Y TRUST, INC.	
ANGE COMMISSION	
	(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
	d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
01-36041	
Y TRUST, INC.	
as Specified in Its Charter)	
Maryland (State or Other Jurisdiction of	26-4567130 (I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or Organization)	Identification No.)
Two Liberty Place	
50 S. 16 th Street, Suite 3575	
	URSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 150 om to 01-36041 Y TRUST, INC. as Specified in Its Charter) Maryland (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) Two Liberty Place

Philadelphia, PA

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(267) 270-4800

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-Accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of April 26, 2018, there were 86,973,397 shares of the Registrant's common stock issued and outstanding.

INDEPENDENCE REALTY TRUST, INC.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

		As of
	As of	December
	March 31,	31,
	2018	2017
ASSETS:		
Investments in real estate:		
Investments in real estate, at cost	\$1,638,544	\$1,504,156
Accumulated depreciation	(94,001)	(84,097)
Investments in real estate, net	1,544,543	1,420,059
Cash and cash equivalents	10,399	9,985
Restricted cash	5,645	4,634
Accounts receivable and other assets	5,318	7,556
Derivative assets	10,525	7,291
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$839 and \$1,511, respectively	1,449	1,099
Total Assets	\$1,577,879	\$1,450,624
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:	. , , ,	. , , ,
Indebtedness, net of unamortized deferred financing costs of \$6,118 and \$6,198,		
respectively	\$903,286	\$778,442
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17,896	17,216
Accrued interest payable	373	249
Dividends payable	15,754	5,245
Other liabilities	3,580	3,353
Total Liabilities	940,889	804,505
Equity:	ĺ	,
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 0 and 0 shares issued and		
outstanding, respectively	_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized, 86,973,397 and		
84,708,551 shares issued and outstanding, including 351,998 and 295,847 unvested		
restricted common share awards, respectively	868	846
Additional paid-in capital	718,260	703,849
Accumulated other comprehensive income	7,890	4,626
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(97,581)	
Total stockholders' equity	629,437	624,100
Noncontrolling interests	7,553	22,019
Total Equity	636,990	646,119
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$1,577,879	\$1,450,624
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$1,5//,8/9	\$1,450,624

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 2017		
REVENUE:			
Rental income	\$40,858	\$34,737	
Tenant reimbursement income	1,607	1,461	
Other property income	3,151	2,697	
Property management and other income	139	247	
Total revenue	45,755	39,142	
EXPENSES:			
Property operating expenses	18,418	15,992	
Property management expenses	1,683	1,538	
General and administrative expenses	2,734	2,100	
Acquisition and integration expenses	-	122	
Depreciation and amortization expense	11,224	7,607	
Total expenses	34,059	27,359	
Operating income	11,696	11,783	
Interest expense	(8,340	(7,448)	
Other income (expense)	144	(5)	
Net gains (losses) on sale of assets	-	(85)	
Net income:	3,500	4,245	
(Income) loss allocated to noncontrolling interest	(88) (168)	
Net income allocable to common shares	\$3,412	\$4,077	
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$0.04	\$0.06	
Diluted	\$0.04	\$0.06	
Weighted-average shares:			
Basic	85,303,010	68,787,155	
Diluted	85,535,089	68,958,786	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands)

	For the Three
	Months Ended
	March 31,
	2018 2017
Net income	\$3,500 \$4,245
Other comprehensive income:	
Change in fair value of interest rate hedges	3,355 296
Realized (gains) losses on interest rate hedges reclassified to earnings	(174) 132
Total other comprehensive income	3,181 428
Comprehensive income before allocation to noncontrolling interests	6,681 4,673
Allocation to noncontrolling interests	(5) (182)
Comprehensive income	\$6,676 \$4,491

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share information)

		Value	Additional	Accumulat	Retained ed	Total		
	Common	Commo	orPaid In	Other Compreher	Earnings	Stockholde	ersNoncontro	llingotal
	Shares	Shares	Capital	Income	(Deficit)	Equity	Interests	Equity
Balance, January 1, 2018	84,708,551	\$ 846	\$703,849	\$ 4,626	\$(85,221)	\$624,100	\$ 22,019	\$646,119
Net income	-	-	-	-	3,412	3,412	88	3,500
Other comprehensive								
income	-	-	-	3,264	-	3,264	(83) 3,181
Stock compensation expense	194,622	1	469	_	_	470	_	470
Issuance of common	19 1,022	-	10)			170		.,,
shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Repurchase of shares related to equity award tax withholding	(41,912	. –	(345)	_		(345) -	(345)
Conversion of noncontrolling interest to common	(41,912	_	(343)	-	-	(343	, -	(343)
shares	2,112,136	21	14,287	_	-	14,308	(14,308) -
Common dividends declared	_	_	_	_	(15,772)	(15,772) -	(15,772)
Distribution to noncontrolling					(13,772)	(13,772	,	, .
interest declared	-	-	-	-	-	-	(163) (163)
Balance, March 31, 2018	86,973,397	\$ 868	\$718,260	\$ 7,890	\$(97,581)	\$ 629,437	\$ 7,553	\$636,990

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands)

