

BANK OF MONTREAL /CAN/  
Form 424B2  
March 26, 2013

The information in this preliminary pricing supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary pricing supplement is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Registration Statement No. 333-173924  
Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

Subject to Completion, dated March 26, 2013  
Pricing Supplement to the Prospectus dated June 22, 2011, the Prospectus Supplement  
dated June 22, 2011 and the Product Supplement dated June 23, 2011

Senior Medium-Term Notes, Series B  
Buffered Bullish Enhanced Return Notes  
Each Linked to a Single Exchange Traded Fund

This pricing supplement relates to three separate note offerings. Each issue of the notes is linked to one, and only one, Underlying Asset named below. You may participate in any of the three offerings or, at your election, all of the offerings. This pricing supplement does not, however, allow you to purchase a single note linked to a basket of all of the Underlying Assets below.

An investor in the notes may lose up to 90% of their principal at maturity.

The notes are designed for investors who seek a 200% leveraged return based on the appreciation in the share price of the applicable Underlying Asset. Investors should be willing to accept a payment at maturity that is capped at the applicable Maximum Redemption Amount (as defined below), be willing to forgo periodic interest, and be willing to lose 1% of their principal amount for each 1% that the price of the applicable Underlying Asset decreases by more than 10% from its price on the Pricing Date.

The maximum return at maturity will be equal to the product of the Upside Leverage Factor of 200% and the applicable Cap.

Any payment at maturity is subject to the credit risk of Bank of Montreal.

The notes will be issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000.

Our subsidiary, BMO Capital Markets Corp. ("BMOCM"), is the agent for this offering. See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interests)" below.

Common Terms for Each of the Notes:

|                  |                            |                    |                            |
|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| Pricing Date:    | On or about April 25, 2013 | Maturity Date:     | On or about April 30, 2015 |
| Settlement Date: | On or about April 30, 2013 | Buffer Percentage: | 10%                        |
| Valuation Date:  | On or about April 27, 2015 | Buffer Level:      | 90% of the Initial Level   |

Specific Terms for Each of the Notes:

|                       |         |           |          |         |                     |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------------------|
| Maximum<br>Redemption | Initial | Principal | Price to | Agent's | Proceeds to<br>Bank |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------------------|

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| Underlying Asset                                | Cap    | Amount  | Level* | CUSIP     | Amount* | Public(1) | Commission(1) | of Montreal |
|---|--------|---------|--------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund (EEM) | 7.50%  | \$1,150 |        | 06336RNA9 |         | 100%      | %             | %<br>US\$   |
| iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund (FXI)         | 8.75%  | \$1,175 |        | 06366RMV4 |         | 100%      | %             | %<br>US\$   |
| Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF (GDX)           | 12.00% | \$1,240 |        | 06366RMU6 |         | 100%      | %             | %<br>US\$   |

\* The actual Initial Level and principal amount for each note will be set on the Pricing Date.

(1) In addition to the agent's commission, the price to public specified above is expected to include the profit that we would recognize earned by hedging our exposure under the notes. The actual agent's commission will be set forth in the final pricing supplement.

Investing in the notes involves risks, including those described in the "Selected Risk Considerations" section beginning on page P-4 of this pricing supplement, "Additional Risk Factors Relating to the Notes" section beginning on page PS-5 of the product supplement, and "Risk Factors" section beginning on page S-3 of the prospectus supplement and on page 7 of the prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these notes or passed upon the accuracy of this pricing supplement, the product supplement, the prospectus supplement or the prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The notes will be our unsecured obligations and will not be savings accounts or deposits that are insured by the United States Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Bank Insurance Fund, the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency or instrumentality or other entity.

We expect to deliver the notes through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company on or about April 30, 2013.

BMO CAPITAL MARKETS

Key Terms of Each of the Notes:

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| General:                | This pricing supplement relates to three separate offerings of notes. Each offering is a separate offering of notes linked to one, and only one, Underlying Asset. If you wish to participate in all of the offerings, you must separately purchase the applicable notes. The notes offered by this pricing supplement do not represent notes linked to a basket of the Underlying Assets.   |
| Payment at Maturity:    | <p>If the Percentage Change is greater than or equal to the Cap, then the amount that the investors will receive at maturity for each \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes will equal the Maximum Redemption Amount.</p> <p>If the Percentage Change is positive but is less than the Cap, then the amount that the investors will receive at maturity for each \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes will equal:</p> $\text{Principal Amount} + [\text{Principal Amount} \times (\text{Percentage Change} \times \text{Upside Leverage Factor})]$ <p>If the Percentage Change is between 0% and -10% inclusive, then the amount that the investors will receive at maturity will equal the principal amount of the notes.</p> <p>If the Percentage Change is less than -10%, then the payment at maturity will equal:</p> $\text{Principal Amount} + [\text{Principal Amount} \times (\text{Percentage Change} + \text{Buffer Percentage})]$ |
| Upside Leverage Factor: | 200%   |
| Initial Level:          | The closing price of one share of the applicable Underlying Asset on the Pricing Date.   |
| Final Level:            | The closing price of one share of the applicable Underlying Asset on the Valuation Date.   |
| Buffer Level:           | 90% of the Initial Level.  |
| Buffer Percentage:      | 10%. Accordingly, you will receive the principal amount of your notes at maturity only if the price of the applicable Underlying Asset does not decrease by more than 10%. If the Final Level is less than the Buffer Level, you will receive less than the principal amount of your notes at maturity, and you could lose up to 90% of the principal amount of your notes.  |
| Percentage Change:      | Final Level – Initial Level, expressed as a percentage.  |

Initial Level

Pricing Date: On or about April 25, 2013

Settlement Date: On or about April 30, 2013, as determined on the Pricing Date.

Valuation Date: On or about April 27, 2015, as determined on the Pricing Date.

Maturity Date: On or about April 30, 2015, as determined on the Pricing Date.

Automatic Redemption: Not applicable.

Calculation Agent: BMOCM

Selling Agent: BMOCM

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Key Terms of the Notes Linked to the iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Underlying Asset:          | iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund (NYSE Arca symbol: EEM). See the section below entitled “The Underlying Assets—iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund” for additional information about the Underlying Asset. |
| Cap:                       | 7.50%  |
| Maximum Redemption Amount: | The payment at maturity will not exceed the Maximum Redemption Amount of \$1,150 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes.   |
| CUSIP:                     | 06366RNA9  |

Key Terms of the Notes Linked to the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Underlying Asset:          | iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund (NYSE Arca symbol: FXI). See the section below entitled “The Underlying Assets—iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund” for additional information about the Underlying Asset. |
| Cap:                       | 8.75%  |
| Maximum Redemption Amount: | The payment at maturity will not exceed the Maximum Redemption Amount of \$1,175 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes.   |
| CUSIP:                     | 06366RMV4  |

Key Terms of the Notes Linked to the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF:

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Underlying Asset:          | Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF (NYSE Arca symbol: GDX). See the section below entitled “The Underlying Asset— Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF” for additional information about the Underlying Asset. |
| Cap:                       | 12.00%   |
| Maximum Redemption Amount: | The payment at maturity will not exceed the Maximum Redemption Amount of \$1,240 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes.   |
| CUSIP:                     | 06366RMU6  |

The Pricing Date and the Settlement Date are subject to change. The actual Pricing Date, Settlement Date, Valuation Date and Maturity Date for each of the notes will be set forth in the final pricing supplement.

We may use this pricing supplement in the initial sale of the notes. In addition, BMOCM or another of our affiliates may use this pricing supplement in market-making transactions in any notes after their initial sale. Unless our agent or we inform you otherwise in the confirmation of sale, this pricing supplement is being used in a market-making transaction.

