SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC Form 10KSB December 28, 2006

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20459

FORM 10-KSB

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006

Commission File Number 0-17580

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC (Exact name of Small Business Issuer in its charter)

Delaware 11-2941299
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

209 Lafayette Drive, Syosset, New York 11791 (Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (516) 433-4700

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES X NO

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB ()

Indicate by check mark whether the $\mbox{ registrant is a shell company}$ (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) YES NO X

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$15,826,000

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant, based upon the average bid and ask prices for the Registrant's Common Stock, \$.001 par value per share, as of December 12, 2006 was \$4,478,363

As of December 12, 2006, the Registrant had 5,210,950 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

Documents Incorporated by Reference: Definitive Proxy Statement to be filed.

PART I

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Synergx Systems Inc. ("Synergx" or the "Company") is a Delaware corporation organized in October 1988 to acquire controlling interests in companies engaged in the design, manufacture, distribution, sale and servicing of fire, life safety, security, energy management, intercom, audio-video communication and other systems. Reference to Synergx or the Company include operations of each of its subsidiaries except where the context otherwise requires.

Synergx's business is conducted through subsidiaries in the New York City metropolitan area. Synergx conducts its business in New York principally through Casey Systems Inc., ("Casey") its wholly owned subsidiary located in New York City and Long Island, New York

CASEY SYSTEMS. Synergx's principal operating subsidiary is Casey Systems. Casey has been in the business of designing, servicing and maintaining building communication systems since 1970. Today Casey is a diversified systems integrator which, in addition to its own proprietary line of life safety and building protection products, also is a premier low-voltage systems provider for a broad range of video, teleconferencing/multimedia, audio visual, public address, customer information, access control, intercoms, security, closed circuit TV (CCTV) and professional sound systems. In addition, Casey designs, markets and supports these systems for the rail and mass transit industries.

Fire and Life Safety. For over 30 years Casey has been providing fire and smoke signaling and detection systems for institutional, municipal, commercial and residential buildings in the New York City metropolitan area. Casey provides services primarily as a sub-contractor to electrical and general contractors but also acts as a general contractor from time to time as well as engages in direct sales of products and services to building owners, managers and other users. New and modified systems must be installed and maintained in compliance with local law requirements. New York City in particular maintains a very comprehensive and detailed body of regulations to govern the installation and operation of fire alarm and life safety systems. Casey markets its expertise in putting systems on line and servicing such systems in compliance with these regulations.

Casey has developed and markets its own proprietary signaling and fire detection technology known as COMTRAK, and also acts as a strategic distributor for national manufacturers such as Edwards Systems Technology, a General Electric company. Casey has installed a number of generations of COMTRAK and other systems in hundreds of facilities in the New York metropolitan area. COMTRAK and other such systems sold by Casey control and monitor smoke detectors, pull stations and other devices, supervise other building systems such as elevators and fans and provide dedicated audio communication channels for building and emergency personnel. In many cases after installation and fire department approval thereof, Casey continues to provide products and services to such facilities related to the changing requirements of tenants in such buildings (e.g. smoke detectors and other devices when tenant spaces are altered) or service contracts to building owners or managers.

Engineered Sound Systems. Casey has augmented its established position in marketing engineered life safety systems (proprietary and third party) by developing a significant business in engineered sound systems for application to a variety of users including airline terminals, hospitals, educational facilities and transit facilities (e.g. commuter terminals and subway stations).

Casey has developed a focused unit with a high level of experience to penetrate this niche market with significant success as a substantial portion of Casey's revenues and order position derives from this effort. Casey offers simple analog paging systems as well as state-of-the-art computerized systems that emphasize speech intelligibility and high quality music reproduction. Casey is an authorized dealer for many leading manufacturers.

Transit. Casey designs, develops, manufactures (through third party sources), and implements sophisticated security and communication solutions for the transportation sector. Casey's transportation products and services are in use by agencies such as the MTA - New York City Transit, Long Island Rail Road, New Jersey Transit and AMTRAK. Casey has invested heavily in a highly skilled team of engineering professionals who have developed security systems for mass transit and have positioned itself as a premier supplier of security systems to MTA - New York City Transit.

Audio-Visual. Casey's engineering and sales team work with consultants, architects and construction managers to design, install and integrate audio visual systems in buildings in the New York metropolitan areas. These facilities include museums, auction houses, advertising agencies, houses of worship, health care and educational facilities, financial institutions and law firms. On these projects Casey oversees software integration, selects hardware and oversees all aspects of the project installation and activation. Systems include audio and video conferencing, video projection systems, media streaming and command and control centers. Casey is an authorized supplier of numerous high quality national product lines.

Security. Casey provides integrated security systems for institutional, municipal, commercial and residential buildings handling design and engineering, product specification, installation, maintenance and personnel training. Customers include commercial and apartment buildings, transportation and educational facilities and medical centers. Products include indoor-outdoor, perimeter, pan-tilt-zoom cameras, monitors, wireless command and remote control and transmission technology. Casey designs and installs a full range of card access control systems including scrambled pad-biometrics, smart cards, swipe cards and proximity readers. Casey has worked with many network technologies including encrypted networks.

Service. Casey continues to put an increasing priority on the development of an integrated and efficient service organization. Sales personnel have been dedicated to securing service contracts and to market service of COMTRAK and other projects coming out of warranty and the renewal of such contracts. To provide efficient and productive customer service, Casey maintains an office in New York City which houses its New York service management offering 24/7 customer support with over 30 manufacturer-trained field service technicians

GENERAL SOUND. Synergx conducted business in Texas through its subsidiary, General Sound (Texas) Company, which distributes, services, installs and designs a variety of sound, fire alarm, intercom and security systems in the Dallas/Ft. Worth, Texas area. In May 2006, General Sounds sold its inventory, property, trade name, business and operations. For information on the sale and discontinued operations of General Sound see "MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION"

SECURE 724 LP. Synergx holds a 25% investment in Secure 724 LP, a Canadian research, development and marketing group which has developed technology to

transmit alarm and other data from a secured site to a command center and to multiple Blackberry wireless handheld devices and/or cellular phones and to transmit commands or programming instructions to a wide variety of building systems. Due to insufficient cash flow, lack of outside financing, and slow progress and uncertainty in bringing its product to market, an impairment charge of \$377,264 was recorded to fully reserve for the recovery of the equity investment and loans made to Secure 724. In addition in 2006, the Company recorded an adjustment to the equity investment of \$60,000 to reflect the Company's 25% portion of the net loss of Secure 724 LP. The Company is negotiating to sell its entire interest in Secure 724. However, there can be no assurance that such sale can be made for an amount and terms acceptable to the Company.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, Synergx spent approximately \$114,000 and \$121,000, respectively, for research and development of Synergx's life safety and communication systems.

CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, no customer accounted for more than 10% of Synergx's revenues. One supplier accounted for 7% and 10% of Synergx's cost of sales in the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

REGULATIONS. Synergx believes that it is in compliance with applicable building codes, zoning ordinances, occupational, safety and hazard standards and other Federal, state and local ordinances and regulations governing its business activities. .

COMPETITION. Synergx business is competitive; some of Synergx's competitors may have greater financial resources and may offer a broader line of fire and life safety products. Synergx also faces competition in the servicing of systems which it sells. Accordingly, even though Synergx may sell and install a fire and life safety and/or communications system, it may not receive the contract to service that system. Synergx, however, believes that it can effectively compete with any entity which conforms with applicable rules and regulations.

EMPLOYEES. As of September 30, 2006, Synergx and its subsidiaries had 92 full time employees, including 32 New York hourly employees that are covered by a Collective Bargaining Agreement expiring March 2009.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS. Synergx believes that its labor and material sources are sufficient and that other than normal competitive factors, and what is discussed above or under "MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION", Synergx's operations and industry do not have any special characteristics which may have a material impact upon its future financial performance.

PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS. The Company does not have any patents on its systems, but, it uses proprietary technology which it seeks to protect as trade secrets. The "Firetector," "Casey Systems" and "COMTRAK" trademarks are registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The Company leases approximately 16,400 square feet of office, manufacturing

and warehouse space in Syosset, New York under a seven year lease that was to expire in June 2007. In 2006, the lease was extended on similar terms to expire June 30, 2012. The rental schedule provides for monthly rent of \$16,600 during 2006 with 3.5% yearly increases through the remainder of the term of the lease.

The Company has a lease for its service center in New York City that became effective August 2002 and runs through December 31, 2009. The lease is for office and warehouse space and provides for yearly rental of \$84,000 during the first year plus expenses with yearly escalation of 2% each year thereafter.

Management believes there is sufficient space at these facilities for its current and intended business.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the normal course of its operations, the Company has been, or from time to time may be, named in legal actions seeking monetary damages. While the outcome of these matters cannot be estimated with certainty, management does not expect, based upon consultation with legal counsel, that such actions will have a material effect on the Company's business or financial condition.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITIES HOLDERS

None.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Synergx's Common Stock has been traded on the National Association of Securities Dealer's Inc. Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") since April 11, 1989 under the "FTEC" symbol and since May 2002 under the "SYNX" symbol. The following table shows the high and low bid and ask quotations for each fiscal quarter from December 31, 2003 through September 30, 2006 which quotations were obtained from the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc.

Common Stock	Bi	.d	Ask		
Quarter Ended	High	Low	High	Low	
December 31, 2004 March 31, 2005 June 30, 2005 September 30, 2005 December 31, 2005 March 31, 2006 June 30, 2006	4.370 3.580 1.670 6.250 2.590 2.430 2.060	2.490 1.440 1.000 1.240 1.680 1.580 1.250	4.470 3.680 1.680 6.250 2.610 2.450 2.090	2.690 1.460 1.200 1.310 1.720 1.630 1.320	
September 30, 2006	1.860	1.210	1.890	1.310	

The above quotations represent prices between dealers, do not include retail markups, markdowns or commissions and may not represent actual transactions. As of December 12, 2006, there were 252 record holders of Synergx's Common Stock.

On December 12, $\,$ 2006, the closing bid and ask prices for the Common Stock were \$1.69 and \$1.70, respectively.

The Company has not paid any cash dividends on its Common Stock. Payment of cash dividends in the foreseeable future is not contemplated by the Company. Whether dividends are paid in the future will depend on the Company's earnings, capital requirements, financial condition along with economic and market conditions, industry standard and other factors considered relevant to the Company's Board of Directors. Payment of dividends is restricted in certain cases by the Company's credit facilities. Accordingly, no assurance can be given as to the amount or timing of future dividend payments, if any.

Registration of Shares of Common Stock

The Company filed a Form S-8 registration statement, which became effective July 22, 2003. The registration statement provided for the registration of 404,885 shares issueable under the 1997 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan.

ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has a \$3 million revolving credit facility with TD Banknorth, N.A. (formerly, Hudson United Bank) (the "Credit Facility"). This credit facility has an annual interest rate of prime plus 1/4% and was to expire in June 2007. On December 26, 2006, the credit facility was extended to expire in January 2008. Advances under the Credit Facility are measured against a borrowing base calculated on eligible receivables and inventory. The Credit Facility is secured by all assets of the Company and all of its operating subsidiaries.

The Credit Facility includes various covenants, which among other things, impose limitations on declaring or paying dividends, acquisitions and capital expenditures. The Company is also required to maintain certain financial ratios and tangible net worth covenants. At September 30, 2006, the Company was not in default with any of its financial covenants and at such time the full amount of the Credit Facility was available under the borrowing base calculation. At September 30, 2006, \$929,000 was owed under the Credit Facility.

Net cash used in continuing operations for the year ended September 30, 2006 amounted to \$64,000 as compared to cash being provided by continuing operations of \$11,000 for the comparable prior year. The increase in cash being used in operations was primarily due to a \$613,000 loss from continuing operations in 2006 which is offset by a \$437,000 non-cash impairment charge for the investment in Secure 724 and also a non-cash (\$253,000) deferred income taxes (benefit). In contrast, there was a \$50,000 operating profit from continuing operations in 2005.

In 2006, there was a net \$131,000 cash inflow provided by discontinued operations that resulted from the business being sold in 2006 for \$518,000, which funded the decline in business in 2006 of the discontinued operation. In contrast, for 2005 the discontinued operation provided a cash inflow of \$407,000 from operations.

In 2006, the net \$612,000 cash inflow from the combination of continuing operations and discontinued operations (which includes the \$518,000 of proceeds

from the sale of the discontinued operation), along with cash on hand was used to purchase \$256,000 of capital assets (primarily for a new management information system) and to reduce bank borrowings by \$520,000.