	For the TI Months E March 31 2018	nded
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$3,500	\$4,245
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flow from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	11,224	7,607
Amortization of deferred financing costs	444	513
Stock compensation expense	470	481
Net (gains) losses on sale of assets	-	85
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	(53) -
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable and other assets	829	503
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(633	(1,020)
Accrued interest payable	124	49
Other liabilities	(67) (42)
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,838	12,421
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of real estate properties	(89,297)	(28,700)
Capital expenditures	(4,954	(2,359)
Cash flow used in investing activities	(94,251)	(31,059)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from unsecured credit facility and term loan	90,000	22,000
Credit facility repayments	(4,000)) -
Mortgage principal repayments	(736	(635)
Distributions on common stock	(5,245)	(12,498)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(181	(520)
Repurchase of shares related to equity award tax withholding	-	(479)
Cash flow provided by financing activities	79,838	7,868
Net change in cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash	1,425	(10,770)
Cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	14,619	26,410
Cash and cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of the period	\$16,044	\$15,640

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 1: Organization

Independence Realty Trust, Inc., or IRT, was formed on March 26, 2009 as a Maryland corporation that has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, commencing with the taxable year ended December 31, 2011. We became an internally managed REIT on December 20, 2016. Prior to that date, we were externally managed by a subsidiary of RAIT Financial Trust, or RAIT, a publicly traded Maryland REIT whose common shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "RAS" (referred to as our former advisor).

As of March 31, 2018, we own and operate 56 multifamily apartment properties, totaling 15,280 units, across non-gateway U.S markets, including Louisville, Memphis, Atlanta and Raleigh. Our investment strategy is focused on gaining scale within key amenity rich submarkets that offer good school districts, high-quality retail and major employment centers. We aim to provide stockholders with attractive risk-adjusted returns through diligent portfolio management, strong operational performance, and a consistent return through distributions and capital appreciation. We own substantially all of our assets and conduct our operations through Independence Realty Operating Partnership, LP, which we refer to as IROP, of which we are the sole general partner.

As used herein, the terms "we," "our" and "us" refer to Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and, as required by context, IROP and their subsidiaries.

NOTE 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although we believe that the included disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, or the 2017 annual report. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly our consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations and cash flows are included. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year.

b. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect our accounts and the accounts of IROP and its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Pursuant to FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 810, "Consolidation", IROP is considered a variable interest entity. As our significant asset is our investment in IROP, substantially all of our assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities of IROP.

c. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash held in banks and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. Cash, including amounts restricted, may at times exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation deposit insurance limit of \$250 per institution. We mitigate credit risk by placing cash and cash equivalents with major financial institutions. To date, we have not experienced any losses on cash and cash equivalents.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

e. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash includes escrows of our funds held by lenders to fund certain expenditures, such as real estate taxes and insurance, or to be released at our discretion upon the occurrence of certain pre-specified events. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had \$5,645 and \$4,634, respectively, of restricted cash.

f. Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Bad Debts

We make estimates of the collectability of our accounts receivable related to base rents, expense reimbursements and other revenue. We analyze accounts receivable and historical bad debt levels, tenant credit worthiness and current economic trends when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. In addition, tenants experiencing financial difficulties are analyzed and estimates are made in connection with expected uncollectible receivables. Our reported operating results are affected by management's estimate of the collectability of accounts receivable. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded bad debt expense of \$164 and \$314, respectively.

g. Investments in Real Estate

Investments in real estate are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Costs that both add value and appreciably extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Investments in real estate are classified as held for sale in the period in which certain criteria are met including when the sale of the asset is probable and actions required to complete the plan of sale indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan of sale will be made or the plan of sale will be withdrawn.

Allocation of Purchase Price of Acquired Properties

Effective January 1, 2018, FASB ASC Topic 805, "Business Combinations" was amended to clarify the definition of a business by more clearly outlining the requirements for an integrated set of assets and activities to be considered a business and by establishing a practical framework to determine when the integrated set of assets and activities is a business. Prior to January 1, 2018, the properties we acquired were generally considered businesses and were accounted for as business combinations. Subsequent to January 1, 2018, we expect the properties we acquire to generally not be considered businesses and, therefore, to be accounted for as asset acquisitions.

Under business combination accounting, the fair value of the real estate acquired is allocated to the acquired tangible assets, generally consisting of land, building and tenant improvements, and identified intangible assets and liabilities, consisting of the value of above-market and below-market leases for acquired in-place leases and the value of tenant relationships, based, in each case, on their fair values. Transaction costs and fees incurred related to the acquisition are expensed as incurred. Under asset acquisition accounting, the costs to acquire real estate, including transaction costs related to the acquisition, are accumulated and then allocated to the individual assets and liabilities acquired

based upon their relative fair value. Under both business combination and asset acquisition accounting, transaction costs and fees incurred related to the financing of an acquisition are capitalized and amortized over the life of the related financing.

We estimate the fair value of acquired tangible assets (consisting of land, building and improvements), identified intangible assets (consisting of in-place leases), and assumed debt at the date of acquisition, based on the evaluation of information and estimates available at that date.

The aggregate value of in-place leases is determined by evaluating various factors, including the terms of the leases that are in place and assumed lease-up periods. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we acquired in-place leases with a value of \$1,641, as part of related property acquisitions that are discussed further in Note 3. The value assigned to this intangible asset is amortized over the assumed lease up period, typically six months. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded \$1,291 and \$55, respectively, of amortization expense for intangible assets. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we wrote-off intangible assets of \$1,963 and \$0, respectively. As of March 31, 2018, we expect to record additional amortization expense on current intangible assets of \$1,373 for the remainder of 2018.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Management evaluates the recoverability of our investment in real estate assets, including related identifiable intangible assets, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 360, "Property, Plant and Equipment". This statement requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that recoverability of the assets is not assured.

