

Edgar Filing: OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES INC - Form 10-Q/A

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES INC  
Form 10-Q/A  
August 25, 2003

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549  
FORM 10-Q/A  
AMENDMENT NO. 1

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003; OR  
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_

0-17430

-----  
Commission File Number

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC.

-----  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

35-2154335

-----  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

111 MONUMENT CIRCLE, SUITE 4800  
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

46204

-----  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

(317) 237-4122

-----  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

-----  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \_\_\_ No X

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

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Common Stock  
\$.0001 par value

Outstanding at  
March 17, 2003  
36,007,855 shares

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 amends the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2003, to amend and restate Items 1 and 2 of Part I to incorporate certain changes.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(in thousands except share data)  
(unaudited)

	January 31, 2003
	-----
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 433
Marketable securities	137
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$495 for 2003 for 2002	2,891
Accounts receivable, related parties	221
Inventories, net	8,825
Prepaid expenses and other assets	676
	-----
Total current assets	13,183
Property, plant and equipment, net	24,836
Other assets:	
Goodwill, net	6,434
Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$588 for 2003 and \$527 for 2002	1,752
Other	84
Assets of subsidiary held for sale	--
	-----
	\$ 46,289
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the

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condensed consolidated financial statements.

	January 31, 2003
	-----
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	
Current liabilities:	
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 4,672
Current portion of long-term debt, related parties	82
Accounts payable, trade	2,923
Accounts payable, related parties	710
Accrued expenses and customer deposits	1,481
	-----
Total current liabilities	9,868
Long-term debt, net of current portion	25,299
Long-term debt, related parties	8,969
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,257
Liabilities of subsidiary held for sale	--
Commitments and contingencies	
Mandatory redeemable preferred stock:	
Class of Series C Preferred Stock: 386,206 shares outstanding for 2003 and 2002	1,503
Class of Series D Preferred Stock: 32,143 shares outstanding for 2003	675
Stockholders' equity (deficit):	
Common stock, par value \$.0001 per share; 40,000,000 shares authorized, 36,007,855 shares outstanding	3
Preferred stock, 5,000,000 shares authorized; Class of Series C convertible preferred stock, par value \$.001, 4,600,000 authorized, 3,982,193 issued and outstanding for 2003 and 2002, 200,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock authorized	5
Preferred stock, 200,000 shares authorized; Class of Series D convertible preferred stock, par value \$.001, 88,330 shares issued and outstanding in 2003 and 2002	--
Additional paid-in capital	11,157
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(49)
Accumulated deficit	(12,398)
	-----
Total stockholders' deficit	(1,282)
	-----
	\$ 46,289
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(in thousands except per share and share data)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months ----- January 31, 2003 ----- (as reported)
Net sales	\$ 10,899
Cost of sales	9,739 -----
GROSS PROFIT	1,160
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,055 -----
Loss from operations	(895)
Other income (expense):	
Interest expense, net	(784)
Other income (expense)	4 -----
Loss before income taxes and discontinued operations	(1,675)
Income tax benefit	158 -----
Loss before discontinued operations	(1,517)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(49) -----
Net loss	\$ (1,566) =====
Basic and diluted loss per share attributable to common shareholders:	
From continuing operations	\$ (.04)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	.00 -----
Net loss per share	\$ (.04) =====
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding, basic and diluted:	36,007,855 =====

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT  
 (dollars in thousands)  
 (unaudited)

	Comprehensive Loss	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Series C Convertible Preferred Stock Shares	Series C Convertible Preferred Stock Amount	Series D Convertible Preferred Stock Shares	Series D Convertible Preferred Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accu Ot Compr Lo
Balance at									
October 31, 2002	\$ --	36,007,855	\$ 3	3,982,193	\$ 5	88,330	\$ --	\$10,184	\$ (
Contribution to capital from sale of Champion to related party	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,142	
Fair value adjustment on redeemable preferred stock	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(103)	
Tax effect of sale of coaches to DC Investments Leasing, LLC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(96)	
Extension of stock options	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	
Net loss	(1,566)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (1,566)								
Balance at January 31, 2003		36,007,855	\$ 3	3,982,193	\$ 5	88,330	\$ --	\$11,157	\$ (

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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(in thousands)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months January 31, 2003
Cash flow from operating activities:	
Net loss from continuing operations	\$ (1,517)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss from continuing operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	687
Other	(93)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable, net	417
Inventories, net	(1,509)
Other, net	(534)
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,549)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Capital expenditures	(96)
Other	--
Net cash used in investing activities	(96)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Advances from (repayments to) related parties, net	(652)
Net borrowings on lines of credit	1,574
Net borrowings (repayments) on long-term debt, including related parties	1,277
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,199
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations	(41)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(487)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	920
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 433
Interest paid	\$ 718
Taxes paid	\$ 14

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

	Three Months
	----- January 31, 2003 -----
Supplemental disclosure of noncash operating, investing and financing activities:	
Acquisition of coaches and equipment through issuance of debt	\$ 2,278
Contribution to capital from sale of Champion to related party	\$ 1,142
Issuance of mandatory redeemable preferred stock in conjunction with the sale of Champion	\$ 675
Tax effect of sale of coaches to a related party	\$ 96
Fair value change on mandatory redeemable preferred stock	\$ (103)
Purchase price adjustment and conversion of accounts payable to debt for United	\$ --

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

##### DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS:

Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. ("Obsidian Enterprises"), formerly Danzer

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Corporation, was reorganized (the "Reorganization") through an Acquisition and Plan of Reorganization with U.S. Rubber Reclaiming, Inc. and Related Entities ("U.S. Rubber Companies"), which was consummated on June 21, 2001 (the "Effective Date"). The Acquisition and Plan of Reorganization of Obsidian Enterprises with U.S. Rubber Companies was accounted for as a reverse acquisition as the shareholders of the U.S. Rubber Companies owned a majority of the outstanding stock of Obsidian Enterprises subsequent to the Acquisition and Plan of Reorganization. For accounting purposes, U.S. Rubber Reclaiming, Inc. is deemed to have acquired Obsidian Enterprises.

Pursuant to the Plan of Acquisition and Reorganization, United Expressline, Inc. was acquired July 31, 2002.

The accompanying financial data as of January 31, 2003 and for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002 has been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The October 31, 2002 consolidated balance sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended October 31, 2002. The Company follows the same accounting policies in preparation of interim reports.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments except as disclosed herein) necessary to present a fair statement of financial position as of January 31, 2003, results of operations for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and cash flows and stockholders' deficit for the three months ended January 31, 2003 have been made. The results of operations for the three months ended January 31, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods.