The ratio of the Company's current assets to current liabilities increased to approximately 3.04 to 1 at September 30, 2006 compared to 3.01 to 1 at September 30, 2005.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenues and Gross Profit

	For the years 2006	ended September 30, 2005
	(In the	ousands)
Product Sales	•	\$12 , 358 475
Service Revenue	. 5 , 101	4,798
Total Revenue	\$15 , 825	\$17,631
Product Gross Margin	. 127	\$ 3,666 90 1,676
Total Gross Margin	. \$ 5,168	\$ 5,432
Gross Profit Product %	. 27%	30%
Gross Profit Subcontractor $%$		19%
Gross Profit Service %	. 46%	35%
Total Gross Profit %	. 33%	31%

Revenues

The decrease in product revenues resulted primarily from lower shipments of transit products that reflected a lower level of orders and the timing of releases required by customers. Due to the retirement in December 2005 of key personnel involved in transit work in New York, the Company substantially overhauled the management structure and marketing strategies for transit products. The benefit of the restructuring and marketing strategies has not resulted in shipments during 2006. The Company continues to bid on new orders and has quotations outstanding for several large transit projects. In addition, the Company has put into effect certain cost reduction initiatives with a view towards pricing business aggressively in the New York City metropolitan area.

Subcontract revenue increased during 2006 as the Company was responsible as prime contractor for more electrical installations in 2006 compared to similar projects in 2005.

Service revenues increased 6% during 2006 primarily due to an increase in call-in service on fire alarm systems (replacement parts and service required by

buildings) and from an increase in service contract revenue related to new customers and higher fees on renewal of contracts compared to 2005. The service contract base of customers continued to increase in 2006 due to new customers in our New York City and Long Island, New York areas.

Gross Profit

Gross profit margin from product revenues decreased 27% to \$2,678,000 due to lower product sales (noted above) and related gross margin. Gross profit margin as a percentage of product revenues was 27% in 2006 compared to 30% in 2005. This decline in gross profit percentage was due to lower sales on which to absorb overhead, which is relatively fixed in nature.

Gross profit margin related to subcontract revenues for 2006 increased in absolute terms as the Company was responsible for a larger amount of electrical installation by third parties (subcontract work).

Gross profit margin from service revenues increased during 2006 due to higher service revenue which resulted from the increases in call-in and service contract revenues noted above. Gross profit margin was also favorably affected by certain reductions in the number of service technicians as the Company reevaluated its customer support staffing level during 2006.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses ("S G &A") increased \$395,000 in 2006 over 2005 primarily due to \$214,000 of expenses to upgrade the Company sales, marketing, project management and information technology personnel, systems and procedures. These were higher than normal expenses and include \$29,000 of additional recruitment fees (total of \$104,000 in 2006, and \$75,000 in 2005 and \$13,000 in 2004), \$120,000 of budgeted severance costs; \$41,000 of additional computer consulting costs to upgrade the Company's information technology system, and \$24,000 of additional professional fees related to the sale of the discontinued operations in Dallas and employment compliance regarding staff reductions. There was also an increase of \$123,000 due to higher sales and marketing personnel expenses which are geared to support higher product revenues. Consequently, S G & A expenses as a percentage of sales increased 5.6% to 34.1% in 2006 due to lower sales volume compared to the relative fixed nature of these costs. The Company will continue to invest in staff to secure and support sales of new products in future years, but management expects S G & A expenses and S G & A as a percentage of sales to decline in 2007.

Income (Loss) Before Tax

The loss before income taxes during 2006 is primarily due to the decrease in gross profit caused by lower product revenues. Partially offsetting the decrease in gross profit from product revenues was an increase in gross profit that resulted from higher service revenues (noted above) and a reduction in service staff. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$395,000 and remained at a high level geared to support higher product sales. For 2006, the Company recorded a loss of \$437,000 on its equity in the operating loss of Secure 724 LP compared to a loss of \$76,000 in 2005. The loss in 2006 includes an impairment charge of \$377,264 related to the investment in and loans to Secure 724. These investments were deemed to be impaired because of insufficient cash flow, lack of outside funding and slow progress and uncertainty on bringing its product to market. The Company is negotiating to sell its entire interest in Secure 724. However, there can be no assurance that such sale can be made for an amount and terms acceptable to the Company.

Tax Provision

The Company's current income tax (benefit) provision represents federal, state and local income taxes. Deferred taxes represents the net change in current and noncurrent deferred tax assets and noncurrent deferred tax liability as it related to certain timing differences of book and tax deductions.

Discontinued Operations

On May 31, 2006, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, General Sound (Texas) Company ("General Sound") that operated in Dallas/Ft. Worth, Texas sold its inventory, property, trade name, business and operations to LCR Sound, a Texas company. Under terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, General Sound received cash proceeds from the buyer of \$518,000 for its inventory, property and equipment, and goodwill resulting in a gain of \$197,901. The buyer assumed responsibility for the remaining term of the lease for its office and warehouse space. General Sound retained cash and all accounts receivable and remains responsible for all existing liabilities which have substantially been paid as of September 30, 2006.

The operations of General Sound are reported as discontinued for all periods presented in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.

The results of the discontinued operations for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	Years ended 2006	September 30, 2005
0.1	^ 1 200 000	
Sales Cost of Sales	\$ 1,398,809 1,113,211	\$ 3,156,761 2,013,639
Operating expenses	684 , 584	1,009,286
Operating (loss) income	(\$ 398,986)	133,836
Gain on sale of assets	197,901	-0-
(Loss) income before taxes	(\$ 201,085) ========	\$ 133 , 836

Order Position

Synergx's order position, excluding service, was \$8.0 million at September 30, 2006 compared to \$7.9 million at September 30, 2005. The order position has been adjusted to exclude the discontinued operations. The Company expects to fulfill a significant portion of its order position over the next twelve months. While quotation activity is brisk, there is no assurance when orders will be received and whether the order position will increase. Due to the fact that some of the Company's products are sold and installed as part of larger construction or mass transit projects, there is typically a delay between the booking of the contract and its revenue realization. The order position from time to time includes, and the Company continues to bid on, projects that include subcontractor labor, (electrical installation performed by others). The Company expects to be active in seeking orders where the Company would act as a prime contractor and responsible for management of the project as well as electrical installation.

