ENTERGY CORP /DE/ Form 425 May 31, 2012

0 Update on Update on Entergy Transmission Entergy Transmission

Spin/Merger with ITC Spin/Merger with ITC

CLECO/NRG

May 31, 2012

Presented by Entergy Louisiana and Entergy Gulf States Louisiana

Filed

by

Entergy

Corporation

Pursuant

to

Rule

425

Under the Securities Act of 1933

Subject

Company:

Entergy

Corporation

Commission File No. 001-11299

1

Entergy Forward-Looking Information Entergy Forward-Looking Information

In this communication, and from time to time, Entergy makes certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Except to the extent required by the federal securities laws, Entergy undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-

looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties. There are factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, including (i) those factors discussed in Entergy s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, its report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, and other filings made by Entergy with the Securities and Exchange Commission; (ii) the following transactional factors (in addition to others described elsewhere in this presentation and in subsequent securities filings) involving risks inherent in the contemplated transaction, including: (1) failure to obtain ITC shareholder approval, (2) failure of Entergy and its shareholders to recognize the expected benefits of the transaction, (3) failure to obtain regulatory approvals necessary to consummate the transaction or to obtain regulatory approvals on favorable terms, (4) the ability of Entergy, Transco and ITC to obtain the required financings, (5) delays in consummating the transaction or the failure to consummate the transaction, (6) exceeding the expected costs of the transaction, and (7) the failure to receive an IRS ruling approving the tax-free status of the transaction; (iii) legislative and regulatory actions; and (iv) conditions of the capital markets during the periods covered by the forward-looking statements. The transaction is subject to certain conditions precedent, including regulatory approvals, approval of ITC s shareholders and the availability of financing. Entergy cannot provide any assurance that the transaction or any of the proposed transactions related thereto will be completed, nor can it give assurances as to the terms on which such transactions will be consummated.

2 2

Additional Information and Where to Find It Additional Information and Where to Find It

ITC and Transco will file registration statements with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registering shares of ITC common stock and Transco common units to be issued to Entergy shareholders in connection with the proposed transactions. ITC will also file a proxy statement with the SEC that will be sent to the shareholders of ITC. Entergy shareholders are urged to read the prospectus and/or information statement that will be included in the registration statements and any other relevant documents, because they contain important information about ITC,

Transco and the proposed

transactions. ITC shareholders are urged to read the proxy statement and any other relevant documents because they contain important information about Transco and the

proposed transactions. The proxy

statement, prospectus and/or information statement, and other documents relating to the proposed transactions (when they are available) can be obtained free of charge from the SEC s website at www.sec.gov. The documents, when available, can also be obtained free of charge from Entergy upon written request to

Entergy Corporation, Investor Relations, P.O. Box 61000, New Orleans, LA 70161 or by

calling Entergy s Investor Relations information line at 1-888-ENTERGY (368-3749), or from ITC upon written request to ITC Holdings Corp., Investor Relations, 27175 Energy Way, Novi, MI 48377 or by calling 248-946-3000.

4

3
Agenda
Agenda
ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Overview
Financial Flexibility
Rate Effects of Spin-Merge Transaction
Benefits
of
ETR
ITC

Spin-Merge Transaction Approvals Required Storm Response

4 The Merger Transaction The Merger Transaction End State End State

Entergy Utility Operating Companies

comprised of:

Generation

Distribution

Entergy expects to receive gross cash proceeds of \$1.775B from new indebtedness that will be assumed by ITC at close

Each Operating Company's capital structure anticipated to be consistent with current state following the transaction

Prior to the merger, ITC expects to effectuate a \$700M recapitalization currently anticipated to be a special dividend

Entergy shareholders to merge spun transmission business with ITC merger subsidiary

New Holdco to survive

Entergy

shareholders

to

receive

50.1% of ITC stock

Entergy

Shareholders

Parent

Creditors

Entergy

Utility

OpCos

Entergy

Wholesale

Commodities

OpCo

Creditors

Entergy

Shareholders

Mid South

Transco LLC

(New Holdco)