Management reviews its long-lived assets on an ongoing basis and evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value when there is an indicator of impairment. An impairment charge is recorded when it is determined that the carrying value of the asset exceeds the fair value. The estimated cash flows used for the impairment analysis and the determination of estimated fair value are based on our plans for the respective assets and our views of market and economic conditions. The estimates consider matters such as current and historical rental rates, occupancies for the respective and/or comparable properties, and recent sales data for comparable properties. Changes in estimated future cash flows due to changes in our plans or views of market and economic conditions could result in recognition of impairment losses, which, under the applicable accounting guidance, could be substantial.

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense for real estate assets is computed using a straight-line method based on a life of 40 years for buildings and improvements and five to ten years for equipment and fixtures. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded \$9,931 and \$7,552 of depreciation expense, respectively.

h. Revenue and Expenses

Rental Income

We apply FASB ASC Topic 840, "Leases" with respect to our accounting for rental income. We primarily lease apartments units under operating leases generally with terms of one year or less. Rental payments are generally due monthly and rental revenues are recognized on an accrual basis when earned.

Tenant Reimbursement and Other Property Income

We apply FASB ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with respect to tenant reimbursement and other property income. Tenant reimbursement income represents reimbursement from tenants for utility charges, while other property income includes cable, parking, trash, late fees, application fees, and other miscellaneous property related income. The performance obligations of providing residents with these services are stipulated within the lease agreement and may be provided over time or at a point in time. The services provided over time include cable, parking, and trash services, which are generally provided over a monthly period for the term of the respective lease. The services provided at a point in time include late fees and application fees. Given the short period of time over which this revenue is then recognized and since payments with respect to tenant reimbursement and other property income are generally due monthly, no contract assets or liabilities have been recognized.

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we recognized revenues of \$42 and \$51, respectively, related to recoveries of lost rental revenue due to natural disasters and other insurable events from our insurance providers.

Advertising Expenses

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we incurred \$533 and \$426 of advertising expenses, respectively.

i. Derivative Instruments

We may use derivative financial instruments to hedge all or a portion of the interest rate risk associated with our borrowings. The principal objective of such arrangements is to minimize the risks and/or costs associated with our operating and financial structure, as well as to hedge specific anticipated transactions. While these instruments may impact our periodic cash flows, they benefit us by minimizing the risks and/or costs previously described. The counterparties to these contractual arrangements are major financial institutions with which we and our affiliates may also have other financial relationships. In the event of nonperformance by the counterparties, we are potentially exposed to credit loss. However, because of the high credit ratings of the counterparties, we do not anticipate that any of the counterparties will fail to meet their obligations.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging", we measure each derivative instrument (including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts) at fair value and record such amounts in our consolidated balance sheets as either an asset or liability. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the changes in the fair value of the effective portions of the derivative are reported in other comprehensive income and changes in the fair value of the ineffective portions of cash flow hedges, if any, are recognized in earnings. For derivatives not designated as hedges (or designated as fair value hedges), or for derivatives designated as cash flow hedges associated with debt for which we elected the fair value option under FASB ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments", the changes in fair value of the derivative instrument are recognized in earnings. Any derivatives that we designate in hedge relationships are done so at inception. At inception, we determine whether or not the derivative is highly effective in offsetting changes in the designated interest rate risk associated with the identified indebtedness using regression analysis. At each reporting period, we update our regression analysis and use the hypothetical derivative method to measure any ineffectiveness.

j. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Where available, fair value is based on observable market prices or parameters or derived from such prices or parameters. Where observable prices or inputs are not available, valuation models are applied. These valuation techniques involve management estimation and judgment, the degree of which is dependent on the price transparency for the instruments or market and the instruments' complexity for disclosure purposes. Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in our consolidated balance sheets are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their value. Hierarchical levels, as defined in FASB ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" and directly related to the amount of subjectivity associated with the inputs to fair valuations of these assets and liabilities, are as follows:

- Level 1: Valuations are based on unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date. The types of assets carried at Level 1 fair value generally are equity securities listed in active markets. As such, valuations of these investments do not entail a significant degree of judgment.
- Level 2: Valuations are based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The availability of observable inputs can vary depending on the financial asset or liability and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of investment, whether the investment is new, whether the investment is traded on an active exchange or in the secondary market, and the current market condition. To the extent

that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by us in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant who holds the asset or owes the liability rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, our own assumptions are set to reflect those that management believes market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. We use prices and inputs that management believes are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This condition could cause an instrument to be transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 or Level 2 to Level 3.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

Fair value for certain of our Level 3 financial instruments is derived using internal valuation models. These internal valuation models include discounted cash flow analyses developed by management using current interest rates, estimates of the term of the particular instrument, specific issuer information and other market data for securities without an active market. In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", the impact of our own credit spreads is also considered when measuring the fair value of financial assets or liabilities, including derivative contracts. Where appropriate, valuation adjustments are made to account for various factors, including bid-ask spreads, credit quality and market liquidity. These adjustments are applied on a consistent basis and are based on observable inputs where available. Management's estimate of fair value requires significant management judgment and is subject to a high degree of variability based upon market conditions, the availability of specific issuer information and management's assumptions.

