

CRYO CELL INTERNATIONAL INC  
Form 10QSB  
October 13, 2004  
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## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

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### FORM 10-QSB

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(Mark One)

**Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.**

For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2004

**Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-23386

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## CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in its Charter)

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**DELAWARE**  
(State or other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

**22-3023093**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

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**3165 McMullen Booth Road, Building B, Clearwater, Florida 33761**

**(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)**

**Issuer's phone number, including area code: (727) 450-8000**

**(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report).**

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State the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of October 13, 2004, 11,379,879 shares of \$0.01 par value common stock were outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one). Yes  No

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**CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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**Table of Contents****Item 1. Financial Statements****CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****ASSETS**

	<b>August 31, 2004</b>	<b>November 30, 2003</b>
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
	<b>(unaudited)</b>	
<b><u>Current Assets</u></b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,167,386	\$ 2,452,006
Restricted cash held in escrow	996,653	
Marketable securities and other investments	707,040	798,077
Accounts receivable and advances (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$290,726 and \$200,010, respectively)	841,032	483,926
Receivable - Affiliates (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$128,540 at November 30, 2003)		195,022
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	431,242	366,579
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
Total current assets	7,143,353	4,295,610
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b><u>Property and Equipment-net</u></b>	1,647,156	1,354,619
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b><u>Property and Equipment-held for sale</u></b>	145,000	
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b><u>Other Assets</u></b>		
Marketable securities and other investments	516,797	468,102
Notes receivable	100,000	100,000
Receivable - Revenue sharing agreement		100,525
Investment in Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc.	756,905	799,328
Deposits and other assets	102,055	99,004
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
Total other assets	1,475,757	1,566,959
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
Total assets	\$ 10,411,266	\$ 7,217,188
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT**

	<b>August 31, 2004</b>	<b>November 30, 2003</b>
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b><u>Current Liabilities</u></b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 449,771	\$ 340,731
Loan payable to related party		145,000

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Accrued expenses	733,984	1,637,540
Deferred revenue	2,729,350	2,108,292
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>3,913,105</b>	<b>4,231,563</b>
<b>Other Liabilities</b>		
Deferred revenue	2,567,197	1,686,916
Long-Term Liability-Revenue sharing agreements	3,750,000	3,750,000
Deferred consulting obligation	1,250,467	1,339,718
<b>Total other liabilities</b>	<b>7,567,664</b>	<b>6,776,634</b>
<b>Minority Interest</b>		
<b>Stockholders Deficit</b>		
Preferred stock (\$.01 par value, 500,000 authorized and none issued)		
Common stock (\$.01 par value, 20,000,000 authorized; 11,379,879 as of August 31, 2004, and 11,352,379 at November 30, 2003 issued and outstanding)	113,799	113,524
Additional paid-in capital	23,399,864	23,295,659
Treasury stock	(839,301)	(839,301)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(175,822)	(111,522)
Accumulated deficit	(23,568,043)	(26,249,369)
<b>Total stockholders deficit</b>	<b>(1,069,503)</b>	<b>(3,791,009)</b>
	<b>\$ 10,411,266</b>	<b>\$ 7,217,188</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003
<b>Revenue</b>	\$ 3,229,268	\$ 2,028,159	\$ 9,003,295	\$ 5,091,329
<b>Costs and Expenses:</b>				
Cost of sales	858,870	644,317	2,225,685	1,944,537
Marketing, general & administrative expenses	1,643,843	1,831,959	4,460,979	4,913,606
Litigation Accrual Reversal	(1,424,626)		(1,102,968)	
Research, development and related engineering	15,731	100,639	70,170	166,029
Depreciation and amortization	107,857	90,211	309,357	252,533
<b>Total cost and expenses</b>	<b>1,201,675</b>	<b>2,667,126</b>	<b>5,963,223</b>	<b>7,276,705</b>
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b>2,027,593</b>	<b>(638,967)</b>	<b>3,040,072</b>	<b>(2,185,376)</b>
<b>Other (Expense) Income:</b>				
Interest income	8,461	168	26,060	44,477
Interest expense	(202,461)	(182,411)	(569,945)	(460,105)
Other income	82,042	64,813	235,481	139,956
Settlement on insurance claim			135,338	
Gain (Loss) on sale of fixed asset		41,548	(2,625)	41,548
Gain (Loss) on sale of marketable securities		4,542	2,958	(20,210)
<b>Total other expense</b>	<b>(111,958)</b>	<b>(71,340)</b>	<b>(172,733)</b>	<b>(254,334)</b>
<b>Income (loss) before income taxes and equity in losses of affiliates</b>	<b>1,915,635</b>	<b>(710,307)</b>	<b>2,867,339</b>	<b>(2,439,710)</b>
<b>Income taxes</b>				
Equity in losses of affiliates	(57,008)	(262,689)	(93,457)	(234,902)
	(57,008)	(262,689)	(93,457)	(234,902)
<b>Income (loss) from continuing operations</b>	<b>1,858,627</b>	<b>(972,996)</b>	<b>2,773,882</b>	<b>(2,674,612)</b>
<b>Income (Loss) on discontinued operations</b>		<b>83,511</b>	<b>(92,556)</b>	<b>(447,617)</b>
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	<b>\$ 1,858,627</b>	<b>\$ (889,485)</b>	<b>\$ 2,681,326</b>	<b>\$ (3,122,229)</b>
<b>Net income (loss) from continuing operations per common share-basic</b>	<b>\$ 0.16</b>	<b>\$ (0.09)</b>	<b>\$ 0.24</b>	<b>\$ (0.24)</b>
<b>Net income (loss) from discontinued operations per common share-basic</b>	<b>\$ 0.00</b>	<b>\$ 0.01</b>	<b>\$ (0.01)</b>	<b>\$ (0.04)</b>
<b>Net income (loss) per common share - basic</b>	<b>\$ 0.16</b>	<b>\$ (0.08)</b>	<b>\$ 0.23</b>	<b>\$ (0.28)</b>