The entities resulting from the merger described above, considered accounting subsidiaries of U.S. Rubber Reclaiming, Inc. (the accounting acquirer) and legal subsidiaries of Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. after the Acquisition and Plan of Reorganization, are as follows:

U.S. Rubber Reclaiming, Inc. ("U.S. Rubber," the accounting acquirer), which is engaged in reclaiming scrap butyl rubber into butyl reclaim for resale to manufacturers of rubber products.

Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. (formerly Danzer Corporation, the legal acquirer), a holding company.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

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Danzer Industries, Inc. ("Danzer Industries"), which is principally engaged in the design, manufacture and sale of truck bodies and cargo trailers.

Pyramid Coach, Inc. ("Pyramid"), which is engaged in the leasing of coaches, designed and fitted out for use for travel by country, rock bands and other business enterprises, primarily on weekly to monthly leases. The coach leasing segment also includes the assets, liabilities, equity and results of operations of DW Leasing, LLC ("DW Leasing"), Obsidian Leasing Company, Inc. ("Obsidian Leasing"), formed November 1, 2001 and DC Investments Leasing, LLC ("DC Investments Leasing"), formed December 13, 2002. DW Leasing and DC Investments Leasing are controlled by individuals who are also controlling shareholders of Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. and, accordingly, Pyramid. DW Leasing, Obsidian Leasing and DC Investments Leasing also own the majority of the coaches operated by Pyramid. All intercompany transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

United Expressline, Inc. ("United") manufactures and sells general use cargo trailers and specialty trailers used in the racing industry and for other special purposes.

Champion Trailer, Inc. ("Champion") manufactures and sells transport trailers to be used primarily in the auto racing industry. During October 2002, the Company's Board of Directors agreed to a plan to dispose of substantially all assets and liabilities of Champion as further discussed in Note 3. The sale of Champion was completed January 30, 2003. Accordingly, the operations of Champion are classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying financial statements.

### BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

Over the past year, the Company has undertaken various actions to improve its operations and liquidity. Such actions include the sale of Champion described in Note 3, as well as conversion of debt to equity and refinancing of certain of its debt agreements as described in detail in the Company's 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2002. Management believes that the Company's financing agreements will provide adequate liquidity and working capital throughout fiscal 2003. However, there can be no assurance that such working capital and liquidity will in fact be adequate. Therefore, the Company may be required to draw upon other liquidity sources. The Company has therefore secured an increased financial commitment from Fair Holdings, Inc. ("Fair Holdings"), an entity controlled by the Company's Chairman, to provide, as needed, additional borrowings under a \$5,000 line of credit agreement, which expires January 9, 2005. As of January 31, 2003, availability under the agreement is approximately \$1,200.

The Company incurred a net loss for the year ended October 31, 2002 of \$6,330, which included an asset impairment charge of \$720, cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of \$2,015 and a loss from discontinued operations of \$1,040. In addition, the Company incurred a net loss from continuing operations of \$1,517 for the three months ended January 31, 2003. Several of the Company's subsidiaries were acquired in highly leveraged transactions and this factor combined with the loss has contributed to its failure to meet certain financial covenants with two lenders as of January 31, 2003. Covenant violations with one lender have not been waived and as a result, \$833 of long-term debt has been reclassified as a current liability as of January 31, 2003. On March 19, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement in principle to refinance this debt with Fair Holdings as further described in Note 10.

In view of these matters realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business is dependent on the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy its obligations

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## OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

on a timely basis, maintain compliance with its financing agreements and continue to receive financing support from Fair Holdings to provide liquidity if needed.

Management, as a part of its plan towards resolving these issues and generating positive cash flow and earnings, has taken the actions as described in the Company's 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2002 as well as the action described below during the three months ended January 31, 2003.

- o During 2002, the Board of Directors authorized the Chairman of the Board to explore various options regarding the operations at Champion. Options included divestiture, restructuring of operations or closing the facility. It was determined in the best interests of the Company to sell Champion. On January 30, 2003, the Company completed the sale of substantially all assets of Champion to an entity owned by Messrs. Durham and Whitesell, Chairman and President of the Company, respectively. The sale resulted in an increase in equity of \$1,142 as further described in Note 3.
- o During December 2002, the Company sold certain coaches of Obsidian Leasing to DC Investments Leasing for assumption of the existing debt. DC Investments Leasing then refinanced this debt at terms more favorable than the previous terms.
- o On January 2, 2003, the Company obtained an increase in its available line of credit with Fair Holdings to \$5,000 from \$3,000.
- o On January 3, 2003, Obsidian Leasing refinanced debt due to former shareholders in the amount of \$928 with Fair Holdings at terms further described in Note 4.
- o During January 2003, United and U.S. Rubber entered into amended agreements with their respective lenders. Such agreements contain amended financial covenants.

The above factors combined with additional actions by management at the operating subsidiaries have contributed to an increase in the Company's working capital from \$1,561 at October 31, 2002 to \$3,315 at January 31, 2003.

Although management believes the actions described above will improve operations and liquidity, there can be no assurance that such actions will sufficiently improve operations or liquidity. In addition, management has continued to explore various opportunities to refinance the current outstanding debt of Danzer which, under a forbearance agreement with the lender, is payable March 31, 2003. On March 19, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement in principle to refinance this debt with Fair Holdings as further described in Note 10.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

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Earnings Per Share, as restated:

Basic per-share amounts are computed, generally, by dividing net income or loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted per-share amounts

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

are computed similar to basic per-share amounts except that the weighted-average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares for the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive.

The Company has a note payable agreement which is convertible by the holder to common stock totaling 5,000,000 shares at a conversion rate of \$0.10 per share. In addition, the Company has options outstanding to purchase a total of 800,000 shares of common stock, at a weighted average exercise price of \$.09. However, because the Company incurred a loss for the periods ended January 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, the inclusion of those potential common shares in the calculation of diluted loss per share would have an antidilutive effect.

Basic and diluted loss per share have been computed as follows:

		Three ----- January 31, 20 -----
Loss before discontinued operations	\$	(1,5
Change in fair value of mandatory redeemable preferred stock		(1
		-----
Loss attributable to common shareholders before discontinued operations		(1,6
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		(
		-----
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$	(1,6 =====
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding, basic and diluted		36,007,8 =====
Loss per share, basic and diluted, attributable to common shareholders:		
From continuing operations	\$	(.04
Discontinued operations		.00
		-----
Net loss per share	\$	(.04

The Company's Series C Preferred Stock and Series D Preferred Stock, which have all the rights and privileges of the Company's common stock, are convertible at rates of 20 to 1 and 175 to 1, respectively. The inclusion of these potential common shares in the calculation of loss per share would have an antidilutive effect. However, pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement and Plan of Reorganization entered into in connection with the Reorganization, these shares will be converted to common stock immediately upon approval by the stockholders. Accordingly, we are presenting the following pro forma information to indicate the effect on earnings per share had such shares been converted to common shares for the periods presented.