#### Additional Terms of the Notes

You should read this pricing supplement together with the product supplement dated June 23, 2011, the prospectus supplement dated June 22, 2011 and the prospectus dated June 22, 2011. This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed below, contains the terms of each of the notes and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, fact sheets, brochures or other educational materials of ours or the agent. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Additional Risk Factors Relating to the Notes” in the product supplement, as the notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the notes.

You may access these documents on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

- Product supplement dated June 23, 2011:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/927971/000121465911002118/f622112424b5.htm>
- Prospectus supplement dated June 22, 2011:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/927971/000095012311060741/o71090b5e424b5.htm>
- Prospectus dated June 22, 2011:  
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/927971/000095012311060730/o71090b2e424b2.htm>

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 927971. As used in this pricing supplement, the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our” refers to Bank of Montreal.

## Selected Risk Considerations

An investment in the notes involves significant risks. Investing in the notes is not equivalent to investing directly in any of the Underlying Assets. These risks are explained in more detail in the “Additional Risk Factors Relating to the Notes” section of the product supplement.

- Your investment in the notes may result in a loss. — You may lose some or substantially all of your investment in the notes. The payment at maturity will be based on the Final Level, and whether the Final Level of the Underlying Asset on the Valuation Date has declined from the Initial Level to a level that is less than the Buffer Level. You will lose 1% of the principal amount of your notes for each 1% that the Final Level is less than the Buffer Level. Accordingly, you could lose up to 90% of the principal amount of the notes.
- Your return on the notes is limited to the Maximum Redemption Amount, regardless of any appreciation in the price of the applicable Underlying Asset. — You will not receive a payment at maturity with a value greater than the Maximum Redemption Amount per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes. This will be the case even if the Percentage Change exceeds the Cap.
- Your investment is subject to the credit risk of Bank of Montreal. — Our credit ratings and credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the notes. Investors are dependent on our ability to pay the amount due at maturity, and therefore investors are subject to our credit risk and to changes in the market’s view of our creditworthiness. Any decline in our credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking our credit risk is likely to adversely affect the value of the notes.
- Potential conflicts. — We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the notes, including acting as calculation agent. In performing these duties, the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes. We or one or more of our affiliates may also engage in trading of shares of the Underlying Assets or securities included in the applicable Underlying Index (as defined below) on a regular basis as part of our general broker-dealer and other businesses, for proprietary accounts, for other accounts under management or to facilitate transactions for our customers. Any of these activities could adversely affect the prices of the Underlying Assets and, therefore, the market value of the notes. We or one or more of our affiliates may also issue or underwrite other securities or financial or derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the performance of the Underlying Assets. By introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner, we or one or more of our affiliates could adversely affect the market value of the notes.
  - The inclusion of the agent’s commission and hedging profits, if any, in the price to public of the notes, as well as our hedging costs, is likely to adversely affect the price at which you can sell your notes. — Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which BMOCM or any other party may be willing to purchase the notes in secondary market transactions may be lower than the initial price to public. The initial price to public will include, and any price quoted to you is likely to exclude, the agent’s commission paid in connection with the initial distribution. The initial price to public is also expected to include, and any price quoted to you would be likely to exclude, the hedging profits that we expect to earn with respect to hedging our exposure under the notes. In addition, any such price is also likely to reflect a discount to account for costs associated with establishing or unwinding any related hedge transaction, such as dealer discounts, mark-ups and other transaction costs.
- Owning the notes is not the same as owning the applicable Underlying Asset or a security directly linked to the applicable Underlying Asset. — The return on your notes will not reflect the return you would realize if you actually owned the applicable Underlying Asset or a security directly linked to the performance of the applicable Underlying



Asset and held that investment for a similar period. Your notes may trade quite differently from the applicable Underlying Asset. Changes in the price of the applicable Underlying Asset may not result in comparable changes in the market value of your notes. Even if the price of the applicable Underlying Asset increases during the term of the notes, the market value of the notes prior to maturity may not increase to the same extent. It is also possible for the market value of the notes to decrease while the price of the applicable Underlying Asset increases. In addition, any dividends or other distributions paid on the applicable Underlying Asset will not be reflected in the amount payable on the notes.

- You will not have any shareholder rights and will have no right to receive any shares of the applicable Underlying Asset at maturity. — Investing in your notes will not make you a holder of any shares of the applicable Underlying Asset or any securities held by the applicable Underlying Asset. Neither you nor any other holder or owner of the notes will have any voting rights, any right to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to the applicable Underlying Asset or such other securities.

- Changes that affect the applicable index underlying the applicable Underlying Asset will affect the market value of the notes and the amount you will receive at maturity. — The policies of the sponsors (each, an “Index Sponsor”) of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index<sup>SM</sup>, the FTSE China 25 Index, and the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index (each, an “Underlying Index”) concerning the calculation of the applicable Underlying Index, additions, deletions or substitutions of the components of the applicable Underlying Index and the manner in which changes affecting those components, such as stock dividends, reorganizations or mergers, may be reflected in the applicable Underlying Index and, therefore, could affect the share price of the applicable Underlying Asset, the amount payable on the notes at maturity, and the market value of the notes prior to maturity. The amount payable on the notes and their market value could also be affected if the applicable Index Sponsor changes these policies, for example, by changing the manner in which it calculates the applicable Underlying Index, or if the applicable Index Sponsor discontinues or suspends the calculation or publication of the applicable Underlying Index.
- Adjustments to the applicable Underlying Asset could adversely affect the notes. — BlackRock, Inc. (collectively with its affiliates, “BlackRock”), as the sponsor and advisor of the iShares<sup>®</sup> MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund and the iShares<sup>®</sup> FTSE China 25 Index Fund, and Van Eck Associates Corporation (“Van Eck”), as the sponsor of the Market Vectors<sup>®</sup> Gold Miners ETF, are each responsible for calculating and maintaining the applicable Underlying Asset. BlackRock or Van Eck, as applicable, can add, delete or substitute the stocks comprising the applicable Underlying Asset or may make other methodological changes that could change the share price of the applicable Underlying Asset at any time. If one or more of these events occurs, the calculation of the amount payable at maturity may be adjusted to reflect such event or events. Consequently, any of these actions could adversely affect the amount payable at maturity and/or the market value of the notes.
- We have no affiliation with any Index Sponsor and will not be responsible for any actions taken by any Index Sponsor. —None of the Index Sponsors is an affiliate of ours or will be involved in any offerings of the notes in any way. Consequently, we have no control over the actions of any Index Sponsor, including any actions of the type that would require the calculation agent to adjust the payment to you at maturity. The Index Sponsors have no obligation of any sort with respect to the notes. Thus, the Index Sponsors have no obligation to take your interests into consideration for any reason, including in taking any actions that might affect the value of the notes. None of our proceeds from any issuance of the notes will be delivered to any Index Sponsor.
- We and our affiliates do not have any affiliation with the investment advisors of the Underlying Assets and are not responsible for their public disclosure of information. — The investment advisors of the applicable Underlying Asset advise the applicable Underlying Asset on various matters including matters relating to the policies, maintenance and calculation of the applicable Underlying Asset. We and our affiliates are not affiliated with the investment advisors in any way and have no ability to control or predict their actions, including any errors in or discontinuance of disclosure regarding their methods or policies relating to the applicable Underlying Asset. The investment advisors are not involved in the offerings of the notes in any way and have no obligation to consider your interests as an owner of the notes in taking any actions relating to the applicable Underlying Asset that might affect the value of the notes. Neither we nor any of our affiliates has independently verified the adequacy or accuracy of the information about the investment advisors or the applicable Underlying Asset contained in any public disclosure of information. You, as an investor in the notes, should make your own investigation into the applicable Underlying Asset.
- The correlation between the performance of the applicable Underlying Asset and the performance of the applicable Underlying Index may be imperfect. — The performance of the applicable Underlying Asset is linked principally to the performance of the applicable Underlying Index. However, because of the potential discrepancies identified in more detail in the product supplement, the return on the applicable Underlying Asset may correlate imperfectly with the return on the applicable Underlying Index.

