

FMC CORP
Form 10-Q
October 30, 2014
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014
or
 Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File Number 1-2376

FMC CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 94-0479804
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1735 Market Street 19103
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Zip Code)
(Address of principal executive offices)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 215-299-6000

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK WHETHER THE REGISTRANT (1) HAS FILED ALL REPORTS REQUIRED TO BE FILED BY SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 DURING THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS (OR FOR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD THAT THE REGISTRANT WAS REQUIRED TO FILE SUCH REPORTS), AND (2) HAS BEEN SUBJECT TO SUCH FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PAST 90 DAYS YES NO

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK WHETHER THE REGISTRANT HAS SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY AND POSTED ON ITS CORPORATE WEBSITE, IF ANY, EVERY INTERACTIVE DATA FILE REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED AND POSTED PURSUANT TO RULE 405 OF REGULATION S-T DURING THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS (OR FOR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD THAT THE REGISTRANT WAS REQUIRED TO SUBMIT AND POST SUCH FILES) YES NO

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK WHETHER THE REGISTRANT IS A LARGE ACCELERATED FILER, AN ACCELERATED FILER, A NON-ACCELERATED FILER OR A SMALLER REPORTING COMPANY. SEE THE DEFINITIONS OF "LARGE ACCELERATED FILER," "ACCELERATED FILER," AND "SMALLER REPORTING COMPANY" IN RULE 12B-2 OF THE EXCHANGE ACT. (CHECK ONE):

LARGE ACCELERATED FILER ACCELERATED FILER
NON-ACCELERATED FILER SMALLER REPORTING COMPANY

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK WHETHER THE REGISTRANT IS A SHELL COMPANY (AS DEFINED IN RULE 12B-2 OF THE EXCHANGE ACT) YES NO

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INDICATE THE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING OF EACH OF THE ISSUER'S CLASSES OF COMMON STOCK, AS OF THE LATEST PRACTICABLE DATE

| Class | Outstanding at September 30, 2014 |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.10 per share | 133,267,021 |

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FMC CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

| (in Millions, Except Per Share Data) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | (unaudited) | | (unaudited) | |
| Revenue | \$1,015.9 | \$957.4 | \$2,945.5 | \$2,744.1 |
| Costs and Expenses | | | | |
| Costs of sales and services | 692.2 | 653.0 | 1,935.7 | 1,758.6 |
| Gross margin | 323.7 | 304.4 | 1,009.8 | 985.5 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 147.4 | 124.9 | 391.8 | 374.1 |
| Research and development expenses | 30.6 | 29.0 | 89.9 | 84.7 |
| Restructuring and other charges (income) | 35.6 | 32.1 | 45.0 | 47.3 |
| Business separation costs | 6.8 | — | 23.6 | — |
| Total costs and expenses | 912.6 | 839.0 | 2,486.0 | 2,264.7 |
| Income from continuing operations before equity in (earnings) loss of affiliates, interest expense, net and income taxes | 103.3 | 118.4 | 459.5 | 479.4 |
| Equity in (earnings) loss of affiliates | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Interest expense, net | 14.9 | 9.8 | 43.7 | 31.4 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 88.0 | 108.5 | 415.2 | 447.5 |
| Provision for income taxes | 7.4 | 32.0 | 88.2 | 113.1 |
| Income from continuing operations | 80.6 | 76.5 | 327.0 | 334.4 |
| Discontinued operations, net of income taxes | (20.5 |) (56.6 |) (83.2 |) (58.3 |
| Net income | 60.1 | 19.9 | 243.8 | 276.1 |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 3.8 | 2.0 | 12.8 | 9.3 |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$56.3 | \$17.9 | \$231.0 | \$266.8 |
| Amounts attributable to FMC stockholders: | | | | |
| Continuing operations, net of income taxes | \$76.8 | \$74.5 | \$314.2 | \$325.1 |
| Discontinued operations, net of income taxes | (20.5 |) (56.6 |) (83.2 |) (58.3 |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$56.3 | \$17.9 | \$231.0 | \$266.8 |
| Basic earnings (loss) per common share attributable to FMC stockholders: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$0.57 | \$0.55 | \$2.35 | \$2.39 |
| Discontinued operations | (0.15 |) (0.42 |) (0.62 |) (0.43 |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$0.42 | \$0.13 | \$1.73 | \$1.96 |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per common share attributable to FMC stockholders: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$0.57 | \$0.55 | \$2.34 | \$2.38 |
| Discontinued operations | (0.15 |) (0.42 |) (0.62 |) (0.43 |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$0.42 | \$0.13 | \$1.72 | \$1.95 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 (unaudited) | 2013 | 2014 (unaudited) | 2013 |
| Net income | \$60.1 | \$19.9 | \$243.8 | \$276.1 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments ⁽¹⁾ | (34.7) | 14.9 | 11.7 | 1.4 |
| Derivative instruments: | | | | |
| Unrealized hedging gains (losses) and other, net of tax of \$0.8 and \$3.2 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$(0.5) and \$(2.0) for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively | 0.8 | (0.9) | 5.3 | (4.1) |
| Reclassification of deferred hedging (gains) losses and other, included in net income, net of tax of \$(0.2) and \$0.8 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$0.4 and \$(0.6) for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively ⁽³⁾ | (0.3) | 1.2 | 1.9 | (0.9) |
| Total derivative instruments, net of tax of \$0.6 and \$4.0 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$(0.1) and \$(2.6) for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively | 0.5 | 0.3 | 7.2 | (5.0) |
| Pension and other postretirement benefits: | | | | |
| Unrealized actuarial gains (losses) and prior service (costs) credits, net of tax of zero for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$(0.1) and zero for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively ⁽²⁾ | 0.3 | (0.3) | 0.2 | (0.2) |
| Reclassification of net actuarial and other (gain) loss and amortization of prior service costs, included in net income, net of tax of \$3.0 and \$9.9 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$4.1 and \$17.1 for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively ⁽³⁾ | 5.2 | 6.2 | 17.9 | 27.7 |
| Total pension and other postretirement benefits, net of tax of \$3.0 and \$9.9 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$4.0 and \$17.1 for the three and nine months end 2013, respectively | 5.5 | 5.9 | 18.1 | 27.5 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (28.7) | 21.1 | 37.0 | 23.9 |
| Comprehensive income | \$31.4 | \$41.0 | \$280.8 | \$300.0 |
| Less: Comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest | 3.3 | 1.8 | 11.8 | 9.7 |
| Comprehensive income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$28.1 | \$39.2 | \$269.0 | \$290.3 |

Income taxes are not provided on the equity in undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries or affiliates since it is our intention that such earnings will remain invested in those affiliates permanently. The amount for the nine months end September 30, 2014 includes reclassification to net income due to the divestiture of our FMC

(1) Peroxygens business, see Note 15 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information. In accordance with accounting guidance, this amount was previously factored into the lower of cost or fair value test associated with the 2013 Peroxygens' asset held for sale write-down charges.

(2) At December 31st of each year, we remeasure our pension and postretirement plan obligations at which time we record any actuarial gains (losses) and prior service (costs) credits to other comprehensive income. The interim

adjustments noted above reflect the foreign currency translation impacts from the unrealized actuarial gains (losses) and prior service (costs) credits related to our foreign pension and postretirement plans.

(3) For more detail on the components of these reclassifications and the affected line item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income see Note 15 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FMC CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in Millions, Except Share and Par Value Data)

| | September 30, 2014 (unaudited) | December 31, 2013 |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$124.3 | \$123.2 |
| Trade receivables, net of allowance - 2014: \$32.4; 2013: \$30.2 | 1,572.6 | 1,484.3 |
| Inventories | 754.5 | 688.4 |
| Prepaid and other current assets | 210.6 | 236.8 |
| Deferred income taxes | 195.3 | 214.0 |
| Current assets of discontinued operations held for sale | — | 198.3 |
| Total current assets | \$2,857.3 | \$2,945.0 |
| Investments | 26.4 | 26.8 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 1,283.3 | 1,248.3 |
| Goodwill | 369.0 | 389.4 |
| Other intangibles, net | 256.5 | 272.3 |
| Other assets | 338.8 | 262.0 |
| Deferred income taxes | 119.8 | 91.4 |
| Total assets | \$5,251.1 | \$5,235.2 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt | \$580.4 | \$697.8 |
| Accounts payable, trade and other | 440.0 | 475.2 |
| Advance payments from customers | 4.0 | 178.9 |
| Accrued and other liabilities | 280.5 | 307.0 |
| Accrued customer rebates | 347.6 | 203.7 |
| Guarantees of vendor financing | 53.3 | 27.9 |
| Accrued pension and other postretirement benefits, current | 12.7 | 12.7 |
| Income taxes | 23.0 | 35.3 |
| Current liabilities of discontinued operations held for sale | — | 48.2 |
| Total current liabilities | \$1,741.5 | \$1,986.7 |
| Long-term debt, less current portion | 1,151.9 | 1,154.1 |
| Accrued pension and other postretirement benefits, long-term | 48.4 | 57.8 |
| Environmental liabilities, continuing and discontinued | 216.6 | 175.2 |
| Deferred income taxes | 73.7 | 73.1 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 234.7 | 216.2 |
| Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 19) | | |
| Equity | | |
| Preferred stock, no par value, authorized 5,000,000 shares; no shares issued in 2014 or 2013 | — | — |
| Common stock, \$0.10 par value, authorized 260,000,000 shares; 185,983,792 issued shares at 2014 and 2013 | 18.6 | 18.6 |
| Capital in excess of par value of common stock | 439.5 | 448.3 |
| Retained earnings | 2,928.3 | 2,757.3 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (163.9 |) (201.9 |
| Treasury stock, common, at cost - 2014: 52,716,771 shares, 2013: 53,098,103 shares | (1,499.3 |) (1,502.5 |
| Total FMC stockholders' equity | \$1,723.2 | \$1,519.8 |

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| | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Noncontrolling interests | 61.1 | 52.3 |
| Total equity | \$1,784.3 | \$1,572.1 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$5,251.1 | \$5,235.2 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

| (in Millions) | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | (unaudited) | |
| Cash provided (required) by operating activities of continuing operations: | | |
| Net income | \$243.8 | \$276.1 |
| Discontinued operations | 83.2 | 58.3 |
| Income from continuing operations | \$327.0 | \$334.4 |
| Adjustments from income from continuing operations to cash provided (required) by operating activities of continuing operations: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 98.0 | 91.7 |
| Equity in (earnings) loss of affiliates | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Restructuring and other charges (income) | 45.0 | 47.3 |
| Deferred income taxes | (25.0) |) 27.8 |
| Pension and other postretirement benefits | 22.8 | 48.2 |
| Share-based compensation | 11.5 | 12.2 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | (4.4) |) (6.7) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions and divestitures: | | |
| Trade receivables, net | (95.7) |) (93.9) |
| Guarantees of vendor financing | 25.5 |) (10.1) |
| Inventories | (78.3) |) (14.0) |
| Accounts payable | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| Advance payments from customers | (174.8) |) (122.1) |
| Accrued customer rebates | 143.0 | 194.8 |
| Income taxes | 26.6 |) (29.1) |
| Pension and other postretirement benefit contributions | (65.2) |) (63.1) |
| Environmental spending, continuing, net of recoveries | (9.1) |) (4.3) |
| Restructuring and other spending | (6.6) |) (8.8) |
| Change in other operating assets and liabilities, net | (8.1) |) (24.8) |
| Cash provided (required) by operating activities of continuing operations | \$234.6 | \$380.6 |
| Cash provided (required) by operating activities of discontinued operations: | | |
| Environmental spending, discontinued, net of recoveries | (6.9) |) (19.2) |
| Operating activities of discontinued operations of FMC Peroxygens | (1.2) |) (5.2) |
| Payments of other discontinued reserves, net of recoveries | (24.8) |) (7.0) |
| Cash provided (required) by operating activities of discontinued operations | \$(32.9) |) \$(31.4) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

(continued)

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

| (in Millions) | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | (unaudited) | |
| Cash provided (required) by investing activities of continuing operations: | | |
| Capital expenditures | \$(172.6 |) \$(159.6) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 0.3 | 2.1 |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | — | (339.6) |
| Investments in nonconsolidated affiliates | (0.8 |) (6.2) |
| Other investing activities | (24.8 |) (52.0) |
| Cash provided (required) by investing activities of continuing operations | \$(197.9 |) \$(555.3) |
| Cash provided (required) by investing activities of discontinued operations: | | |
| Proceeds from FMC Peroxygens divestiture | 199.1 | — |
| Other discontinued investing activities | (0.6 |) (15.2) |
| Cash provided (required) by investing activities of discontinued operations | \$198.5 | \$(15.2) |
| Cash provided (required) by financing activities of continuing operations: | | |
| Net borrowings (repayments) under committed credit facility | — | (130.0) |
| Increase (decrease) in short-term debt | (101.2 |) 869.5 |
| Repayments of long-term debt | (17.7 |) (0.5) |
| Proceeds from borrowings of long-term debt | — | 11.6 |
| Financing fees | (8.8 |) (0.9) |
| Net distributions to and acquisitions of noncontrolling interests | (21.4 |) (89.9) |
| Issuances of common stock, net | 7.5 | 9.9 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | 4.4 | 6.7 |
| Dividends paid | (58.1 |) (55.6) |
| Repurchases of common stock under publicly announced program | — | (359.9) |
| Other repurchases of common stock | (4.3 |) (6.7) |
| Contingent consideration paid | — | (0.5) |
| Cash provided (required) by financing activities of continuing operations | \$(199.6 |) \$253.7 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (1.6 |) 0.1 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 1.1 | 32.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 123.2 | 77.1 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$124.3 | \$109.6 |

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest was \$43.2 million and \$29.5 million, and income taxes paid, net of refunds were \$84.5 million and \$124.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Non-cash additions to property, plant and equipment were \$21.1 million and \$5.5 million for September 30, 2014 and 2013.

See Note 14 regarding quarterly cash dividend.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1: Financial Information and Accounting Policies

In our opinion the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to interim period financial statements and reflect all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, and our financial position as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. All such adjustments included herein are of a normal, recurring nature unless otherwise disclosed in the Notes. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. The condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income, condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, have been reviewed by our independent registered public accountants. The review is described more fully in their report included herein. Our accounting policies are set forth in detail in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included with our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 10-K").

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Note 2: Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements and Regulatory Items

New accounting guidance and regulatory items

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. This new guidance will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. We are required to adopt this standard on January 1, 2017. Early application is not permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

In April 2014, the FASB issued its updated guidance on the financial reporting of discontinued operations. This new standard changes the criteria for reporting discontinued operations while enhancing disclosures in this area. Under the new guidance, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations should be presented as discontinued operations. Additionally, expanded disclosures about discontinued operations will be required to provide financial statement users with more information about the assets, liabilities, income, and expenses of discontinued operations. This guidance impacts disclosures within an entity's financial statements and notes to the financial statements. We are required to adopt this guidance prospectively in the first quarter of 2015. The updated guidance will not impact existing conclusions with respect to discontinued operations classification.

Note 3: Acquisitions

Cheminova A/S

On September 8, 2014, we entered into a definitive Share Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Auriga Industries A/S, a Denmark Aktieselskab ("Auriga"), Cheminova A/S, a Denmark Aktieselskab and a wholly owned subsidiary of Auriga ("Cheminova"). Pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement, we have agreed to acquire all of the outstanding equity of Cheminova from Auriga for an aggregate purchase price of 8.5 billion Danish Krone or approximately \$1.5 billion, excluding net debt to be assumed of approximately \$0.3 billion (the "Acquisition") as of September 30, 2014. We expect to complete the Acquisition in early 2015.

Also, on September 8, 2014, in connection with the Purchase Agreement, we entered into a commitment letter (the "Commitment Letter") with Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (collectively with certain of its affiliates, the "Commitment

Party”). The Commitment Letter provided that, in connection with the Acquisition and subject to the conditions set forth in the Commitment Letter, the Commitment Party will commit to provide up to a \$2.0 billion 364-day bridge term loan and, in certain circumstances, a \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility to FMC to replace the existing revolving credit facility. Fees incurred to secure these commitments have been deferred and are being amortized over the term of the arrangement.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

On October 10, 2014, the financing available under the Commitment Letter was terminated and replaced by a \$2.0 billion term loan facility and an amended and restated \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility. Approximately \$4.3 million of the deferred fees associated with the Commitment Letter will be expensed and presented within selling, general and administrative within our condensed consolidated statements of income consistent with other acquisition-related costs. The remaining fees have been capitalized in combination with the term loan facility. The details of the term loan facility and the revolving credit facility are provided in Note 10 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Charges incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 associated with the planned Acquisition are provided in Note 20 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

2013 Acquisitions

In July 2013, we acquired 100 percent of the stock of Epax Nutra Holding III AS and Epax UK Holding III AS (together, "Epax") for \$339.6 million. Epax was integrated into our FMC Health and Nutrition segment from the acquisition date. For more detail refer to Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements included in our 2013 Form 10-K.