Plan of Operations

During fiscal 2007, management intends to continue to focus on its intensified marketing programs and to continue to contain or monitor fixed overhead as well as to reduce variable costs through improved efficiency and productivity. Specifically management is pursuing a strategy of aggressive marketing of products and systems to drive more revenue through established channels of distribution. Management will concentrate on these initiatives with a focus on reducing costs thereby enhancing the Company's competitiveness which combined with improved sales and marketing techniques should result in increased revenues over time. However, competition remains severe in many of the Company's product categories. Longer term, management expects increased demand for the Company's audio-visual, public address, security and other communication products . Recent enhancements to Synergx's management information systems and methods of approving and monitoring project costs have improved management's ability to pinpoint waste and/or third party (supplier or customer) cost responsibility. Further enhancements in theses areas will be in progress during 2007.

Management will be reviewing inventory levels with a view towards generally reducing inventory levels in 2007. The Company will be assessing the use of third party vendors to procure and manufacture products and to reduce its inventory levels of products distributed to and held for customer service.

Inflation

The impact of inflation on the Company's business operations has not been material in the past. Casey's labor costs are normally controlled by union contracts covering a period of three years and its material costs have remained relatively stable. However, in July of 2005, the Company and its union agreed to a new three year nine month contract that provides for wage/benefits increases of approximately 4% in each year. Under terms of previous union contracts, certain union members, upon passing certain test requirements, began moving up to higher paying categories that have multiple salary steps per year in excess of the 4% contractual level. In addition, the demand for highly skilled professionals has resulted in the need to assess salary levels in order to remain competitive. It is expected that required salary adjustments will exceed normal increases given in the past. The Company will try to mitigate the effect of these increases in labor costs by efficiency initiatives, expense reductions and, if possible, price increases.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2006, the Company did not have any off-balance sheet debt nor did it have any transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations) or other relationships with any unconsolidated entities or other persons, other than as disclosed in Note 6, that may have a material current or future effect on financial condition, changes in financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, capital resources, or significant components of revenue or expenses.

ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our financial statements together with accompanying notes and the report of Marcum & Kliegman LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, are set forth on the pages indicated below.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

F1

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheet September 30, 2006	F2 - F3
Consolidated Statements of Operations Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005	F4
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005	F5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005	F6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F7 - F19

ITEM 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None

ITEM 8A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. At the period end of this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded, as of the end of the fiscal year covered by this report, that:

The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified.

That Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, and made known to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decision regarding the required disclosure.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the period covered by the Annual Report.

PART III

Item 9. Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters, Control Persons and Corporate Governance; Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act.

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

ITEM 13. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description of Exhibit

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended (6)
- 3.2 By-Laws of the Company (2)
- 4.1 Specimen Common Stock Certificate (2)
- 10.1 Credit Facility dated October 9, 2003 between Synergx Systems Inc. as borrower and Hudson United Bank as lender. (5)
- 10.2 Employment Agreement between Casey Systems Inc. and Al Koenig dated as of February 17, 2005 (7)
- 10.3 Employment Agreement between Synergx Systems Inc. and Daniel S. Tamkin dated as of October 1, 2005. (7)
- 10.4 Second Amendment to Revolving Loan Agreement, Promissory Note and Other Loan Documents, between Synergx Systems Inc. and TD Banknorth, N.A., dated as of September 29, 2006.*
- 10.8 Form of Lease dated February, 2000 between Casey Systems as Tenant and First Industrial L.P. as Landlord (3)
- 10.9 Form of Lease dated July 23rd, 2002 between Systems Service Technology Corp as Tenant and Balbo Realty LLC as Landlord(4)
- 10.10 Form of Limited Parnership Agreement dated May 29, 2003 between 3077118 Nova Scotia ULC (a Synergx Systems owned company) and Secure 724 LP (5)
- 22.1 Subsidiaries of the Registrant *
- 23.1 Consent of Marcum & Kliegman LLP Independent Registered Public Accounting
- 31.1 Certification of Daniel S. Tamkin pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
- 31.2 Certification of John A. Poserina pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
- 32.1 Certification of Daniel S. Tamkin and John A. Poserina pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*

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- * filed herewith
- (1) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-2, Registration No. 33-51472, filed with the Commission on December 23, 1992, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 22-26050, filed with the Commission on January 23, 1989, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- (3) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2001, which Exhibit is incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2002, which Exhibit is incorporated herein by reference.
- (5) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003 which Exhibit is incorporated herein by reference.
- (6) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to the Company's Amendment to Annual Report on Form 10-KSB/A for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2002 which Exhibit is incorporated herein by reference.
- (7) Reference is made to the correspondingly numbered Exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2005 which Exhibit is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC.
(Registrant)
By: /s/ Daniel S. Tamkin
Daniel S. Tamkin,
Chief Executive Officer and Director

Dated: December 26, 2006

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Company and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name

/s/ Daniel S. Tamkin	Chairman of the Board; Chief Executive Officer; and	December	26,	20
Daniel S. Tamkin	Director			
/s/ John A. Poserina	Chief Financial Officer	December	26,	20
John A. Poserina.	(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer), Secretary And Director			
/s/ Harris Epstein	Director	December	26,	20
Harris Epstein				
/s/ Mitchell J. Sanders	Director	December	26,	20
Mitchell J. Sanders				
/s/ Mark Litwin	Director	December	26,	20
Mark Litwin				
/s/ J. Ian Dalrymple	Director	December	26,	20
J. Ian Dalrymple				
/s/ Gary Oreman	Director	December	26,	20

Title

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of Synergx Systems Inc.