- The Underlying Assets are subject to management risks. — The Underlying Assets are subject to management risk, which is the risk that the investment advisor’s investment strategy, the implementation of which is subject to a number of constraints, may not produce the intended results. For example, the investment advisor may invest a portion of the applicable Underlying Asset’s assets in securities not included in the relevant industry or sector but which the investment advisor believes will help the applicable Underlying Asset track the relevant industry or sector.
- Lack of liquidity. — The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. BMOCM may offer to purchase the notes in the secondary market, but is not required to do so. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which BMOCM is willing to buy the notes.

- Hedging and trading activities. — We or any of our affiliates may carry out hedging activities related to the notes, including purchasing or selling securities included in the applicable Underlying Asset, or futures or options relating to the applicable Underlying Asset, or other derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the performance of the applicable Underlying Asset. We or our affiliates may also engage in trading relating to the applicable Underlying Asset from time to time. Any of these hedging or trading activities on or prior to the pricing date and during the term of the notes could adversely affect our payment to you at maturity.
- Many economic and market factors will influence the value of the notes. — In addition to the price of the applicable Underlying Asset and interest rates on any trading day, the value of the notes will be affected by a number of economic and market factors that may either offset or magnify each other, and which are described in more detail in the product supplement.
- You must rely on your own evaluation of the merits of an investment linked to the applicable Underlying Asset. — In the ordinary course of their businesses, our affiliates from time to time may express views on expected movements in the price of the Underlying Assets or the securities held by the Underlying Assets. One or more of our affiliates have published, and in the future may publish, research reports that express views on Underlying Assets or these securities. However, these views are subject to change from time to time. Moreover, other professionals who deal in the markets relating to Underlying Assets at any time may have significantly different views from those of our affiliates. You are encouraged to derive information concerning the Underlying Assets from multiple sources, and you should not rely on the views expressed by our affiliates.

Neither the offering of the notes nor any views which our affiliates from time to time may express in the ordinary course of their businesses constitutes a recommendation as to the merits of an investment in the notes.

- Significant aspects of the tax treatment of the notes are uncertain. The tax treatment of the notes is uncertain. We do not plan to request a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or from any Canadian authorities regarding the tax treatment of the notes, and the Internal Revenue Service or a court may not agree with the tax treatment described in this pricing supplement.

The Internal Revenue Service has issued a notice indicating that it and the Treasury Department are actively considering whether, among other issues, a holder should be required to accrue interest over the term of an instrument such as the notes even though that holder will not receive any payments with respect to the notes until maturity and whether all or part of the gain a holder may recognize upon sale or maturity of an instrument such as the notes could be treated as ordinary income. The outcome of this process is uncertain and could apply on a retroactive basis.

Please read carefully the section entitled “U.S. Federal Tax Information” in this pricing supplement, the section entitled “Supplemental Tax Considerations—Supplemental U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations” in the accompanying product supplement, the section “United States Federal Income Taxation” in the accompanying prospectus and the section entitled “Certain Income Tax Consequences” in the accompanying prospectus supplement. You should consult your tax advisor about your own tax situation.

#### Additional Risks Relating to the iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund and the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund

- An investment in the notes linked to either the iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund or the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund is subject to risks associated with foreign securities markets. —The Underlying Indices of these funds track the value of certain foreign equity securities. You should be aware that investments in securities linked to the value of foreign equity securities involve particular risks. The foreign securities markets comprising

either of these Underlying Indices may have less liquidity and may be more volatile than U.S. or other securities markets and market developments may affect foreign markets differently from U.S. or other securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize these foreign securities markets, as well as cross-shareholdings in foreign companies, may affect trading prices and volumes in these markets. Also, there is generally less publicly available information about foreign companies than about those U.S. companies that are subject to the reporting requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, and foreign companies are subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies.

Prices of securities in foreign countries are subject to political, economic, financial and social factors that apply in those geographical regions. These factors, which could negatively affect those securities markets, include the possibility of recent or future changes in a foreign government's economic and fiscal policies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions applicable to foreign companies or investments in foreign equity securities and the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies, the possibility of outbreaks of hostility and political instability and the possibility of natural disaster or adverse public health developments in the region. Moreover, foreign economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

- An investment in the notes linked to either the iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund or the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund is subject to foreign currency exchange rate risk. — The share prices of these funds will fluctuate based upon their respective net asset value, which will in turn depend in part upon changes in the value of the currencies in which the stocks held by these funds are traded. Accordingly, investors in the applicable notes will be exposed to currency exchange rate risk with respect to each of the currencies in which the stocks held by these funds are traded. An investor's net exposure will depend on the extent to which these currencies strengthen or weaken against the U.S. dollar. If the dollar strengthens against these currencies, the net asset value of these funds will be adversely affected and the price of the applicable Underlying Asset may decrease.

#### Additional Risks Relating to the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF

- The Holdings of the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF are Concentrated in the Gold and Silver Mining Industries. — All or substantially all of the equity securities held by the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF are issued by gold or silver mining companies. An investment in the notes linked to the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF will be concentrated in the gold and silver mining industries. As a result of being linked to a single industry or sector, the notes may have increased volatility as the share price of the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF may be more susceptible to adverse factors that affect that industry or sector. Competitive pressures may have a significant effect on the financial condition of companies in these industries.

In addition, these companies are highly dependent on the price of gold or silver, as applicable. These prices fluctuate widely and may be affected by numerous factors. Factors affecting gold prices include economic factors, including, among other things, the structure of and confidence in the global monetary system, expectations of the future rate of inflation, the relative strength of, and confidence in, the U.S. dollar (the currency in which the price of gold is generally quoted), interest rates and gold borrowing and lending rates, and global or regional economic, financial, political, regulatory, judicial or other events. Gold prices may also be affected by industry factors such as industrial and jewelry demand, lending, sales and purchases of gold by the official sector, including central banks and other governmental agencies and multilateral institutions which hold gold, levels of gold production and production costs, and short-term changes in supply and demand because of trading activities in the gold market. Factors affecting silver prices include general economic trends, technical developments, substitution issues and regulation, as well as specific factors including industrial and jewelry demand, expectations with respect to the rate of inflation, the relative strength of the U.S. dollar (the currency in which the price of silver is generally quoted) and other currencies, interest rates, central bank sales, forward sales by producers, global or regional political or economic events, and production costs and disruptions in major silver producing countries such as Mexico and Peru. The supply of silver consists of a combination of new mine production and existing stocks of bullion and fabricated silver held by governments, public and private financial institutions, industrial organizations and private individuals. In addition, the price of silver has on occasion been subject to very rapid short-term changes due to speculative activities. From time to time, above-ground inventories of silver may also influence the market.

- Relationship to Gold and Silver Bullion. — The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF invests in shares of gold and silver mining companies, but not in gold bullion or silver bullion. The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF may under- or over-perform gold bullion and/or silver bullion over the term of the notes.