Note 4: Business Separation

On September 8, 2014, we announced that we will no longer proceed with the planned separation of FMC into two distinct public entities. At that time we announced the planned acquisition of Cheminova and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division; see Note 3 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information. Business separation costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 of \$6.8 million and \$23.6 million, respectively represent charges associated with the separation activities through September 8, 2014. We do not expect to incur any additional charges beyond September 8, 2014. There were no charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Note 5: Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by business segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, are presented in the table below:

| (in Millions) | FMC Agricultural Solutions | FMC Health and Nutrition | FMC Minerals | Total |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$ 31.0 | \$358.4 | \$— | \$389.4 |
| Foreign currency adjustments | — | (20.4) | — | (20.4) |
| Balance, September 30, 2014 | \$ 31.0 | \$338.0 | \$— | \$369.0 |

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Our intangible assets, other than goodwill, consist of the following:

| (in Millions) | September 30, 2014 | | | December 31, 2013 | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | Gross | Accumulated Amortization | Net | Gross | Accumulated Amortization | Net |
| Intangible assets subject to amortization (finite-lived) | | | | | | |
| Customer relationships | \$155.6 | \$ (21.0) | \$134.6 | \$159.3 | \$ (15.2) | \$144.1 |
| Patents | 1.8 | (0.1) | 1.7 | 0.4 | — | 0.4 |
| Trademarks and trade names | 1.3 | (0.6) | 0.7 | 1.3 | (0.4) | 0.9 |
| Purchased and licensed technologies | 75.0 | (23.3) | 51.7 | 75.6 | (19.3) | 56.3 |
| Other intangibles | 3.6 | (2.4) | 1.2 | 4.3 | (2.8) | 1.5 |
| | \$237.3 | \$ (47.4) | \$189.9 | \$240.9 | \$ (37.7) | \$203.2 |
| Intangible assets not subject to amortization (indefinite life) | | | | | | |
| Trademarks and trade names | \$64.5 | | \$64.5 | \$67.0 | | \$67.0 |
| In-process research & development | 2.1 | | 2.1 | 2.1 | | 2.1 |
| | \$66.6 | | \$66.6 | \$69.1 | | \$69.1 |
| Total intangible assets | \$303.9 | \$ (47.4) | \$256.5 | \$310.0 | \$ (37.7) | \$272.3 |

At September 30, 2014, the finite-lived and indefinite life intangibles were allocated among our business segments as follows:

| (in Millions) | Finite-lived | Indefinite Life |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| FMC Agricultural Solutions | \$103.0 | \$35.2 |
| FMC Health and Nutrition | 85.7 | 31.4 |
| FMC Minerals | 1.2 | — |
| Total | \$189.9 | \$66.6 |

Note 6: Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

| (in Millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Finished goods | \$321.7 | \$283.0 |
| Work in process | 265.9 | 276.7 |
| Raw materials, supplies and other | 339.3 | 297.8 |
| First-in, first-out inventory | \$926.9 | \$857.5 |
| Less: Excess of first-in, first-out cost over last-in, first-out cost | (172.4) | (169.1) |
| Net inventories | \$754.5 | \$688.4 |

Note 7: Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following:

| (in Millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | \$2,739.5 | \$2,663.2 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (1,456.2) | (1,414.9) |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | \$1,283.3 | \$1,248.3 |

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 8: Restructuring and Other Charges (Income)

Our restructuring and other charges (income) are comprised of restructuring, asset disposals and other charges (income) as noted below:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Restructuring charges and asset disposals | \$1.3 | \$0.5 | \$8.0 | \$12.2 |
| Other charges (income), net | 34.3 | 31.6 | 37.0 | 35.1 |
| Total restructuring and other charges | \$35.6 | \$32.1 | \$45.0 | \$47.3 |

Restructuring charges and asset disposals

Restructuring activities that commenced during 2014 are described below. For detail on the restructuring charges and asset disposals which commenced prior to 2014, see Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements included with our 2013 Form 10-K.

2014 Restructuring Activities

Health and Nutrition Restructuring:

In the first quarter of 2014 our FMC Health and Nutrition segment implemented a plan to restructure a portion of its operations. The objective of the restructuring was to better align our business and costs to macroeconomic and market realities. The restructuring decision resulted in workforce reductions at several of our FMC Health and Nutrition facilities.

| (in Millions) | Restructuring Charges | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| | Severance and Employee Benefits (1) | Other Charges (Income) (2) | Asset Disposal Charges (3) | Total |
| Other Items | 0.5 | 0.8 | — | 1.3 |
| Three months ended September 30, 2014 | \$0.5 | \$0.8 | \$— | \$1.3 |
| Lithium Restructuring | (0.4 |) 0.8 | — | 0.4 |
| Other Items | — | 0.1 | — | 0.1 |
| Three months ended September 30, 2013 | \$(0.4 |) \$0.9 | \$— | \$0.5 |
| Health and Nutrition Restructuring | 5.8 | — | — | 5.8 |
| Other Items | 0.5 | 1.7 | — | 2.2 |
| Nine months ended September 30, 2014 | \$6.3 | \$1.7 | \$— | \$8.0 |
| Lithium Restructuring | 3.3 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 9.7 |
| Other Items | 1.8 | 0.7 | — | 2.5 |
| Nine months ended September 30, 2013 | \$5.1 | \$5.1 | \$2.0 | \$12.2 |

(1) Represents severance and employee benefit charges. Income represents adjustments to previously recorded severance and employee benefits.

(2) Primarily represents costs associated with lease payments, contract terminations, and other miscellaneous exit costs. Other Income primarily represents favorable developments on previously recorded exit costs as well as recoveries associated with restructurings.

(3) Primarily represents accelerated depreciation and impairment charges on long-lived assets, which were or are to be abandoned. To the extent incurred, the acceleration effect of re-estimating settlement dates and revised cost estimates associated with asset retirement obligations due to facility shutdowns are also included within the asset

disposal charges, see Note 9.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Roll forward of restructuring reserves

The following table shows a roll forward of restructuring reserves, continuing and discontinued, that will result in cash spending. These amounts exclude asset retirement obligations, which are discussed in Note 9 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

| (in Millions) | Balance at 12/31/13 ⁽⁴⁾ | Change in reserves ⁽²⁾ | Cash payments | Other ⁽³⁾ | Balance at 9/30/14 ⁽⁴⁾ |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Health and Nutrition Restructuring | \$— | \$5.8 | \$(4.6) | \$— | \$1.2 |
| Lithium Restructuring | 0.3 | — | (0.1) | — | 0.2 |
| Other Workforce Related and Facility Shutdowns ⁽¹⁾ | 2.8 | 2.2 | (1.9) | — | 3.1 |
| Restructuring activities related to discontinued operations ⁽⁵⁾ | 3.0 | 4.5 | (3.8) | (1.5) | 2.2 |
| Total | \$6.1 | \$12.5 | \$(10.4) | \$(1.5) | \$6.7 |

(1) Primarily severance costs related to workforce reductions and facility shutdowns noted in the “Other Items” sections above.

(2) Primarily severance, exited lease, contract termination and other miscellaneous exit costs. Any accelerated depreciation and impairment charges noted above impacted our property, plant and equipment balances and are not included in the above tables.

(3) Primarily foreign currency translation adjustments.

(4) Included in “Accrued and other liabilities” on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(5) Cash spending associated with restructuring activities of discontinued operations is reported within Payments of other discontinued reserves, net of recoveries on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Other charges (income), net

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Environmental charges, net | \$17.3 | \$1.0 | \$20.0 | \$3.0 |
| Other, net | 17.0 | 30.6 | 17.0 | 32.1 |
| Other charges (income), net | \$34.3 | \$31.6 | \$37.0 | \$35.1 |

Environmental charges represent the net charges associated with environmental remediation at continuing operating sites. See Note 12 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for additional details.

Other, net

Our FMC Agricultural Solutions segment enters into collaboration and license agreements with various third-party companies for the purpose of obtaining certain technology and intellectual property rights relating to new compounds still under development. In most transactions the rights and technology obtained is referred to as in-process research and development and in accordance with GAAP, the amounts paid are expensed as incurred since they were acquired outside of a business combination.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we entered into one such transaction, consisting of an exclusive license, development and supply agreement for a novel crop protection product for agricultural use in the United States. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we entered into three such transactions in our Agricultural Solutions segment, consisting of: exclusive license and supply arrangements for broad-spectrum crop protection products and an acquisition of certain intellectual property and other assets relating to biological products associated with our acquired assets of the Center for Agricultural and Environmental Biosolutions (CAEB). CAEB is based in Research Triangle Park, NC, and amounts acquired include CAEB’s robust library of microorganisms and a pipeline of

biological products in various stages of development.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 9: Asset Retirement Obligations

(in Millions)

| | | |
|--|--------|---|
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$22.7 | |
| Increase (decrease) to previously recorded ARO liability | 0.1 | |
| Payments | (0.9) |) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (1.7) |) |
| Transfer to environmental obligations ⁽¹⁾ | (16.9) |) |
| Transfer to restructuring reserves ⁽²⁾ | (1.5) |) |
| Balance at September 30, 2014 | \$1.8 | |

(1) Based on events that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the remaining activities associated with these obligations are primarily environmental remediation in nature and therefore transfer to an environmental obligation is more appropriate. Refer to Note 12 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

(2) The remaining activities associated with these obligations are related to restructuring activities and therefore transfer to a restructuring reserve is more appropriate based on events that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014. Refer to Note 8 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

A more complete description of our asset retirement obligations can be found in Note 8 to our 2013 consolidated financial statements in our 2013 10-K.

Note 10: Debt

Debt maturing within one year:

| | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| (in Millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
| Short-term foreign debt ⁽¹⁾ | \$22.0 | \$7.1 |
| Commercial paper ⁽²⁾ | 539.7 | 656.0 |
| Total short-term debt | \$561.7 | \$663.1 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 18.7 | 34.7 |
| Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt | \$580.4 | \$697.8 |

We often provide parent-company guarantees to lending institutions that extend credit to our foreign consolidated (1) subsidiaries. Since these guarantees are provided to consolidated subsidiaries the consolidated financial position is not affected by the issuance of these guarantees.

(2) At September 30, 2014, the average effective interest rate on the borrowings was 0.33%.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Long-term debt:

| (in Millions) | September 30, 2014 | | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | Interest Rate Percentage | Maturity Date | | |
| Pollution control and industrial revenue bonds (less unamortized discounts of \$0.2 and \$0.2, respectively) | 0.2-6.5% | 2014-2035 | \$ 158.0 | \$ 174.0 |
| Senior notes (less unamortized discount of \$2.0 and \$2.2, respectively) | 3.95-5.2% | 2019-2024 | 998.0 | 997.8 |
| Credit facility ⁽¹⁾ | 2.5% | 2017 | — | — |
| Foreign debt | 0-9.3% | 2014-2024 | 14.6 | 17.0 |
| Total long-term debt | | | \$ 1,170.6 | \$ 1,188.8 |
| Less: debt maturing within one year | | | 18.7 | 34.7 |
| Total long-term debt, less current portion | | | \$ 1,151.9 | \$ 1,154.1 |

(1) Letters of credit outstanding under our credit facility totaled \$93.2 million and available funds under this facility were \$867.1 million at September 30, 2014 (which reflects borrowings under our commercial paper program).

Covenants

Among other restrictions, our credit facility contains financial covenants applicable to FMC and its consolidated subsidiaries related to leverage (measured as the ratio of debt to adjusted earnings) and interest coverage (measured as the ratio of adjusted earnings to interest expense). Our actual leverage for the four consecutive quarters ended September 30, 2014 was 2.6, which is below the maximum leverage of 3.5. Our actual interest coverage for the four consecutive quarters ended September 30, 2014 was 14.3, which is above the minimum interest coverage of 3.5. We were in compliance with all covenants at September 30, 2014.

Subsequent events:

Term Loan Facility

On October 10, 2014, we entered into a term loan agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement"), that provides for a senior unsecured term loan facility of up to \$2 billion (the "Term Loan Facility") to consummate the acquisition of Cheminova (the "Acquisition"). The Term Loan Facility is a senior unsecured obligation that ranks equally with our other senior unsecured obligations. The proceeds of the loans to be made pursuant to the Term Loan Facility will be available in one or more drawings on the closing date of the Term Loan Facility, which will be substantially concurrent with the closing of the Acquisition. The scheduled maturity of the Term Loan Facility is on the fifth anniversary of this closing date. The proceeds will be used to finance the Acquisition as well as to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Acquisition and the other transactions contemplated by or related to the Acquisition or the Term Loan Facility.

Loans under the Term Loan Agreement will bear interest at a floating rate, which will be a base rate or a Eurocurrency rate equal to the London interbank offered rate for the relevant interest period, plus in each case an applicable margin, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Term Loan Agreement. The base rate will be the highest of: the rate of interest announced publicly by Citibank, N.A. in New York, New York from time to time as its "base rate"; the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50 percent of one percent; and the Eurocurrency rate for a one-month period plus one percent.

We are required to pay a commitment fee on the average daily unused amount from October 10, 2014 until the date on which all commitments are terminated, payable quarterly, at a rate per annum equal to an applicable percentage in effect from time to time for commitment fees. The initial commitment fee is 0.125 percent per annum. The applicable margin and the commitment fee are subject to adjustment as provided in the Term Loan Agreement.

The Term Loan Agreement contains financial and other covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and minimum interest coverage ratio. Fees incurred to secure the Term Loan Facility have been deferred and will be amortized over the term of the arrangement.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Revolving Credit Facility

On October 10, 2014 we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement"). The unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility, with an option, subject to certain conditions and limitations, to increase the aggregate amount of the revolving credit commitments to \$2.25 billion (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The current termination date of the Revolving Credit Facility is October 10, 2019.

Revolving loans under the Revolving Credit Facility will bear interest at a floating rate, which will be a base rate or a Eurocurrency rate equal to the London interbank offered rate for the relevant interest period, plus, in each case, an applicable margin, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Revolving Credit Agreement. The base rate will be the highest of: the rate of interest announced publicly by Citibank, N.A. in New York, New York from time to time as its "base rate"; the federal funds effective rate plus 0.50 percent of one percent; and the Eurocurrency rate for a one-month period plus one percent. We are also required to pay a facility fee on the average daily amount (whether used or unused) at a rate per annum equal to an applicable percentage in effect from time to time for the facility fee, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Revolving Credit Agreement. The initial facility fee is 0.125 percent per annum. The applicable margin and the facility fee are subject to adjustment as provided in the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The Revolving Credit Agreement contains customary financial and other covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and minimum interest coverage ratio. The financial covenant levels have been amended in order to permit the debt incurred under the contemplated Term Loan Facility discussed above along with certain other changes to permit the Acquisition and the planned divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division.

Fees incurred to secure the Revolving Credit Facility have been deferred and will be amortized over the term of the arrangement.