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(in thousands except per share and share data)  
(unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Pro forma basic and diluted loss per share have been computed below as if the Series C and Series D Preferred Stock were converted to common stock. For the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, the Series C Preferred Stock has been reflected on a weighted average basis outstanding as common shares of 102,825,730 and 74,783,380, respectively. The Series D Preferred Stock has been reflected on a weighted average basis outstanding as common shares of 15,705,004 for the three months ended January 31, 2003. There were no Series D Preferred Stock shares issued or outstanding during the three months ended January 31, 2002.

	Three Mo
	----- January 31, 2003 -----
Pro forma weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	139,080,839 =====
Pro forma net loss per share, basic and diluted, attributable to common shareholders	\$ (.01 =====

The pro forma net loss per share is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the weighted average common shares outstanding or net loss per share presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

RECENTLY ISSUED PRONOUNCEMENTS:

In November 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for

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Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires that upon issuance of a guarantee, a guarantor must recognize a liability for the fair value of an obligation assumed under a guarantee. FIN 45 also requires additional disclosures by a guarantor in its interim and annual financial statements about the obligations associated with guarantees issued. The recognition provisions of FIN 45 will be effective for any guarantees that are issued or modified after December 31, 2002. Management does not expect the adoption of FIN 45 to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

In January 2003, FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No., 51. This Interpretation addresses the application of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements," to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. The Interpretation applies immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. It applies in the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, to variable interest entities in which an entity holds a variable interest that it acquired prior to February 1, 2003. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that adopting FASB Interpretation No. 46 may have on its consolidated financial statements including the potential consolidation of DW Leasing and DC Investments Leasing that are currently included in the Company's consolidated financial statements on a combined basis. If it is determined that these entities should be consolidated rather than combined, it may impact current balance sheet classifications and a result in cumulative effect of change in accounting in the consolidated statement of operations. Such impact, if any, has not yet been determined.

#### 2. INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower-of-cost (first-in, first-out method) or market and are comprised of the following components (in thousands):

	January 31, 2003	October 31, 2002
Raw materials	\$ 4,219	\$ 3,655
Work-in-process	816	709
Finished goods	4,174	3,417
Valuation reserve	(384)	(466)

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Total	\$	8,825	\$	7,315

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On October 30, 2002, the Company's Board of Directors agreed to sell the assets of Champion to an entity controlled by Messrs. Durham and Whitesell (Officers of the Company) for the assumption of all liabilities of Champion excluding its subordinated debt. The decision to divest Champion was based on the entity's inability to achieve profitable operations in the foreseeable future without substantial cash infusion. The Company also agreed in principal to settle the outstanding subordinated debt due to Markpoint Equity Fund J.V. ("Markpoint") from Champion in exchange for a cash payment of \$675 and issuance to the debt holder of 32,143 shares of the Company's Series D Preferred Stock. In addition, the agreement provides Markpoint the option to require the Company to repurchase these shares at a price of \$21 per share. The sale of Champion was completed on January 30, 2003. Champion is accounted for as a discontinued operation and therefore the results of operations and cash flows have been removed from the Company's continuing operations for all periods presented. In addition, assets and liabilities of Champion included in the sale have been removed from the consolidated balance sheet as of January 31, 2003 and are included in the consolidated balance sheet as of October 31, 2002 as "Assets of subsidiary held for sale" and "Liabilities of subsidiary held for sale," respectively.

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(in thousands except per share and share data)  
(unaudited)

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, CONTINUED

The sale of Champion resulted in an increase in equity of the Company of \$1,142, net of tax of \$97. No gain or loss was recognized on the sale because of the involvement of related parties.

A summary of the Company's discontinued operations for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Net sales	\$ 170	\$ 1,017
Operating expenses	(286)	(1,280)
Interest	(85)	(63)
Other	127	--
Tax benefit	25	--
Net loss	\$ (49)	\$ (326)

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A summary of assets and liabilities of Champion held for sale at October 31, 2002 are as follows:

		October 31, 2002
Inventories	\$	551
Other current assets		177
Property and equipment, net		715
Other		95
		-----
	\$	1,538
		=====
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	709
Customer deposits		313
Long-term debt, related parties		1,826
		-----
	\$	2,848
		=====

#### 4. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

##### OBSIDIAN LEASING:

On January 3, 2003, Obsidian Leasing refinanced debt in the amount of \$928 to former shareholders of Pyramid and related companies. Terms of the new note with Fair Holdings include monthly interest payments of 13% of the outstanding principal amount and a balloon principal payment in January 2006.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 4. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS, CONTINUED

On December 17, 2002, Obsidian Leasing sold four coaches to DC Investments Leasing in exchange for DC Investments Leasing's satisfaction of the debt outstanding on such coaches. In addition, DC Investments Leasing also acquired five additional coaches that were previously to be purchased by the Company thereby eliminating the Company's existing purchase commitment for such coaches. The Company refinanced the debt on the four coaches in addition to financing the five additional coaches. DC Investments Leasing entered into an agreement with First Indiana for \$2,741 of the debt with interest payable at prime plus 1/2% and a maturity of December 2007. DC Investments Leasing also incurred debt with Fair Holdings for the remaining 20% of the net book value of the transferred and new coaches. Terms of the debt with Fair Holdings include monthly interest payments on the principal amount of \$677 at 14% and a maturity of January 2008. DC Investments Leasing also entered into a management agreement with Pyramid under which all nine coaches described above will be leased by Pyramid.

UNITED:

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On December 26, 2002, United entered into an amended credit agreement to provide additional working capital during the winter months. The amendment included a "temporary overline" line of credit with maximum borrowings not to exceed the lesser of \$650 or the remainder of the borrowing base less the outstanding principal amount of the revolving line of credit. Interest is payable monthly at a rate of prime plus 3/4%. The temporary overline line of credit matures on March 31, 2003. The "temporary overline" was used by the Company to increase inventories during the quarter ended January 31, 2003. Inventories were increased to improve the Company's ability to deliver orders during the second and third quarters when sales have been historically higher than the first quarter.

United was in technical default of certain loan covenants with its subordinated lender at January 31, 2003. United has obtained a waiver of the violations from the lender.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES:

On January 2, 2003, Obsidian Enterprises, Inc.'s line of credit with Fair Holdings was amended. Maximum borrowings were increased from \$3,000 to \$5,000.