FASB ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments" requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value. Given that cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are short term in nature with limited fair value volatility, the carrying amount is deemed to be a reasonable approximation of fair value and the fair value input is classified as a Level 1 fair value measurement. The fair value input for the derivatives is classified as a Level 2 fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value inputs for our unsecured credit facility and our former secured credit facility are classified as Level 2 fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of mortgage indebtedness is based on a discounted cash flows valuation technique. As this technique utilizes current credit spreads, which are generally unobservable, this is classified as a Level 3 fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy. We determine appropriate credit spreads based on the type of debt and its maturity. The following table summarizes the carrying amount and the fair value of our financial instruments as of the periods indicated:

	As of March 31,		As of December 31,		
	2018		2017		
		Estimated		Estimated	
	Carrying		Carrying		
		Fair		Fair	
Financial Instrument	Amount	Value	Amount	Value	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,399	\$10,399	\$9,985	\$9,985	
Restricted cash	5,645	5,645	4,634	4,634	
Derivative assets	10,525	10,525	7,291	7,291	
Liabilities					
Debt:					
Unsecured credit facility	187,789	190,005	101,629	104,005	
Term loan	99,106	100,000	99,105	100,000	
Mortgages	616,391	589,414	577,708	564,333	

k. Deferred Financing Costs

Costs incurred in connection with debt financing are deferred and classified within indebtedness and charged to interest expense over the terms of the related debt agreements, under the effective interest method.

1. Income Taxes

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT beginning with the taxable year ended December 31, 2011. Accordingly, we recorded no income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

To qualify as a REIT, we must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of our ordinary taxable income to stockholders. As a REIT, we generally are not subject to federal income tax on taxable income that we distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income taxes on our taxable income at regular corporate rates and will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for four years following the year during which qualification is lost unless the Internal Revenue Service grants us relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to stockholders; however, we believe that we are organized and operate in such a manner as to qualify and maintain treatment as a REIT and intend to operate in such a manner so that we will remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

m. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Below is a brief description of recent accounting pronouncements that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Adopted Within these Financial Statements

In May 2014, the FASB issued an accounting standard classified under FASB ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". This accounting standard generally replaces existing guidance by requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. This accounting standard applies to all contracts with customers, except those that are within the scope of other Topics in the FASB ASC. Subsequently, the FASB issued amendments to this accounting standard that provided further clarification. These standards amending FASB ASC Topic 606 were effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We adopted these accounting standard updates on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. A majority of our revenue is derived from real estate lease contracts, which are specifically excluded from the scope of these standards. The portion of our revenue that was impacted by these standards included revenue recorded within the tenant reimbursement income, other property income, and property management and other income captions of our Consolidated Statements of Operations. The adoption of these standards did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and no cumulative effect adjustment was recorded upon adoption.

In August 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard classified under FASB ASC Topic 230, "Statement of Cash Flows". This accounting standard provides guidance on eight specific cash flow issues: (i) debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs; (ii) settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments or other debt instruments with coupon interest rates that are insignificant in relation to the effective interest rate of the borrowing; (iii) contingent consideration payments made after a business combination; (iv) proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims; (v) proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies, including bank-owned life insurance policies; (vi) distributions received from equity method investees; (vii) beneficial interests in securitization transactions; and (viii) separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle. Subsequently, the FASB issued amendments to this accounting standard that required companies to include restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the statement of cash flows. The amendments were effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We adopted these standards as of January 1, 2018. The adoption of this accounting standard resulted in a decrease in net cash used in investing activities of \$57 for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

In January 2017, the FASB issued an accounting standard update under FASB ASC Topic 805, "Business Combinations" that changes the definition of a business to assist entities with evaluating whether a set of transferred assets is a business. As a result, the accounting for acquisitions of real estate could be impacted. The new definition will be applied prospectively to any transactions occurring within the period of adoption. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. Management expects that the updated standard will result in fewer acquisitions of real estate meeting the definition of a business and fewer acquisition-related costs being expensed in the period incurred, with these costs

instead being capitalized as part of the acquired asset.

In February 2017, the FASB issued an accounting standard update under FASB ASC Topic 610 "Other Income." The amendments in this update provide guidance for partial sales of nonfinancial assets, including partial sales of real estate. Historically, GAAP contained several different accounting models to evaluate whether the transfer of certain assets qualified for sale treatment. This new standard reduces the number of potential accounting models that might apply and clarifies which model does apply in various circumstances. Partial sales of nonfinancial assets are common in the real estate industry and include transactions in which the seller retains an equity interest in the entity that owns the assets or has an equity interest in the buyer. This update was effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We adopted this standard as of January 1, 2018. While this is common in the real estate industry, we have never participated in a transaction of this nature, therefore, the adoption of this accounting standard did not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued an accounting standard update under FASB ASC Topic 718, "Compensation – Stock Compensation." The amendments in this update provide guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting in Topic 718. As a result, the accounting for share-based payment award transactions could be impacted. The updated standard was adopted by us on January 1, 2018. The new definition will be applied prospectively to an award modified on or after the adoption date. The adoption of this accounting standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

As of March 31, 2018

(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

In August 2017, the FASB issued an accounting standard update under FASB ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." The amendments in this update provide guidance about the application of the hedge accounting guidance in current GAAP based on the feedback received from preparers, auditors, and other stakeholders. As a result, the accounting for derivatives and hedging transactions could be impacted. The updated standard is effective for us on January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted. We early adopted this update on October 1, 2017. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. In accordance with this accounting standard update, upon adoption, we revised our approach to recognizing interest expense for our interest rate swap that was designated as an off-market cash flow hedge. Rather than record interest expense based on the hypothetical derivative method with differences from actual net settlements reflected as ineffectiveness, we will record actual net settlements to interest expense adjusted for the straight-line amortization of the inception clean value of the hedging instrument over the hedge term. The result will be that no ineffectiveness will be recorded in future periods related to our off-market interest rate swap. Since we entered into the off-market hedging relationship in 2017, no transition entry was necessary upon adoption.