Gary Oreman

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Synergx Systems Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of September 30, 2006 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to

Date

have, nor are we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes examining on a test basis evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Synergx Systems Inc. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2006 and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ MARCUM & KLIEGMAN LLP New York, NY December 12, 2006 except for Note 5 which is as of December 26, 2006

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	September 30, 2006
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Aggounts requirely principally trade loss allowance	\$ 273,000
Accounts receivable, principally trade, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$352,685 Inventories, net Deferred taxes Prepaid expenses and other current assets Income Tax Receivable	6,019,000 2,040,000 516,000 213,000 82,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	9,143,000
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT -at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,611,000	776,000
OTHER ASSETS	207,000
DEFERRED TAXES	4,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$10,130,000

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	September 30, 2006
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Notes payable - current portion Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue	\$ 27,000 2,075,000 904,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,006,000
Note payable to bank Notes payable - less current portion	929,000 90,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,025,000
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Preferred stock, 2,000,000 shares authorized- none issued and outstanding Common stock, 10,000,000 shares authorized, \$.001 par value; issued and outstanding 5,210,950 shares Additional Paid in Capital Accumulated deficit	5,000 6,804,000 (704,000)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	6,105,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$10,130,000

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Yeasr 2006	Ended September 30, 2005
Product sales	\$ 10,059,000	\$ 12,358,000
Subcontract sales	665 , 000	475 , 000
Service revenue	5,101,000	4,798,000
Total revenues	15,825,000	17,631,000

Cost of product sales	-	7,381,000		8,692,000
Cost of subcontract sales		538,000		384,000
Cost of service revenue	2	2,738,000		3,122,000
Selling, general and administrative		5,389,000		4,993,000
Depreciation and amortization		178,000		147,000
Total operating expenses		5,224,000		
(Loss) income from operations		(399,000)		293,000
Other expenses:				
Interest expense		(106,000)		
(Loss) on equity investment		(437,000)		(76,000)
Total other expenses		(543,000)		(187,000)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for income taxes		(942,000)		
(Benefit) provision for income taxes:				
Current		(76,000)		49,000
Deferred		(253,000)		
		(329,000)		56,000
(Loss) income from continuing operations		(613,000)		50,000
Discontinued operations (Note 3):				
(Loss) income from discontinued operations		(201,000)		134,000
Deferred income tax (benefit) provision		(69 , 000)		
(Loss) income from discontinued operations		(132,000)		
Net (loss) income	\$	(745,000)	\$	130,000
	====		===	
(Loss) Per Common Share:	ċ	(0.12)	ċ	0 01
Basic (loss) income from continuing operations Basic (loss) income from discontinued operations		(0.12) (0.02)		
basic (1055) Income from disconcinaca operations				
Basic (loss) income Per Share	\$ ====	(0.14)		0.03
Diluted (loss) income from continuing operations	Ś	(0.12)	Ś	0.01
Diluted (loss) income from discontinued operations		(0.02)		
Diluted (loss) income Per Share	\$ ====	(0.14)		0.03
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding-basic	į	5,206,453		5,171,721
Weighted average number of common and				
common shares equivalents outstanding-diluted	į.	5,206,453		5,193,276

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC. and SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 and 2005

	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	COMMON SHARES	STOCK AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL
Balance at September 30, 2004	\$ 6,648,000	5,136,862	5,000	\$ 6,732,000
Exercise of employee stock options	28,000	55,256	0	28,000
Tax benefit of stock option exercise	25 , 000			25,000
Net Income	130,000			
Balance at September 30, 2005	\$ 6,831,000	5,192,118	5,000	\$ 6,785,000
Exercise of employee stock options	\$ 9,000	18,832	0	\$ 9,000
Tax benefit of stock option exercise	\$ 10,000			\$ 10,000
Net (Loss)	(745,000)			
Balance at September 30, 2006	\$ 6,105,000	\$ 5,210,950	5,000 ======	\$ 6,804,000

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

SYNERGX SYSTEMS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years 2006	Ended Se 2
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net (Loss) income from continuing operations	\$(613,000)	\$ 50
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization *	193,000	161
Deferred tax (benefit)	(253,000)	32
Loss on equity investment	437,000	7 6
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	290,000	(884
Inventories	167,000	255
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	43,000	(9
Income Tax Receivable	(82,000)	,
Other assets	24,000	(27
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(464,000)	275

Deferred revenue	194,000	82
Net cash (used in) provided by continuing operations Net cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operation	(64,000) 158,000	11 407
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	94,000	418
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Restricted cash Purchases of property and equipment	(256,000)	(51 (280
Net cash (used in) continuing operations Net cash (used in) provided by investing activies of discontinued operations	(256,000) 518,000	(331
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	262,000	(339
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal payments on notes payable Payments and proceeds from note payable bank - net Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	(11,000) (520,000) 9,000	(8 (466 28
Net cash (used in) continuing operations Net cash (used in) financing activites of discontinued operations	(522,000) (27,000)	(21
NET CASH (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(549,000)	(467
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(193,000)	(388
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	466,000	854
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	\$ 273,000	\$ 466
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	=======	=====
Cash paid during the year for: Income taxes Interest	\$ 48,000 \$ 105,000	\$ 7 \$ 89

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Included in the year ended September 30, 2006, was the purchase of equipment for \$116,000\$ through financing.

Tax benefits of \$10,000 and \$25,000 from employees stock options exercise were recorded in the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

 * Depreciation of \$15,000 and \$14,000 is included in cost of product sales for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

See accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Synergx Systems Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Business

Synergx Systems Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") operates in one industry segment: the design, manufacture, distribution, marketing and service of a

variety of data communications products and systems with applications in the fire alarm, life safety, transit, security and communications industry. The Company conducts its business principally in the New York Metropolitan area.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Synergx Systems Inc. and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. The principal operating subsidiaries are: Casey Systems Inc. ("Casey"), and Systems Service Technology Corp. ("SST"). And General Sound (Texa) Company ("General Sound"), which was sold in May 2006 and is reflected as a discontinued operation. See Note 3 Discontinued Operations. In addition the Company has a payroll disbursing subsidiary FT Clearing Inc. and a subsidiary that holds the investment in Secure 724 LP, Comco Technologies Inc. Significant intercompany items and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassification

Certain accounts in the prior period financial statements have be reclassified for comparison purposes to conform to the presentation in the current period financial statements. These classifications have no effect on the previously reported net income.

Revenue Recognition

Product sales include sales of systems, which are similar in nature, that involve fire alarm, life safety and security (CCTV and card access), transit (train station platforms and on board systems) and communication (paging, announcement and audio/visual). Product sales represent sales of products along with the integration of technical services at a fixed price under a contract with an electrical contractor or end user customer (building owner or tenant), or customer agent. Product sales for long term contracts are recognized, using the percentage-of-completion method of accounting. The effects of changes in contract terms are reflected in the accounting period in which they become known. Contract terms provide for billing schedules that differ from revenue recognition and give rise to costs and estimated profits in excess billings, and billings in excess of costs and estimated profits. Costs and estimated profits in excess of billing were \$47,000 at September 30, 2006 and have been included in other current assets. Billings in excess of costs and estimated profits were \$109,000 at September 30, 2006

Revenue Recognition (continued)

and have been included in deferred revenue. Product sales for short term contracts are recognized when the services are preformed or the product has been delivered, which is when title to the product and risk of loss have been substantially transferred to the customer and collection is reasonably assured.