ITC

Shareholders

ITC ITC Merger Sub Transco Subs Illustrative

5
5
Benefits of ETR
ITC Spin-Merge Transaction
ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Overview
Agenda
Agenda
Financial Flexibility
Rate Effects of Spin-Merge Transaction
Approvals Required
Storm Response

6

Increases flexibility of investment alternatives

Protects credit quality of Entergy OpCos

Supports efficient infrastructure investment Overview of Benefits to Customers Overview of Benefits to Customers Through Spin-Merge Through Spin-Merge

Combines best operating practices of both companies

Brings ITC s experience and track record of safe and reliable operations to ensure continued strengthening of overall grid performance

Leverages Entergy employees knowledge and experience and fully utilizes Entergy s world-class storm restoration process

Provides singular focus on transmission system performance, planning and operations

Aligns with national policy objectives to facilitate investment in local, regional and inter-regional transmission, advance open access initiatives, and promote access to competitive energy markets

Enhanced credit quality improves access to capital for

Transmission business

Financial

Flexibility

Operational

Excellence

Independent

and

Transparent

ITC Model

7
7
ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Overview Agenda
Agenda
Benefits
of
ETR
ITC
Spin-Merge
Transaction

Financial Flexibility
Rate Effects of Spin-Merge Transaction
Approvals Required
Storm Response

8

The Utility Industry Is Facing Huge Need for Capital
The Utility Industry Is Facing Huge Need for Capital

Estimated at \$2.2T Over the Next 20 Years

Estimated at \$2.2T Over the Next 20 Years Growth / Investment Issues Facing Utility Industry Over Next 20 Years Source: Internal analysis; Bloomberg Generation Transmission Distribution Projected Industry Capital Investments

Over Next 20 Years

\$T ???

Current Market Cap

Other = 0.15

8

9 9 Challenges facing the electric utilities industry Addressing challenges

[&]quot;the real tests lie ahead, when federal environmental mandates and consequent

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spending requirements are more certain, when state renewable portfolio standards begin to
command heightened
expenditures
in
earnest, and
when
an
aging
infrastructure reveals its vulnerability
"a sustained, collaborative and open working relationship among the principal vested interests will be critical to the execution of corporate, environmental and public policy initiatives"
"we view most favorably those commissions that establish rates that reasonably reflect the costs incurred by a utility, including a return on equity, and where timely
adjustments to these rates are made to recognize changes in costs
Note:
Comments sourced
from
Energy
Biz
article
written
by
Richard
W.
Cortright,
Jr.,
managing director
in
Standard
&
Poor's
U.S.
Utilities and
Infrastructure Ratings group dated Feb 07, 2012
Standard and Poor's Outlook
"Utility Credit Ratings Critical to Raising Capital
Money Needed to Build Wires and Plants
Capital Trends
Capital Trends
Rating Agency Considerations
Rating Agency Considerations

"For an industry that is among the most capital-intensive in the United States, failure to maintain investment grade could have significant upward cost implications" "public service commissions continue to be reasonably supportive despite frequently lower authorized returns."

"a preference for expense deferrals may develop, and a proclivity for less competitive authorized returns will almost certainly prevail. Such a turn of events would likely result in a shift of our stable outlook on overall U.S. electric utility credit quality to negative."

10
10
Duke / Progress
Northeast Utilities / NSTAR
PPL / LG&E
First Energy / Allegheny
Exelon / Constellation
Industry Is Responding to Capital Investment
Industry Is Responding to Capital Investment
Challenges with Different Approaches
Challenges with Different Approaches

Create larger footprint; upsize balance sheet Achieve greater certainty in regulations Align business model with capital needs

Consolidate

Build

Regulatory

Flexibility /

Certainty

Change

Business

Model

e.g., Formula rate plans, future test years, specific rider recovery, CWIP in rates, etc.

e.g., AEP Transco e.g., FPL Rate Hike Request

```
11

11

5.3

7.2

2011-2014

2007-2010

2015-2021

2003-2006

4.3

+21%

Capital Trends
```

Capital Trends Rising Capital for Entergy Overall Rising Capital for Entergy Overall ???

Effect of EPA rules?