Not Yet Adopted Within these Financial Statements

In February 2016, the FASB issued an accounting standard classified under FASB ASC Topic 842, "Leases". For lessees, this accounting standard amends lease accounting by requiring (1) the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities for those leases classified as operating leases on the balance sheet and (2) additional disclosure about leasing arrangements. For lessors, the guidance under the new lease standard is substantially similar to existing accounting guidance. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application of the amendments in this standard is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact that this standard may have on our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3: Investments in Real Estate

As of March 31, 2018, our investments in real estate consisted of 56 apartment properties with 15,280 units. The table below summarizes our investments in real estate:

		As of	
	As of	December	
	March 31,	31,	Depreciable Lives
	2018	2017	(In years)
Land	\$209,164	\$193,026	_
Building	1,393,235	1,279,777	40
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	36,145	31,353	5-10

Total investment in real estate	\$1,638,544 \$1,504,156
Accumulated depreciation	(94,001) (84,097)
Investments in real estate, net	\$1,544,543 \$1,420,059

Acquisitions

The below table summarizes the acquisitions for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

				Contract
Property Name	Date of Purchase	Location	Units	Price
Creekside Corners (1)	1/3/2018	Atlanta, GA	444	\$43,901
Hartshire Lakes (1)	1/3/2018	Indianapolis, IN	272	27,597
The Chelsea	1/4/2018	Columbus, OH	312	36,750
Avalon Oaks	2/27/2018	Columbus, OH	235	23,000
Total			1,263	\$131,248

⁽¹⁾ These properties were acquired as the last phase of our acquisition of a nine-community portfolio, totaling 2,352 units, which we agreed to acquire on September 3, 2017 for a total purchase price of \$228,144.

The following table summarizes the aggregate fair value of the assets and liabilities associated with the properties acquired during the three-month period ended March 31, 2018, on the date of acquisition.

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	Fair Value
	of Assets Acquired
Description	During the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018
Assets acquired:	2010
Investments in real estate	\$ 129,598
Accounts receivable and other assets	242
Intangible assets	1,641
Total assets acquired (a)	\$131,481
Liabilities assumed:	
Indebtedness	\$ 39,362
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	566
Other liabilities	294
Total liabilities assumed	\$40,222
Estimated fair value of net assets acquired	\$91,259

⁽a) Included \$241 of property related acquisition costs capitalized during the three months ended March 31, 2018.

NOTE 4: Indebtedness

The following tables contain summary information concerning our indebtedness as of March 31, 2018:

	Unamortized Discount and Debt						
		Issuance			Weighted Average	(in	
Debt:	Outstanding Prin	ncip@osts	Carrying Amou	untType	Rate	years)	
Unsecured credit							
facility (1)	\$ 190,005	\$ (2,216) \$ 187,789	Floating	3.0%	3.3	
Term loan	100,000	(894) 99,106	Floating	3.2%	6.6	
Mortgages	619,399	(3,008) 616,391	Fixed	3.8%	5.7	
Total Debt	\$ 909,404	\$ (6,118) \$ 903,286		3.6%	5.3	

⁽¹⁾ The unsecured credit facility total capacity is \$300,000, of which \$190,005 was outstanding as of March 31, 2018.

	Original maturities on or before December 31,								
Debt:	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter			
Unsecured credit facility	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$140,005	\$50,000	\$ -			
Term loan	-	-	-	-	-	100,000			
Mortgages	2,509	5,581	8,726	103,764	74,977	423,842			
Total	\$2,509	\$5,581	\$8,726	\$243,769	\$124,977	\$523,842			

As of March 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all financial covenants contained in documents governing our indebtedness.

The following table contains summary information concerning our indebtedness as of December 31, 2017:

							Weighted
			Unamortiz	zed			Average
			Discount and Debt Issuance			Weighted	Maturity
Debt:	Οι	ıtstanding	Principal Costs	Carrying Amount	Type	Average Rate	(in years)
Unsecured credit facility	y						
(1)	\$	104,005	\$ (2,376) \$ 101,629	Floating	3.0%	3.8
Term loan		100,000	(895) 99,105	Floating	3.2%	6.9
Mortgages		580,635	(2,927) 577,708	Fixed	3.7%	5.8
Total Debt	\$	784,640	\$ (6,198) \$ 778,442		3.6%	5.7
		_					

⁽¹⁾ The secured credit facility total capacity was \$300,000, of which \$104,005 was outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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On January 3, 2018, in connection with the acquisition of our Hartshire Lakes property, we assumed a \$16,000 loan secured by a first mortgage on the property. The loan bears interest at a rate of 4.68% per annum, provides for monthly payments of interest only through January 2019, when principal and interest payments will be due monthly based on a 30-year amortization schedule, and matures January 2025. The loan was recorded at its fair value of \$15,936 based on a discounted cash flows valuation technique. As this technique utilizes current credit spreads, which are generally unobservable, this is classified as a Level 3 fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy.

On January 3, 2018, in connection with the acquisition of our Creekside Corners property, we assumed a \$23,500 loan secured by a first mortgage on the property. The loan bears interest at a rate of 4.56% per annum, provides for monthly payments of interest only through January 2019, when principal and interest payments will be due monthly based on a 30-year amortization schedule, and matures January 2025. The loan was recorded at its fair value of \$23,426 based on a discounted cash flows valuation technique. As this technique utilizes current credit spreads, which are generally unobservable, this is classified as a Level 3 fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 5: Derivative Financial Instruments

We may use derivative financial instruments to hedge all or a portion of the interest rate risk associated with our borrowings. The principal objective of such arrangements is to minimize the risks and/or costs associated with our operating and financial structure as well as to hedge specific anticipated transactions. While these instruments may impact our periodic cash flows, they benefit us by minimizing the risks and/or costs previously described. The counterparties to these contractual arrangements are major financial institutions with which we and our affiliates may also have other financial relationships. In the event of nonperformance by the counterparties, we are potentially exposed to credit loss. However, because of the high credit ratings of the counterparties, we do not anticipate that any of the counterparties will fail to meet their obligations.