Subcontract sales principally represent revenues related to electrical installation of wiring and piping performed by others for the Company when the Company acts as the prime contractor and sells its products along with electrical installation. Revenue is recognized when these services are preformed at the job site.

Service revenue from separate maintenance contracts is recognized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the respective contract, which is generally one year. The unearned service revenue from these contracts is included in current liabilities as deferred revenue. Non-contract service revenue is recognized when services are performed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The adequacy of the allowance is determined by management based on a periodic review of the status of the individual accounts receivable.

Inventories

Inventories are priced at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market and consist primarily of raw materials and at September 30, 2006 reflects an inventory allowance of \$392,000.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at historical cost. Leases meeting the criteria for capitalization are recorded at the present value of future lease payments.

Depreciation and amortization of machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures are provided primarily by the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The Company depreciates machinery and equipment over periods of 3 to 10 years and amortizes leasehold improvements and assets acquired under capitalized leases utilizing the straight-line method over the life of the lease or the economic useful life, whichever is shorter.

Other Assets

Other assets consist of security deposits of \$48,000 and goodwill related to the acquisition of Casey Systems of approximately \$34,000 and restricted cash on deposit with the Company's bank of \$125,000.

The Company does not amortize goodwill but evaluates whether the carrying value of goodwill has become impaired. This evaluation is performed on annual basis each fiscal year end. The Company has determined that there was no impairment of goodwill at September 30, 2006.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising costs for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 amounted to \$45,000 and \$35,000, respectively.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Research and development costs for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 amounted to \$114,000 and \$121,000, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under SFAS No. 109, the asset and liability method is used to determine deferred tax assets and

liabilities based on the differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

Earnings Per Share

SFAS No. 128 "Earnings Per Share" requires companies to report basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") computations. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is based on the weighted-average common shares outstanding and diluted EPS gives effect to potential dilution of securities that could share in the earnings of the Company. Diluted EPS reflects the assumed issuance of shares with respect to the Company's employee stock options, non-employee stock options, and warrants.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

In connection with the Credit Facility with its bank, the Company has on deposit \$125,000 that is restricted as to use that has been included in other assets.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company grants credit to its customers, principally all of which are general or specialized construction contractors, none of which individually constitutes a significant portion of outstanding receivables. The Company does not require collateral to support financial instruments subject to credit risk.

At September 30, 2006, the Company had cash of approximately \$92,000, that is in excess of insured amount limitations.

Stock Options and Similar Equity Instruments

The Company adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," for stock options and similar equity instruments (collectively, "Options") issued to employees; however, the Company will continue to apply the intrinsic value based method of accounting for options issued to employees prescribed by Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issues to Employees," rather than the fair value based method of accounting prescribed by SFAS No. 123. SFAS No. 123 also applies to transactions in which an entity issues its equity instruments to acquire goods or services from non-employees. Those transactions must be accounted for based on the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measured.

On December 31, 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure. SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, to provide an alternative method of transition to SFAS No. 123's fair value method of accounting for stock based employee compensation. SFAS Stock Options and Similar Equity Instruments (continued)

No.148 also amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123 and APB Opinion 28, "Interim Financial Reporting," to require disclosure in the summary of significant accounting policies of the effects of an entity's accounting policy with respect to stock-based employee compensation on reported net income and earnings per share in annual and interim financial statements. While the statement does not amend SFAS No. 123 to require companies to account for employee stock options using the fair value method, the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123 are applicable to all companies with stock based employee

compensation, regardless of whether they account for that compensation using the fair value method of SFAS No. 123, or the intrinsic value method of APB Opinion 25. As required under SFAS No. 148, the following table presents pro forma net income and diluted net earnings per share as if the fair value-based method had been applied to all awards.

		Years Ended 2006	eptember 30, 2005
Net (Loss) Income Less: Fair Value of Options issued to	\$	(745,000)	•
employees and directors, net of income tax		(16,000)	(13,000)
Pro Forma Net (loss) Income		(761,000)	117,000
Weighted Average Basic Shares	ŗ	5,206,493	5,171,721
Weighted Average Diluted Shares	Ę	5,206,493	5,193,276
Basic Net Income Per Share as Reported Basic Pro Forma Net Income per share	\$ \$	(.14) (.15)	
Diluted Net Income Per Share as Reported Diluted Pro Forma Net Income per share	\$	(.14) (.15)	.03

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was used to estimate the fair value of the options granted during the year ended September 30, 2005. There were no options granted to employees during the year ended September 30, 2006. The model includes subjective input assumptions that can materially affect the fair value estimates. The model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and that are fully transferable. The expected volatility is estimated based on the most recent historical period of time equal to the weighted average life of the options granted. Principal assumptions used in applying the Black-Scholes model along with the results from the model for the year ended September 30, 2005 were as follows:

Assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate 3.58%
Dividend 0
Expected life in years 5 years
Expected volatility 84%

2. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at September 30, 2006 are summarized as follows:

Machinery and equipment	\$2,112,000
Furniture and fixtures	164,000
Leasehold improvements	111,000
	2,387,000
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	
	1,611,000
	\$ 776 , 000

Depreciation and amortization expense related to these assets were \$189,000 and \$129,000 for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On May 31, 2006, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, General Sound (Texas) Company ("General Sound") that operated in Dallas/Ft. Worth, Texas sold its inventory, property, trade name, business and operations to LCR Sound, a Texas company. The operations of General Sound are reported as discontinued for all periods presented in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Under terms of the asset purchase agreement, General Sound received cash proceeds from the buyer of \$518,000 for its inventory (\$203,215), property and equipment (\$47,744) and goodwill (\$69,140) resulting in a gain of \$197,901. The buyer assumed responsibility for the remaining term of the lease for its office and warehouse space. General Sound retained cash and all accounts receivable and remains responsible for all existing liabilities, which have substantially been paid as of September 30, 2006.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

The results of the discontinued operations for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

Years ended September 30,		
-	2006	2005
Sales	\$1,398,809	\$3,156,761
Cost of Sales	1,113,211	2,013,639
Operating expenses	684,584	1,009,286
Operating (loss) income	(\$398 , 986)	133,836
Gain on sale of assets	197,901	-0-
(Loss) income before taxes	\$ (201,085)	\$ 133,836
	========	=======

4. Investment in Secure 724 L.P.

In May 2003, the Company acquired a 25% equity interest in Secure 724 LP ("Secure 724 LP"), an Ontario limited partnership. The investment in Secure 724 L.P. was valued at \$432,500 and the investment is accounted for utilizing the equity method. The underlying equity of this investment on the date of the transaction was approximately \$73,000; resulting in goodwill of approximately \$360,000. For the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, an adjustment to the equity investment of \$60,000 and \$52,000, respectively was recorded to reflect the Company's 25% portion of the net loss of Secure 724 LP. The cumulative impact that was recorded for the 25% portion of the net loss from inception amounts to approximately \$223,000.