At October 31, 2002, the Company was in violation of negative covenants with Renaissance US Growth & Income Trust PLC and FBSUS Special Opportunities Trust PLC, the holders of debentures that completed the financing of United. During January 2003, the Company received a waiver of the violations and obtained modifications of terms with the debenture holders to provide for less stringent covenants. In exchange for the waiver and modifications, the Company issued warrants to the debenture holders to purchase up to 16,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.20 per share.

### DANZER:

As of January 31, 2003, Danzer was in violation of certain covenants included in its credit agreement and First Forbearance Agreement dated October 14, 2002 with its senior lender. The Company and the lender subsequently entered into a Second Forbearance Agreement waiving these violations and reached an agreement in principle to refinance this debt with Fair Holdings as further described in Note 10.

## OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 5. MANDATORY REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK

In conjunction with the sale of Champion discussed in Note 3, the Company agreed to settle the outstanding subordinated debt due to Markpoint from Champion in exchange for a cash payment of \$675 and issuance to the debt holder of 32,143 shares of the Company's Series D Preferred Stock. The agreement provides Markpoint the option to require the Company to repurchase these shares at a price of \$21 per share. The repurchase option is available to Markpoint as follows: 16,072 shares during the period May 1, 2003 to June 1, 2003 and 16,071 shares during the period November 1, 2003 to December 1, 2003. The repurchase options expire if not exercised during the specified periods. The Company's repurchase obligation is guaranteed by Mr. Durham. Accordingly, the Company has

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recorded mandatory redeemable preferred stock of \$675 at January 31, 2003.

### 6. STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

On December 13, 2003, the Company's Board of Directors approved the extension of the expiration date of 200,000 fixed stock options, exercisable at \$.05. The original expiration date of December 31, 2002 was extended to December 31, 2003. The Company recognized \$30 of compensation expense related to the extension of the options during the three months ended January 31, 2003.

In January 2003, the Company and certain lenders entered into amended debt agreements containing less stringent covenants. In exchange for this amendment, the Company issued warrants to each of the debenture holders to purchase up to 8,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$.20 per share. These warrants expire January 24, 2006. The issuance of the warrants had no material impact on earnings.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

### 7. BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA AND GEOGRAPHIC DATA

The Company operates in three industry segments comprised of trailer and related transportation equipment manufacturing (trailer manufacturing); coach leasing; and butyl rubber reclaiming. All sales are in North and South America primarily in the United States, Canada and Brazil. Selected information by segment follows:

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2003		
	Trailer Manufacturing	Coach Leasing	Butyl Rubber Reclaiming
Sales:			
Domestic	\$ 7,012	\$ 1,107	\$ 2,212
Foreign	347	--	221
Total	\$ 7,359	\$ 1,107	\$ 2,433
Cost of goods sold	\$ 6,720	\$ 622	\$ 2,397
Loss before taxes	\$ (1,066)	\$ (248)	\$ (361)
Identifiable assets	\$ 20,466	\$ 14,043	\$ 10,977
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 189	\$ 190	\$ 308
*Identifiable assets, as stated above			
Corporate-level goodwill			
Other corporate-level assets			

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Total assets

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(in thousands except per share and share data)  
(unaudited)

7. BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA AND GEOGRAPHIC DATA, CONTINUED

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2002		
	Trailer Manufacturing	Coach Leasing	Butyl Rubber Reclaiming
Sales:			
Domestic	\$ 8,233	\$ 1,043	\$ 2,079
Foreign	--	--	111
Total	\$ 8,233	\$ 1,043	\$ 2,190
Cost of goods sold	\$ 7,329	\$ 573	\$ 2,046
Loss before taxes	\$ (641)	\$ (367)	\$ (352)
Identifiable assets	\$ 22,102	\$ 12,444	\$ 10,253
Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 160	\$ 245	\$ 259
*Identifiable assets, as stated above			
Corporate-level goodwill			
Other corporate-level assets			

Total assets

Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. (legal parent) allocates selling, general and administrative expenses to the respective companies primarily based on a percentage of sales. For the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002, allocated corporate expenses by segment were as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Trailer manufacturing	\$ 318	\$ 218
Coach leasing	48	37

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Butyl rubber reclaiming	99	52
	-----	
	\$ 465	\$ 307
	=====	

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(in thousands except per share and share data)  
(unaudited)

8. RELATED PARTIES

The Company makes advances, receives loans and conducts other business transactions with affiliates resulting in the following amounts for the periods ended:

	January 31, 2003
	-----
Balance sheet:	
Current assets:	
Accounts receivable, Obsidian Capital Partners	\$ 156
Accounts receivable, Fair Holdings	21
Accounts receivable, Obsidian Capital Company	13
Accounts receivable, other affiliated entities	31
	-----
Total assets	\$ 221
	=====
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable, Obsidian Capital Company	\$ 274
Accounts payable, other affiliated entities	29
Accounts payable, stockholders	280
Accounts payable, DC Investments and Fair Holdings	127
Notes payable, Fair Holdings	82
Long-term portion:	
Notes payable, DC Investments	700
Notes payable, Fair Holdings	4,500
Line of credit, Fair Holdings	3,769
	-----
Total liabilities	\$ 9,761
	=====
	Three M
	-----
	January 31, 2003
	-----
Income statement:	
Interest expense, DC Investments and Fair Holdings	\$ 179
Rent expense, Obsidian Capital Company	\$ 21
Rent expense, Fair Holdings	\$ 4

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Related-party amounts classified as current reflect those portions of the total receivable or payable that were currently due in accordance with the terms. Amounts classified as long term represent amounts not currently due, amounts that are expected to be converted to equity subsequent to January 31, 2003 and October 31, 2002, respectively, or amounts converted to long-term debt subsequent to January 31, 2003.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (in thousands except per share and share data) (unaudited)

#### 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company is liable for contract completion and product performance. In the opinion of management, such obligations will not significantly affect the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As of January 31, 2003, Danzer was in violation of certain covenants included in its credit agreement and First Forbearance Agreement dated October 14, 2002 with its senior lender. The Company and the Lender entered into a Second Forbearance Agreement dated February 28, 2003. Terms of this agreement include a waiver of the Company's violations of the above covenants. The maturity date of the debt with the senior lender remains March 31, 2003.

On March 19, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement in principle with the senior lender of Danzer and Fair Holdings to refinance the current senior debt of Danzer. Under the proposed terms of this refinancing, Fair Holding will acquire the senior lender's interest in the Danzer debt based on the current amount outstanding of approximately \$1,429. The proposed terms also include an amendment to the debt agreement to provide less stringent financial covenants.