The following table summarizes the aggregate notional amount and estimated net fair value of our derivative instruments as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	As of Mar	ch 31, 2018		As of December 31, 2017			
		Fair Value of	Value of Fair Value of		Fair Value of	Fair Value of	
	Notional	Assets	Liabilities	Notional	Assets	Liabilities	
Cash flow hedges:							
Interest rate swap	\$150,000	\$ 6,211	\$ —	\$150,000	\$ 4,700	\$ —	
Interest rate collar	100,000	4,314	_	50,000	1,297	_	
	250,000	10,525		200,000	5,997		
Freestanding derivatives:							

Interest rate collar	\$— \$ —		50,000 1	,294	
Net fair value	\$250,000 \$ 10,525	\$ _	\$250,000 \$ 7	,291 \$	_
Interest Rate Swap					

On June 24, 2016, we entered into an interest rate swap contract with a notional value of \$150,000, a strike rate of 1.145% and a maturity date of June 17, 2021. We designated this interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge at inception and determined that the hedge is highly effective in offsetting interest rate fluctuations associated with the identified indebtedness. We did not recognize any ineffectiveness associated with this cash flow hedge through April 2017. On April 17, 2017, in conjunction with the refinance of our credit facility, we restructured our existing interest rate swap to remove the LIBOR floor. This resulted in a decrease in the strike rate to 1.1325%. The notional value and maturity date remained the same. We designated the restructured interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge at inception and determined that the hedge is highly effective in offsetting interest rate fluctuations associated with the identified indebtedness. Upon our early adoption of accounting standard updates to ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives", ineffectiveness is no longer measured or reported.

Interest Rate Collar

On November 17, 2017, in connection with our new \$100,000 unsecured term loan, we purchased an interest rate collar with a notional value of \$100,000, a 2.00% cap and 1.25% floor, and a maturity date of November 17, 2024. We designated \$50,000 of the

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interest rate collar as a cash flow hedge at inception and determined that the hedge is highly effective in offsetting interest rate fluctuations associated with the identified indebtedness. We concluded that this hedging relationship was and will continue to be highly effective using the hypothetical derivative method.

The other \$50,000 notional value interest rate collar was accounted for as a freestanding derivative from inception. On January 4, 2018, we designated this other \$50,000 notional value interest rate collar as a cash flow hedge and determined that the hedge is highly effective in offsetting interest rate fluctuations associated with the identified indebtedness. During the quarter ended March 31, 2018, we recognized a \$52 gain within other income (expense) in our consolidated statements of operations reflecting the change in fair value of the instrument.

Effective interest rate swaps and caps are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income, and the fair value of these hedge agreements is included in other assets or other liabilities.

For our interest rate swap that is considered a highly effective hedge, we reclassified realized gains of \$174 to earnings within interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018, respectively, and we expect \$1,608 to be reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income to earnings over the next 12 months.

NOTE 6: Stockholder Equity and Noncontrolling Interests

Stockholder Equity

Effective the first quarter of 2018, we transitioned to a quarterly distribution of cash dividends on our common stock.

On March 13, 2018, our board of directors declared a distribution of \$0.18 per share, which was paid on April 20, 2018 to common shareholders of record as of April 4, 2018.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we also paid \$181 and \$126, respectively, of dividends on restricted common share awards that vested during the period.

On August 4, 2017, we entered into an At-the-Market Issuance Sales Agreement (the "Sales Agreement") with various sales agents. Pursuant to the Sales Agreement, we may offer and sell shares of our common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, having an aggregate offering price of up to \$150,000, from time to time through the sales agents. The sales agents are entitled to compensation in an agreed amount not to exceed 2.0% of the gross sales price per share for any shares sold from time to time under the Sales Agreement. We have no obligation to sell any of the shares under the Sales Agreement and may at any time suspend solicitations and offers under the Sales Agreement. For the quarter

ended March 31, 2018, no shares were issued pursuant to the Sales Agreement and \$137,907 remained available for issuance as of March 31, 2018.

Noncontrolling Interest

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, holders of IROP units exchanged 2,112,136 units for 2,112,136 shares of our common stock. Based on the cost basis of the IROP units on the dates of these exchanges, \$14,308 was reclassified from noncontrolling interests to stockholders' equity.

As of March 31, 2018, 899,215 IROP units held by unaffiliated third parties remain outstanding.

On March 13, 2018, our board of directors declared a distribution of \$0.18 per unit, which was paid on April 20, 2018 to IROP LP unitholders of record as of April 4, 2018.

NOTE 7: Equity Compensation Plans

Long Term Incentive Plan

In May 2016, our shareholders approved and our board of directors adopted an amended and restated Long Term Incentive Plan, or the incentive plan, which provides for the grants of awards to our directors, officers and full-time employees, full-time employees of our former advisor and its affiliates, full-time employees of entities that provide services to our former advisor, directors of our former advisor or of entities that provide services to it, certain of our consultants and certain consultants to our former advisor and its affiliates or to entities that provide services to our former advisor. The incentive plan authorizes the grant of restricted or unrestricted shares of our common stock, non-qualified and incentive stock options, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights,

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

dividend equivalents and other stock- or cash-based awards. In conjunction with the amendment, the number of shares of common stock issuable under the incentive plan was increased to 4,300,000 shares, and the term of the incentive plan was extended to May 12, 2026.