Note 11: Discontinued Operations

FMC Peroxygens:

On February 28, 2014, we completed the sale of our FMC Peroxygens business for \$199.1 million in cash to One Equity Partners (OEP), the private investment arm of J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. The sale resulted in approximately \$193.0 million in after-tax proceeds and an additional pre-tax loss of \$10.1 million (\$39.0 million after-tax) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The loss (net of tax) of \$39.0 million was driven by the allocation of the \$199.1 million of proceeds which was agreed to between us and OEP on February 28, 2014. The majority of the proceeds were allocated to higher taxing jurisdictions (i.e. United States) which resulted in tax expense within those jurisdictions, that were not offset by tax benefits from other taxing jurisdictions. We did not benefit the tax losses produced in those other taxing jurisdictions, as we do not expect the losses produced in those jurisdictions to be recoverable. The loss was recorded in discontinued operations, net of income taxes in our condensed consolidated income statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The results of our discontinued FMC Peroxygens operations are summarized below:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenue | \$— | \$81.8 | \$55.5 | \$244.8 |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations before income taxes ⁽¹⁾ | — | (59.3) | (10.7) | (53.5) |
| Provision (Benefit) for income taxes | — | (11.7) | 29.3 | (8.4) |
| Total discontinued operations of FMC Peroxygens, net of income taxes | \$— | \$(47.6) | \$(40.0) | \$(45.1) |

- Includes allocated interest expense of zero and \$0.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively and \$1.1 million and \$3.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. Interest was allocated in accordance with relevant discontinued operations accounting guidance.
- (1) Interest expense allocated in 2014 was prior to the completed sale. Income from discontinued operations before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes the pre-tax loss of \$10.1 million discussed in the preceding paragraph.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

The following table presents the major classes of assets and liabilities of the FMC Peroxygens business as of December 31, 2013:

| (in Millions) | December 31, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|
| Assets | |
| Current assets of discontinued operations held for sale (primarily trade receivables and inventories) | \$94.8 |
| Property, plant & equipment | 61.1 |
| Intangible assets, net | 2.7 |
| Other non-current assets | 39.7 |
| Noncurrent assets of discontinued operations held for sale ⁽¹⁾ | 103.5 |
| Total Assets | 198.3 |
| Liabilities | |
| Current liabilities of discontinued operations held for sale | 43.0 |
| Noncurrent liabilities of discontinued operations held for sale ⁽¹⁾ | 5.2 |
| Total Liabilities | 48.2 |
| Net Assets ⁽²⁾ | \$150.1 |

⁽¹⁾ Presented as "Current assets\liabilities of discontinued operations held for sale" on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2013.

Excludes the net cumulative translation adjustment (CTA) losses of our foreign FMC Peroxygens operations. See ⁽²⁾Note 15 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for the CTA loss recognized upon the divestiture of FMC Peroxygens.

In addition to our discontinued FMC Peroxygens business our other discontinued operations include adjustments to retained liabilities. The primary liabilities retained include environmental liabilities, other postretirement benefit liabilities, self-insurance, long-term obligations related to legal proceedings and historical restructuring activities. Our discontinued operations comprised the following:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Adjustment for workers' compensation, product liability, and other postretirement benefits, net of income tax benefit of zero for the three and \$0.6 nine months ended 2014 and zero and \$0.1 for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively | \$(0.1) | \$0.2 | \$(1.2) | \$0.3 |
| Provision for environmental liabilities, net of recoveries, net of income tax benefit of \$3.2 and \$10.3 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$1.2 and \$3.7 for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively ⁽¹⁾ | (14.3) | (2.0) | (26.6) | (6.1) |
| Provision for legal reserves and expenses, net of recoveries, net of income tax benefit of \$2.1 and \$6.6 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$2.7 and \$2.3 for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively | (3.6) | (4.4) | (11.2) | (3.7) |
| Provision for restructuring charges, net of income tax benefit of (\$0.1) and \$0.2 for the three and nine months ended 2014 and \$0.1 and \$0.4 for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively ⁽²⁾ | (2.5) | (2.8) | (4.2) | (3.7) |
| Discontinued operations of FMC Peroxygens, net of income tax benefit (expense) of zero and (\$29.3) for the three and nine months ended 2014 and | — | (47.6) | (40.0) | (45.1) |

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\$11.7 and \$8.4 for the three and nine months ended 2013, respectively

Discontinued operations, net of income taxes \$(20.5) \$(56.6) \$(83.2) \$(58.3)

(1) See a roll forward of our environmental reserves as well as discussion on significant environmental issues that occurred during the 2014 in Note 12 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

(2) See roll forward of our restructuring reserves in Note 8 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 12: Environmental Obligations

We have reserves for potential environmental obligations which management considers probable and for which a reasonable estimate of the obligation could be made. Accordingly, we have reserves of \$269.0 million and \$225.7 million, excluding recoveries, at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

The estimated reasonably possible environmental loss contingencies, net of expected recoveries, exceed amounts accrued by approximately \$170 million at September 30, 2014. This reasonably possible estimate is based upon information available as of the date of the filing, but the actual future losses may be higher given the uncertainties regarding the status of laws, regulations, enforcement policies, the impact of potentially responsible parties, technology and information related to individual sites. Potential environmental obligations that have not been reserved may be material to any one quarter's or year's results of operations in the future. However, we believe any such liability arising from such potential environmental obligations is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our liquidity or financial condition as it may be satisfied over many years.

The table below is a roll forward of our total environmental reserves, continuing and discontinued:

| (in Millions) | Operating and Discontinued Sites Total |
|---|--|
| Total environmental reserves, net of recoveries at December 31, 2013 | \$204.7 |
| Provision | 62.1 |
| Spending, net of recoveries | (26.3) |
| Transfer from asset retirement obligations ⁽¹⁾ | 16.9 |
| Net change | 52.7 |
| Total environmental reserves, net of recoveries at September 30, 2014 | 257.4 |
| Environmental reserves, current, net of recoveries ⁽²⁾ | 40.8 |
| Environmental reserves, long-term continuing and discontinued, net of recoveries ⁽³⁾ | 216.6 |
| Total environmental reserves, net of recoveries at September 30, 2014 | \$257.4 |

Based on events that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the remaining activities associated (1) with these obligations are primarily environmental remediation in nature and therefore transfer to an environmental obligation is more appropriate.

(2) "Current" includes only those reserves related to continuing operations. These amounts are included within "Accrued and other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(3) These amounts are included in "Environmental liabilities, continuing and discontinued" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we have recorded recoveries representing probable realization of claims against U.S. government agencies, insurance carriers and other third parties. Recoveries are recorded as either an offset to the "Environmental liabilities, continuing and discontinued" or as "Other assets" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The table below is a roll forward of our total recorded recoveries from December 31, 2013 to September 30, 2014:

| (in Millions) | 12/31/2013 | Increase in Recoveries | Cash Received | 9/30/2014 |
|--|------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Environmental liabilities, continuing and discontinued | \$ 21.0 | \$ 0.9 | \$(10.3) | \$11.6 |
| Other assets | 35.5 | 5.3 | (10.4) | 30.4 |
| Total | \$ 56.5 | \$ 6.2 | \$(20.7) | \$42.0 |

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Our net environmental provisions relate to costs for the continued cleanup of both operating sites and for certain discontinued manufacturing operations from previous years. The net provisions are as follows:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|-------|-------------------|--------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Continuing operations ⁽¹⁾ | \$17.3 | \$1.0 | \$20.0 | \$3.0 |
| Discontinued operations ⁽²⁾ | 17.5 | 3.2 | 36.9 | 9.7 |
| Net environmental provision | \$34.8 | \$4.2 | \$56.9 | \$12.7 |

(1) Recorded as a component of "Restructuring and other charges (income)" on our condensed consolidated statements of income. See Note 8 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

(2) Recorded as a component of "Discontinued operations, net of income taxes" on our condensed consolidated statements of income. See Note 11 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

The net environmental provisions recorded during the periods below impacted the following condensed consolidated balance sheet captions:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------|--------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Environmental reserves ⁽¹⁾ | \$34.8 | \$4.2 | \$62.1 | \$14.5 |
| Other assets ⁽²⁾ | — | — | (5.2) | (1.8) |
| Net environmental provision | \$34.8 | \$4.2 | \$56.9 | \$12.7 |

(1) See above roll forward of our total environmental reserves as presented on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(2) Represents certain environmental recoveries.

A more complete description of our environmental contingencies and the nature of our potential obligations are included in Notes 1 and 10 to our consolidated financial statements in our 2013 Form 10-K. The following represents significant updates that occurred in 2014 related to these contingencies.

Pocatello Tribal Litigation

Following a trial on certain jurisdictional issues which occurred during April 2014, the Shoshone-Bannock Tribal Appellate Court issued a Statement of Decision finding in favor of the Tribes' jurisdiction over FMC and awarding costs on appeal to the Tribes. The Tribal Appellate Court conducted further post-trial proceedings and on May 6, 2014 issued Finding and Conclusions and a Final Judgment consistent with its earlier Statement of Decision.

The finding by the Shoshone-Bannock Tribal Appellate Court in May 2014 does not impact our reserves for the period ended September 30, 2014. Having now exhausted the Tribal administrative and judicial process, we intend to file an action in the United States District Court seeking declaratory and injunctive relief on the grounds that the Tribes lacked jurisdiction over us.

We have estimated a reasonably possible loss for this matter and it has been reflected in our total reasonably possible loss estimate previously discussed within this note.

Middleport

In 2013 we received from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation ("NYSDEC"), the Final Statement of Basis ("FSOB"). The FSOB includes the same Corrective Action Management Alternative ("CMA") as the Preliminary Statement of Basis, which we continue to believe is overly conservative and is not consistent with the 1991 Administrative Order on Consent ("AOC"), which governs the remedy selection.

In order to negotiate with the NYSDEC with respect to the FSOB, we entered into a tolling agreement with the NYSDEC. The tolling agreement serves as a “standstill” agreement to the FSOB so that time spent negotiating with the NYSDEC does not go against the statute of limitations under the FSOB. The tolling agreement expired on April 30, 2014. We were not able to reach an agreement with the NYSDEC; thus, on May 1, 2014, we submitted a Notice of Dispute to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”) seeking review of the remedy chosen by the NYSDEC. On May 30, 2014, 30 days after the tolling period expired, we filed an action in the Supreme Court of New York formally challenging the NYSDEC’s FSOB. In that lawsuit, we are contending

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

that NYSDEC breached the 1991 AOC by not following the procedures set forth in the AOC for remedy selection. On June 3, 2014, we received a letter from EPA (dated May 22, 2014) declining to review the Notice of Dispute. On June 20, 2014, we filed an action in the United States District Court for the Western District of New York seeking a declaratory judgment that the EPA is obligated under the 1991 AOC to hear the dispute.

The amount of the reserve for this site is \$39.8 million at September 30, 2014 and \$41.7 million at December 31, 2013. Our reserve continues to include the estimated liability for clean-up to reflect the costs associated with our recommended CMA. Our estimated reasonably possible environmental loss contingencies exposure reflects the additional cost of the CMA proposed in the FSOB.

Note 13: Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share (“EPS”) is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period on a basic and diluted basis.

Our potentially dilutive securities include potential common shares related to our stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units. Diluted earnings per share (“Diluted EPS”) considers the impact of potentially dilutive securities except in periods in which there is a loss because the inclusion of the potential common shares would have an antidilutive effect. Diluted EPS excludes the impact of potential common shares related to our stock options in periods in which the option exercise price is greater than the average market price of our common stock for the period. There were 267,000 and 371,000 potential common shares excluded from Diluted EPS for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. There were no potential common shares excluded from Diluted EPS for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Our non-vested restricted stock awards contain rights to receive non-forfeitable dividends, and thus, are participating securities requiring the two-class method of computing EPS. The two-class method determines EPS by dividing the sum of distributed earnings to common stockholders and undistributed earnings allocated to common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. In calculating the two-class method, undistributed earnings are allocated to both common shares and participating securities based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Earnings applicable to common stock and common stock shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

| (in Millions, Except Share and Per Share Data) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Earnings (loss) attributable to FMC stockholders: | | | | |
| Continuing operations, net of income taxes | \$76.8 | \$74.5 | \$314.2 | \$325.1 |
| Discontinued operations, net of income taxes | (20.5) | (56.6) | (83.2) | (58.3) |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$56.3 | \$17.9 | \$231.0 | \$266.8 |
| Less: Distributed and undistributed earnings allocable to restricted award holders | (0.2) | (0.2) | (0.6) | (1.1) |
| Net income allocable to common stockholders | \$56.1 | \$17.7 | \$230.4 | \$265.7 |
| Basic earnings (loss) per common share attributable to FMC stockholders: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$0.57 | \$0.55 | \$2.35 | \$2.39 |
| Discontinued operations | (0.15) | (0.42) | (0.62) | (0.43) |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$0.42 | \$0.13 | \$1.73 | \$1.96 |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per common share attributable to FMC stockholders: | | | | |
| Continuing operations | \$0.57 | \$0.55 | \$2.34 | \$2.38 |
| Discontinued operations | (0.15) | (0.42) | (0.62) | (0.43) |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$0.42 | \$0.13 | \$1.72 | \$1.95 |
| Shares (in thousands): | | | | |
| Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding - Basic | 133,409 | 134,146 | 133,288 | 135,779 |
| Weighted average additional shares assuming conversion of potential common shares | 936 | 816 | 997 | 921 |
| Shares – diluted basis | 134,345 | 134,962 | 134,285 | 136,700 |

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 14: Equity

Refer to the table below for a reconciliation of equity, equity attributable to the parent, and equity attributable to noncontrolling interest:

| (in Millions, Except Per Share Data) | FMC Stockholders' Equity | Noncontrolling Interest | Total Equity |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$1,519.8 | \$ 52.3 | \$1,572.1 |
| Net income | 231.0 | 12.8 | 243.8 |
| Stock compensation plans | 18.9 | — | 18.9 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | 4.4 | — | 4.4 |
| Shares for benefit plan trust | 0.9 | — | 0.9 |
| Net pension and other benefit actuarial gains/(losses) and prior service costs, net of income tax ⁽¹⁾ | 18.1 | — | 18.1 |
| Net hedging gains/(losses) and other, net of income tax ⁽¹⁾ | 7.2 | — | 7.2 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments ⁽¹⁾ | 12.7 | (1.0) | 11.7 |
| Dividends (\$0.45 per share) | (60.0) | — | (60.0) |
| Repurchases of common stock | (4.3) | — | (4.3) |
| Net distributions and other activities with noncontrolling interests | (25.5) | (3.0) | (28.5) |
| Balance at September 30, 2014 | \$1,723.2 | \$ 61.1 | \$1,784.3 |

(1)See condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Dividends and Share Repurchases

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we paid \$58.1 million and \$55.6 million, respectively, in dividends declared in previous periods. On October 16, 2014, we paid dividends totaling \$20.1 million to our shareholders of record as of September 30, 2014. This amount is included in “Accrued and other liabilities” on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2014.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we did not repurchase any shares under the publicly announced repurchase program. At September 30, 2014, \$250.0 million remained unused under our Board-authorized repurchase program. This repurchase program does not include a specific timetable or price targets and may be suspended or terminated at any time. Shares may be purchased through open market or privately negotiated transactions at the discretion of management based on its evaluation of market conditions and other factors. We also reacquire shares from time to time from employees in connection with the vesting, exercise and forfeiture of awards under our equity compensation plans.

Subsequent events:

Noncontrolling interest purchase

In October 2014 we purchased the remaining 6.25 percent ownership interest from the last remaining non-controlling interest holder in a legal entity within our FMC Alkali Chemicals division, which increased our ownership from 93.75 percent to 100 percent. In the nine months ended September 30, 2014, \$21.4 million was paid to the minority shareholder which is classified as financing within our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow. An additional \$77.1 million was paid in October 2014.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 15: Reclassifications of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The table below provides details about the reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and the affected line items in the condensed consolidated statements of income for each of the periods presented.

| Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components (in Millions) | Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ⁽¹⁾ | | | | Affected Line Item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income |
|--|---|----------|--------------------------------|----------|---|
| | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments: | | | | | |
| Divestiture of FMC Peroxygens ⁽³⁾ | \$— | \$— | \$(49.6) | \$— | Discontinued operations, net of income taxes |
| Derivative instruments: | | | | | |
| Foreign currency contracts | \$(0.2) | \$0.3 | \$(3.5) | \$0.7 | Costs of sales and services |
| Energy contracts | (0.2) | (0.4) | 1.3 | (0.2) | Costs of sales and services |
| Foreign currency contracts | 0.9 | (1.5) | (0.5) | 1.1 | Selling, general and administrative expenses |
| Other contracts | — | — | — | (0.1) | Interest expense, net |
| Total before tax | \$0.5 | \$(1.6) | \$(2.7) | \$1.5 | |
| | (0.2) | 0.4 | 0.8 | (0.6) | Provision for income taxes |
| Amount included in net income | \$0.3 | \$(1.2) | \$(1.9) | \$0.9 | |
| Pension and other postretirement benefits ⁽²⁾ : | | | | | |
| Amortization of prior service costs | \$(0.4) | \$(0.5) | \$(1.3) | \$(1.5) | Selling, general and administrative expenses |
| Amortization of unrecognized net actuarial and other gains (losses) | (7.3) | (2.7) | (22.4) | (36.2) | Selling, general and administrative expenses |
| Recognized loss due to settlement | (0.5) | (7.1) | (4.1) | (7.1) | Selling, general and administrative expenses |
| Total before tax | \$(8.2) | \$(10.3) | \$(27.8) | \$(44.8) | |
| | 3.0 | 4.1 | 9.9 | 17.1 | Provision for income taxes |
| Amount included in net income | \$(5.2) | \$(6.2) | \$(17.9) | \$(27.7) | |
| Total reclassifications for the period | \$(4.9) | \$(7.4) | \$(19.8) | \$(26.8) | Amount included in net income |

(1) Amounts in parentheses indicate charges to the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Pension and other postretirement benefits amounts include the impact from both continuing and discontinued operations. For detail on the continuing operations components of pension and other postretirement benefits, see Note 16 within these condensed consolidated financial statements.