#### 11. RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In December 2002, the Company became aware of an error related to the accounting for the redeemable preferred stock issued in connection with subordinated debt pertaining to the United acquisition on July 31, 2001. In addition, we have also determined the weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding as previously reported should not have included Series C and Series D preferred stock as they have not yet been converted to common shares and thus are antidilutive. The Company is restating its previously issued financial statements for the three months ended January 31, 2002 for the error related to redeemable preferred stock. We are also restating the previously issued financial statements for the periods ended January 31, 2003 and 2002 for the change in weighted average shares outstanding.

### OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(in thousands except per share and share data)  
(unaudited)

### 11. RESTATEMENT OF PREVIOUSLY ISSUED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

Below is a comparison of previously reported and restated balances included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and Statement of Operations as of and for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

January 31, 2002 -----	Previously Reported	Change
Statement of Operations:*		
Interest expense	\$ 811	\$ 34
Loss before income taxes	(1,326)	(34)
Net loss	(1,497)	(36)
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding basic and diluted	110,791,370	(74,783,515)
Net loss per share	(.01)	(.03)
Balance Sheet:		
Long-term debt, net of current	22,228	(1,436)
Mandatory redeemable preferred stock	--	1,244
Additional paid-in capital	5,612	261
Accumulated deficit	(5,950)	(69)
January 31, 2003		
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding basic and diluted	139,080,839	(103,072,984)
Net loss per share:		
From continuing operations	(.01)	(.03)
From discontinued operations, net of tax	.00	.00
Net loss per share	(1,497)	(36)
	(1,497)	(36)
	(1,497)	(36)

\*Amounts do not include the operations of Champion which have been reclassified as discontinued operations.

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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### IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. The Company and its representatives may from time to time make written or oral forward-looking statements, including statements included in or incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Company's other filings made with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These forward-looking statements are based on management's views and assumptions and involve risks, uncertainties and other important factors, some of which may be beyond the control of the Company, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this Item 2. Readers should carefully review the risks described in this and other documents that the Company files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date that they are made and the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any of the forward-looking statements.

#### OVERVIEW

The Company operates in three industry segments, comprised of trailer and related transportation equipment manufacturing, butyl rubber reclaiming, and coach leasing. Trailer and related transportation equipment manufacturing includes the operations of United and Danzer Industries. Butyl rubber reclaiming includes the operations of U.S. Rubber and coach leasing includes the operations of Pyramid, DW Leasing, Obsidian Leasing and DC Investments Leasing.

Champion is accounted for as a discontinued operation, therefore, its results of operations and cash flow have been removed from the Company's continuing operations for all periods presented.

In December 2002, the Company became aware of an error related to the accounting for the redeemable preferred stock issued in connection with subordinated debt pertaining to the United acquisition on July 31, 2001. In addition, we have also determined the weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding as previously reported should not have included Series C and Series D preferred stock as they have not yet been converted to common shares and thus are antidilutive. The Company is restating its previously issued financial statements for the three months ended January 31, 2002 for the error in accounting for redeemable preferred stock and restating its previously issued financial statements for all periods presented for the change in weighted average shares outstanding.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company's overall operating results and financial condition during the three months ended January 31, 2003 compared to the three months ended January 31, 2002 were adversely affected by the overall economic situation in the United States, the limited availability of raw materials in the butyl reclaiming segment and adverse weather conditions in the Midwest that affected the Company's ability to deliver orders in the trailer and related transportation equipment manufacturing segment.

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The following table shows net sales by product segment:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Trailer manufacturing	\$ 7,359	\$ 8,233
Butyl rubber reclaiming	2,433	2,190
Coach leasing	1,107	1,043
Net Sales	\$ 10,899	\$ 11,466

The following is a discussion of the major elements impacting the Company's operating results by segment for the three months ended January 31, 2003 compared to the three months ended January 31, 2002. The comments that follow should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in this Form 10-Q.

### TRAILER AND RELATED TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURING

The following table shows sales, cost of sales and gross profit for this segment for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Net Sales	\$ 7,359	\$ 8,233
Cost of Sales	6,720	7,329
Gross Profit	\$ 639	\$ 904
Gross Profit %	8.7%	11.0%

Three Months Ended January 31, 2003 Compared to The Three Months Ended January 31, 2002

Sales in this segment decreased \$874 or 10.6% over the comparable period of 2002. The decrease was primarily related to two factors.

First, sales of truck bodies decreased by \$354 over the quarter ended January 31, 2002. This reduction was related to the continued depressed condition of the telecommunications industry which has historically been a significant consumer of truck bodies, as well as the bankruptcy filing of a significant truck body customer in late 2002. Sales to this customer in the first quarter did not decline significantly from 2002, but the Company anticipates little to no future sales from this customer after January 31, 2003.

Second, the sale of cargo trailers decreased by \$520 as a result of the general state of the U.S. economy and harsher weather during the winter of 2003.

The gross profit decrease was primarily a result of decreased volume at the

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Company's truck body plant which resulted in an inability to absorb fixed overhead costs. To offset these costs, management began production of cargo trailers in this facility during late 2002. Inefficiencies in the start up of this operation have also had a negative impact in gross profit margins as compared to the three months ended January 31, 2002. Management believes gross profits will continue to be adversely impacted by the lack of sales volume in truck bodies during 2003.

### BUTYL RUBBER RECLAIMING

The following table shows sales, cost of sales and gross profit for this segment for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Net Sales	\$ 2,433	\$ 2,190
Cost of Sales	2,397	2,046
Gross Profit	\$ 36	\$ 144
Gross Profit %	1.5%	6.6%

Three Months Ended January 31, 2003 Compared To The Three Months Ended January 31, 2002

Net sales in this segment for the three months ended January 31, 2003 as compared to the three-month period ended January 31, 2002 increased 11.1% in the amount of \$243.

Sales in this segment were higher than the three months ended January 31, 2002 because of increased demand from Company's tire manufacturing customers. While the Company experienced an increase in sales throughout calendar year 2002, management does not anticipate a return to historic levels of sales of reclaimed butyl rubber to tire manufacturers during fiscal 2003, in part due to the lack of consistent sources of raw materials.

Net sales also increased over the first quarter of 2002 due to the demand for pipeline mastic wraps produced with reclaimed butyl rubber. Demand for this product fell dramatically beginning in October 2001 as a result of the decline in the price of crude oil in late 2001, which caused a decline in new oil exploration. As the price of crude oil increased, the demand for those uses has also increased. Although this demand has increased from its lows at the end of fiscal 2001 and beginning 2002, demand has not returned to historical levels.