Under the incentive plan or predecessor incentive plans, we granted restricted shares and stock appreciation rights, or SARs, to our employees and employees of our former advisor. These awards generally vested over a three-year period. In addition, we granted unrestricted shares to our directors. These awards generally vested immediately.

On February 8, 2018, our compensation committee awarded, to our non-executive officer employees, 93,700 restricted stock awards, valued at \$8.37 per share, or \$784 in the aggregate. The restricted stock awards vest over a three-year period. On February 23, 2018, our compensation committee awarded, to our named executive officers, 100,922 restricted stock awards and performance share units, or PSUs as set forth below. The restricted stock awards vest over a four-year period and were valued at \$8.67 per share, or \$875 in the aggregate. The number of PSUs earned will be based on attainment of certain performance criteria over a three-year period, with 454,151 PSUs granted for achieving the maximum performance criteria. The aggregate grant date fair value of the PSUs was \$2,513.

NOTE 8: Related Party Transactions and Arrangements

On December 20, 2016, we completed our management internalization, which provided for transactions that changed us from being externally managed by our former advisor to being internally managed and separated us from RAIT. The management internalization consisted of two parts: (i) our acquisition of our former advisor, which was a subsidiary of RAIT, and (ii) our acquisition of substantially all of the assets and the assumption of certain liabilities relating to the multifamily property management business of RAIT, including property management contracts relating to apartment properties owned by us, RAIT and third parties. Also, pursuant to the internalization agreement, on October 5, 2016, we repurchased all of the 7,269,719 shares of our common stock owned by certain of RAIT's subsidiaries and retired these shares.

Subsequent to our management internalization, from December 21, 2016 through June 20, 2017 we were party to a shared services agreement whereby RAIT provided us with certain back office services. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we incurred costs of \$0 and \$387, respectively, with respect to this shared services agreement which are included within general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of operations.

Subsequent to our management internalization, we are party to property management agreements with RAIT under which we provide property management services to RAIT owned properties. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, we earned property management fees from RAIT of \$23 and \$137, respectively.

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had no payables to or receivables from RAIT for shared service fees or property management fees.

NOTE 9: Earnings Per Share

The following table presents a reconciliation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

	For the Three Months			
	Ended March	31,		
	2018	2017		
Net income	\$3,500	\$4,245		
(Income) loss allocated to non-controlling interests	(88	(168)		
Net income allocable to common shares	3,412	4,077		
Weighted-average shares outstanding—Basic	85,303,010	68,787,155		
Weighted-average shares outstanding—Diluted	85,535,089	68,958,786		
Earnings per share—Basic	\$0.04	\$0.06		
Earnings per share—Diluted	\$0.04	\$0.06		

Independence Realty Trust, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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(Unaudited and dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

Certain IROP units, stock appreciation rights, or SARs, and unvested restricted shares were excluded from the earnings per share computation because their effect would have been anti-dilutive, totaling 992,680 and 2,916,098 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

NOTE 10: Other Disclosures

Litigation

We are subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our business operations. Matters which arise out of allegations of bodily injury, property damage, and employment practices are generally covered by insurance. While the resolution of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, we currently believe the final outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Other Matters

To the extent that a natural disaster or similar event occurs with more than a remote risk of having a material impact on the consolidated financial statements, we will disclose the estimated range of possible outcomes, and, if an outcome is probable, accrue an appropriate liability.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Forward-Looking Statements

The Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, encourages companies to disclose forward-looking information so that investors can better understand a company's future prospects and make informed investment decisions. This report contains or incorporates by reference such "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or Exchange Act.

Words such as "anticipates," "extimates," "expects," "projects," "intends," "plans," "believes" and words and terms of similar substance used in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance identify forward-looking statements. As used herein, the terms "we," "our" and "us" refer to Independence Realty Trust, Inc., which we refer to as IRT, and, as required by context, Independence Realty Operating Partnership, LP, which we refer to as IROP, and their subsidiaries.

We claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements provided in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may be made directly in this report and they may also be incorporated by reference in this report to other documents filed with the SEC, and include, but are not limited to, statements about future financial and operating results and performance, statements about our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services, and other statements that are not historical facts. These forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of our management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change. Actual results may differ materially from the anticipated results discussed in these forward-looking statements.

The risk factors discussed and identified in Item 1A of our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K, this Report and in other of our public filings with the SEC, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements. We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. Except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, we undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this filing or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Overview

General

We are a Maryland corporation that owns and operates multifamily apartment properties across non-gateway U.S. markets, including Louisville, Memphis, Atlanta and Raleigh. Our investment strategy is focused on gaining scale within key amenity rich submarkets that offer good school districts, high-quality retail and major employment centers. We aim to provide stockholders attractive risk-adjusted returns through diligent portfolio management, strong operational performance, and a consistent return of capital through distributions and capital appreciation. We elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2011.

We seek to acquire and operate apartment properties that:

have stable occupancy;

are located in submarkets that we do not expect will experience substantial new apartment construction in the foreseeable future;

•n appropriate circumstances, present opportunities for repositioning or updating through capital expenditures when we see opportunities for increased rents; and

present opportunities to apply tailored marketing and management strategies to attract and retain residents and enable rent increases.

Property Portfolio

As of March 31, 2018, we owned 56 multifamily apartment properties, totaling 15,280 units. Below is a summary of our property portfolio by market.