## Hypothetical Return on the Notes at Maturity

The following table and examples illustrate the hypothetical return at maturity on a \$1,000 investment in the notes. The “return,” as used in this section is the number, expressed as a percentage, which results from comparing the payment at maturity per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes to \$1,000. The hypothetical total returns set forth below are based on a hypothetical Initial Level of \$100, a Buffer Percentage of 10% (the Buffer Level is 90% of the Initial Level), an Upside Leverage Factor of 200%, a hypothetical Cap of 6.20% (a percentage change in the applicable Underlying Asset of 6.20% results in a maximum return on the notes of 12.40%), and a hypothetical Maximum Redemption Amount of \$1,124.00. The hypothetical returns set forth below are for illustrative purposes only and may not be the actual returns applicable to investors in the notes. The numbers appearing in the following table and in the examples below have been rounded for ease of analysis.

| Hypothetical Final Level | Percentage Change | Return on the Notes |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| \$0.00                   | -100.00%          | -90.00%             |
| \$50.00                  | -50.00%           | -40.00%             |
| \$70.00                  | -30.00%           | -20.00%             |
| \$80.00                  | -20.00%           | -10.00%             |
| \$90.00                  | -10.00%           | 0.00%               |
| \$95.00                  | -5.00%            | 0.00%               |
| \$100.00                 | 0.00%             | 0.00%               |
| \$105.00                 | 5.00%             | 10.00%              |
| \$106.20                 | 6.20%             | 12.40%              |
| \$110.00                 | 10.00%            | 12.40%              |
| \$120.00                 | 20.00%            | 12.40%              |
| \$150.00                 | 50.00%            | 12.40%              |
| \$200.00                 | 100.00%           | 12.40%              |

## Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following examples illustrate how the returns set forth in the table above are calculated.

Example 1: The price of the applicable Underlying Asset decreases from the hypothetical Initial Level of \$100 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$50, representing a Percentage Change of -50%. Because the Percentage Change is negative and the Final Level of \$50.00 is less than the Initial Level by more than the Buffer Percentage of 10%, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$600.00 per \$1,000.00 in principal amount of the notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times (-50\% + 10\%)] = \$600.00$$

Example 2: The price of the applicable Underlying Asset decreases from the hypothetical Initial Level of \$100 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$95, representing a Percentage Change of -5%. Although the Percentage Change is negative, because the Final Level of \$95.00 is less than the Initial Level by not more than the Buffer Percentage of 10%, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$1,000.00 per \$1,000.00 in principal amount of the notes.

Example 3: The price of the applicable Underlying Asset increases from the hypothetical Initial Level of \$100 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$105, representing a Percentage Change of 5%. Because the Final Level of \$105.00 is greater than the Initial Level and the Percentage Change of 5% does not exceed the Cap, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$1,100.00 per \$1,000.00 in principal amount of the notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times (5\% \times 200\%)] = \$1,100.00$$

Example 4: The price of the applicable Underlying Asset increases from the hypothetical Initial Level of \$100 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$120, representing a Percentage Change of 20%. Because the Final Level of \$120.00 is greater than the Initial Level and the Percentage Change of 20% exceeds the Cap, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$1,124.00 per \$1,000.00 in principal amount of the notes, the Maximum Redemption Amount.

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## U.S. Federal Tax Information

By purchasing the notes, each holder agrees (in the absence of a change in law, an administrative determination or a judicial ruling to the contrary) to treat each note as a pre-paid cash-settled derivative contract for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in the notes are uncertain and the Internal Revenue Service could assert that the notes should be taxed in a manner that is different from that described in the preceding sentence. Please see the discussion (including the opinion of our counsel Morrison & Foerster LLP) in the product supplement under “Supplemental Tax Considerations—Supplemental U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations,” which applies to the notes.

A “dividend equivalent” payment is treated as a dividend from sources within the U.S. and such payments generally would be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax if paid to a non-United States holder (as defined in the product supplement). Under recently proposed U.S. Treasury Department regulations, certain payments that are contingent upon or determined by reference to U.S. source dividends, including payments reflecting adjustments for extraordinary dividends, with respect to equity-linked instruments, including the notes, may be treated as dividend equivalents. If enacted in their current form, the regulations will impose a withholding tax on payments made on the notes on or after January 1, 2014 that are treated as dividend equivalents. In that case, we (or the applicable paying agent) would be entitled to withhold taxes without being required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts so withheld. Further, non-United States holders may be required to provide certifications prior to, or upon the sale, redemption or maturity of the notes in order to minimize or avoid U.S. withholding taxes.

The Treasury Department has issued final regulations affecting the legislation enacted on March 18, 2010 and discussed in the product supplement under “Supplemental Tax Considerations—Supplemental U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Legislation Affecting Taxation of Notes Held By or Through Foreign Entities.” Pursuant to the final regulations, withholding requirements with respect to the notes will generally begin no earlier than January 1, 2014. Additionally, the withholding tax will not be imposed on payments pursuant to obligations outstanding on January 1, 2014. Account holders subject to information reporting requirements pursuant to the legislation may include holders of the notes. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the implications of this legislation and subsequent guidance on their investment in the notes.

## Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)

BMOCM will purchase the notes from us at a purchase price reflecting the commission set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement. BMOCM has informed us that, as part of its distribution of the notes, it will reoffer the notes to other dealers who will sell them. Each such dealer, or further engaged by a dealer to whom BMOCM reoffers the notes, will purchase the notes at an agreed discount to the initial price to public.

We own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding equity securities of BMOCM, the agent for this offering. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5121, BMOCM may not make sales in this offering to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer.

We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify the offering of any of the notes and to reject orders in whole or in part. You may cancel any order for the notes prior to its acceptance.

You should not construe the offering of any of the notes as a recommendation of the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the applicable Underlying Asset or as to the suitability of an investment in the notes.

BMOCM may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the notes. BMOCM will determine any secondary market prices that it is prepared to offer in its sole discretion.

We may use this pricing supplement in the initial sale of notes. In addition, BMOCM or another of our affiliates may use this pricing supplement in market-making transactions in any notes after their initial sale. Unless BMOCM, or we inform you otherwise in the confirmation of sale, this pricing supplement is being used by BMOCM in a market-making transaction.

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## The Underlying Assets

We have derived the following information from publicly available documents. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the following information. We are not affiliated with the applicable Underlying Asset and the applicable Underlying Asset will have no obligations with respect to the notes. This pricing supplement relates only to the notes and does not relate to the shares of the applicable Underlying Asset or securities in the applicable Underlying Index. Neither we nor BMOCM participates in the preparation of the publicly available documents described below. Neither we nor BMOCM has made any due diligence inquiry with respect to the applicable Underlying Asset in connection with the offering of the notes. There can be no assurance that all events occurring prior to the date of this pricing supplement, including events that would affect the accuracy or completeness of the publicly available documents described below, that would affect the trading price of the shares of the applicable Underlying Asset have been or will be publicly disclosed. Subsequent disclosure of any events or the disclosure of or failure to disclose material future events concerning the applicable Underlying Asset could affect the value of the shares of the applicable Underlying Asset on the Valuation Date and therefore could affect the Payment at Maturity.

