(470) bps
\$	\$	\$	0.48	26	Basic earnings per share	\$ 5.90		1.54	\$	1.36	30
\$ 2.31	\$ 1.84	\$	0.47	26	Diluted earnings per share	\$ 5.84	\$ 4	1.50	\$	1.34	30
					<b>Shares Outstanding</b>						
171.9	175.1		(3.2)	(2)	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions)	173.9	17	74.8		(0.9)	(1)
173.5	176.5		(3.0)	(2)	Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding (millions)	175.5	17	76.3		(0.8)	

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				Foreign Exchange				
0.93	0.96	(0.03)	(3)	Average foreign exchange rate (US\$/Canadian\$)	0.92	0.98	(0.06)	(6)
1.08	1.04	0.04	4	Average foreign exchange rate (Canadian\$/US\$)	1.09	1.02	0.07	7

<sup>(1)</sup> Billings to third parties for the recovery of costs incurred for freight car repairs and servicing have been reclassified from Purchased services and other to Compensation and benefits and Materials within Operating expenses.

# **Summary of Rail Data (Page 2)**

Third Quarter										Year-to-c	late		
	2014	201	13	Ch	ange	<b>%</b>		2014		2013	Cl	nange	%
							Commodity Data						
							Freight Revenues (millions)						
\$	248	\$	212	\$	36	17	- Canadian Grain	\$ 7	21 \$	606	\$	115	19
-	127	-	107	т	20	19	- U.S. Grain	•	48	309	-	39	13
	150		177		(27)	(15)	- Coal		63	470		(7)	(1)
	70		66		4	6	- Potash		51	243		8	3
	55		63		(8)	(13)	- Fertilizers and sulphur		73	201		(28)	(14)
	52		51		1	2	- Forest products		52	157		(5)	(3)
	160		142		18	13	- Chemicals and plastics		62	419		43	10
	136		78		58	74	- Crude		54	267		87	33
							- Metals, minerals, and						
	190		164		26	16	consumer products	5	21	449		72	16
	83		95		(12)	(13)	- Automotive		75	298		(23)	(8)
	202		170		32	19	- Domestic intermodal		79	511		68	13
	156		170		(14)	(8)	- International intermodal		46	482		(36)	(7)
	100		1.0		(1.)	(0)	<u> </u>			.02		(50)	(-)
\$	1,629	\$ 1,	495	\$	134	9	Total Freight Revenues	\$ 4,7	45 \$	4,412	\$	333	8
Ψ	1,02	Ψ -,	.,,	Ψ	10.			Ψ .,,,	.е ф	.,	Ψ		J
							Millions of Revenue Ton-Miles						
	- <b>-</b>	_					(RTM)						
	6,790		363		1,427	27	- Canadian Grain	19,7		16,010		3,700	23
	3,011		501		510	20	- U.S. Grain	8,2		7,967		262	3
	5,422		440	(]	1,018)	(16)	- Coal	16,8		17,396		(592)	(3)
	2,812		583		229	9	- Potash	10,2		10,473		(254)	(2)
	915		179		(264)	(22)	- Fertilizers and sulphur	3,1		3,847		(728)	<b>(19)</b>
	1,036		093		(57)	(5)	- Forest products	2,9		3,583		(624)	(17)
	3,409		218		191	6	- Chemicals and plastics	9,9		10,187		(246)	<b>(2)</b>
	4,625	2,	894	]	1,731	60	- Crude	11,7	99	10,025		1,774	18
							- Metals, minerals, and						
	2,993		825		168	6	consumer products	8,4	04	7,675		729	9
	420		533		(113)	(21)	- Automotive	1,5	31	1,766		(235)	(13)
	3,076		565		511	20	- Domestic intermodal	8,7		7,628		1,085	14
	3,040	3,	490		(450)	(13)	- International intermodal	8,9	25	10,281	(	1,356)	(13)
	37,549	34,	684	2	2,865	0	Total RTMs	110,3	53	106,838		3,515	3
						8							
						8							
						8							
						8	Freight Revenue per RTM (cents)						

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3.65	3.96	(0.31)	(8)	- Canadian Grain	3.66	3.78	(0.12)	<b>(3)</b>
4.22	4.26	(0.04)	(1)	- U.S. Grain	4.23	3.88	0.35	9
2.76	2.76			- Coal	2.76	2.70	0.06	2
2.51	2.64	(0.13)	(5)	- Potash	2.46	2.32	0.14	6
6.06	5.32	0.74	14	- Fertilizers and sulphur	5.56	5.23	0.33	6
5.01	4.66	0.35	8	- Forest products	5.13	4.38	0.75	17
4.68	4.40	0.28	6	- Chemicals and plastics	4.65	4.10	0.55	13
2.93	2.69	0.24	9	- Crude	3.00	2.66	0.34	13
				- Metals, minerals, and				
6.36	5.83	0.53	9	consumer products	6.20	5.86	0.34	6
19.74	17.70	2.04	12	- Automotive	17.99	16.86	1.13	7
6.57	6.63	(0.06)	(1)	- Domestic intermodal	6.65	6.69	(0.04)	<b>(1)</b>
5.11	4.86	0.25	5	- International intermodal	4.99	4.68	0.31	7
4.34	4.31	0.03	1	Total Freight Revenue per RTM	4.30	4.13	0.17	4