(3) The reclassification of historical cumulative translation adjustments was the result of the divestiture of our FMC Peroxygens business. The loss recognized from this reclassification is considered permanent for tax purposes and

therefore no tax has been provided. See Note 11 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information. In accordance with accounting guidance, this amount was previously factored into the lower of cost or fair value test associated with the 2013 Peroxygens' asset held for sale write-down charges.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 16: Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits

The following table summarizes the components of continuing net annual benefit cost (income):

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|----------------|----------|--------------------------------|---------|----------------|----------|
| | Pensions | | Other Benefits | | Pensions | | Other Benefits | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Components of net annual benefit cost (income): | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$3.2 | \$5.8 | \$0.1 | \$— | \$13.0 | \$16.6 | \$0.1 | \$— |
| Interest cost | 15.7 | 14.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 46.7 | 42.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (21.6) | (19.1) | — | — | (64.8) | (57.5) | — | — |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) | 0.4 | 0.6 | — | — | 1.3 | 1.7 | — | — |
| Recognized net actuarial and other (gain) loss | 7.1 | 3.8 | (0.4) | (0.6) | 22.8 | 38.8 | (1.2) | (1.5) |
| Recognized loss due to settlement ⁽¹⁾ | 0.5 | 7.1 | — | — | 4.1 | 7.1 | — | — |
| Net periodic benefit cost from continuing operations | \$5.3 | \$12.5 | \$(0.1) | \$(0.4) | \$23.1 | \$49.0 | \$(0.3) | \$(0.7) |

(1) Settlement charge is associated with the acceleration of previously deferred pension actuarial losses and was triggered by a lump-sum payout to certain former executives.

In order to reduce future funding volatility in our U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plan (U.S. Plan), we have made voluntary contributions through September 30, 2014 and 2013 of \$50.0 million and \$40.0 million, respectively. We do not expect to make any further voluntary cash contributions to our U.S. defined benefit pension plan during 2014.

Note 17: Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes was \$7.4 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 8.4 percent compared to a provision of \$32.0 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 29.5 percent for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The primary drivers for the decreased effective tax rate in 2014 compared to 2013 are provided in the tables below. Excluding the items listed below the effective rate is 22.3 percent compared to 23.0 percent for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The fluctuation in the effective tax rate, excluding the items listed below between current year and prior year is primarily the result of the change in the mix of domestic income compared to income earned outside of the U.S. Earnings from our domestic operations are generally taxed at a higher tax rate than that of our foreign operations.

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 2014 | | | 2013 | | |
| | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact |
| Select discrete tax items: | | | | | | |
| Business separation costs ⁽¹⁾ | \$(6.8) | \$(2.5) | | \$— | \$— | |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges ⁽²⁾ | (37.5) | (11.8) | | (6.7) | (1.9) | |
| Tax only discrete items ⁽³⁾ | | (7.8) | | | 7.4 | |
| Total tax benefit of items above | \$(44.3) | \$(22.1) | 13.9 % | \$(6.7) | \$5.5 | (6.5)% |

(1) Charges associated with the previously planned separation of FMC; see Note 20 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information.

(2)

Charges associated with the planned acquisition of Cheminova and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division; see Note 20 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information.

Represents the tax effect of currency remeasurement associated with our foreign operations that in accordance with GAAP income tax accounting guidance shall be treated discretely for tax purposes. Amounts also include revisions (3) to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters. The tax charges in 2013 were associated with the sale of our discontinued FMC Peroxygens business as well as revisions to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Provision for income taxes was \$88.2 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 21.2 percent compared to a provision of \$113.1 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 25.3 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The primary drivers for the decreased effective tax rate in 2014 compared to 2013 are provided in the tables below. Excluding the items listed below the effective rate is 24.3 percent compared to 23.3 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The fluctuation in the effective tax rate, excluding the items listed below between current year and prior year is consistent with the three months discussion above.

| (in Millions) | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 2014 | | | 2013 | | |
| | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact |
| Select discrete tax items: | | | | | | |
| Business separation costs ⁽¹⁾ | \$(23.6) | \$(8.7) |) | \$— | \$— |) |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges ⁽²⁾ | (41.7) | (12.9) |) | (6.7) | (1.9) |) |
| Tax only discrete items ⁽³⁾ | | (6.8) |) | | 9.1 |) |
| Total tax benefit of items above | \$(65.3) | \$(28.4) | 3.1 | % \$(6.7) | %)\$7.2 | (2.0) |

(1) Charges associated with the previously planned separation of FMC; see Note 20 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information.

(2) Charges associated with the planned acquisition of Cheminova and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division; see Note 20 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more information.

Represents the tax effect of currency remeasurement associated with our foreign operations that in accordance with GAAP income tax accounting guidance shall be treated discretely for tax purposes. Amounts also include revisions (3) to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters. The tax charges in 2013 were associated with the sale of our discontinued FMC Peroxygens business as well as revisions to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters.

Note 18: Financial Instruments, Risk Management and Fair Value Measurements

Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other current assets, certain receivables classified as other long-term assets, accounts payable, and amounts included in investments and accruals meeting the definition of financial instruments. The carrying value of these financial instruments approximates their fair value.

Our other financial instruments include the following:

| Financial Instrument | Valuation Method |
|--|---|
| Foreign exchange forward contracts | Estimated amounts that would be received or paid to terminate the contracts at the reporting date based on current market prices for applicable currencies. |
| Commodity forward and option contracts | Estimated amounts that would be received or paid to terminate the contracts at the reporting date based on quoted market prices for applicable commodities. |

Debt Our estimates and information obtained from independent third parties using market data, such as bid/ask spreads for the last business day of the reporting period.

The estimated fair value of the financial instruments in the above table have been determined using standard pricing models which take into account the present value of expected future cash flows discounted to the balance sheet date. These standard pricing models utilize inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data such as interest rate yield curves and currency and commodity spot and forward rates. In addition, we test a subset of our valuations against valuations received from the transaction's counterparty to validate the accuracy of our standard pricing models. Accordingly, the estimates presented may not be indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a market exchange at settlement date and do not represent potential gains or losses on these agreements. The estimated fair values of foreign exchange forward contracts and commodity forward and option contracts are included in the tables within this Note. The estimated fair value of debt is \$1,830.7 million and \$1,895.8 million and the carrying amount is \$1,732.3 million and \$1,851.9 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

We enter into various financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk as part of the normal course of business. These off-balance-sheet instruments include financial guarantees and contractual commitments to extend financial guarantees under letters of credit, and other assistance to customers (Note 19). Decisions to extend financial guarantees to customers, and the amount of collateral required under these guarantees is based on our evaluation of creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Use of Derivative Financial Instruments to Manage Risk

We mitigate certain financial exposures, including currency risk, commodity purchase exposures and interest rate risk, through a program of risk management that includes the use of derivative financial instruments. A detailed description of these risks including a discussion on the concentration of credit risk is provided in Note 18 to our consolidated financial statements on our 2013 Form 10-K.

We formally document all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. This process includes relating derivatives that are designated as fair value or cash flow hedges to specific assets and liabilities on the balance sheet or to specific firm commitments or forecasted transactions. We also assess both, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, whether each derivative is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item. If we determine that a derivative is not highly effective as a hedge, or if a derivative ceases to be a highly effective hedge, we discontinue hedge accounting with respect to that derivative prospectively.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Cash Flow Hedges

We recognize all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. On the date the derivative instrument is entered into, we generally designate the derivative as a hedge of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a forecasted transaction (cash flow hedge). We record in AOCI changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and meet all the required criteria for a cash flow hedge. We then reclassify these amounts into earnings as the underlying hedged item affects earnings. In contrast, we immediately record in earnings changes in the fair value of derivatives that are not designated as cash flow hedges.

As of September 30, 2014, we had open foreign currency forward contracts in AOCI in a net after tax gain position of \$2.7 million designated as cash flow hedges of underlying forecasted sales and purchases. Current open contracts hedge forecasted transactions until December 31, 2015. At September 30, 2014, we had open forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges with various expiration dates to buy, sell or exchange foreign currencies with a U.S. dollar equivalent of approximately \$496.2 million.

As of September 30, 2014, we had current open commodity contracts in AOCI in a net after tax gain position of \$0.4 million designated as cash flow hedges of underlying forecasted purchases, primarily related to natural gas. Current open commodity contracts hedge forecasted transactions until December 31, 2015. At September 30, 2014, we had an equivalent of 6.2 million mmBTUs (millions of British Thermal Units) in aggregate notional volume of outstanding natural gas commodity forward contracts to hedge forecasted purchases.

Of the \$3.1 million of net gains after-tax, representing both open foreign currency exchange contracts and commodity contracts, approximately \$3.0 million of these gains would be realized in earnings during the twelve months ending September 30, 2015 and \$0.1 million of net gains will be realized subsequent to September 30, 2015, if spot rates in the future are consistent with forward rates as of September 30, 2014. The actual effect on earnings will be dependent on the actual spot rates when the forecasted transactions occur. We recognize derivative gains and losses in the "Costs of sales and services" line in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Derivatives Not Designated As Hedging Instruments

We hold certain forward contracts that have not been designated as cash flow hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Contracts used to hedge the exposure to foreign currency fluctuations associated with certain monetary assets and liabilities are not designated as cash flow hedging instruments, and changes in the fair value of these items are recorded in earnings. We occasionally hold call options that are effective as economic hedges of a portion of our natural gas exposure and the change in fair value of this instrument is also recorded in earnings. We periodically hold soybean barter contracts which qualify as derivatives and we have entered into offsetting commodity contracts to hedge our exposure. Both the change in fair value of the soybean barter contracts and the offsetting commodity contracts are recorded in earnings.

We had open forward contracts not designated as cash flow hedging instruments for accounting purposes with various expiration dates to buy, sell or exchange foreign currencies with a U.S. dollar equivalent of approximately \$2,609.7 million at September 30, 2014. We held an immaterial amount of bushels, in aggregate notional volume of outstanding soybean contracts, to hedge outstanding barter contracts at September 30, 2014.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments

The following tables provide the gross fair value and net balance sheet presentation of our derivative instruments.

| September 30, 2014 | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|-------------|
| Gross Amount of Derivatives | | | | | |
| (in Millions) | Designated as Cash Flow Hedges | Not Designated as Hedging Instruments | Total Gross Amounts | Gross Amounts Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (3) | Net Amounts |
| Derivatives | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$ 13.2 | \$ 20.0 | \$ 33.2 | \$(4.0) | \$ 29.2 |
| Energy contracts | 1.8 | — | 1.8 | (0.4) | 1.4 |
| Total derivative assets ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 15.0 | \$ 20.0 | \$ 35.0 | \$(4.4) | \$ 30.6 |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$(8.8) | \$(21.3) | \$(30.1) | \$ 4.0 | \$(26.1) |
| Energy contracts | (1.2) | — | (1.2) | 0.4 | (0.8) |
| Total derivative liabilities ⁽²⁾ | \$(10.0) | \$(21.3) | \$(31.3) | \$ 4.4 | \$(26.9) |
| Net derivative assets/(liabilities) | \$ 5.0 | \$(1.3) | \$ 3.7 | \$— | \$ 3.7 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | | |
| Gross Amount of Derivatives | | | | | |
| (in Millions) | Designated as Cash Flow Hedges | Not Designated as Hedging Instruments | Total Gross Amounts | Gross Amounts Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (3) | Net Amounts |
| Derivatives | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$ 6.3 | \$ 5.5 | \$ 11.8 | \$(6.7) | \$ 5.1 |
| Energy contracts | 0.7 | — | 0.7 | (0.2) | 0.5 |
| Total derivative assets ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 7.0 | \$ 5.5 | \$ 12.5 | \$(6.9) | \$ 5.6 |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$(17.7) | \$(0.6) | \$(18.3) | \$ 6.7 | \$(11.6) |
| Energy contracts | (0.6) | — | (0.6) | 0.2 | (0.4) |
| Total derivative liabilities ⁽²⁾ | \$(18.3) | \$(0.6) | \$(18.9) | \$ 6.9 | \$(12.0) |
| Net derivative assets/(liabilities) | \$(11.3) | \$ 4.9 | \$(6.4) | \$— | \$(6.4) |

(1) Net balance is included in "Prepaid and other current assets" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(2) Net balance is included in "Accrued and other liabilities" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(3) Represents net derivatives positions subject to master netting arrangements.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

The tables below summarize the gains or losses related to our cash flow hedges and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments.

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------|
| | Contracts | | | | | | | |
| | Foreign Exchange | | Energy | | Other | | Total | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Unrealized hedging gains (losses) and other, net of tax | \$1.0 | \$(0.9) | \$(0.2) | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$0.8 | \$(0.9) |
| Reclassification of deferred hedging (gains) losses, net of tax ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| Effective portion | (0.4) | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.3 | — | 0.2 | (0.3) | 1.2 |
| Total derivative instrument impact on comprehensive income | \$0.6 | \$(0.2) | \$(0.1) | \$0.3 | \$— | \$0.2 | \$0.5 | \$0.3 |
| | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | | | | | |
| | Contracts | | | | | | | |
| | Foreign Exchange | | Energy | | Other | | Total | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Unrealized hedging gains (losses) and other, net of tax | \$4.1 | \$(4.1) | \$1.2 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$5.3 | \$(4.1) |
| Reclassification of deferred hedging (gains) losses, net of tax ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| Effective portion | 2.8 | (1.2) | (0.9) | 0.2 | — | 0.1 | 1.9 | (0.9) |
| Total derivative instrument impact on comprehensive income | \$6.9 | \$(5.3) | \$0.3 | \$0.2 | \$— | \$0.1 | \$7.2 | \$(5.0) |

(1) See Note 15 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for classification of amounts within the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

| (in Millions) | Location of Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Hedged Items | Amount of Pre-tax Gain or (Loss) Recognized in Income on Hedged Items ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
| | | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Foreign exchange contracts | Cost of sales and services | \$(7.6) | \$8.8 | \$(6.3) | \$6.3 |

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| | | | |
|-------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Selling, general & administrative ⁽²⁾ | (21.2) — | (21.2) — |
| Total | | \$(28.8) \$8.8 | \$(27.5) \$6.3 |

(1) Amounts in the columns represent the gain or loss on the derivative instrument offset by the gain or loss on the hedged item.

(2) Charges represent an unrealized loss on hedging the purchase price of the planned Cheminova acquisition. See Note 3 within these condensed consolidated financial statements more information.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Fair-Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers or sellers in the principle or most advantageous market for the asset or liability that are independent of the reporting entity, knowledgeable and able and willing to transact for the asset or liability.