The selection of the applicable Underlying Asset is not a recommendation to buy or sell the shares of the applicable Underlying Asset. Neither we nor any of our affiliates make any representation to you as to the performance of the shares of the applicable Underlying Asset. Information provided to or filed with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 relating to each Underlying Asset may be obtained through the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

### iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund

“iShares®” and “BlackRock” are registered trademarks of BlackRock. The notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold, or promoted by BlackRock, or by any of the iShares® Funds. Neither BlackRock nor the iShares® Funds make any representations or warranties to the owners of the notes or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in the notes. Neither BlackRock nor the iShares® Funds shall have any obligation or liability in connection with the registration, operation, marketing, trading, or sale of the notes or in connection with our use of information about the applicable Underlying Asset Issuer or any of the iShares® Funds.

iShares consists of numerous separate investment portfolios, including the iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund. The fund is intended to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of its Underlying Index, the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. This Underlying Asset trades on NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol “EEM”. The fund typically earns income dividends from securities included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. These amounts, net of expenses and taxes (if applicable), are passed along to the fund's shareholders as “ordinary income.” In addition, the iShares® MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund realizes capital gains or losses whenever it sells securities. Net long-term capital gains are distributed to shareholders as “capital gain distributions.” However, because your notes are linked only to the share price of the fund, you will not be entitled to receive income, dividend, or capital gain distributions from the fund or any equivalent payments.

The Underlying Index is intended to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index with a base date of December 31, 1987 and an initial value of 100. Underlying Index is calculated daily in U.S. dollars and published in real time every 60 seconds during market trading hours. The Underlying Index currently consists of the following 21 emerging market country indices: Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, and Turkey. As of February 28, 2013, the five largest country weights were China (18.41%), South Korea (15.30%), Brazil (12.59%), Taiwan (10.71%), and South Africa (7.12%), and the five largest sector weights were Financials (27.32%), Information Technology (14.14%), Energy (12.02%), Materials (11.09%), and Consumer Staples (8.87%).

The Underlying Index is part of the MSCI Regional Equity Indices series and is an MSCI Global Investable Market Index, which is a family within the MSCI International Equity Indices. MSCI Inc. (“MSCI”) is the Index Sponsor of the Underlying Index.

#### General - MSCI Indices

MSCI provides global equity indices intended to measure equity performance in international markets and the MSCI International Equity Indices are designed to serve as global equity performance benchmarks. In constructing these indices, MSCI applies its index construction and maintenance methodology across developed, emerging, and frontier markets.

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MSCI enhanced the methodology used in its MSCI International Equity Indices. The MSCI Standard and MSCI Small Cap Indices, along with the other MSCI equity indices based on them, transitioned to the global investable market indices methodology described below. The transition was completed at the end of May 2008. The Enhanced MSCI Standard Indices are composed of the MSCI Large Cap and Mid Cap Indices. The MSCI Global Small Cap Index transitioned to the MSCI Small Cap Index resulting from the Global Investable Market Indices methodology and contains no overlap with constituents of the transitioned MSCI Standard Indices. Together, the relevant MSCI Large Cap, Mid Cap, and Small Cap Indices will make up the MSCI investable market index for each country, composite, sector, and style index that MSCI offers.

Constructing the MSCI Global Investable Market Indices. MSCI undertakes an index construction process, which involves:

- defining the equity universe;
- determining the market investable equity universe for each market;
- determining market capitalization size segments for each market;
- applying index continuity rules for the MSCI Standard Index;
- creating style segments within each size segment within each market; and
- classifying securities under the Global Industry Classification Standard (the “GICS”).

Defining the Equity Universe. The equity universe is defined by:

- **Identifying Eligible Equity Securities:** the equity universe initially looks at securities listed in any of the countries in the MSCI Global Index Series, which will be classified as either Developed Markets (“DM”) or Emerging Markets (“EM”). All listed equity securities, or listed securities that exhibit characteristics of equity securities, except mutual funds, ETFs, equity derivatives, limited partnerships, and most investment trusts, are eligible for inclusion in the equity universe. Real Estate Investment Trusts (“REITs”) in some countries and certain income trusts in Canada are also eligible for inclusion.
- **Classifying Eligible Securities into the Appropriate Country:** each company and its securities (i.e., share classes) are classified in only one country.

**Determining the Market Investable Equity Universes.** A market investable equity universe for a market is derived by applying investability screens to individual companies and securities in the equity universe that are classified in that market. A market is equivalent to a single country, except in DM Europe, where all DM countries in Europe are aggregated into a single market for index construction purposes. Subsequently, individual DM Europe country indices within the MSCI Europe Index are derived from the constituents of the MSCI Europe Index under the global investable market indices methodology.

The investability screens used to determine the investable equity universe in each market are as follows:

- **Equity Universe Minimum Size Requirement:** this investability screen is applied at the company level. In order to be included in a market investable equity universe, a company must have the required minimum full market capitalization.

- **Equity Universe Minimum Free Float-Adjusted Market Capitalization Requirement:** this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. To be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, a security must have a free float-adjusted market capitalization equal to or higher than 50% of the equity universe minimum size requirement.
- **DM and EM Minimum Liquidity Requirement:** this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. To be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, a security must have adequate liquidity. The twelve-month and three-month Annual Traded Value Ratio (“ATVR”), a measure that screens out extreme daily trading volumes and takes into account the free float-adjusted market capitalization size of securities, together with the three-month frequency of trading are used to measure liquidity. In the calculation of the ATVR, the trading volumes in depository receipts associated with that security, such as ADRs or GDRs, are also considered. A minimum liquidity level of 20% of three- and twelve-month ATVR and 90% of three-month frequency of trading over the last four consecutive quarters are required for inclusion of a security in a market investable equity universe of a DM, and a minimum liquidity level of 15% of three- and twelve-month ATVR and 80% of three-month frequency of trading over the last four consecutive quarters are required for inclusion of a security in a market investable equity universe of an EM.
- **Global Minimum Foreign Inclusion Factor Requirement:** this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. To be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, a security’s Foreign Inclusion Factor (“FIF”) must reach a certain threshold. The FIF of a security is defined as the proportion of shares outstanding that is available for purchase in the public equity markets by international investors. This proportion accounts for the available free float of and/or the foreign ownership limits applicable to a specific security (or company). In general, a security must have an FIF equal to or larger than 0.15 to be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe.

- **Minimum Length of Trading Requirement:** this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. For an initial public offering (“IPO”) to be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, the new issue must have started trading at least four months before the implementation of the initial construction of the index or at least three months before the implementation of a semi-annual index review (as described below). This requirement is applicable to small new issues in all markets. Large IPOs are not subject to the minimum length of trading requirement and may be included in a market investable equity universe and the Standard Index outside of a Quarterly or Semi-Annual Index Review.

**Defining Market Capitalization Size Segments for Each Market.** Once a market investable equity universe is defined, it is segmented into the following size-based indices:

- Investable Market Index (Large + Mid + Small);
  - Standard Index (Large + Mid);
    - Large Cap Index;
    - Mid Cap Index; or
    - Small Cap Index.

Creating the size segment indices in each market involves the following steps:

- defining the market coverage target range for each size segment;
- determining the global minimum size range for each size segment;
- determining the market size-segment cutoffs and associated segment number of companies;
  - assigning companies to the size segments; and
- applying final size-segment investability requirements.

**Index Continuity Rules for the Standard Indices.** In order to achieve index continuity, as well as to provide some basic level of diversification within a market index, and notwithstanding the effect of other index construction rules described in this section, a minimum number of five constituents will be maintained for a DM Standard Index and a minimum number of three constituents will be maintained for an EM Standard Index.

**Creating Style Indices within Each Size Segment.** All securities in the investable equity universe are classified into value or growth segments using the MSCI Global Value and Growth methodology.