# **Summary of Rail Data (Page 3)**

2014	Third Q 2013	uarter Change	%		2014	Year-to 2013	-date Change	%
				Carles de (Alessace de)				
70	<i>C</i> 1	1.5	25	Carloads (thousands)	216	101	25	10
76	61	15	25	- Canadian Grain	216	181	35	19
44	45	(1)	(2)	- U.S. Grain	127	136	(9)	(7)
73	90	(17)	(19)	- Coal	233	246	(13)	(5)
24	24	(2)	(10)	- Potash	85	89	(4)	(4)
15	17	(2)	(12)	- Fertilizers and sulphur	46	55	(9)	(16)
15	15	2		- Forest products	44	51	(7)	(14)
52	49	3	6	- Chemicals and plastics	146	148	(2)	(1)
31	19	12	63	- Crude	80	65	15	23
71	<i>C</i> 1	10	16	- Metals, minerals, and consumer	107	172	1.4	0
22	61	10	16	products	187	173	14	8
33	35	(2)	(6)	- Automotive - Domestic intermodal	100	108	(8)	(7)
111	93	18	19		318	275	43	16
142	166	(24)	(14)	- International intermodal	412	475	(63)	(13)
687	675	12	2	Total Carloads	1,994	2,002	(8)	
067	073	12	4	Total Carloads	1,994	2,002	(0)	
				Freight Revenue per Carload				
\$3,264	\$3,512	\$ (248)	(7)	- Canadian Grain	\$3,336	\$3,350	(14)	
2,878	2,360	518	22	- U.S. Grain	2,746	2,270	476	21
2,040	1,952	88	5	- Coal	1,987	1,912	75	4
2,917	2,842	75	3	- Potash	2,951	2,728	223	8
3,835	3,834	1		- Fertilizers and sulphur	3,790	3,670	120	3
3,426	3,145	281	9	- Forest products	3,443	3,096	347	11
3,097	2,899	198	7	- Chemicals and plastics	3,176	2,825	351	12
4,436	4,072	364	9	- Crude	4,446	4,107	339	8
2,697				- Metals, minerals, and consumer				
	2,700	(3)		products	2,785	2,599	186	7
2,519	2,747	(228)	(8)	- Automotive	2,741	2,747	(6)	
1,819	1,820	(1)		- Domestic intermodal	1,823	1,857	(34)	<b>(2)</b>
1,090	1,024	66	6	- International intermodal	1,079	1,014	65	6
\$2,372	\$ 2,214	\$ 158	7	Total Freight Revenue per Carload	\$ 2,380	\$ 2,204	176	8

# **Summary of Rail Data (Page 4)**

2014	Third Qu 2013 <sup>(1)</sup>	uarter Change	%		2014	Year-to-0 2013 <sup>(1)</sup>	date Change	<b>%</b>
2011	2010	Change	,,	<b>Operations Performance</b>	2011	2010	Change	70
69,430	64,188	5,242	8	Freight gross ton-miles (millions)	203,112	199,098	4,014	2
37,549	34,684	2,865	8	Revenue ton-miles (millions)	110,353	106,838	3,515	3
8,990	8,837	153	2	Train miles (thousands)	27,052	28,476	(1,424)	(5)
8,264				Average train weight excluding local				
	7,817	447	6	traffic (tons)	8,037	7,485	552	7
6,912				Average train length excluding local				
	6,746	166	2	traffic (feet)	6,726	6,485	241	4
8.1	7.2	0.9	13	Average terminal dwell (hours)	8.9	6.9	2.0	29
18.8	19.1	(0.3)	<b>(2)</b>	Average train speed (mph3)	17.6	18.6	(1.0)	<b>(5)</b>
225.9				Locomotive productivity (daily average				
223.5	217.7	8.2	4	GTMs/active HP)	219.6	213.6	6.0	3
0.99	1.02	(0.03)	(3)	Fuel efficiency <sup>(3)</sup>	1.03	1.07	(0.04)	<b>(4)</b>
68.0		(3,33)	(-)	U.S. gallons of locomotive fuel			(3.13)	
	64.7	3.3	5	consumed (millions) <sup>(4)</sup>	206.7	210.3	(3.6)	(2)
3.39				Average fuel price (U.S. dollars per			,	
	3.34	0.05	1	U.S. gallon)	3.52	3.45	0.07	2
14,699	14,974	(275)	(2)	Total employees (average) <sup>(5)</sup>	14,577	15,122	(545)	<b>(4)</b>
14,659	14,766	(107)	(1)	Total employees (end of period) <sup>(5)</sup>	14,659	14,766	(107)	(1)
14,944	15,318	(374)	(2)	Workforce (end of period) <sup>(6)</sup>	14,944	15,318	(374)	(2)
	ŕ			Safety	,	ŕ		
1.65				<del></del>				
1.65	1.00	(0.17)	(0)	FRA personal injuries per 200,000	1.66	1.70	(0.04)	(2)
1.60	1.82	(0.17)	(9)	employee-hours	1.66	1.70	(0.04)	<b>(2)</b>
1.62	1.02	(0.21)	(11)	FRA train accidents per million	1.00	1.00	(0.62)	(22)
	1.83	(0.21)	(11)	train-miles	1.29	1.92	(0.63)	(33)

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain prior period figures have been revised to conform with current presentation or have been updated to reflect new information.

<sup>(2)</sup> Incorporates a new reporting definition where average train speed measures the line-haul movement from origin to destination including terminal dwell hours, and excluding foreign railroad and customer delays.

<sup>(3)</sup> Fuel efficiency is defined as U.S. gallons of locomotive fuel consumed per 1,000 GTMs freight and yard.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes gallons of fuel consumed from freight, yard and commuter service but excludes fuel used in capital projects and other non-freight activities.

<sup>(5)</sup> An employee is defined as an individual, including trainees, who has worked more than 40 hours in a standard biweekly pay period. This excludes part time employees, contractors, and consultants.

<sup>(6)</sup> Workforce is defined as total employees plus part time employees, contractors, and consultants.