Fair-Value Hierarchy

We have categorized our assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair-value hierarchy. The fair-value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the assets and liabilities fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair-value measurement of the instrument.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following tables present our fair-value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair-value on a recurring basis in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the periods presented there were no transfers between fair-value hierarchy levels.

| (in Millions) | September 30, 2014 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|---|-----------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets | | | | |
| Derivatives – Commodities ⁽¹⁾ : | | | | |
| Energy contracts | \$1.4 | \$— | \$1.4 | \$— |
| Derivatives – Foreign exchange ⁽¹⁾ | 29.2 | — | 29.2 | — |
| Other ⁽²⁾ | 30.3 | 30.3 | — | — |
| Total assets | \$60.9 | \$30.3 | \$30.6 | \$— |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Derivatives – Commodities ⁽¹⁾ : | | | | |
| Energy contracts | \$0.8 | \$— | \$0.8 | \$— |
| Derivatives – Foreign exchange ⁽¹⁾ | 26.1 | — | 26.1 | — |
| Other ⁽³⁾ | 33.2 | 32.5 | 0.7 | — |
| Total liabilities | \$60.1 | \$32.5 | \$27.6 | \$— |

(1) See the Fair Value of Derivative Instruments table within this Note for classifications on our condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Consists of a deferred compensation arrangement, through which we hold various investment securities, (2) recognized on our balance sheet. Both the asset and liability are recorded at fair value. Asset amounts included in “Other assets” in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(3) Consists of a deferred compensation arrangement recognized on our balance sheet. Both the asset and liability are recorded at fair value. Liability amounts due are included in “Other long-term liabilities” in the condensed

consolidated balance sheets. Level 2 liabilities represent liability-based awards associated with non-employees.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

| (in Millions) | December 31, 2013 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|---|----------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets | | | | |
| Derivatives – Commodities ⁽¹⁾ : | | | | |
| Energy contracts | \$0.5 | \$— | \$0.5 | \$— |
| Derivatives – Foreign exchange ⁽¹⁾ | 5.1 | — | 5.1 | — |
| Other ⁽²⁾ | 32.7 | 32.7 | — | — |
| Total assets | \$38.3 | \$32.7 | \$5.6 | \$— |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Derivatives – Commodities ⁽¹⁾ : | | | | |
| Energy contracts | \$0.4 | \$— | \$0.4 | \$— |
| Derivatives – Foreign exchange ⁽¹⁾ | 11.6 | — | 11.6 | — |
| Other ⁽³⁾ | 37.4 | 37.4 | — | — |
| Total liabilities | \$49.4 | \$37.4 | \$12.0 | \$— |

(1) See the Fair Value of Derivative Instruments table within this Note for classification on our condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Consists of a deferred compensation arrangement, through which we hold various investment securities, (2) recognized on our balance sheet. Both the asset and liability are recorded at fair value. Asset amounts included in “Other assets” in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Consist of a deferred compensation arrangement recognized on our balance sheet. Both the asset and liability are (3) recorded at fair value. Liability amounts included in “Other long-term liabilities” in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

There were no nonrecurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2014.

The following table presents our fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2013.

| (in Millions) | December 31, 2013 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Total Gains (Losses) (Year Ended December 31, 2013) |
|--|----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Net assets of discontinued operations held for sale ⁽¹⁾ | \$150.1 | \$— | \$— | \$150.1 | \$(156.7) |
| Long-lived assets associated with exit activities ⁽²⁾ | 2.6 | — | — | 2.6 | (1.9) |

| | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|------------|
| Total assets | \$152.7 | \$— | \$— | \$152.7 | \$(158.6) |
|--------------|---------|-----|-----|---------|------------|

We assessed the carrying value of the net assets held for sale of our discontinued FMC Peroxygens segment at December 31, 2013. This charge was recorded in "Discontinued operations, net of income taxes" for the year ended (1) December 31, 2013. Our evaluation of fair value, less cost to sell was based on the signed definitive agreement with One Equity Partners.

(2) We recorded charges, within our FMC Minerals segment, to write down the value of certain long-lived assets to their fair value related to our Lithium restructuring.

Note 19: Guarantees, Commitments, and Contingencies

We continue to monitor the conditions that are subject to guarantees and indemnifications to identify whether a liability must be recognized in our financial statements.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Guarantees and Other Commitments

The following table provides the estimated undiscounted amount of potential future payments for each major group of guarantees at September 30, 2014. These guarantees arise during the ordinary course of business from relationships with customers and nonconsolidated affiliates. Non-performance by the guaranteed party triggers the obligation requiring us to make payments to the beneficiary of the guarantee. Based on our experience these types guarantees have not had a material effect on our consolidated financial position or on our liquidity. Our expectation is that future payment or performance related to the non-performance of others is considered unlikely.

(in Millions)

Guarantees:

| | |
|---|---------|
| Guarantees of vendor financing ⁽¹⁾ | \$53.3 |
| Debt guarantees ⁽²⁾ | 66.5 |
| Total | \$119.8 |

Represents guarantees to financial institutions on behalf of certain FMC Agricultural Solutions customers for their (1)seasonal borrowing. This amount is recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as “Guarantees of vendor financing.”

These guarantees represent support provided to third-party banks for credit extended to various FMC Agricultural Solutions customers. The liability for the guarantees is recorded at an amount that approximates fair-value (i.e. (2)representing the stand-ready obligation) based on our historical collection experience and a current assessment of credit exposure. We believe the fair-value of these guarantees are immaterial. The majority of these guarantees have an expiration date of less than one year.

Excluded from the chart above, in connection with our property and asset sales and divestitures, we have agreed to indemnify the buyer for certain liabilities, including environmental contamination and taxes that occurred prior to the date of sale or provided guarantees to third parties relating to certain contracts assumed by the buyer. Our indemnification or guarantee obligations with respect to these liabilities may be indefinite as to duration and may or may not be subject to a deductible, minimum claim amount or cap. As such, it is not possible for us to predict the likelihood that a claim will be made or to make a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential loss or range of loss. If triggered, we may be able to recover some of the indemnity payments from third parties. We have not recorded any specific liabilities for these guarantees.

Contingencies

Competition / antitrust litigation related to the discontinued FMC Peroxygens business. We are subject to actions brought by private plaintiffs relating to alleged violations of European and Canadian competition and antitrust laws, as further described below.

European competition action. Multiple European purchasers of hydrogen peroxide who claim to have been harmed as a result of alleged violations of European competition law by hydrogen peroxide producers assigned their legal claims to a single entity formed by a law firm. The single entity then filed a lawsuit in Germany in March 2009 against European producers, including our wholly-owned Spanish subsidiary, Foret. Initial defense briefs were filed in April 2010, and an initial hearing was held during the first quarter of 2011, at which time case management issues were discussed. At a subsequent hearing in October 2011, the Court indicated that it was considering seeking guidance from the European Court of Justice (“ECJ”) as to whether the German courts have jurisdiction over these claims. After submission of written comments on this issue by the parties, on March 1, 2012, the judge announced that she would refer the jurisdictional issues to the ECJ. The court issued its formal reference to the ECJ on April 29, 2013. Such a reference to the ECJ normally takes 12-18 months from the date of formal reference for completion. Since the case is in the preliminary stages and is based on a novel procedure - namely the attempt to create a cross-border “class action”

which is not a recognized proceeding under EU or German law - we are unable to develop a reasonable estimate of our potential exposure of loss at this time. We intend to vigorously defend this matter.

Canadian antitrust actions. In 2005, after public disclosures of the U.S. federal grand jury investigation into the hydrogen peroxide industry (which resulted in no charges brought against us) and the filing of various class actions in U.S. federal and state courts, which have all been settled, putative class actions against us and five other major hydrogen peroxide producers were filed in provincial courts in Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia under the laws of Canada. The other five defendants have settled these claims for a total of approximately \$20.6 million. On September 28, 2009, the Ontario Superior Court of Justice certified a class of direct and indirect purchasers of hydrogen peroxide from 1994 to 2005. Our motion for leave to

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

appeal the class certification decision was denied in June 2010. The case was largely dormant while the Canadian Supreme Court (the "Court") considered, in different litigation, whether indirect purchasers may recover overcharges in antitrust actions. In October 2013 the Court ruled that such recovery is permissible. Despite this ruling, the plaintiffs have now moved to dismiss certain downstream purchasers from the case and to reduce the class period to November 1, 1998 through December 31, 2003 - thereby eliminating six of the eleven years of the originally certified class period. The court has not yet ruled on this motion. Since the proceedings are in the preliminary stages with respect to the merits, we are unable to develop a reasonable estimate of our potential exposure of loss at this time. We intend to vigorously defend these matters.

Asbestos claims. Like hundreds of other industrial companies, we have been named as one of many defendants in asbestos-related personal injury litigation. Most of these cases allege personal injury or death resulting from exposure to asbestos in premises of FMC or to asbestos-containing components installed in machinery or equipment manufactured or sold by businesses classified as discontinued operations. We intend to continue managing these cases in accordance with our historical experience. We have established a reserve for this litigation within our discontinued operations and are unable to develop a reasonable estimate of any exposure of a loss in excess of the established reserve. Our experience has been that the overall trends in terms of the rate of filing of asbestos-related claims with respect to all potential defendants has changed over time, and that filing rates as to us in particular have varied significantly over the last several years. We are a peripheral defendant - that is, we have never manufactured asbestos or asbestos-containing components. As a result, claim filing rates against us have yet to form a predictable pattern, and we are unable to project a reasonably accurate future filing rate and thus, we are presently unable to reasonably estimate our asbestos liability with respect to claims that may be filed in the future.

Other contingent liabilities. In addition to the matters disclosed above, we have certain other contingent liabilities arising from litigation, claims, products we have sold, guarantees or warranties we have made, contracts we have entered into, indemnities we have provided, and other commitments incident to the ordinary course of business. Some of these contingencies are known - for example pending product liability litigation or claims - but are so preliminary that the merits cannot be determined, or if more advanced, are not deemed material based on current knowledge; and some are unknown - for example, claims with respect to which we have no notice or claims which may arise in the future, resulting from products we have sold, guarantees or warranties we have made, or indemnities we have provided. Therefore, we are unable to develop a reasonable estimate of our potential exposure of loss for these contingencies, either individually or in the aggregate, at this time. Based on information currently available and established reserves, we have no reason to believe that the ultimate resolution of our known contingencies, including the matters described in this Note, will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations. However, there can be no assurance that the outcome of these contingencies will be favorable, and adverse results in certain of these contingencies could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations in any one reporting period, or liquidity.

See Note 12 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for legal proceedings associated with our environmental contingencies.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

Note 20: Segment Information

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenue | | | | |
| FMC Agricultural Solutions | \$548.8 | \$530.2 | \$1,546.9 | \$1,468.0 |
| FMC Health and Nutrition | 203.1 | 190.4 | 636.4 | 572.2 |
| FMC Minerals | 264.0 | 237.8 | 762.2 | 706.8 |
| Eliminations | — | (1.0 |) — | (2.9 |
| Total | \$1,015.9 | \$957.4 | \$2,945.5 | \$2,744.1 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | | | | |
| FMC Agricultural Solutions | \$116.7 | \$114.2 | \$367.5 | \$402.2 |
| FMC Health and Nutrition | 43.7 | 41.1 | 143.7 | 129.1 |
| FMC Minerals | 39.2 | 27.7 | 118.8 | 92.1 |
| Eliminations | — | (0.1 |) — | (0.3 |
| Segment operating profit | \$199.6 | \$182.9 | 630.0 | 623.1 |
| Corporate and other | (15.3 |) (20.1 |) (52.4 |) (60.2 |
| Operating profit before the items listed below | \$184.3 | \$162.8 | \$577.6 | \$562.9 |
| Interest expense, net | (14.9 |) (9.8 |) (43.7 |) (31.4 |
| Restructuring and other (charges) income ⁽¹⁾ | (35.6 |) (32.1 |) (45.0 |) (47.3 |
| Non-operating pension and postretirement (charges) income ⁽²⁾ | (1.5 |) (5.7 |) (8.4 |) (30.0 |
| Business separation costs ⁽³⁾ | (6.8 |) — | (23.6 |) — |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges ⁽⁴⁾ | (37.5 |) (6.7 |) (41.7 |) (6.7 |
| Provision for income taxes | (7.4 |) (32.0 |) (88.2 |) (113.1 |
| Discontinued operations, net of income taxes | (20.5 |) (56.6 |) (83.2 |) (58.3 |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | \$(3.8 |) \$(2.0 |) \$(12.8 |) \$(9.3 |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$56.3 | \$17.9 | \$231.0 | \$266.8 |

See Note 8 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for details of restructuring and other charges (income). Amounts for the three months ended September 30, 2014, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$17.0 million, FMC Minerals of \$0.1 million and Corporate of \$18.5 million. Amounts for the three months ended September 30, 2013, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$30.7 million, FMC Health and Nutrition of \$0.1 million, FMC Minerals of \$0.3 million and Corporate of \$1.0 million. Amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$17.0 million, FMC Health and Nutrition of \$5.9 million, FMC Minerals of \$0.1 million and Corporate of \$22.0 million. Amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$32.6 million, FMC Health and Nutrition of \$0.8 million, FMC Minerals of \$9.6 million and Corporate of \$4.3 million.

(2) Our non-operating pension and postretirement costs are defined as those costs related to interest, expected return on plan assets, amortized actuarial gains and losses and the impacts of any plan curtailments or settlements. These costs are primarily related to changes in pension plan assets and liabilities which are tied to financial market performance and we consider these costs to be outside our operational performance. We exclude these non-operating pension and postretirement costs from our segments as we believe that removing them provides a better understanding of the underlying profitability of our businesses, provides increased transparency and clarity in the performance of our retirement plans and enhances period-over-period comparability. We continue to include the service cost and amortization of prior service cost in our operating segments noted above. We believe these elements reflect the current year operating costs to our businesses for the employment benefits provided to active

employees. These expenses are included as a component of the line item "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on our condensed consolidated statements of income.

Charges are associated with the previously planned separation of our FMC Corporation into two independent public companies. See Note 4 within these condensed consolidated financial statements for more detail on the (3) business separation costs. These charges are included within "Business separation costs" on our condensed consolidated income statement. These costs were primarily related to professional fees associated with separation activities within the finance and legal functions.

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FMC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) — (Continued)

- (4) Charges related to the expensing of the inventory fair value step-up resulting from the application of purchase accounting, legal and professional fees and gains or losses on hedging purchase price associated with the planned or completed acquisitions and costs incurred associated with the potential divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. Amounts represent the following:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|---|------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Acquisition related charges - Cheminova | | | | |
| Legal and professional fees ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 15.2 | \$— | \$ 15.2 | \$— |
| Unrealized loss/(gain) on hedging purchase price ⁽¹⁾ | 21.2 | — | 21.2 | — |
| Acquisition related charges - Epax | | | | |
| Legal and professional fees ⁽¹⁾ | — | 4.6 | — | 4.6 |
| Inventory fair value step-up amortization ⁽²⁾ | — | 2.1 | 4.2 | 2.1 |
| Divestiture related charges - FMC Alkali Chemicals division | | | | |
| Legal and professional fees ⁽¹⁾ | 1.1 | — | 1.1 | — |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges | \$37.5 | \$6.7 | \$41.7 | \$6.7 |

(1) On the condensed consolidated statements of income, these charges are included in “Selling, general and administrative expenses.”

(2) On the condensed consolidated statements of income, these charges are included in “Costs of sales and services.”

Note 21: Supplemental Information

We have various subsidiaries that conduct business within Argentina, primarily in our FMC Agricultural Solutions and FMC Minerals segments. At September 30, 2014 we had \$59.7 million (of which \$39.6 million is denominated in U.S. dollars) of outstanding receivables due from the Argentina government which primarily represent export tax and valued added tax receivables. As with all outstanding receivable balances we continually review recoverability by analyzing historical experience, current collection trends and regional business and political factors among other factors. We have further analyzed the recoverability of our outstanding receivables from the Argentina government in light of the current economic and political environment within Argentina, including the recent credit downgrades of local and federal governments and the July 31, 2014 default by the Argentina government on some of its debt obligations. Based on our analysis of the impact of economic conditions in Argentina on our receivables, at this time, we believe the outstanding receivables to be recoverable.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Item 2 of this report contains certain forward-looking statements that are based on our current views and assumptions regarding future events, future business conditions and the outlook for our company based on currently available information.

Whenever possible, we have identified these forward-looking statements by such words or phrases as "will likely result", "is confident that", "expect", "expects", "should", "could", "may", "will continue to", "believe", "believes", "anticipate", "predicts", "forecasts", "estimates", "projects", "potential", "intends" or similar expressions identifying "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including the negative of those words or phrases. Such forward-looking statements are based on our current views and assumptions regarding future events, future business conditions and the outlook for the company based on currently available information. The forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from any results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement. These statements are qualified by reference to the section "Forward-Looking Statements" in Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 10-K") and to similar disclaimers in all other reports and forms filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). We wish to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made.

We further caution that the list of risk factors in Item 1A in Part I of the 2013 10-K may not be all-inclusive, and we specifically decline to undertake any obligation to publicly revise any forward-looking statements that have been made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

APPLICATION OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of our financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We have described our accounting policies in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2013 10-K. We have reviewed these accounting policies, identifying those that we believe to be critical to the preparation and understanding of our consolidated financial statements. We have reviewed these critical accounting policies with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors. Critical accounting policies are central to our presentation of results of operations and financial condition and require management to make estimates and judgments on certain matters. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience, current conditions and other reasonable factors.

The following is a list of those accounting policies that we have deemed most critical to the presentation and understanding of our results of operations and financial condition. See the "Application of Critical Accounting Policies" section in our 2013 10-K for a detailed description of these policies and their potential effects on our results of operations and financial condition.

- Environmental obligations and related recoveries
- Impairment and valuation of long-lived assets
- Pensions and other postretirement benefits
- Income taxes

We did not adopt any changes in the current period that had a material effect on these critical accounting policies nor did we make any changes to our accounting policies that would have changed these critical accounting policies.