In connection with the initial capital contribution per the partnership agreement, the Company also entered into note agreements and advanced \$18,000 to Secure 724 LP in May 2003 and upon reaching milestones advanced \$125,089 in August 2003. Additional advances were made to Secure 724 LP in October 2004 of \$7,969 in December 2004 of \$12,140 and July 2006 of \$4,407. These notes receivable bear interest at a rate of 4% per annum and matures in May 2006, August 2006, October 2007, December 2007 and on demand, respectively.

Due to insufficient cash flow, lack of outside financing, and slow progress and

uncertainty of bringing its product to market, the 25% equity investment, and loans to Secure 724 were deemed to be impaired at September 30, 2006 and an impairment

4. Investment in Secure 724 L.P)continued)

charge of \$377,264 was recorded to fully reserve for recovery of these investments. The Company is negotiating to sell its entire interest in Secure 724. However, there can be no assurance that such sale can be made for an amount and terms acceptable to the Company.

5. Long-Term Debt

The Company has a \$3 million revolving credit facility with TD Banknorth (formerly Hudson United Bank) (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility has an annual interest rate of prime plus 1/4% on outstanding balances (8.50% at September 30, 2006) and was to expire in June 2007. On December 26, 2006, the credit facility was extended to expire in January 2008. The Credit Facility is secured by all assets of the Company and all of its operating subsidiaries. Advances under this Credit Facility are measured against a borrowing base calculated on eligible accounts receivable and inventories.

At September 30, 2006, the full amount of the Credit Facility was available under the borrowing base calculation and \$929,000 was outstanding under this facility.

The Credit Facility includes certain restrictive covenants, which among other things, impose limitations on declaring or paying dividends, acquisitions, and capital expenditures. The Company is also required to maintain certain financial ratios and tangible net worth covenants. At September 30, 2006 the Company was not in default with any of its financial covenants.

Annual maturities of Notes Payable to Bank and Notes and Capital Leases Payable are as follows:

	Note Payable Bank	Other Notes and Capital Leases Payable	Total
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	\$929 , 000	\$ 27,000 23,000 23,000 23,000 21,000	\$ 27,000 952,000 23,000 23,000 21,000
Total	\$929 , 000	\$ 117,000	\$1,046,000 ==========

6. Lease Commitments

The Company leases certain office and warehouse space under non cancelable operating leases expiring at various times through 2012 In February 2000, the Company signed a lease for office, manufacturing and warehouse space in Syosset, New York. An additional 700 square feet of space was added to the lease in August 2004. The rental schedule provides for monthly rent of \$16,600 during 2006 with 3.3% yearly increases through the expiration of the lease in June 2012. In 2006, the lease was extended on similar terms to expire June 30, 2012.

The Company has a non-cancelable lease for its service center in New York City that became effective August 2002 and runs through December 31, 2009. The lease is for office and warehouse space and provides for yearly rental of \$84,000 during the first year plus expenses with yearly escalation of 2% each year thereafter.

The following is a schedule of future minimum payments, by year and in the aggregate, under operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more at September 30, 2006:

	Total Operating
	Leases
2007	301,000
2008	310,000
2009	344,000
2010	232,000
2011	241,000
2012	186,000
Total minimum lease payments	\$1,614,000
	=======================================

Rental expense amounted to \$299,000 and \$305,000, for 2006 and 2005, respectively.

7. Significant Customers and Suppliers

During fiscal 2006 and 2005, no customer accounted for more than 10% of sales. One supplier accounted for 7% and 10% of the Company's cost of sales during fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively.

8 Income Taxes

During the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, the Company recorded a tax (benefit)/provision of \$(329,000)\$ and \$56,000, respectively. A reconciliation of such provision with the amounts computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate is as follows:

	Year Ended	. Sep	tember 30, 2005
Statutory federal income tax rate	34%		34%
Computed expected tax (benefit) from income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax Increase (decrease) in taxes resulting from:	(\$320,000)	\$	36,000
State and local income tax (benefit), net of Federal income tax Nondeductible expenses	(72,000) 3,000		12,000 2,000
Other	60,000		6,000
Income tax (benefit) expense	(\$329 , 000)		56 , 000

The Company provided \$4,000 and \$6,000 for state and local franchise and capital taxes for the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These expenses have been included in selling, general and administrative expenses for each of the years presented.

The Company has recorded a current deferred tax asset and a non current deferred tax asset at September 30, 2006 and a current deferred tax asset and a current deferred tax liability at September 30, 2005. These deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to certain accelerated tax deductions or book provisions to be deducted in future tax returns and utilization of the 2006 net operating loss carryforward. Management anticipates profitable operations to resume at a level that will result in the utilization of the entire deferred tax asset.

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities at September 30, 2006 consist of the following:

Deferred Tax Assets	
Allowance for doubtful accounts Inventory reserve Net operating loss carryforward	\$141,000 157,000 218,000
Total deferred tax asset	\$516 , 000
Non Current Deferred Tax Asset/Liability	
Impairment of equity investment and Notes receivable in Secure 724 Depreciation and amortization	150,000 (146,000)
Total Non Current Deferred Tax Asset/Liability	\$ 4,000 ======

9. Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic earnings per share, diluted earnings per share, weighted shares outstanding, and weighted average shares after potential dilution is as follows:

Basic EPS Computation	Year Ended 2006	-	
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$ (613,000)	\$	50,000
Net (loss) income from discontinued operations	(132,000)		80,000
Net (loss) income	745,000)		130,000
Basic EPS Computation Weighted average outstanding shares	 5,206,453	5	,171,721
Basic (Loss) Income Per Share from continuing operation	\$ (.12)	\$.01
Basic (Loss) Income Per Share from discontinued operations	\$ (.02)	\$.02
Basic net (loss) income per basic share	(.14)	\$.03

	=====		===	
from discontinued operations Diluted net (loss) income per share	\$	(.14)	\$.03
Diluted (Loss) Income per share	\$	(.02)	\$.02
Diluted (Loss) Income Per Share from continuing operations	\$	(.12)	\$.01
adjusted weighted average shares diluted	5 , 2	206,453		5,193,276
Dilutive common shares				21,555
Warrants*				7,520
Plus: Incremental shares from				14,036
Weighted-average shares-basic	5,2	206,453		5,171,721
Diluted EPS Computation				

 $^{\ ^{\}star}$ All options and warrants were antidilutive in the year ended September 2006.