**Classifying Securities under the Global Industry Classification Standard.** All securities in the global investable equity universe are assigned to the industry that best describes their business activities. To this end, MSCI has designed, in conjunction with Standard & Poor’s, the GICS. Under the GICS, each company is assigned to one sub-industry according to its principal business activity. Therefore, a company can belong to only one industry grouping at each of the four levels of the GICS.

Index Maintenance

The MSCI global investable market indices are maintained with the objective of reflecting the evolution of the underlying equity markets and segments on a timely basis, while seeking to achieve index continuity, continuous investability of constituents and replicability of the indices, and index stability, and low index turnover. In particular, index maintenance involves:

(i) Semi-Annual Index Reviews (“SAIRs”) in May and November of the Size Segment and Global Value and Growth Indices which include:

- updating the indices on the basis of a fully refreshed equity universe;
- taking buffer rules into consideration for migration of securities across size and style segments; and
- updating FIFs and Number of Shares (“NOS”).

(ii) Quarterly Index Reviews (“QIRs”) in February and August of the Size Segment Indices aimed at:

- including significant new eligible securities (such as IPOs that were not eligible for earlier inclusion) in the index;



- allowing for significant moves of companies within the Size Segment Indices, using wider buffers than in the SAIR; and

- reflecting the impact of significant market events on FIFs and updating NOS.

(iii) Ongoing Event–Related Changes: changes of this type are generally implemented in the indices as they occur. Significantly large IPOs are included in the indices after the close of the company’s tenth day of trading.

Neither we nor any of our affiliates, including BMOCM, accepts any responsibility for the calculation, maintenance, or publication of, or for any error, omission, or disruption in the MSCI EAFE Index or MSCI Emerging Markets Index, or any successor to either of the indices. MSCI does not guarantee the accuracy or the completeness of the MSCI EAFE Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, or any data included in the indices. MSCI assumes no liability for any errors, omissions, or disruption in the calculation and dissemination of the MSCI EAFE Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. MSCI disclaims all responsibility for any errors or omissions in the calculation and dissemination of the MSCI EAFE Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, or the manner in which the indices are applied in determining the amount payable on the notes at maturity.

#### iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund

iShares consists of numerous separate investment portfolios, including the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund. The fund seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the FTSE China 25 Index. The fund typically earns income dividends from securities included in the FTSE China 25 Index. These amounts, net of expenses and taxes (if applicable), are passed along to the fund’s shareholders as “ordinary income.” In addition, the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund realizes capital gains or losses whenever it sells securities. Net long-term capital gains are distributed to shareholders as “capital gain distributions.” However, because the notes are linked only to the share price of the fund, you will not be entitled to receive income, dividend, or capital gain distributions from the fund or any equivalent payments. The fund seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of publicly traded securities of the largest companies in the China equity market available to international investors, as represented by the FTSE China 25 Index. The fund’s investment objective and the FTSE China 25 Index may be changed at any time.

The following information has been obtained from the iShares website without independent verification. As of March 21, 2013, the top ten constituent stocks by weight of the fund were China Construction Bank – H (10.15%), China Mobile Ltd. (9.21%), Industrial and Commercial Bank of China – H (8.09%), Bank of China Ltd. – H (7.01%), Tencent Holdings Ltd. (5.61%), China Petroleum & Chemical Corp – H (4.10%), China Shenhua Energy Co – H (4.07%), CNOOC Ltd. (4.05%), PetroChina Co Ltd. – H (4.05%) and Agricultural Bank of China (4.02%), and the top sector weights were Financials (56.59%), Telecommunications (14.78%), Oil & Gas (12.20%), Technology (5.61%) and Basic Materials (5.51%).

The shares of the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund trade on the NYSE Arca under the symbol “FXI”.

#### FTSE China 25 Index

The FTSE China 25 Index (formerly the FTSE/Xinhua China 25 Index) is a stock index calculated, published and disseminated by the index sponsor, the FTSE, and is designed to represent the performance of the mainland Chinese market that is available to international investors. FTSE China 25 Index, like other indices of FTSE, is governed by an independent advisory committee, the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee, that ensures that the FTSE China 25 Index is operated in accordance with ground rules published and maintained by the FTSE Policy Group. The FTSE China 25 Index is calculated and published in Hong Kong dollars (“HKD”) and non-HKD denominated constituent

prices are converted to HKD in order to calculate the index. The constituents of the FTSE China 25 Index are selected based on full market capitalization and with a view to providing stability in the index. As a result, the FTSE China 25 Index is not necessarily comprised of the 25 stocks with the highest full market capitalization. To be eligible for inclusion in the FTSE China 25 Index, a stock must be a constituent of the FTSE All-World Index, must be listed and trading on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Ltd. (“HKSE”), and must be an “H” share or a “Red Chip” share. “H” shares are securities of companies incorporated in the People’s Republic of China and nominated by the Central Government for listing and trading on the HKSE. “Red Chip” shares are securities of companies that are incorporated outside of the People’s Republic of China, are more than 35% owned (including strategic holdings), directly or indirectly, in aggregate by Chinese entities (such as Chinese Government entities, states, provinces or municipalities and derive more than 55% of their revenue or operating assets from mainland China). Both “H” shares and “Red Chip” shares are quoted and traded in Hong Kong dollars and are available only to international investors who are not citizens of the People’s Republic of China.

The composition of the FTSE China 25 Index is reviewed quarterly in March, June, September and December as described below.

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## Index Calculation

The index is calculated during each trading day of the HKSE (except for Hong Kong Public Holidays) on a real-time and end-of-day closing level (at 16:15 local Hong Kong time) basis. Total return calculations of the index are published at the end of each working day and include cash dividends based on the security's ex-dividend date. The price portion of the index is calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{SUM} [(pn * en) * sn * fn * cn] / d$$

$$n=1, 2, 3, \dots, n$$

where p is the latest trade price of the component security n, e is the exchange rate required to convert the security's home currency into Hong Kong dollars, if applicable, s is the number of shares of the security in issue as used by the FTSE index ground rules, f is the portion of free floating shares, adjusted in accordance with the policies of the FTSE/Xinhua Index Limited, c is the factor applied to each security to cap its weight within the index, expressed as a number between 0 and 1 (1 representing 100% or no cap) and published by FTSE that coincides with the most recent quarterly review of the index, and d is the divisor, a figure that represents the total issued share capital of the index at the base date, which may be adjusted to allow for changes in the issued share capital of individual securities without distorting the index.

The index uses actual trade prices for securities with local stock exchange quotations and Reuters real-time spot currency rates to convert those prices into Hong Kong dollars for its calculations. The foreign exchange rates received from Reuters at the index closing time (16:15 local Hong Kong time) are used to calculate the closing level of the index.

Under its calculation methodology, FTSE uses available published information to exclude from free floating shares, regardless of size of holdings, all of the following: any corporate investments by companies that are in a related industry (including suppliers) in an index constituent company, including by a publicly listed, or strategic holding company, private or non-listed subsidiary of a listed company, or a private company; long-term holdings by company directors, their families, companies majority owned by a director, or promoters; holdings of employee share schemes or shares held by employee unions; holdings by government authorities, government controlled corporations, government owned corporations, and government investment companies (although sovereign wealth funds may be considered free float in some circumstances); shares subject to lock-in clauses (for the duration of the clause); and convertible stock or loan stock that is not yet converted.