RECENTLY ISSUED AND ADOPTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AND REGULATORY ITEMS

See Note 2 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for a discussion of recently adopted accounting guidance and other new accounting guidance.

OVERVIEW

We are a diversified chemical company serving agricultural, consumer and industrial markets globally with innovative solutions, applications and market-leading products. We operate in three distinct business segments: FMC Agricultural Solutions, FMC Health and Nutrition and FMC Minerals. Our FMC Agricultural Solutions segment develops, markets and sells all three major classes of crop protection chemicals – insecticides, herbicides and fungicides. These products are used in agriculture to enhance crop yield and quality by controlling a broad spectrum of insects, weeds and disease, as well as in non-agricultural markets for pest control. The FMC Health and Nutrition segment focuses on food, pharmaceutical ingredients, nutraceuticals, personal care and similar markets. Our nutrition ingredients are used to enhance texture, color, structure and physical stability. The health additives are used for binding, encapsulation and disintegrant applications. Our FMC Minerals segment manufactures a wide range

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of inorganic materials, including soda ash and lithium. Soda ash is utilized in markets such as glass and detergents and lithium is utilized in energy storage, specialty polymers and pharmaceutical synthesis.

Third Quarter 2014 Highlights

The following are the more significant developments in our businesses during the three months ended September 30, 2014:

Revenue of \$1,015.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$58.5 million or six percent versus the same period last year. The increase in revenue was driven by all three of our segments. A more detailed review of revenues by segment is discussed under the section titled "Results of Operations". On a regional basis, sales in North America remained flat, sales in Asia were up eight percent, Latin America sales increased by ten percent and sales in Europe, Middle East and Africa were up five percent.

Our gross margin, excluding acquisition/divestiture related charges, increased by approximately \$17 million or approximately six percent to \$323.7 million versus the prior year's quarter. Gross margin percent remained flat at 32 percent. The increase in gross margin did not result in increased gross margin percent primarily due to unfavorable currency movements and product mix of sales in FMC Agricultural Solutions.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding non-operating pension and postretirement charges and acquisition/divestiture related charges decreased by approximately \$6.2 million or five percent to \$108.4 million. The decrease period over period is primarily due to a decrease in employees' incentive accruals in 2014.

Research and Development expenses of \$30.6 million increased approximately \$2 million or 6 percent. This increase is primarily related to spending in FMC Agricultural Solutions to fund investments in earlier stage active ingredient research, biological crop protection development projects and rapid market innovation initiatives.

Adjusted after-tax earnings from continuing operations attributable to FMC stockholders of \$127.5 million increased \$17.3 million or 16 percent primarily due to higher operating results in all three segments. See the disclosure of our Adjusted Earnings Non-GAAP financial measurement below, under the section titled "Results of Operations".

Other Highlights

On September 8, 2014, we announced that we will no longer proceed with the planned separation of FMC into two distinct public entities. At that time we announced the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division.

- Our FMC Agricultural Solutions segment entered into an exclusive license, development and supply agreement for a novel crop protection product for agricultural use in the United States.

In October 2014 we purchased the remaining 6.25 percent ownership interest from the last remaining non-controlling interest holder in a legal entity within our FMC Alkali Chemicals division, which increased our ownership from 93.75 percent to 100 percent. We paid \$21.4 million to the minority shareholder in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. An additional \$77.1 million was paid in October 2014.

Also in October 2014, we entered into a \$2.0 billion term loan facility for the purposes of funding the acquisition of Cheminova A/S and amended our \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility in conjunction with the term loan facility.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

The following presents a reconciliation of our segment operating profit to the net income attributable to FMC stockholders as seen through the eyes of our management. For management purposes, we report the operating performance of each of our business segments based on earnings before interest and income taxes excluding corporate expenses, other income (expense), net and corporate special income/(charges).

SEGMENT RESULTS RECONCILIATION

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenue | | | | |
| FMC Agricultural Solutions | \$548.8 | \$530.2 | \$1,546.9 | \$1,468.0 |
| FMC Health and Nutrition | 203.1 | 190.4 | 636.4 | 572.2 |
| FMC Minerals | 264.0 | 237.8 | 762.2 | 706.8 |
| Eliminations | — | (1.0) | — | (2.9) |
| Total | \$1,015.9 | \$957.4 | \$2,945.5 | \$2,744.1 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes | | | | |
| FMC Agricultural Solutions | \$116.7 | \$114.2 | \$367.5 | \$402.2 |
| FMC Health and Nutrition | 43.7 | 41.1 | 143.7 | 129.1 |
| FMC Minerals | 39.2 | 27.7 | 118.8 | 92.1 |
| Eliminations | — | (0.1) | — | (0.3) |
| Segment operating profit | \$199.6 | \$182.9 | \$630.0 | \$623.1 |
| Corporate and other | (15.3) | (20.1) | (52.4) | (60.2) |
| Operating profit before the items listed below | \$184.3 | \$162.8 | \$577.6 | \$562.9 |
| Interest expense, net | (14.9) | (9.8) | (43.7) | (31.4) |
| Corporate special (charges) income: | | | | |
| Restructuring and other (charges) income ⁽¹⁾ | (35.6) | (32.1) | (45.0) | (47.3) |
| Non-operating pension and postretirement charges ⁽²⁾ | (1.5) | (5.7) | (8.4) | (30.0) |
| Business separation costs ⁽³⁾ | (6.8) | — | (23.6) | — |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges ⁽⁴⁾ | (37.5) | (6.7) | (41.7) | (6.7) |
| Provision for income taxes | (7.4) | (32.0) | (88.2) | (113.1) |
| Discontinued operations, net of income taxes | (20.5) | (56.6) | (83.2) | (58.3) |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | (3.8) | (2.0) | (12.8) | (9.3) |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders | \$56.3 | \$17.9 | \$231.0 | \$266.8 |

See Note 8 within our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for details of restructuring and other charges (income). Amounts for the three months ended September 30, 2014, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$17.0 million, FMC Minerals of \$0.1 million and Corporate of \$18.5 million. Amounts for the three months ended September 30, 2013, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$30.7 million, FMC Health and Nutrition of \$0.1 million, FMC Minerals of \$0.3 million and Corporate of \$1.0 million. Amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$17.0 million, FMC Health and Nutrition of \$5.9 million, FMC Minerals of \$0.1 million and Corporate of \$22.0 million. Amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, relate to FMC Agricultural Solutions of \$32.6 million, FMC Health and Nutrition of \$0.8 million, FMC Minerals of \$9.6 million and Corporate of \$4.3 million.

(2) Our non-operating pension and postretirement costs are defined as those costs related to interest, expected return on plan assets, amortized actuarial gains and losses and the impacts of any plan curtailments or settlements. These costs are primarily related to changes in pension plan assets and liabilities which are tied to financial market performance and we consider these costs to be outside our operational performance. We exclude these

non-operating pension and postretirement costs from our segments as we believe that removing them provides a better understanding of the underlying profitability of our businesses, provides increased transparency and clarity in the performance of our retirement plans and enhances period-over-period comparability. We continue to include the service cost and amortization of prior service cost in our operating segments noted above. We believe these elements reflect the current year operating costs to our businesses for the employment benefits provided to active employees. These expenses are included as a component of the line item "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on our condensed consolidated statements of income.

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Charges are associated with the previously planned separation of our FMC Corporation into two independent public companies. See Note 4 in our condensed consolidated financial statements filed in this Form 10-Q for more (3) detail on the business separation costs. These charges are included within "Business separation costs" on our condensed consolidated income statement. These costs were primarily related to professional fees associated with separation activities within the finance and legal functions.

(4) Charges related to the expensing of the inventory fair value step-up resulting from the application of purchase accounting, legal and professional fees and gains or losses on hedging purchase price associated with the planned or completed acquisitions and costs incurred associated with the potential divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. Amounts represent the following:

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|---|------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Acquisition related charges - Cheminova A/S | | | | |
| Legal and professional fees ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 15.2 | \$— | \$ 15.2 | \$— |
| Unrealized loss/(gain) on hedging purchase price ⁽¹⁾ | 21.2 | — | 21.2 | — |
| Acquisition related charges - Epax | | | | |
| Legal and professional fees ⁽¹⁾ | — | 4.6 | — | 4.6 |
| Inventory fair value step-up amortization ⁽²⁾ | — | 2.1 | 4.2 | 2.1 |
| Divestiture related charges - FMC Alkali Chemicals division | | | | |
| Legal and professional fees ⁽¹⁾ | 1.1 | — | 1.1 | — |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges | \$37.5 | \$6.7 | \$41.7 | \$6.7 |

(1) On the condensed consolidated statements of income, these charges are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses."

(2) On the condensed consolidated statements of income, these charges are included in "Costs of sales and services." The following chart, which is provided to assist the readers of our financial statements, depicts certain after-tax charges (gains). These items are excluded by us in the measures we use to evaluate business performance and determine certain performance-based compensation. These after-tax items are discussed in detail within the "Other results of operations" section that follows. Additionally, the chart below discloses our Non-GAAP financial measure "Adjusted after-tax earnings from continuing operations attributable to FMC stockholders" reconciled from the GAAP financial measure "Net income attributable to FMC stockholders". We believe that this measure provides useful information about our operating results to investors and securities analysts. We also believe that excluding the effect of restructuring and other income and charges, non-operating pension and postretirement charges, certain tax adjustments from operating results and discontinued operations allows management and investors to compare more easily the financial performance of our underlying businesses from period to period. This measure should not be considered as a substitute for net income (loss) or other measures of performance or liquidity reported in accordance with GAAP.

ADJUSTED EARNINGS RECONCILIATION

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Net income attributable to FMC stockholders (GAAP) | \$56.3 | \$17.9 | \$231.0 | \$266.8 |
| Corporate special charges (income), pre-tax | 81.4 | 44.5 | 118.7 | 84.0 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) on Corporate special charges (income) | (28.1) | (16.2) | (41.2) | (31.1) |
| Corporate special charges (income), net of income taxes | \$53.3 | \$28.3 | \$77.5 | \$52.9 |
| Discontinued operations, net of income taxes | 20.5 | 56.6 | 83.2 | 58.3 |
| Tax expense (benefit) adjustments | (2.6) | 7.4 | (1.6) | 9.1 |
| Adjusted after-tax earnings from continuing operations | \$127.5 | \$110.2 | \$390.1 | \$387.1 |

attributable to FMC stockholders (Non-GAAP)

In the discussion below, please refer to our chart titled "Segment Results Reconciliation" within the Results of Operations section. All comparisons are between the periods unless otherwise noted.

Segment Results

For management purposes, segment operating profit is defined as segment revenue less operating expenses (segment operating expenses consist of costs of sales and services, selling, general and administrative expenses and research and development expenses). We have excluded the following items from segment operating profit: corporate staff expense, interest income and expense

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associated with corporate debt facilities and investments, income taxes, gains (or losses) on divestitures of businesses, restructuring and other charges (income), non-operating pension and postretirement charges, investment gains and losses, loss on extinguishment of debt, asset impairments, Last-in, First-out ("LIFO") inventory adjustments, acquisition related charges, and other income and expense items.

Information about how each of these items relates to our businesses at the segment level and results by segment is discussed in Note 20 of our condensed consolidated financial statements filed in this Form 10-Q and in Note 20 of our consolidated financial statements in our 2013 Form 10-K.

FMC Agricultural Solutions

| (\$ in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenue | \$548.8 | \$530.2 | \$1,546.9 | \$1,468.0 |
| Operating Profit | 116.7 | 114.2 | 367.5 | 402.2 |

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Revenue of \$548.8 million increased approximately four percent versus the prior year quarter due to higher sales in Latin America.

In Latin America, sales were \$391.2 million, up nine percent, driven by increased demand for pre-emergent herbicides in Argentina to control resistant weeds, increased fungicide and insecticide sales in Mexico into fruits and vegetable segments and higher sales of recently-introduced products in Brazilian soybeans and cotton; these sales were partially offset by continued drought conditions in Brazil that reduced demand for herbicides and insecticides into the sugarcane segment. In North America, sales were \$63.0 million, down seven percent, primarily due to weak pest pressures in the Midwestern United States. Asian sales were \$69.7 million, down seven percent, primarily related to drought conditions in India, lower sales in Thailand due to the cessation of rice crop subsidy, and other Asian countries that had reduced demand. Sales in Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) decreased 12 percent to \$24.9 million due to timing of shipments into cocoa, partially offset by strong demand for herbicides in Europe.

FMC Agricultural Solutions' operating profit of \$116.7 million increased approximately two percent compared to the prior year quarter. Higher volumes and improved product mix were partially offset by increased hedging and logistics costs. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") costs were approximately \$2 million lower, and research and development ("R&D") costs were approximately \$1 million higher than the prior-year quarter, with spending focused on technology investments.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Revenue of \$1,546.9 million increased approximately five percent versus the prior year period due to sales growth across all regions despite unfavorable weather conditions during the first half of the year in North America and the persistent drought conditions in Brazil.

Latin America sales of \$734.3 million increased five percent. North America sales of \$452.2 million increased six percent and EMEA sales of \$112.5 million increased four percent. Revenue in Asia of \$247.9 million increased six percent.

FMC Agricultural Solutions' operating profit of \$367.5 million decreased approximately nine percent compared to the prior year period, reflecting unfavorable currency impacts, planned increases to SG&A as well as R&D costs and weather-related changes in product mix. SG&A costs were approximately \$10 million higher and R&D costs were approximately \$5 million higher than the prior year period with spending on marketing, sales and technology investments.

In 2014, we expect full-year segment revenue to increase mid-single digits percentage reflecting increased volumes from new and recently introduced products in nearly all markets. Full-year segment operating profit is expected to be mid-single digits percentage lower than 2013. Higher sales are expected to be offset by first half unfavorable product mix and weather conditions in North America and Brazil, foreign exchange impacts and planned investments in sales, marketing and R&D.

Certain Regulatory Issues

We intend to defend vigorously all our products in the U.S., EU and other countries as our pesticide products are reviewed in the ordinary course of regulatory programs during 2014 as part of the ongoing cycle of re-registration of our pesticide products around the world. In early 2014, the Brazilian health surveillance agency informed us that they intend to complete

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their review of carbofuran along with several other major pesticides by the end of this year, but the agency has not yet issued any required formal announcement that identifies their specific concerns or preliminary position on re-registration. We are co-operating and defending our product in this process. Under the Brazilian regulatory process, any recommendation would require public notice and comment as well as concurrence from the Brazilian environmental and agricultural ministries before any regulatory change is effective. Thus, we do not expect any material sales impact due to this Brazilian regulatory review during 2014.

FMC Health and Nutrition

| (\$ in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenue | \$203.1 | \$190.4 | \$636.4 | \$572.2 |
| Operating Profit | 43.7 | 41.1 | 143.7 | 129.1 |

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Revenue was \$203.1 million, an increase of approximately seven percent versus the prior-year quarter. The revenue increase was due to higher sales into health end markets, particularly pharmaceutical excipients, slightly offset by weaker demand for nutrition products in Asia. Favorable product mix increased revenue by four percent, higher prices contributed two percent and higher volume and favorable currency combined increased revenue by one percent. Segment operating profit of \$43.7 million increased six percent versus the prior-year quarter. Favorable product mix, price increases in nutrition products and higher volumes in health products were partially offset by increased raw material costs, particularly seaweed, and increased hedging costs.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Revenue was \$636.4 million, an increase of approximately 11 percent versus the prior year period. Revenue from higher volumes in health markets, including acquisitions completed in 2013, increased sales by approximately one and eight percent, respectively. Favorable pricing, primarily in nutrition-related products, and currency impacts increased sales by one percent each.

Segment operating profit of \$143.7 million increased 11 percent versus the prior year period driven by higher volumes in the health markets, including contributions from new omega-3 products and favorable pricing in nutrition products. These were slightly offset by increased raw material costs and higher SG&A costs. SG&A costs increased by \$1.6 million or three percent over the prior period.

In 2014, full year segment revenue is expected to increase high-single digits percentage versus 2013 primarily driven by higher volumes in texture and stability solutions, natural colors and binder lines and contributions from the omega-3 product line. Segment earnings are expected to increase high-single digits percentage over 2013 as a result of the increased demand for functional ingredients and benefits from new omega-3 sales.