Gross profit percentage decreased 5.1% for the three months ended January 31, 2003 when compared to the three months ended January 31, 2002. The primary reasons for this decrease is a lack of a consistent supply of raw materials and increasing energy costs. The Company's reclaim process is most efficient when raw material consists of primarily road worn inner tubes with a mix of other butyl rubber. Since the introduction of the tubeless tire for automobiles in the 1970s, sources of material have declined substantially and the cost of available

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raw materials has increased. As a result of having to use less than optimum raw material mix in the reclaiming process, additional processing time is incurred to ensure delivery of quality product. Management has been testing other materials including butyl pad scrap as a replacement material for the past several years with some success. In addition, alternative sources of material, including overseas sources, are being pursued to provide a consistent supply of material in the future. Until such time that consistent sources of raw materials are available, sales growth and gross profit in this segment will be limited.

COACH LEASING

The following table shows sales, cost of sales and gross profit for this segment for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Net Sales	\$ 1,107	\$ 1,043
Cost of Sales	622	573
Gross Profit	\$ 485	\$ 470
Gross Profit %	43.8%	45.1%

Three Months Ended January 31, 2003 Compared To The Three Months Ended January 31, 2002

Sales for the three months ended January 31, 2003 increased 6.1% in the amount of \$64 over the comparable three-month period ended January 31, 2002. The increase in sales is attributable to increased utilization of the coach fleet as well as the use of "all inclusive" lease arrangements. Under these lease arrangements, the customer pays one price for all costs including drivers and fuel as opposed to paying these items separately and leasing only the coach. Management believes the increased utilization is a result of its marketing efforts to specialized tour groups (i.e. golf course trips) and corporate customers. These customers are in addition to the traditional country and western performers who have traditionally been this segment's primary customer base.

The first quarter is typically the segment's lowest sales period due to seasonality. Business is historically stronger in the spring, summer and fall.

Gross profit for this segment was 43.8% for the three months ended January 31, 2003 compared to 45.1% for the comparable three-month period ended January 31, 2002. The reduction is attributable primarily to an increase in "all inclusive" lease arrangements described above which result in higher costs of sales and also to additional costs of maintaining a larger fleet during the lower utilization period of the year.

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### SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE (SG&A) EXPENSES

The Company's selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended January 31, 2003 increased \$51 or 2.5% over the three-month period ended January 31, 2002. \$30 of this increase is related to the extension of stock options for certain employees in December 2002.

### INTEREST EXPENSE, AS RESTATED

Interest expense for the three months ended January 31, 2003 as a percentage of average debt borrowings of \$37,318 was 2.1% (8.4% on an annual basis). Interest expense for the three months ended January 31, 2002 as a percentage of average debt borrowings of \$32,975 was 2.6% (10.4% on an annual basis). The decrease is primarily due to the reduction of the prime rate and refinancing of a significant portion of the coach debt at lower rates during 2002.

### INCOME TAX PROVISION

The income tax benefit for the three-month period ended January 31, 2003 increased by \$3 as compared to the three-month period ended January 31, 2002. The income tax benefit is created primarily through NOL carryforwards recognized to the extent they are available to offset the Company's net deferred tax liability. Any quarterly tax benefits are based on the estimated effective tax rate for the full year.

### DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On October 30, 2002, the Company's Board of Directors agreed to sell substantially all assets of Champion to an entity controlled by Messrs. Durham and Whitesell in exchange for assumption of all liabilities of Champion, other than its subordinated debt. In accordance with the criteria provided for in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, Accounting for Impairment of Long-Lived Assets, the operating results of Champion have been classified as discontinued operations. The losses from discontinued operations for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002 represent the losses of Champion during these periods, net of tax benefit of \$97 and \$0, respectively. The loss from discontinued operations for the three months ended January 31, 2003 decreased by \$277 as compared to the three months ended January 31, 2002. The reduced loss was a result of a gain of \$127 on the settlement of subordinated debt and a reduction in overhead costs of the operations at Champion.

Substantially all assets of Champion subject to its liabilities were sold on January 30, 2003. No gain or loss was recognized in the consolidated statement of operations due to the involvement of related parties. The benefit of liabilities assumed by the purchaser in excess of assets sold in the amount of \$1,142 was recorded as additional paid in capital.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Each of the subsidiaries of the Company have separate revolving credit agreements and term loan borrowings through which the subsidiary finances its operations together with cash generated from operations. The principal balances of some of these loans reflect the fact that Obsidian Capital Partners ("Partners"), from whom four of the five subsidiaries were purchased, entered into highly leveraged acquisitions of U.S. Rubber, Pyramid, and United.

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This high level of debt has created liquidity issues for the Company and the stringent financial covenants that are common for this type of debt increase the probability that the Company's subsidiaries may from time to time be in technical default under these loans. These risks are mitigated, in part, for the Company's United and U.S. Rubber subsidiaries by the right described below under "Guarantees of Partners." Liquidity and capital resources have also been negatively impacted by consolidated losses.

The high level of debt also subjects the Company to additional liquidity risk should interest rates increase by a material amount. Approximately 57% of the Company's outstanding debt is variable and based on market factors such as the prime rate of LIBOR rates. A significant increase in these market indexes could have a material adverse affect on the Company's liquidity.

In addition, the lack of positive results at Danzer has resulted in violations of certain requirements of its loan agreement with its senior lender as further described below under "Financial Covenant Waivers". As a result, all debt due the senior lender (\$1,741 as of January 31, 2003) matures on March 31, 2003. Obsidian Enterprises also is a guarantor under this debt agreement. The company is currently exploring alternatives to refinance this debt or extend the terms with the current lender although no agreements have been reached as of yet. Should refinancing or an extension of the current agreement not be obtained, the Company's liquidity and resources could be reduced materially should it need to repay this loan.

The Company's working capital position (current assets over current liabilities) was positive at January 31, 2003 by \$3,315. The working capital position was \$1,561 at October 31, 2002. This increase is attributable to the items discussed below.

The Company continues to address liquidity and working capital issues. Management believes that the steps started in 2002 and currently underway will continue to improve the Company's working capital as indicated above, strengthen its equity and place the Company in a position to successfully enhance its liquidity. These steps include:

- o The agreement to refinance debt of Danzer with Fair Holdings as further described under "Refinancing Activities;" o The actions taken with respect to Champion described under "Discontinued Operations" which improved the Company's overall equity and working capital position;
- o The refinancing of additional coaches in the coach leasing group;
- o The increased line availability through Fair Holdings;

As a result of the actions described above, management believes that the Company has financing agreements in place to provide adequate liquidity and working capital for the remainder of fiscal 2003 should a viable option be obtained for the Danzer financing. However, there can be no assurance that adequate Danzer refinancing will be obtained or that such working capital and liquidity will, in fact, be adequate. Future liquidity is also dependent upon the ability of the company to generate profitable operations and positive cash flow from its operating entities.