???

Effect of EPA rules?

Aging infrastructure?

+37%

Note: Excludes storm Capex for historical data; ETR Utilities includes EAI, ELL, EGSL, EMI, ETI, ENOI, SERI, ESI, EOI, S Entergy Utilities Capital Investment

Total Spend

\$B

Capital spending could significantly increase over the next

10 years due to the potential for new environmental

regulations and replacement of aging infrastructure

```
12
Capital Trends
Capital Trends
Rising Capital for Entergy s Transmission Business
Rising Capital for Entergy s Transmission Business
Entergy Projected Transmission Capital Investment
2012E-2014E; $M
0
100
200
300
400
500
```

600

2012E

2013E

2014E

Projected
Depreciation
Expense

```
13
13
13
For ETR Utilities, Spend on Major Storms
For ETR Utilities, Spend on Major Storms
Amounted to ~$2.6B Over 2005-2010
Amounted to ~$2.6B Over 2005-2010
Event
Year
Spend
($M)
Hurricane Katrina
2005
1,117
Hurricane Rita
2005
645
Hurricane Gustav
2008
```

680

Hurricane Ike

2008

626

Ice Storm EAI 2009

2009

119

Ice Storm EAI Jan 2010

2010

12

In the past, ETR

utilities have had to

effectively respond

to major storms

which have required

unplanned capital

expenditures

~\$3.2 billion over

2005-2010

Strong balance sheet and credit ratings critical for quickly

mobilizing capital and resources to respond to emergencies

1.

Includes capital and O&M spend

Note: 2011 CapX estimated to be \$2.11B. 2011 capital spend related to major storms was \$112M

```
14
14
2011-2014
2003-2006
3.5
2007-2010
1.7
2.5
2015-2021
Note: Excludes storm Capex for historical data +46%
Capital spending could significantly increase over the next
```

10 years due to the potential for new environmental regulations and replacement of aging infrastructure

Capital Trends

Capital Trends

Rising Capital for LAU

Rising Capital for LAU

???

Effect of regulation?

???

Effect of regulations?

Aging infrastructure?

+40%

LAU Capital Investment

Total Spend

\$B

15 Financial Flexibility ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Overview Agenda Agenda Benefits

of ETR

ITC
Spin-Merge
Transaction
Storm Response
Rate Effects of Spin-Merge Transaction
Approvals Required

16
Storm Response Organization Will Be Modified
Storm Response Organization Will Be Modified
to Ensure Close Coordination and Interaction
to Ensure Close Coordination and Interaction

Between Entergy and ITC

Between Entergy and ITC **System Section** Chiefs **System Planning** Chief Supply Chain Operations Resource Logistics Administration **Planning Support Branch Director** Restoration Prioritization Risk Analysis Situation Branch ITC Storm Response Organization (details TBD in design phase) **ITC-ETR** liaison (New position) ITC Technical/Mgmt employee assigned to ETR storm response center in Jackson Preliminary pre-design phase vision Final design scheduled 9/2012 ITC employee ETR employee **Functional Incident** Commanders (ex. Fossil, Distribution, Nuclear, Gas) ITC System Incident Commander (SIC) (Greg Grillo) ETR System Incident Commander (SIC)

(John Mullins)

17
17
Storm Response
Financial Flexibility
ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Overview
Agenda
Agenda

Benefits of

ETR

ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Rate Effects of Spin-Merge Transaction Approvals Required

```
18
18
18
```

Henry Hub Gas Index \$/mmBtu

5 0 ELL Avg. Monthly Residential Bill 1,000 kWh \$ 150 100 50 0 2011 95.93 2010 93.70 2009 83.35 2008 109.77 2007 99.55 2006 92.70 2005 96.83 2004 78.99 2003 84.12 2002 72.57 2001 80.97 Significant Variability in Average Residential Bills Significant Variability in Average Residential Bills Yearly Variation Between \$2 and \$26 Over 2001-2011 Yearly Variation Between \$2 and \$26 Over 2001-2011 Illustrative Note: Residential bills are the average of the Typical Monthly Bills in that year for a residential customer using 1,000 kWh, ex Source: Entergy Regulatory Services, Typical Bill Report Henry Hub Gas Index \$/mmBtu