(Dollars in thousands, except per unit data)

As of March 31, 2018

As of March 31, 2018

Average

Gross Real Effective

		Estate	Period End	Monthly	Monthly ReNet Operating		
Market	Units	Assets	Occupancy	per Unit	Income	% of NO	ΟI
Atlanta, GA (a)	1,536	\$181,483	92.6	% \$ 1,072	\$ 3,212	11.8	%
Louisville, KY (b)	1,710	182,262	91.4	6 951	2,920	10.7	%
Raleigh - Durham, NC (c)	1,372	183,491	91.3	6 1,102	2,825	10.4	%
Memphis, TN	1,383	138,242	96.3	6 1,022	2,495	9.2	%
Columbus, OH	1,315	124,730	95.7	⁷ 6 925	1,831	6.7	%
Oklahoma City, OK	1,658	73,902	94.6	639	1,706	6.3	%
Indianapolis, IN	916	88,416	94.2	6 933	1,536	5.6	%
Dallas, TX	734	85,601	97.3	6 1,146	1,482	5.4	%
Charleston, SC	518	79,159	94.8	6 1,295	1,134	4.2	%
Little Rock, AR	462	54,516	93.1	⁷ 6 985	856	3.1	%
Orlando, FL	297	47,721	95.0	6 1,404	829	3.0	%
Greenville, SC	346	48,269	96.2	6 1,079	734	2.7	%
Chicago, IL	370	29,490	93.2	6 1,017	606	2.2	%
Austin, TX	300	35,639	93.7	6 1,275	600	2.2	%
Charlotte, NC	208	41,771	90.9	6 1,436	587	2.2	%
Asheville, NC	252	28,346	94.8	6 1,074	568	2.1	%
Myrtle Beach, SC	340	30,259	95.3	% 902	545	2.0	%
Wilmington, NC	288	30,388	96.2	% 831	527	1.9	%
Tampa-St. Petersburg, FL	216	29,889	93.5	6 1,223	482	1.8	%
Chattanooga, TN	295	26,081	94.9	% 960	445	1.6	%
St. Louis, MO	152	33,048	95.4	6 1,374	422	1.6	%
Huntsville, AL	178	16,227	96.6	% 858	298	1.1	%
Jackson, MS	170	21,161	91.2	6 1,148	291	1.1	%
Baton Rouge, LA	264	28,453	65.5	6 1,073	267	1.0	%
Total/Weighted Average	15,280	\$1,638,544	93.5	% \$ 1,004	\$ 27,198	100.0	%
() 							

⁽a) This market includes properties with value add initiatives. Excluding these properties, period end occupancy would be 94.3%.

(c)

⁽b) This market includes properties with value add initiatives. Excluding these properties, period end occupancy would be 93.2%.

This market includes a property with value add initiatives. Excluding this property, period end occupancy would be 94.6%.

As of March 31, 2018, our same-store portfolio consisted of 42 multifamily properties totaling 11,677 units. Our non-same store portfolio consisted of 14 properties totaling 3,603 units. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below for our definition of same store and definitions and reconciliations related to our net operating income and net operating income margin.

Property Operations

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we saw solid operating fundamentals. On a same-store basis, our total revenues were up 2.0% as compared to the first quarter of 2017, driven by higher average effective monthly rents and higher average occupancy. Revenue growth was especially strong in the Atlanta, GA, Memphis, TN, Orlando, FL and Columbus, OH, markets driven by steady occupancy and higher average effective rent per unit in the first quarter of 2018 as compared to the first quarter of 2017.

Same-store net operating income increased 2.0% during the first quarter of 2018 as compared to the same period in the prior year, driven by higher revenues and operating expenses that increased just 2.1% due to our continued focus on expense management. Our same store properties incurred \$0.1 million of one-time casualty expenses associated with the hard winter conditions during the start of 2018.

Property Acquisitions

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, we acquired four properties. On January 3, 2018, IRT completed the acquisition of two communities representing the completion of the nine-property portfolio acquisition initially announced in September 2017. In whole, the nine-community portfolio totaled 2,352 units and was acquired for a gross purchase price of \$228.1 million. IRT assumed \$58.5 million of property level debt in association with three of the acquired assets. On January 4, 2018, IRT completed the acquisition of a 312-unit community located in Columbus, OH for approximately \$36.8 million. On February 27, 2018, IRT completed the acquisition of a 235-unit community located in Columbus, OH for approximately \$23.0 million.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

					NON S.	AME ST	ORE					
	SAME S	TORE PR	OPERT	PERTIES PROPERTIES				CONSOLIDATED				
(Dollars in	Three Mo	onths Ende	ed									
thousands)	March 31	1,			Three M	Ionths Er	nded Mar	ch 31,	Three Mo	onths Ende	ed March	31,
			Increas	s € ⁄o			Increase	%			Increase	%
	2018	2017	(Decre	aSh)ang	e2018	2017	(Decrea	s © hange	2018	2017	(Decreas	s © hange
Revenue:												
Rental income	\$32,298	\$31,762	\$536	1.7%	\$8,560	\$2,975	\$5,585	187.7%	\$40,858	\$34,737	\$6,121	17.6%
Reimbursemen	t											
and other												
income	3,895	3,719	176	4.7%	863	439	424	96.6 %	4,758	4,158	600	14.4%
Total revenue	36,193	35,481	712	2.0%	9,423	3,414	6,009	176.0%	45,616	38,895	6,721	17.3%
Expenses:												
Real estate												
operating												
expenses	14,570	14,273	297	2.1%	3,848	1,719	2,129	123.9%	18,418	15,992	2,426	15.2%
Net Operating												
Income	\$21,623	\$21,208	\$415	2.0%	\$5,575	\$1,695	\$3,880	228.9%	\$27,198	\$22,903	\$4,295	18.8%