FMC Minerals

| (\$ in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Revenue | \$264.0 | \$237.8 | \$762.2 | \$706.8 |
| Operating Profit | 39.2 | 27.7 | 118.8 | 92.1 |

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Revenue was \$264.0 million, an increase of approximately 11 percent versus the prior-year quarter. Alkali revenues of \$196.8 million increased nine percent. Higher pricing and freight contributed four percent revenue growth while volume gains increased revenue by an additional five percent versus the third quarter of 2013 when the mine experienced unusually high insoluble content.

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Lithium revenues of \$67.2 million increased 19 percent. Improved operations produced additional volumes and resulted in 21 percent sales growth, which was partially offset by unfavorable currency impact of two percent. Segment operating profit of \$39.2 million increased approximately 42 percent versus the prior-year quarter. Operations in both Alkali and Lithium remain very strong with production volumes at record levels. Higher volumes in both businesses along with favorable soda ash pricing drove the improved profitability. Higher energy costs in Alkali continued to be offset by manufacturing cost improvements.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Revenue was \$762.2 million, an increase of approximately eight percent versus the prior-year period. Volume gains in Alkali and Lithium along with improvements in soda ash pricing contributed to the higher revenue.

Alkali revenues of \$574.6 million increased four percent compared to the period year period. Both higher average prices and volume increases contributed a two percent increase in revenue. The most notable price increases were realized in Asian export markets.

Lithium revenues of \$187.6 million increased 24 percent due to higher production volume that allowed for additional sales, particularly for energy storage applications.

Segment operating profit of \$118.8 million increased approximately 29 percent versus the prior-year period.

Operating profit was driven by higher volumes, improved pricing and lower operating costs in Alkali as well as higher volumes in Lithium. These increases were partially offset by unfavorable currency associated with Lithium's Argentine operations and higher energy costs in Alkali.

In 2014, we expect full-year segment revenue to increase mid- to high-single digits percentage driven primarily by increased volumes in both lithium and soda ash and short- and long-term contracted price increases in soda ash.

Full-year segment operating profit in 2014 is expected to increase in the low twenties percentage versus the previous year, reflecting more favorable soda ash pricing along with lithium margin improvements.

Other Results of Operations

Corporate and other

Corporate and other expenses are included as a component of the line item "Selling, general and administrative expenses" except for last-in, first-out (LIFO) related charges that are included as a component of "Cost of sales and services" on our condensed consolidated statements of income.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Corporate and other expenses of \$15.3 million in the third quarter of 2014 decreased by \$4.8 million from \$20.1 million in the same period in 2013. The decrease period over period is primarily due to a decrease of \$5.4 million in employees' incentive accruals in 2014.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Corporate and other expenses of \$52.4 million in the nine months of 2014 decreased by \$7.8 million from \$60.2 million in the same period in 2013. The decrease is period over period is primarily due to a decrease of \$6.7 million in employees' incentive accruals in 2014.

Interest expense, net

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Interest expense, net for the third quarter of 2014 was \$14.9 million as compared to the third quarter of 2013 of \$9.8 million. The increase was primarily due to higher overall long-term debt levels driven by funding requirements for the acquisition of Epax and increased working capital requirements, see chart included below.

Average Long-Term Debt

(in Millions)

| | | | |
|---|------------|---|----------|
| June 30, 2014 | \$ 1,172.6 | June 30, 2013 | \$ 784.2 |
| September 30, 2014 | 1,170.6 | September 30, 2013 | 795.0 |
| Average for the three months ended September 30, 2014 | \$ 1,171.6 | Average for the three months ended September 30, 2013 | \$ 789.6 |

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Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Interest expense, net for the nine months of 2014 was \$43.7 million as compared to the nine months of 2013 of \$31.4 million. The increase is consistent with the description provided for the three months ended September 30, 2014, see chart included below for average long-term debt.

Average Long-Term Debt

(in Millions)

| | | | |
|--|------------|--|---------|
| December 31, 2013 | \$ 1,188.8 | December 31, 2012 | \$914.5 |
| September 30, 2014 | 1,170.6 | September 30, 2013 | 795.0 |
| Average for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 | \$ 1,179.7 | Average for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 | \$854.8 |

Corporate special (charges) income

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Restructuring and other charges (income)

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | Nine Months Ended September 30 | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Restructuring charges and asset disposals | \$ 1.3 | \$0.5 | \$8.0 | \$12.2 |
| Other charges (income), net | 34.3 | 31.6 | 37.0 | 35.1 |
| Total restructuring and other charges | \$35.6 | \$32.1 | \$45.0 | \$47.3 |

Restructuring and asset disposal charges in 2014 of \$1.3 million were primarily associated with miscellaneous exit costs and severance payments. Other charges (income) net in 2014 of \$34.3 million were primarily related to corporate environmental charges and charges associated with an exclusive license, development and supply agreement for a novel crop protection product for agricultural use in the United States. The rights and technology obtained is referred to as in-process research and development and in accordance with GAAP, the amounts paid were expensed as incurred since they were acquired outside of a business combination.

Restructuring and asset disposal charges in 2013 of \$0.5 million were primarily associated with the previously announced Lithium restructuring. Other charges (income) net in 2013 of \$31.6 million were charges associated with three transactions in our Agricultural Solutions segment for the purpose of obtaining certain technology and intellectual property rights relating to new compounds still under development. The rights and technology obtained is referred to as in-process research and development and in accordance with GAAP, the amounts paid were expensed as incurred since they were acquired outside of a business combination.

The liabilities associated with the restructuring charges listed above are also included within Note 8 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q. We believe the restructuring plans implemented are on schedule and the benefits and savings either have been or will be achieved.

Non-operating pension and postretirement charges

The charge for the three months ended September 30, 2014 was \$1.5 million compared to \$5.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease was primarily the result of a settlement charge of \$7.1 million in 2013 compared to a settlement charge of \$0.5 million in 2014. The settlement charge is associated with the acceleration of previously deferred pension actuarial losses and was triggered by a lump-sum payout to certain former executives. See Note 16 within the condensed consolidated financial statements included within this Form 10-Q.

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Business separation costs

On September 8, 2014, we announced that we will no longer proceed with the planned separation of FMC into two distinct public entities. At that time we announced the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. See Note 4 within the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for more detail on the business separation costs. Costs for the three months ended September 30, 2014 were incurred through September 8, 2014. We do not expect any additional costs to be incurred.

Acquisition/divestiture related charges

Charges incurred for the three months ended September 30, 2014 are associated with the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and the divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. See Note 3 within the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for additional detail. The charges for the three months ended September 30, 2013 relate to a number of acquisitions completed in 2012 and 2013. Detailed description of the acquisition/divestiture related charges is included in Note 20 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Restructuring and other charges (income)

Restructuring and asset disposal charges in 2014 of \$8.0 million were primarily associated with the announced Health and Nutrition restructuring. Other charges (income), net in 2014 of \$37.0 million were primarily related to the items associated with the three months ended September 30, 2013, as discussed previously.

Restructuring and asset disposal charges in 2013 of \$12.2 million were primarily associated with the previously announced Lithium restructuring. Other charges (income), net in 2013 of \$35.1 million were primarily related to the items associated with the three months ended September 30, 2013, as discussed previously.

Non-operating pension and postretirement charges

The charge for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$8.4 million compared to \$30.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease was primarily the result of lower amortization of actuarial losses. The change was also a result of a settlement charge of \$7.1 million in 2013 compared to a settlement charge of \$4.1 million in 2014, as discussed previously.

Business separation costs

On September 8, 2014, we announced that we will no longer proceed with the planned separation of FMC into two distinct public entities. At that time we announced the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. See Note 4 within the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for more detail on the business separation costs. Costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were incurred through September 8, 2014. We do not expect any additional costs to be incurred.

Acquisition/divestiture related charges

A detailed description of the acquisition/divestiture related charges is included in Note 20 to the condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q.

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Provision for income taxes

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Provision for income taxes was \$7.4 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 8.4 percent compared to a provision of \$32.0 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 29.5 percent for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The primary drivers for the decreased effective tax rate in 2014 compared to 2013 are provided in the tables below. Excluding the items listed below the effective rate for is 22.3 percent compared to 23.0 percent for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The fluctuation in the effective tax rate, excluding the items listed below between current year and prior year is primarily the result of the change in the mix of domestic income compared to income earned outside of the U.S. Earnings from our domestic operations are generally taxed at a higher tax rate than that of our foreign operations.

| (in Millions) | Three Months Ended September 30 | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|
| | 2014 | | | 2013 | | | |
| | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact | |
| Select discrete tax items: | | | | | | | |
| Business separation costs ⁽¹⁾ | \$(6.8 |)\$(2.5 |) | \$— | \$— | | |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges ⁽²⁾ | (37.5 |) (11.8 |) | (6.7 |) (1.9 |) | |
| Tax only discrete items ⁽³⁾ | — | (7.8 |) | — | 7.4 | | |
| Total tax benefit of items above | \$(44.3 |)\$(22.1 |) 13.9 | % \$(6.7 |)\$5.5 | (6.5 |)% |

(1) Charges associated with the previously planned separation of FMC see Note 20, within the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for more information.

(2) Charges associated with the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals (2) division, see Note 20 within the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for more information.

(3) Represents the tax effect of currency remeasurement associated with our foreign operations that in accordance with GAAP income tax accounting guidance shall be treated discretely for tax purposes. Amounts also include revisions to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters. The tax charges in 2013 were associated with the sale of our discontinued FMC Peroxygens business as well as revisions to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Provision for income taxes was \$88.2 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 21.2 percent compared to a provision of \$113.1 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 25.3 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The primary drivers for the decreased effective tax rate in 2014 compared to 2013 are provided in the tables below. Excluding the items listed below the effective rate is 24.3 percent compared to 23.3 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The fluctuation in the effective tax rate, excluding the items listed below between current year and prior year is consistent with the three months discussion above.

| (in Millions) | Nine Months Ended September 30 | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|
| | 2014 | | | 2013 | | | |
| | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact | Income (Expense) | Tax Provision (Benefit) | Effective Tax Rate % Impact | |
| Select discrete tax items: | | | | | | | |
| Business separation costs ⁽¹⁾ | \$(23.6 |)\$(8.7 |) | \$— | \$— | | |
| Acquisition/divestiture related charges ⁽²⁾ | (41.7 |) (12.9 |) | (6.7 |) (1.9 |) | |
| Tax only discrete items ⁽³⁾ | — | (6.8 |) | — | 9.1 | | |
| Total tax benefit of items above | \$(65.3 |)\$(28.4 |) 3.1 | % \$(6.7 |)\$7.2 | (2.0 |)% |

(1) Charges associated with the previously planned separation of FMC see Note 20, within the condensed consolidated financial statements included within this Form 10-Q for more information.

(2) Charges associated with the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division, see Note 20 within the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for more information.

(3) Represents the tax effect of currency remeasurement associated with our foreign operations that in accordance with GAAP income tax accounting guidance shall be treated discretely for tax purposes. Amounts also include revisions to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters. The tax charges in 2013 were associated with the sale of our discontinued FMC Peroxygens business as well as revisions to our tax liabilities associated with prior year tax matters.

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Discontinued operations, net of income taxes

Our discontinued operations represent our discontinued FMC Peroxygens business results as well as adjustments to retained liabilities from previous discontinued operations. The primary liabilities retained include environmental liabilities, other postretirement benefit liabilities, self-insurance, long-term obligations related to legal proceedings and historical restructuring activities. For more information on our Discontinued operations, net of income taxes, see Note 11 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Discontinued operations, net of income taxes represented a loss of \$20.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared to a loss of \$56.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The loss for 2014 was driven by provisions for environmental liabilities of \$14.3 million and legal reserves of \$3.6 million. The loss for 2013 was a result of a charge of \$65.0 million (\$50.8 million after tax) associated with FMC Peroxygens primarily to adjust the FMC Peroxygens assets held for sales downward to fair value.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Discontinued operations, net of income taxes represented a loss of \$83.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to a loss of \$58.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increased loss in 2014 was driven by provisions for environmental liabilities of \$26.6 million and legal reserves of \$11.2 million and the final divestiture charge on the sale of our FMC Peroxygens business of \$40.0 million.

Net income attributable to FMC stockholders

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Net income attributable to FMC stockholders increased to \$56.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014, from \$17.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The increase was primarily driven by increased operating profits provided by all three of our operating segments, a lower effective tax rate, and lower charges from discontinued operations. These benefits were slightly offset by increased costs incurred associated with our planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 vs. 2013

Net income attributable to FMC stockholders decreased to \$231.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, from \$266.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The decrease was driven by costs associated with our previously planned business separation, the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S, higher interest expense and loss to discontinued operations driven by the loss on the sale of our FMC Peroxygens business. Slightly offsetting these higher costs were improvements in our segment operating profits, lower effective tax rate and lower non-operating pension and postretirement charges.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, were \$124.3 million and \$123.2 million, respectively. Of the cash and cash equivalents balance at September 30, 2014, \$118.7 million were held by our foreign subsidiaries. Our intent is to reinvest permanently the earnings of our foreign subsidiaries and therefore we have not recorded taxes that would be payable if we repatriated these earnings.

At September 30, 2014, we had total debt of \$1,732.3 million as compared to \$1,851.9 million at December 31, 2013. Total debt included \$1,151.9 million and \$1,154.1 million of long-term debt (excluding current portions of \$18.7 million and \$34.7 million) at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Short-term debt, which consists primarily of borrowings under our commercial paper program, decreased from \$663.1 million at December 31, 2013 to \$561.7 million at September 30, 2014. Our commercial paper program allows us to borrow at rates generally more favorable than those available under our credit facility. We have used proceeds from the commercial paper program for general corporate purposes. At September 30, 2014, the average effective interest rate on these borrowings was 0.33%.

Term Loan Facility

On October 10, 2014, we entered into a term loan agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement"), that provides for a senior unsecured term loan facility of up to \$2 billion (the "Term Loan Facility") to consummate the acquisition of Cheminova (the "Acquisition"). The Term Loan Facility is a senior unsecured obligation that ranks equally with our other senior unsecured obligations. The proceeds of the loans to be made pursuant to the Term Loan Facility will be available in one or more drawings on the closing date of the Term Loan Facility, which will be substantially concurrent with the closing of the Acquisition. The scheduled maturity of the Term Loan Facility is on the fifth anniversary of this closing date. The proceeds will be used to finance the Acquisition as well as to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Acquisition and the other transactions contemplated by or related to the Acquisition or the Term Loan Facility.

Loans under the Term Loan Agreement will bear interest at a floating rate, which will be a base rate or a Eurocurrency rate equal to the London interbank offered rate for the relevant interest period, plus in each case an applicable margin, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Term Loan Agreement. The base rate will be the highest of: the rate of interest announced publicly by Citibank, N.A. in New York, New York from time to time as its "base rate"; the federal funds effective rate plus 1/2 of 1 percent; and the Eurocurrency rate for a one-month period plus 1 percent. We are required to pay a commitment fee on the average daily unused amount from October 10, 2014 until the date on which all commitments are terminated, payable quarterly, at a rate per annum equal to an applicable percentage in effect from time to time for commitment fees. The initial commitment fee is 0.125 percent per annum. The applicable margin and the commitment fee are subject to adjustment as provided in the Term Loan Agreement.

The Term Loan Agreement contains financial and other covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and minimum interest coverage ratio. Fees incurred to secure the Term Loan Facility have been deferred and will be amortized over the term of the arrangement.

Revolving Credit Facility

On October 10, 2014 we entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "Revolving Credit Agreement"). The unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement provides for a \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility, with an option, subject to certain conditions and limitations, to increase the aggregate amount of the revolving credit commitments to \$2.25 billion (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The current termination date of the Revolving Credit Facility is October 10, 2019.

Revolving loans under the Revolving Credit Facility will bear interest at a floating rate, which will be a base rate or a Eurocurrency rate equal to the London interbank offered rate for the relevant interest period, plus, in each case, an applicable margin, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Revolving Credit Agreement. The base rate will be the highest of: the rate of interest announced publicly by Citibank, N.A. in New York, New York from time to time as its "base rate"; the federal funds effective rate plus 1/2 of 1 percent; and the Eurocurrency rate for a one-month period plus 1 percent. We are also required to pay a facility fee on the average daily amount (whether used or unused) at a rate per annum equal to an applicable percentage in effect from time to time for the facility fee, as determined in

accordance with the provisions of the Revolving Credit Agreement. The initial facility fee is 0.125 percent per annum. The applicable margin and the facility fee are subject to adjustment as provided in the Revolving Credit Agreement. The Revolving Credit Agreement contains customary financial and other covenants, including a maximum leverage ratio and minimum interest coverage ratio. The financial covenant levels have been amended in order to permit the debt incurred under the contemplated Term Loan Facility discussed above along with certain other changes to permit the Acquisition and the planned divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division.