2.73.15.4

```
5.9
8.3
6.5
6.9
9.0
3.8
4.4
4.0
ELL Avg. Monthly Residential Bill
1,000 kWh
$
Henry Hub Gas Index
13% reduction in customer
bills since 2008
-$26.43
(-24%)
-13%
+$2.23
(+2%)
```

```
19
```

Henry Hub Gas Index \$/mmBtu

5 0 **EGSL** Avg. Monthly Residential Bill 1,000 kWh \$ 150 100 50 0 2011 93.55 2010 93.91 2009 82.35 2008 108.99 2007 101.47 2006 108.24 2005 101.34 2004 80.95 2003 87.16 2002 75.12 2001 89.25 14% reduction in customer bills since 2008

Significant Variability in Average Residential Bills

Significant Variability in Average Residential Bills

Yearly Variation Between \$1 and \$27 Over 2001-2011

Yearly Variation Between \$1 and \$27 Over 2001-2011

Illustrative

Note: Residential bills are the average of the Typical Monthly Bills in that year for a residential customer using 1,000 kWh, ex

Source: Entergy Regulatory Services, Typical Bill Report

Henry Hub

Gas Index

\$/mmBtu

2.7

- 3.1
- 5.4
- 5.9
- 8.3
- 6.5
- 6.9
- 9.0
- 3.8
- 4.4
- 4.0
- EGSL
- Avg.
- Monthly Residential
- Bill
- 1,000
- kWh
- \$
- Henry Hub Gas Index
- -\$26.64
- (-24%)
- +\$0.37
- (0%)
- -14%

20
20
Transmission Constitutes ~12% of ELL Rate Base
Transmission Constitutes ~12% of ELL Rate Base
and ~13% of EGSL Rate Base (2010)
and ~13% of EGSL Rate Base (2010)
ELL Last Filed Rate Base

\$B

4 3 2 1 0 Estimated RemainCo Rate Base 2.8 Estimated Transmission Rate Base 0.4 Aggregate Rate Base 3.2 EGSL Last Filed 2010 Rate Base 4 3 2 1 0 Estimated RemainCo Rate Base Estimated Transmission Rate Base 0.3 Aggregate Rate Base 2.1 2.4 Estimated ELL Transmission Rate Base Is ~12% of Total Estimated **EGSL** Transmission Rate Base Is ~13% of Total 1. Total Electric Rate Base sourced from Jan 2012 Investor News 2. Transmission Rate base sourced from May 2011 annual F. filing as of 12/31/10 Note: Figures are rounded for approximation

21

21

21

Rate Impacts: Transmission Constitutes a Small Rate Impacts: Transmission Constitutes a Small

Portion of an ELL Customer's Total Bill Portion of an ELL Customer's Total Bill

Typical ELL

Customer

Bill

Illustrative

Non-Fuel

43.0%

4.0%

53.0%

Transmission

Fuel

22 22

22

Rate Impacts: Transmission Constitutes a Small Rate Impacts: Transmission Constitutes a Small Portion of an EGSL Customer's Total Bill Portion of an EGSL Customer's Total Bill

Typical EGSL Customer Bill Illustrative

Non-Fuel 38.9% 6.6% 54.5% Transmission Fuel

Transition from current retail rate construct to FERC-regulated rate construct expected for ITC

Analysis assumes MISO base ROE for Entergy transmission business (12.38%) and capital structure currently utilized by ITC operating companies (60% equity/40% debt)

Benefits
of
credit
quality
improvement
resulting
from
transition
to

FERC-

regulated rate construct partially offset ROE and capital structure impacts

Rate Impacts Split into Rate Construct, Rate Timing

Rate Impacts Split into Rate Construct, Rate Timing

and Other Effects for Retail Customers

and Other Effects for Retail Customers

Rate

Construct

Effects

Rate

Timing

Effects

Forward Test Year:

Eliminates regulatory lag in recovery of capital

investments

One time impact of conversion to forward test year

Reflects amounts that would have been collected in future years

MSS-2 construct eliminated post transaction

Current

estimation

reflects

effect

of

paying

load

ratio

share

of

Transmission

cost factoring in zonal investment and retail share of Transmission

investments

Other Effects

24 24 2014 Benefits From Higher Credit Quality resulting from Rate

Construct $\sim (0.27)$ 2014 Rate Construct Effects from **FERC** regulated model ~0.84 Illustrative Bill if ETR owns T assets current state ~95.93 100 98 96 ~96.31 +0.380.4% 0 Illustrative Bill if ITC owns T assets post transaction 2 4 ~(0.19) 2014 net other effects* **ELL** Residential Bill 1,000 kWh \$ 90 92 94 ELL Typical Residential Customer Bill Expected ELL Typical Residential Customer Bill Expected to to Initially Increase 0.4% Due to Rate Construct Effects Initially Increase 0.4% Due to Rate Construct Effects

Expected Mitigation by Customer Benefits
Expected Mitigation by Customer Benefits
Illustrative
Expected Rate
Construct Effects*
Over the long term,
customer bill effects
expected to be mitigated
by...

Enhanced Financial flexibility

Operational Excellence

Reliability, System Performance, Scale efficiencies etc.

Independent and transparent ITC model

*Refer to previous slide where rate construct and other assumptions are detailed

Note: Illustrative bill is the average of the 2011 Typical Monthly Bills for a residential customer using 1,000 kWh, excluding t rate effects of Transaction and is not meant to project an actual future customer bill. Estimation does not include effects of morprices or rate cases between now and time of deal close

Note: Contents exclude estimated one time rate timing effect of \$0.65 in 2014 due to conversion to forward test year - reflects amounts that would have been collected in future years

```
25
25
92
88
8
EGSL Residential Bill-1,000 kWh
$
```

100 4 0 96 ~94.59 2014 net other effects* ~0.36 2014 Benefits From Higher Credit Quality resulting from Rate Construct Illustrative Bill if ITC owns T assets post transaction 2014 Rate Construct Effects from **FERC** regulated model ~0.92 Illustrative Bill if ETR owns T assets current state 93.55 ~(0.24) **EGSL EGSL** Typical Typical Residential Residential Customer Customer Bill Bill Expected Expected to to Initially Increase 1.1% Due to Rate Construct Effects

Initially Increase 1.1% Due to Rate Construct Effects

Expected Mitigation by Customer Benefits
Expected Mitigation by Customer Benefits
Illustrative
Expected Rate
Construct Effects*
Over the long term,
customer bill effects
expected to be mitigated
by...

Enhanced Financial flexibility

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Note: Contents exclude estimated one time rate timing effect of \$0.65 in 2014 due to conversion to forward test year - reflects amounts that would have been collected in future years +1.04 1.1%

26 26 Storm Response Financial Flexibility ITC Spin-Merge Transaction Overview Agenda Agenda

Benefits of

ETR

ITC

Spin-Merge Transaction

Approvals Required
Rate Effects of Spin-Merge Transaction

27
27
Pathway to Completion
Pathway to Completion
Required Approvals
Required Approvals
Jurisdiction / Authority

Approval(s)
MISO RTO

Final approval of move to MISO RTO by all retail jurisdictions

Final FERC approval of move to MISO RTO Entergy Retail Regulators (APSC, LPSC, MPSC, PUCT, CCNO)

Change of control of transmission assets

Authorization to incur debt in some jurisdictions FERC

Change of control of transmission assets

Establishment of new regulatory construct for new ITC subsidiaries

Authorization for operating company financings Hart-Scott-Rodino Act (DOJ / FTC)

Pre-merger notification to review potential antitrust and competition issues IRS Private Letter Ruling

Ruling regarding tax-free treatment of the distribution of Mid South TransCo LLC (new Holdco) ITC Shareholders

Merger

Amendment to ITC Articles of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares

Authorization for issuance of greater than 20% of outstanding shares

*Approval may be required in Missouri due to limited assets in those territories. Approval for Financings may be required in T be required in Oklahoma for ITC