### FINANCIAL COVENANT WAIVERS

The Company has reached agreements with certain of its lenders to waive financial covenant defaults under the following loans:

- o As of January 31, 2003, Danzer was in violation of certain covenants

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included in its credit agreement and First Forbearance agreement dated October 14, 2002 with its senior lender. The Company and the Lender entered into a Second Forbearance Agreement dated February 28, 2003. Terms of this agreement include a waiver of the Company's violations of the above covenants. The maturity date of the debt with the senior lender remains March 31, 2003.

- o At January 31, 2003, United was in violation of certain financial covenants with Huntington Capital Investment Company. United has received a waiver of these violations.

### FUNDS AVAILABILITY

On a consolidated basis, as of January 31, 2003, the Company had approximately \$433 of cash and cash equivalents. Danzer Industries, U.S. Rubber, United and Obsidian Enterprises each have revolving credit lines available for working capital at each individual entity. Borrowings under the credit facilities are available to the lesser of the maximum amount or the borrowing base as defined in the credit agreement. At January 31, 2003, additional current availability under these credit lines and maximum availability if supported by their individual borrowing base are:

Company	Current Availability	Maximum Availability
Danzer Industries	\$ 0	\$ 0(1)
U.S. Rubber	274	2,154
United	112	112
Obsidian Enterprises	1,231	1,231

- (1) Additional borrowings only at the bank's discretion under the forbearance agreement

The Company generated negative net cash flow of \$2,549 from operations during the three months ended January 31, 2003. Cash used in operations during the quarter is primarily due to increases in inventories and decreases in accounts payable. The Company has increased inventories during the first quarter primarily in the trailer and related transportation equipment manufacturing segment. The first quarter is historically the lowest volume quarter due to seasonality of this business. Inventories were increased during this quarter to provide an increase in the Company's ability to deliver orders during the second and third quarters when sales have historically been higher than in the first quarter. Funding during the quarter was provided through borrowings on lines of credit and from related parties.

### REFINANCING ACTIVITIES

Refinancing activity during the quarter ended January 31, 2003 included the following:

- o On December 17, 2002, Obsidian Leasing sold four coaches to DC Investments Leasing, LLC ("DC Investments Leasing"), a newly created entity owned by DC Investments, LLC (an entity owned 50% by the Company's Chairman), in exchange for DC Investments Leasing's satisfaction of the debt outstanding on such coaches. DC Investments Leasing paid this debt through a refinancing at terms that included a reduction in interest rates. In addition, DC Investments Leasing also acquired five additional coaches that were previously to be purchased by the Company thereby eliminating the Company's existing purchase commitment for such coaches. DC Investments Leasing also entered into a management agreement with Pyramid under which all nine coaches described above will be leased by Pyramid.

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- o Danzer is currently operating under a forbearance agreement with its senior lender that includes a maturity date of the debt with this lender of March 31, 2003. On March 19, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement in principle with the senior lender of Danzer and Fair Holdings to refinance the current senior debt of Danzer. Under the proposed terms of this refinancing, Fair Holding will acquire the senior lender's interest in the Danzer debt based on the current amount outstanding of approximately \$1,429. The proposed terms also include an amendment to the debt agreement to provide less stringent financial covenants.

### GUARANTEES OF PARTNERS

The Company has an agreement with Partners that gives it the right to mandate a capital contribution from Partners if the lenders to U.S. Rubber or United were to declare a default. In either of those events, the Company has the right to enforce a capital contribution agreement with Partners up to \$1,620,000 on U.S. Rubber and \$1,000,000 on United to fund the respective subsidiary's shortfall. These payments, if any, would be applied directly to reduce the respective subsidiary's debt obligations to the lender.

### CASH FLOWS (EBITDA)

A summary of our contractual cash obligations for the fiscal years ending 2003 through 2006 and 2007 and thereafter at January 31, 2003 is as follows:

Contractual Obligations	Total	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Long-term debt, with covenant violations and classified as current Long-term debt, and all debt service interest payments	\$ 49,767	\$ 5,143	\$ 8,408	\$ 18,017		
Operating leases	1,397	450	353	274		
Mandatory redeemable preferred stock	2,178	337	338	-		
<b>Total contractual cash obligations</b>	<b>\$ 54,175</b>	<b>\$ 6,763</b>	<b>\$ 9,099</b>	<b>\$ 18,291</b>		

Cash flow and liquidity are discussed further below, and the footnotes to our financial statements discuss cash flow, liquidity and the current classification of debt due to loan covenant violations.

We also have a commercial commitment as described below:

Other Commercial Commitment	Total Amount Committed	Outstanding at January 31, 2003	Date of Maturity
Line of credit	\$ 1,000	\$ 840	March 31, 2003
Line of credit	3,750	3,750	February 28, 2004
Line of credit	4,000	1,846	October 31, 2004
Line of credit	650	538	March 31, 2005
Line of credit, related party	5,000	3,769	January 31, 2006

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The Company's net cash used in operations for the three months ended January 31, 2003 was \$2,549. This is comprised of a net loss from continuing operations of \$1,517, offset by noncash changes as follows: depreciation and amortization of \$687, deferred tax benefit of \$174, accretion of interest of \$81 and the extension of stock options of \$30. In addition, the Company had decreases in accounts receivable of \$417, other assets of \$44, accounts payable of \$530, and accrued expenses and customer deposits of \$78 and increases in inventories of \$1,509.

Net cash flow provided from financing activities for the three months ended January 31, 2003 was \$2,199. This is comprised of borrowings of long-term debt and net borrowings of short-term debt of \$1,651 and borrowings from related parties of \$2,033, offset by principal repayments of long-term debt of \$833. In addition, the Company repaid \$652 of related party payables.

Cash flow used in investing activities for the three months ended January 31, 2003 was \$96. This is comprised of purchases of equipment.

The total decrease in cash is summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
Net cash used in operations	\$ (2,549)	\$ (355)
Net cash used in investing activities	(96)	(211)
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,199	431
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations	(41)	23
	-----	-----
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (487)	\$ (112)
	=====	=====

EBITDA is a measure of the Company's ability to generate cash flow and should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

EBITDA by business segment and reconciliation to net loss from continuing operations under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America by segment for the applicable periods is as follows:

	Three Months Ended January 31, 2003			
	EBITDA	Interest Expense	Income Taxes	Depreciat & Amortizat
Trailer and related transportation				
equipment manufacturing	\$ (495)	\$ 318	\$ (99)	\$ 1

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Coach leasing	233	270	--	1
Butyl rubber reclaiming	58	97	(103)	3
Corporate	--	99	44	
-----				
Total Company	\$ (204)	\$ 784	\$ (158)	\$ 6
=====				

Three Months Ended January 31, 20

	EBITDA	Interest Expense	Income Taxes	Depreciat & Amortizat
-----				
Trailer and related transportation				
equipment manufacturing	\$ (148)	\$ 333	\$ (46)	\$ 1
Coach leasing	235	357	--	2
Butyl rubber reclaiming	83	176	(109)	2
-----				
Total Company	\$ 170	\$ 866	\$ (155)	\$ 6
=====				

Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. (legal parent) allocates selling, general and administrative expenses to the respective companies primarily based on a percentage of sales. Amounts allocated by segment are as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
-----		
Trailer manufacturing	\$ 318	\$ 218
Coach leasing	48	37
Butyl rubber reclaiming	99	52
-----		
Total	\$ 465	\$ 307
=====		

EBITDA by segment, exclusive of the allocation of the above selling, general and administrative expenses, is as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	January 31, 2003	January 31, 2002
-----		

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Trailer manufacturing	\$	(177)	\$	70
Coach leasing		281		272
Butyl rubber reclaiming		157		135
-----				
Total	\$	261	\$	477
=====				

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002 and describe the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Some of the most critical policies are also discussed below.