Fees incurred to secure the Revolving Credit Facility have been deferred and will be amortized over the term of the arrangement.

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Statement of Cash Flows

Cash provided by operating activities was \$234.6 million and \$380.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The table below presents the components of net cash provided (required) by operating activities.

| (in Millions) | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-------------------|----------|
| | September 30 | |
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Income from continuing operations before equity in (earnings) loss of affiliates, interest income and expense and income taxes | \$459.5 | \$479.4 |
| Significant non-cash expenses ⁽¹⁾ | 132.3 | 154.1 |
| Operating income before non-cash expenses (Non-GAAP) | \$591.8 | \$633.5 |
| Change in trade receivables ⁽²⁾ | (95.7 |) (93.9 |
| Change in inventories ⁽³⁾ | (78.3 |) (14.0 |
| Change in accounts payable | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| Change in accrued rebates ⁽⁴⁾ | 143.0 | 194.8 |
| Change in advance payments from customers ⁽⁵⁾ | (174.8 |) (122.1 |
| Change in all other operating assets and liabilities ⁽⁶⁾ | 59.8 | 18.7 |
| Restructuring and other spending ⁽⁷⁾ | (6.6 |) (8.8 |
| Environmental spending, continuing, net of recoveries ⁽⁸⁾ | (9.1 |) (4.3 |
| Pension and other postretirement benefit contributions ⁽⁹⁾ | (65.2 |) (63.1 |
| Cash basis operating income (Non-GAAP) | \$366.7 | \$541.4 |
| Interest payments | (43.2 |) (29.5 |
| Tax payments ⁽¹⁰⁾ | (84.5 |) (124.6 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation | (4.4 |) (6.7 |
| Cash provided (required) by operating activities | \$234.6 | \$380.6 |

(1) Represents the sum of depreciation, amortization, non-cash asset write downs, share-based compensation, and pension charges.

Overall, the increase in trade receivables in each year is primarily due to revenue increases, particularly for FMC

(2) Agricultural Solutions in Brazil where terms are significantly longer than the rest of our business, as well as due to timing of payments.

(3) The change in inventory from 2013 to 2014 resulted in a use of cash primarily due to an inventory build to fulfill projected demand in the second half of 2014 in FMC Agricultural Solutions and FMC Health and Nutrition.

These rebates are primarily associated with our FMC Agricultural Solutions segment, both in North America and (4) Brazil. The change from 2013 to 2014 is primarily associated with the mix in sales eligible for rebates and incentives in 2014 compared to 2013 as well as timing of payment of rebates.

(5) The advance payments from customers represent advances from our FMC Agricultural Solutions segment customers. The use of cash for each year presented is consistent with our sales increases year over each year.

(6) Changes in all periods presented primarily represent timing of payments associated with all other operating assets and liabilities, including guarantees issued to our vendors under our vendor finance program.

(7) See Note 8 in the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q for further details.

The amounts in this row represent environmental remediation spending at our operating sites which were recorded against pre-existing reserves, net of recoveries. Included in our results are environmental charges for environmental

(8) remediation at our operating sites of for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 of \$17.3 million and \$20.0 million, respectively and \$1.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. The amounts in 2014 will be spent in periods beyond third quarter 2014.

- (9) Amounts include voluntary contributions to our U.S. defined benefit plan of \$50.0 million and \$40.0 million, respectively for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.
- (10) The reduction in tax payments from 2013 to 2014 is due to December 31, 2013 domestic prepaid tax balance that was utilized in the first quarter of 2014, thereby reducing tax payments in 2014 compared to 2013.

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Cash required by operating activities of discontinued operations was \$32.9 million and \$31.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The increase in cash required by operating activities of discontinued operations in 2014 is due to increased spending associated with our other discontinued reserves which primarily includes retained legal obligations. This increased spending was slightly offset by reduced net spending associated with discontinued environmental remediation sites.

Cash required by investing activities of continuing operations was \$197.9 million and \$555.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The decrease in spending during the nine months ended September 30, 2014, as compared to the same period in 2013 was primarily due to the Epax acquisition that was completed in third quarter of 2013, slightly offset by higher spending on capital expenditures in 2014 compared to 2013 to support growth initiatives.

Cash provided (required) by investing activities of discontinued operations was \$198.5 million and \$(15.2) million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations in 2014 is directly associated with the sale of our FMC Peroxygens business which was completed on February 28, 2014. For more information see Note 11 in our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Cash provided (required) by financing activities was \$(199.6) million and \$253.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The change period over period in financing activities is primarily due to less short-term borrowings in 2014 compared to borrowings in 2013. In 2013, increased borrowings were approximately \$751 million compared to repayments in 2014 of \$119 million. Additionally during the nine months ended 2013 we paid approximately \$367 million in share repurchases and \$90 million to noncontrolling interests (primarily to acquire additional ownership in our FMC Alkali Chemicals division) compared to approximately \$26 million in combined payments in 2014.

Other potential liquidity needs

On September 8, 2014, we announced that we will no longer proceed with the planned separation of FMC into two distinct public entities. At that time we announced the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, \$6.8 million and \$23.6 million, respectively in expense was recognized and included within "Business separation costs" on the condensed consolidated statement of income included in this Form 10-Q. These costs were primarily related to professional fees associated with separation activities within finance and legal functions. We do not expect to incur any additional charges beyond September 8, 2014.

On September 8, 2014, we announced the planned acquisition of Cheminova A/S and divestiture of our FMC Alkali Chemicals division. Pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the purchase agreement for the acquisition of Cheminova A/S, we have agreed to acquire all of the outstanding equity of Cheminova for approximately \$1.5 billion excluding net debt of approximately \$0.3 million as of September 30, 2014. We expect to complete the acquisition in early 2015. On October 10, 2014, we entered into a term loan agreement, that provides for a senior unsecured term loan facility of up to \$2 billion to consummate the acquisition of Cheminova. We also entered into an amended and restated credit agreement. The unsecured revolving credit agreement provides for a \$1.5 billion revolving credit facility, with an option, subject to certain conditions and limitations, to increase the aggregate amount of the revolving credit commitments to \$2.25 billion. See the Liquidity and Capital Resources section above for additional information on the term loan agreement and the amended and restated revolving credit agreement.

Our cash needs for 2014, outside of the planned Cheminova acquisition, include operating cash requirements, capital expenditures, scheduled mandatory payments of long-term debt, dividend payments, share repurchases, contributions to our pension plans, environmental and asset retirement obligation spending and restructuring. We plan to meet our liquidity needs through available cash, cash generated from operations, commercial paper issuances and borrowings under our committed revolving credit facility. At September 30, 2014, our remaining borrowing capacity under our credit facility was \$867.1 million (which reflects borrowings under our commercial paper program).

Projected 2014 capital expenditures as well as expenditures related to contract manufacturers are expected to be flat to lower than 2013 levels, as increased capital expenditures in FMC Minerals will be offset by a reduction in FMC

Health and Nutrition.

Projected 2014 spending includes approximately \$20 million to \$30 million of net environmental remediation spending. The gap in the range of projected net environmental remediation spending is due to the uncertainty around the timing of recovery payments to be received from third party insurance policies or other third parties. This spending does not include expected spending of approximately \$10 million in 2014 on capital projects relating to environmental control facilities. Also, we expect to spend

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approximately \$30 million in 2014 for environmental compliance costs, which we will include as a component of costs of sales and services in our condensed consolidated statements of income since these amounts are not covered by established reserves. Capital spending to expand, maintain or replace equipment at our production facilities may trigger requirements for upgrading our environmental controls, which may increase our spending for environmental controls over the foregoing projections.

In order to reduce future funding volatility in our U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plan (U.S. Plan), we have made voluntary contributions through September 30, 2014 and 2013 of \$50.0 million and \$40.0 million, respectively. We do not expect to make any further voluntary cash contributions to our U.S. defined benefit pension plan during 2014. All contributions in 2014 and 2013 are in excess of the minimum requirements. Total voluntary contributions in 2013 were \$40 million. We do not believe that these contributions will have a material negative impact on our current and future liquidity needs. However, any volatility of interest rates or negative equity returns may require greater contributions to the U.S. Plan in the future.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we paid \$58.1 million and \$55.6 million, respectively, in dividends declared in previous periods. On October 16, 2014, we paid dividends totaling \$20.1 million to our shareholders of record as of September 30, 2014. This amount is included in "Accrued and other liabilities" on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2014.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we did not repurchase any shares under the publicly announced repurchase program. At September 30, 2014, \$250 million remained unused under our Board-authorized repurchase program. This repurchase program does not include a specific timetable or price targets and may be suspended or terminated at any time. Shares may be purchased through open market or privately negotiated transactions at the discretion of management based on its evaluation of market conditions and other factors. We also reacquire shares from time to time from employees in connection with the vesting, exercise and forfeiture of awards under our equity compensation plans.

Commitments and Contingencies

See Note 19 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q.

Contractual Commitments

Information related to our contractual commitments at December 31, 2013 can be found in a table included within Part II, Item 7 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to our contractual commitments during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Climate Change

A detailed discussion related to climate change can be found in Part II, Item 7 of our 2013 Form 10-K. There have been no material changes related to climate change from the information reported in our 2013 10-K.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

Fair-Value Measurements

See Note 18 to our condensed consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q for additional discussion surrounding our fair value measurements.

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND MARKET RISKS

Our earnings, cash flows, and financial position are exposed to market risks relating to fluctuations in commodity prices, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Our policy is to minimize exposure to our cash flow over time caused by changes in commodity, interest and currency exchange rates. To accomplish this, we have

implemented a controlled program of risk management consisting of appropriate derivative contracts entered into with major financial institutions.

The analysis below presents the sensitivity of the market value of our financial instruments to selected changes in market rates and prices. The range of changes chosen reflects our view of changes that are reasonably possible over a one-year period. Market-value estimates are based on the present value of projected future cash flows considering the market rates and prices chosen.

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At September 30, 2014, our financial instrument position was a net asset of \$3.7 million compared to a net liability of \$6.4 million at December 31, 2013. The change in the net financial instrument position was primarily due to larger unrealized losses in our commodity and foreign exchange portfolios.

Since our risk management programs are generally highly effective, the potential loss in value for each risk management portfolio described below would be largely offset by changes in the value of the underlying exposure.

Commodity Price Risk

Energy costs are diversified among coal, electricity, and natural gas. We attempt to mitigate our exposure to increasing energy costs by hedging the cost of future deliveries of natural gas and by entering into fixed-price contracts for the purchase of coal and fuel oil. To analyze the effect of changing energy prices, we have performed a sensitivity analysis in which we assume an instantaneous 10 percent change in energy market prices from their levels at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, with all other variables (including interest rates) held constant.

| (in Millions) | Net Asset / (Liability) Position | Hedged energy exposure vs. Energy market pricing | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| | | 10% Increase | 10% Decrease |
| Net asset/(liability) position at September 30, 2014 | \$0.6 | \$2.5 | \$(2.0) |
| Net asset/(liability) position at December 31, 2013 | \$0.1 | \$3.0 | \$(2.7) |

Our FMC Agricultural Solutions segment enters into contracts with certain customers in Brazil to exchange our products for future physical delivery of soybeans. To mitigate the price risk associated with these barter contracts, we enter into offsetting derivatives to hedge our exposure. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 we had no outstanding soybean derivative contracts.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

The primary currencies for which we have exchange rate exposure are the U.S. dollar versus the euro, the U.S. dollar versus the Chinese yuan and the U.S. dollar versus the Brazilian real. Foreign currency debt and foreign exchange forward contracts are used in countries where we do business, thereby reducing our net asset exposure. Foreign exchange forward contracts are also used to hedge firm and highly anticipated foreign currency cash flows.

To analyze the effects of changing foreign currency rates, we have performed a sensitivity analysis in which we assume an instantaneous 10 percent change in the foreign currency exchange rates from their levels at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, with all other variables (including interest rates) held constant.

| (in Millions) | Net Asset / (Liability) Position | Hedged currency vs. Functional currency | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | 10% Strengthening | 10% Weakening |
| Net asset/(liability) position at September 30, 2014 | \$3.1 | \$(133.4) ⁽¹⁾ | \$140.4 ⁽¹⁾ |
| Net asset/(liability) position at December 31, 2013 | \$(6.5) | \$9.1 | \$(21.0) |

⁽¹⁾ The large fluctuations in the hedged vs. functional currency analysis is driven by the derivative contracts entered into to hedge the purchase price of Cheminova A/S, which approximate a notional value of \$1.6 billion.

Interest Rate Risk

One of the strategies that we can use to manage interest rate exposure is to enter into interest rate swap agreements. In these agreements, we agree to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and variable interest amounts calculated on an agreed-upon notional principal amount. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013,

we had no interest rate swap agreements.

Our debt portfolio, at September 30, 2014, is composed of 68 percent fixed-rate debt and 32 percent variable-rate debt. The variable-rate component of our debt portfolio principally consists of borrowings under our revolving credit facility, commercial paper program, variable-rate industrial and pollution control revenue bonds, and amounts outstanding under foreign subsidiary credit lines. Changes in interest rates affect different portions of our variable-rate debt portfolio in different ways.

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Based on the variable-rate debt in our debt portfolio at September 30, 2014, a one percentage point increase in interest rates then in effect would have increased gross interest expense by \$4.2 million and a one percentage point decrease in interest rates then in effect would have decreased gross interest expense by \$1.5 million for the nine months of September 30, 2014.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information required by this item is provided in “Derivative Financial Instruments and Market Risks,” under ITEM 2 - Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. Based on management’s evaluation (with the participation of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer), the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of September 30, 2014, the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Change in Internal Controls. There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014, that materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
FMC Corporation:

We have reviewed the condensed consolidated balance sheet of FMC Corporation and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2014, the related condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. These condensed consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole.

Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of FMC Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2013, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, cash flows, and changes in equity for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 18, 2014, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2013, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ KPMG LLP
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
October 30, 2014

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For a discussion of developments in the legal proceedings disclosed in Part I, Item 3 of our 2013 Form 10-K, see Notes 12 and 19 to the condensed consolidated financial statements included within this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part 1, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of our 2013 Form 10-K. The risks described in our Form 10-K are not the only risks that we face. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we do not currently consider significant may also have an adverse effect on us. If any of the risks actually occur, our business, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition could suffer.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS
ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased (2) | Average Price Paid Per Share | Publicly Announced Program (1) | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Total Dollar Amount Purchased | Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased |
| Total Q1 2014 | 56,089 | \$73.22 | — | \$— | \$ 250,000,000 |
| Total Q2 2014 | 345 | 77.87 | — | — | 250,000,000 |
| July 1-31, 2014 | 227 | 71.19 | — | — | 250,000,000 |
| August 1-31, 2014 | 3,345 | 66.02 | — | — | 250,000,000 |
| September 1-30, 2014 | 1,016 | 62.43 | — | — | 250,000,000 |
| Total Q3 2014 | 4,588 | 65.48 | — | — | 250,000,000 |
| Total | 61,022 | \$72.66 | — | \$— | \$ 250,000,000 |

This repurchase program does not include a specific timetable or price targets and may be suspended or terminated (1) at any time. Shares may be purchased through open market or privately negotiated transactions at the discretion of management based on its evaluation of market conditions and other factors.

(2) Represents reacquired shares for employees exercises in connection with the vesting and forfeiture of awards under our equity compensation plans.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Information regarding mine safety and other regulatory actions at our mine in Green River, Wyoming is included in Exhibit 95 to this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 12 Statements of Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- 15 Awareness Letter of KPMG LLP
- 31.1 Chief Executive Officer Certification
- 31.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification

32.1 CEO Certification of Quarterly Report

32.2 CFO Certification of Quarterly Report

95 Mine Safety Disclosures

101 Interactive Data File

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FMC CORPORATION
(Registrant)

By: /S/ PAUL W. GRAVES
Paul W. Graves
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 30, 2014

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INDEX OF EXHIBITS FILED WITH THE
FORM 10-Q OF FMC CORPORATION
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit Description |
|----------------|--|
| 12 | Statements of Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges |
| 15 | Awareness Letter of KPMG LLP |
| 31.1 | Chief Executive Officer Certification |
| 31.2 | Chief Financial Officer Certification |
| 32.1 | CEO Certification of Quarterly Report |
| 32.2 | CFO Certification of Quarterly Report |
| 95 | Mine Safety Disclosures |
| 101 | Interactive Data File |
| 54 | |