The initial weighting of an index constituent stock is applied in bands, as follows: free float less than or equal to 15% — ineligible for inclusion in the index, unless free float is also greater than 5% and the full market capitalization is greater than USD \$2.5 billion (or local currency equivalent), in which case actual free float rounded up to the next whole percentage is used; free float greater than 15% but less than or equal to 20% — 20%; free float greater than 20% but less than or equal to 30% — 30%; free float greater than 30% but less than or equal to 40% — 40%; free float greater than 40% but less than or equal to 50% — 50%; free float greater than 50% but less than or equal to 75% — 75%; and free float greater than 75% — 100%. Foreign ownership limits, if any, will be applied after calculating the actual free float restriction, but before applying the bands described above. If the foreign ownership limit is more restrictive than the free float restriction, the precise foreign ownership limit is applied. If the foreign ownership limit is less restrictive or equal to the free float restriction, the free float restriction is applied.

A capping methodology is applied at quarterly reviews to the constituents of the index to ensure that no constituent's weight exceeds 10%. The weights of all lower ranking constituents are then increased by a corresponding amount. The adjusted weights of these lower ranking constituents are then checked against the 10% cap. The process is repeated

until no constituent's weight exceeds 10%. Following this process, if the total index weight of those constituents whose individual weights exceed 5% is greater than 40% in the aggregate, a similar procedure is then applied to ensure that no more than one constituent is capped at 10% by reducing, for example, the second largest stock to 9% and increasing the other constituents' individual weights commensurately. The process continues until the total index weight of the constituents whose individual weights exceed 5% is less than 40% in the aggregate.

#### Maintenance

The quarterly review of the index constituents takes place in March, June, September and December. The meeting to review the constituents will be held on the Tuesday after the first Friday of the review month using data from the close of business on the next trading day following the third Friday in February, May, August and November. Any constituent changes will be implemented on the next trading day following the third Friday of the same month. The Index is capped as at the close of business the day before the third Friday in March, June, September and December. The Index is capped using prices adjusted for corporate events as at the close of business the day before the third Friday based on the constituents, shares in issue and free float on the next trading day following the third Friday of the review month. Index changes resulting from index reviews are published as soon as practical following the conclusion of each respective FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee meeting.

The insertion and deletion of companies in the index at the quarterly review are designed to provide stability in the selection of constituents of the index while ensuring that the index continues to be representative of the market by including or excluding those companies which have risen or fallen significantly. All securities eligible to be constituents of the index will be ranked by their full market capitalization. In determining the full market capitalization of a company, all share classes are included, while only the eligible share classes are included in the index weighting. A company will be inserted into the index at the periodic review if it rises to 15th position or above when the eligible companies are ranked by full market capitalization (before the application of any investability weightings). A company in the index will be deleted at the periodic review if it falls to 36th position or below when the eligible companies are ranked by full market capitalization (before the application of any investability weightings). A reserve list of potential index constituents will be maintained following each quarterly review in the event of removals prior to the next quarterly review as described below.

A constant number of constituents will be maintained for the index. Where a greater number of companies qualify to be inserted in the index than those qualifying to be deleted, the lowest ranking constituents presently included in the index will be deleted to ensure that an equal number of companies are inserted and deleted at the periodic review. Likewise, where a greater number of companies qualify to be deleted than those qualifying to be inserted, the securities of the highest ranking companies which are presently not included in the index will be inserted to match the number of companies being deleted at the periodic review.

An index constituent's free float is also reviewed in connection with the quarterly index reviews. Implementation of any changes takes place after the close of the index calculation on the third Friday of the review month. A constituent's free float will be reviewed and adjusted if necessary by identifying information which necessitates a change in free float weighting, following a corporate event, or the expiration of a lock-in clause.

If a corporate event includes a corporate action which affects the index, any change in free float will be implemented at the same time as the corporate action. If there is no corporate action or lock-in clause expiration, the change in free float will be applied as soon as practicable.

Following the application of an initial free float restriction, a constituent's free float will only be changed if its actual free float moves to more than 5 percentage points above the minimum or 5 percentage points below the maximum of an adjacent new band. This 5 percentage points threshold does not apply if the change is greater than one band i.e. a movement of 10 percentage points for the bands between 20% and 50% and 25 percentage points for the bands between 50% and 100% will not be subject to the 5 percentage point threshold.

Each constituent is tested for liquidity on an annual basis in March by calculation of its median daily trading per month as part of the FTSE All-World Index review. The median trade is calculated by ranking each daily trade total and selecting the middle ranking day. Daily totals with zero trades are included in the ranking; therefore a security that fails to trade for more than half of the days in a month will have a zero median trade. Securities which do not turnover at least 0.05% of their free float adjusted shares based on their median daily trade per month in ten of the twelve months prior to an annual review, are not eligible for inclusion in the index. Constituents failing to trade at least 0.04% of their free float adjusted shares based on its median daily trade per month for more than four of the twelve months prior to the annual review are removed from the index. New issues which do not have a twelve month trading record must have a minimum three month trading record when reviewed. They must turnover at least 0.05% of their free float adjusted shares based on their median daily trade per month in each month since their listing. This rule will not apply to new issues added under the Fast Entry Rule described below. At the sole discretion of the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee, the above percentage figures may be adjusted by up to 0.01% at the March review so that, in the Committee's opinion, the index better reflects the liquid investable market of the region. This discretion may only be exercised across the whole market and may not be applied to individual securities.

Corporate Events, New Issues and Extraordinary Removals

In the event of a merger or takeover in which one constituent is absorbed by another, the resulting company will remain a constituent. In the event of a merger or takeover resulting in a vacancy (either a constituent merges into another constituent or a constituent merges into a nonconstituent), the vacancy will be filled by the highest ranking security by full market capitalization from a reserve list maintained by the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee. In the event of corporate splits and spin-offs in which a constituent company forms two or more companies, the resulting companies may be eligible for inclusion as index constituents provided they meet applicable requirements. Index constituent changes resulting from a split will be determined following the effectiveness of the split based on market values at the close on the first day of trading and applied using market values at the close of the second day of trading. During this period, the index may have more than 25 constituents.

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If, in the view of the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee, a new issue is so large that the effectiveness of the index as the market indicator would be significantly and adversely affected by its omission, the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee may decide to include the new issue as a constituent of the index. To qualify, the company must be a “fast entry” into the FTSE All-World Index and have a full market capitalization which would ensure the company joins the index in 5th position or higher, before the application of individual constituent investability weightings. In such a case, the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee will normally include the company after the close of business on the fifth day of official trading and advance notification will be given accordingly. The security which is the lowest ranking constituent by full market capitalization of the index will be selected for removal.

If a constituent is delisted, or ceases to have a firm quotation, or is subject to a takeover or has, in the opinion of the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the FTSE Asia Pacific Advisory Committee (or their nominated deputies), ceased to be a viable constituent as defined by FTSE’s methodology, it will be removed from the list of constituents and replaced by the highest ranking company by full market capitalization eligible on the reserve list as at the close of the index calculation two days prior to the deletion. The removal and replacement are effected simultaneously, before the start of the index calculation on the day following the day on which the event justifying removal was announced.

Information regarding the index may be obtained from the FTSE website. A fact sheet for the index is available at [http://www.ftse.com/xinhua/english/Indices/International\\_Investors/Downloads/FXI\\_China\\_25\\_Index\\_Factsheet.pdf](http://www.ftse.com/xinhua/english/Indices/International_Investors/Downloads/FXI_China_25_Index_Factsheet.pdf), and the ground rules, including constituent selection and calculation methodology are available at [http://www.ftse.com/xinhua/english/Indices/International\\_Investors/Downloads/FTSE\\_China\\_25\\_Index\\_v1.0\\_-\\_English.pdf](http://www.ftse.com/xinhua/english/Indices/International_Investors/Downloads/FTSE_China_25_Index_v1.0_-_English.pdf). We are not incorporating by reference the website, the sources listed above or any material they include in this pricing supplement.

#### Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF

The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF is an investment portfolio maintained, managed and advised by Van Eck. The Market Vectors® ETF Trust is a registered open-end investment company that consists of numerous separate investment portfolios, including the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF. The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF is an exchange traded fund that trades on NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol “GDX.” The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index was developed by the NYSE Amex and is calculated, maintained and published by NYSE Arca. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index is a modified market capitalization-weighted index comprised of publicly traded companies involved primarily in mining for gold or silver.

The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF utilizes a “passive” or “indexing” investment approach in attempting to track the performance of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF will invest in all of the securities which comprise the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. The Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF will normally invest at least 95% of its total assets in common stocks that comprise the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index.

The notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Van Eck. Van Eck makes no representations or warranties to the owners of the notes or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in the notes. Van Eck has no obligation or liability in connection with the operation, marketing, trading or sale of the notes.

#### The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index

We have derived all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information and information supplied by NYSE Arca. Such information reflects the policies of, and is

subject to change by, NYSE Arca. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index was developed by the NYSE Amex (formerly the American Stock Exchange) and is calculated, maintained and published by the NYSE Arca. The NYSE Arca has no obligation to continue to publish, and may discontinue the publication of, the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index.

The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index includes common stocks and ADRs of selected companies that are involved primarily in mining for gold or silver and that are listed for trading on the NYSE, NYSE Arca, or the NASDAQ Stock Market. Only companies with market capitalizations greater than \$100 million that have an average daily volume of at least 50,000 shares over the past six months are eligible for inclusion in the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index's benchmark value was 500.00 at the close of trading on December 20, 2002. As of November 27, 2012, there were 31 gold and silver mining companies included in the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF.

Eligibility Criteria for Index Components. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index includes common stocks and ADRs of selected companies that are involved in mining for gold and silver and that are listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange, the NYSE Amex Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ Global Market. Only companies with a market capitalization of greater than \$100 million that have an average daily trading volume of at least 50,000 shares or ADRs over the past six months are eligible for inclusion in the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. NYSE Arca has the discretion to not include all companies that meet the minimum criteria for inclusion.



Calculation of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index is calculated by NYSE Arca on a price return basis. The calculation is based on the current modified market capitalization divided by a divisor. The divisor was determined on the initial capitalization base of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index and the base level and may be adjusted as a result of corporate actions and composition changes, as described below.

Index Maintenance. The NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index is reviewed quarterly to ensure that at least 90% of the index weight is accounted for by index components that continue to meet the initial eligibility requirements. NYSE Arca may at any time and from time to time change the number of securities comprising the group by adding or deleting one or more securities, or replacing one or more securities contained in the group with one or more substitute securities of its choice, if in NYSE Arca's discretion such addition, deletion or substitution is necessary or appropriate to maintain the quality and/or character of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. Components will be removed from the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index during the quarterly review if the market capitalization falls below \$50 million or the traded average daily shares for the previous six months is lower than 25,000 shares.

At the time of the quarterly rebalance, the component security weights will be modified to conform to the following asset diversification requirements:

- (1) the weight of any single component security may not account for more than 20% of the total value of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index;
- (2) the component securities are split into two subgroups—large and small, which are ranked by market capitalization weight in the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index. Large securities are defined as having a starting index weight greater than or equal to 5%. Small securities are defined as having a starting index weight below 5%; and
- (3) the aggregate weight of those component securities which individually represent more than 4.5% of the total value of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index may not account for more than 50% of the total index value.

The weights of the components securities (taking into account expected component changes and share adjustments) are modified in accordance with the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index's diversification rules.

Changes to the index composition and/or the component security weights in the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index are determined and announced prior to taking effect, which typically occurs after the close of trading on the third Friday of each calendar quarter month in connection with the quarterly index rebalance. The share weight of each component security in the index portfolio remains fixed between quarterly reviews except in the event of certain types of corporate actions such as stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends, or similar events. The share weights used in the index calculation are not typically adjusted for shares issued or repurchased between quarterly reviews. However, in the event of a merger between two components, the share weight of the surviving entity may be adjusted to account for any stock issued in the acquisition. NYSE Arca may substitute securities or change the number of securities included in the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index, based on changing conditions in the industry or in the event of certain types of corporate actions, including mergers, acquisitions, spin-offs, and reorganizations. In the event of component or share weight changes to the index portfolio, the payment of dividends other than ordinary cash dividends, spin-offs, rights offerings, re-capitalization, or other corporate actions affecting a component security of the NYSE Arca Gold Miners Index, the index divisor may be adjusted to ensure that there are no changes to the index level as a result of nonmarket forces.

## Historical Performances of the Underlying Assets

The following tables set forth the quarter-end high and low closing prices for each Underlying Asset from the first quarter of 2010 through March 21, 2013.

The historical prices of the Underlying Assets are provided for informational purposes only. You should not take the historical prices of the applicable Underlying Asset as an indication of its future performance, which may be better or worse than the prices set forth below.

## Closing Prices of the iShares®MSCI Emerging Markets Index Fund

|      |  | High  | Low   |
|------|--|-------|-------|
| 2010 | First Quarter                          | 43.22 | 36.83 |
|      | Second Quarter                         | 43.98 | 36.16 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 44.77 | 37.59 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 48.58 | 44.77 |
| 2011 | First Quarter                          | 48.69 | 44.63 |
|      | Second Quarter                         | 50.21 | 45.50 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 48.46 | 34.95 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 42.80 | 34.36 |
| 2012 | First Quarter                          | 44.76 | 38.23 |
|      | Second Quarter                         | 43.54 | 36.68 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 42.37 | 37.42 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 44.35 | 40.14 |
| 2013 | First Quarter (through March 21, 2013) | 45.20 | 41.80 |

## Closing Prices of the iShares® FTSE China 25 Index Fund

|      |                | High  | Low   |
|------|----------------|-------|-------|
| 2010 | First Quarter  | 44.56 | 37.17 |
|      | Second Quarter | 44.59 | 37.01 |
|      | Third Quarter  | 42.85 | 38.73 |
|      | Fourth Quarter | 47.93 | 42.20 |
| 2011 | First Quarter  | 44.96 | 41.16 |
|      | Second Quarter | 46.40 | 41.11 |
|      | Third Quarter  | 43.31 | 30.83 |
|      | Fourth Quarter | 38.95 | 29.75 |
| 2012 | First Quarter  | 40.48 | 35.15 |

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|      |  |       |       |
|------|--|-------|-------|
|      | Second Quarter                         | 38.34 | 31.83 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 35.29 | 32.09 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 40.48 | 34.91 |
| 2013 | First Quarter (through March 21, 2013) | 41.86 | 36.33 |

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## Closing Prices of the Market Vectors® Gold Miners ETF

|      |  | High  | Low   |
|------|--|-------|-------|
| 2010 | First Quarter                          | 50.17 | 40.22 |
|      | Second Quarter                         | 54.07 | 46.36 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 56.66 | 47.09 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 63.80 | 54.28 |
| 2011 | First Quarter                          | 60.79 | 53.12 |
|      | Second Quarter                         | 63.95 | 51.80 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 66.69 | 53.75 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 63.32 | 50.07 |
| 2012 | First Quarter                          | 57.47 | 48.75 |
|      | Second Quarter                         | 50.37 | 39.34 |
|      | Third Quarter                          | 54.81 | 40.70 |
|      | Fourth Quarter                         | 54.25 | 44.85 |
| 2013 | First Quarter (through March 21, 2013) | 47.09 | 35.91 |