10. Employee Stock Options and Warrants

In March 2004, the Company and its stockholders adopted a nonqualified stock option plan ("2004 Plan"), which will expire March 10, 2009, except as to options outstanding under a prior 1997 Plan. Under the 2004 Plan, the Board of Directors may grant options to eligible employees at exercise prices not less than 100% of the fair market value of the common shares at the time the options are granted. The number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued shall not exceed an aggregate of up to 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares from time to time. Options vest at a rate of 20% per year commencing one year after date of grant. Issuances under the 2004 Plan are to be reduced by options outstanding under the prior 1997 nonqualified stock option plan.

In February 2005, the Board of Directors approved a grant of 130,000 stock options with a fair market value of \$157,094 to certain employees, officers and directors of the Company under the 2004 Plan. The stock options vest ratably over five years and are exercisable at \$2.50 per share, which exercise price was above the market price at the time of grant. There were no stock options granted during the year ended September 30, 2006.

Transactions involving stock options are summarized as follows:

			Weighted Average
		Stock Options	Exercise Price of
		Outstanding	Options Outstanding
Balance September 30,	2004	75 , 580	.50
Options granted		130,000	2.50
Options exercised		(55,256)	.50
Balance September 30,	2005	150,324	2.23
		======	
Options exercised		(18,832)	.50
Options expired		(23,492)	2.37
Balance September 30,	2006	108,000	2.50
		======	

There were 21,600 exercisable options at September 30, 2006 and 20,324 exercisable options at September 30, 2005.

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During the years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, employees exercised stock options to purchase 18,832 and 55,256 shares of Common Stock, respectively, for total consideration of \$9,000 and \$28,000, respectively.

10. Employee Stock Options and Warrants (continued)

Outstanding and exercisable stock options are as follows:

	Outstanding at	Weighted Average	Exercisable at
Exercise Price	September 30, 2005	Contractual Life	September 30, 2006
2.50	108,000	3.5 years	21,600

In May 2003, the Company issued 50,000 warrants in connection with its 25% investment in Secure 724 LP. The warrants expired in May 2005. (See Note 4 - Investment in Secure 724 LP)

Transactions involving non-employee stock warrants are summarized as follows:

		Weighted Average
	Warrants	Exercise Price of
	Outstanding	Warrants Outstanding
Balance September 30, 2004	50,000	1.15
Warrants expired	(50,000)	1.15
Balance September 30, 2005	- 0 -	
Balance September 30, 2006	- 0 -	

11. Contingencies

In the normal course of its operations, the Company has been, or from time to time may be, named in legal actions seeking monetary damages. Management does not expect, based upon consultation with legal counsel, that any item exists that will have a significant impact on the Company's business or financial condition.

12. Other

Approximately 34% of the Company's employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. On July 10, 2005, the union representing hourly employees and the Company ratified a Collective Bargaining Agreement expiring March 9, 2009, providing for an increase in salaries and benefits averaging approximately 4% per year over the life of the contract.

Effective January 1, 1996, the Board of Directors instituted a 401K plan for non-union employees. The plan includes a profit sharing provision at the discretion of the Board of Directors. There was no profit sharing contribution in 2006 and for 2005 a profit sharing contribution of \$41,000 was authorized and charged to expense.

13. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Values of Financial Instruments," requires

disclosing fair value to the extent practicable for financial instruments which are recognized or unrecognized in the balance sheet. The fair value of the financial instruments disclosed herein is not necessarily representative of the amount that could be realized or settled, nor does the fair value amount consider the tax consequences of realization or settlement.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and payables, and short-term debt, approximates fair value because of the near term maturities of such obligations. The fair value of long-term debt was determined based on current rates at which the Company could borrow funds with similar remaining maturities, which amount approximates its carrying value.

14 New Accounting Pronouncement

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Accounting Financial Standards ("SFAS") No. 123R (revised 2004), "Shared-Based Payment," which addresses the accounting for share-based payment transactions in which an enterprise receives employee services in exchange for (a) equity instruments of the enterprise or (b) liabilities that are based on the fair value of the enterprise's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of such equity instruments. SFAS 123R requires an entity to recognize the grant-date fair-value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees in the income statement. SFAS 123R generally requires that an entity account for such transactions using the fair-value-based method, and eliminates the intrinsic value method of accounting in APB 25, which was permitted under SFAS 123, as originally issued. The revised statement also requires entities to disclose information about the nature of the share-based payment transactions and the effects of those transactions on the financial statements. SFAS No. 123R is effective for small business issuers for the first annual reporting period that begins after December 15, 2005. The Company plans to adopt SFAS No. 123R as of October 1, 2006 using the modified prospective transition method. As a result of adopting SFAS 123R the Company will recognize approximately \$65,000 of compensation costs that will be expensed over the remaining vesting period.

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") released FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of SFAS No. 109" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting and reporting for uncertainties in income tax law. FIN 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns. FIN 48 shall be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. Earlier adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an enterprise's fiscal year, provided the enterprise has not yet issued financial statements, including financial statements for any interim period for that fiscal year. The cumulative effects, if any, of applying FIN 48 will be recorded as an adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. The Company has commenced the process of evaluating the expected effect of FIN 48 on its financial position and results of operations and has not yet determined such effects.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of SFAS 157 will change current practice. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with earlier application permitted. The Company does not expect SFAS 157 to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In September 2006, the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 ("SAB 108") which provides interpretive guidance on how the effects of the carryover or reversal of prior year misstatements should be considered in quantifying a current year misstatement. SAB 108 becomes effective in fiscal 2007. Adoption of SAB 108 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.