As a matter of policy, we review our major assets for impairment. Our major operating assets are accounts receivable, inventory, intangible assets and property and equipment. We have not historically experienced significant bad debts expense, although the filing of Chapter 11 bankruptcy during 2002 of a customer resulted in a bad debt charge of \$379. However, we believe our reserve for doubtful accounts of \$495 should be adequate for any exposure to loss in our January 31, 2003 accounts receivable. We have also established reserves for slow-moving and obsolete inventories and believe the reserve of \$384 is adequate. We depreciate our property and equipment and amortize intangible assets (except for goodwill) over their estimated useful lives. Property and equipment is reviewed for impairment when events and circumstances indicate potential impairment factors are present. In assessing the recoverability of the Company's property and equipment, the Company must make various assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors in determining the fair values of the respective assets. If these estimates or their related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record impairment charges for these assets in future periods. Any such resulting impairment charges could be material to the Company's results of operations.

Goodwill and intangibles are reviewed annually for impairment as of the first day of the fourth quarter or more frequently when events and circumstances indicate potential impairment factors are present. The realization of the goodwill of \$6,434 is primarily dependent on the future operations of the operating entity whether the goodwill is allocated (primarily United). Historical operating results, current product demand and estimated future results indicate the results of operations at United should be adequate to continue to realize this amount. However, future results may not meet expectations due to economic or other factors, and failure to meet expectations may result in the goodwill not being fully realizable and accordingly result in impairment charges which could be material to the Company's operating results.

The initial cost of coaches acquired is depreciated over a straight-line basis over 15 years to a salvage value of 38% of original cost. Subsequent enhancements and refurbishments of coaches are depreciated over five years using the straight-line method. The age of coaches in our fleet range from less than one year to nine years, with an average age of approximately four years. Actual value of coaches after 15 years is dependent on several factors including the level of maintenance and the market conditions at the time of disposal. We have not disposed of a material number of coaches, and our estimate of depreciation is based on information other than actual disposal experience. Accordingly, we continue to evaluate our estimates with respect to the actual depreciation of such vehicles based on market conditions and our experience in disposals when they occur. Should future factors indicate the current depreciation policy is not adequate, we will adjust the depreciation rates, and such adjustments may

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have an adverse impact on our results of operations.

In conjunction with financing of the acquisition of United, the Company issued 386,206 shares of Series C preferred stock to Huntington Capital Investment Corporation ("Huntington"). The note purchase agreement includes a provision that gives Huntington the option to require the Company to repurchase these shares at 90% of market value upon the earlier of: a) fifth anniversary of issuance of such shares, b) default under the subordinated debt agreement, c) other factors related to a sale of substantially all assets of the Company as defined in the agreement. Increases in the value of the Company's stock will result in a corresponding increase to this repurchase requirement. Accordingly, a substantial increase in stock price at the repurchase date may have an adverse impact on the Company's liquidity. At January 31, 2003, the Company had violated certain financial covenants defined in the subordinated debt agreement with Huntington. The Company received a waiver of these violations as of January 31, 2003.

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OBSIDIAN ENTERPRISES, INC.

August 25, 2003  
Date

By: /s/ Timothy S. Durham  
-----  
Timothy S. Durham, Chairman  
and Chief Executive Officer

### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description	
2.1	Memorandum of Agreement, dated October 30, 2002, between Champion Trailer, Inc., on the one hand, and Timothy S. Durham and Terry G. Whitesell, on the other hand.	Incorporated b Exhibit 2.1 to Report on Form the Registrant 2002.
2.2	Agreement for the Purchase and Sale of Business Assets of	Incorporated b

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	Champion Trailer, Inc., dated January 31, 2003, among Obsidian Enterprises, Inc., Champion Trailer, Inc. and Champion Trailer Acquisition Company, LLC, and related Assumption Agreement.	Exhibit 2.2 to Report on Form the Registrant 2003.
10.1	Promissory Term Note, dated November 18, 2002, from Obsidian Leasing Company, Inc. to Fair Holdings, Inc.	Attached+
10.2	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated December 26, 2002, between United Expressline, Inc. and First Indiana Bank, N.A.	Attached+
10.3	Credit Agreement, dated December 18, 2002, between DC Investments Leasing, LLC and First Indiana Bank, N.A. and Related Documents.	Attached+
10.4	Term Promissory Note, dated January 3, 2003, from Obsidian	Attached+
10.5	Stock Purchase Warrant, dated January 24, 2003, issued by Obsidian Enterprises, Inc. to Frost National Bank, Custodian, FBO Renaissance US Growth Investment Trust PLC Trust No. WOO740100.	Attached+
10.6	Stock Purchase Warrant, dated January 24, 2003, issued by Obsidian Enterprises, Inc., to HSBC Global Custody Nominee (UK) Limited, FBO BFS US Special Opportunities Trust PLC.	Attached+
10.7	Second Limited Forbearance Agreement, dated February 28, 2003, between Danzer Industries, Inc. and Obsidian Enterprises, Inc.	Attached+
10.8*	Form of Letter Amending Stock Options and Schedule Identifying Material Details	Attached+
10.9	First Amendment to Promissory Note, dated January 9, 2003.	Attached+
10.10	Sublease, effective as of January 1, 2003, between Fair Holdings, Inc. and Obsidian Enterprises, Inc.	Attached+
10.11	Commercial Equipment Lease Agreement, commencing November 20, 2002, between Fair Holdings, Inc. and United Expressline, Inc.	Attached+
31.1	Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 302 Certification	Attached
31.2	Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 302 Certification	Attached
32.1	Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 906 Certification	Attached
32.2	Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 906 Certification	Attached

\* Indicates exhibits that describe or evidence management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements required to be filed as exhibits.

+ Previously filed.