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Weighted average common shares outstanding basic	11,364,172	11,352,379	11,357,939	11,352,379
Net income (loss) from continuing operations per common share-diluted	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.23	\$ (0.24)
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations per common share-diluted	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.04)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 0.15	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.22	\$ (0.28)
Weighted average common shares outstanding diluted	12,002,235	11,352,379	11,824,360	11,352,379
<b>Comprehensive income (loss):</b>				
Net income (loss):	\$ 1,858,627	(889,485)	\$ 2,681,326	\$ (3,122,229)
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>				
Net change in unrealized loss on marketable securities	(24,079)	(42,425)	(64,300)	(104,260)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 1,834,548	\$ (931,910)	\$ 2,617,026	\$ (3,226,489)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 2,681,326	\$ (3,122,229)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided by (used in) in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	369,681	300,029
Gain (loss) on sale of marketable securities held to maturity	(2,958)	20,210
Loss (Gain) on sale of property and equipment	2,625	(41,548)
Compensatory element of stock options	37,296	50,063
Issuance of common stock for services rendered		216,150
Provision for doubtful accounts	62,500	175,000
Dividend income reinvested in marketable securities		(7,464)
Equity in losses (income) of affiliates	93,457	(12,699)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Restricted cash held in escrow	(996,653)	
Accounts receivable and advances	(419,606)	(106,246)
Receivable - Affiliates	195,022	163,017
Notes receivable		(20,000)
Deferred consulting fees		115,535
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(64,663)	(141,686)
Deposits and other assets	(3,051)	(250)
Accounts payable	109,040	(91,319)
Deferred revenue	1,501,339	1,375,512
Long-term liabilities-Revenue sharing agreements		(50,000)
Receivable - revenue sharing agreements	100,525	151,521
Accrued expenses	(903,556)	(673,250)
<b>Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	<b>2,762,324</b>	<b>(1,699,654)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(812,443)	(138,413)
Sale of property and equipment	2,600	116,761
Purchase of marketable securities and other investments	(229,000)	
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	210,000	200,192
<b>Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities</b>	<b>(828,843)</b>	<b>178,540</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	16,150	
Repayment of loan to related party	(195,000)	
Proceeds from loan payable to related party	50,000	100,000
Proceeds from revenue sharing agreements		50,000
Repayments of deferred consulting obligation	(89,251)	(88,594)



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Repayment of capital leases		(1,406)
<b>Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities</b>	<b>(218,101)</b>	<b>60,000</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>1,715,380</b>	<b>(1,461,114)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	2,452,006	1,935,532
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	<b>\$ 4,167,386</b>	<b>\$ 474,418</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:</b>		
Interest	\$ 469,420	\$ 216,533
Income taxes	\$	\$ 162,600
<b>Supplemental schedules of non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>		
Change in unrealized net loss as a component of marketable securities and shareholders equity	\$ (64,300)	\$ (104,260)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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**CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**August 31, 2004**

**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1 - Basis of Presentation**

The unaudited consolidated financial statements including the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of August 31, 2004, Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Cash Flows for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 have been prepared by CRYO-CELL International, Inc. and its subsidiaries ( the Company ). In the opinion of Management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and changes in cash flows for all periods presented have been made.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements herein have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial reporting. Certain financial information and note disclosures which are normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. It is suggested that these consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's November 30, 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-KSB.

**Revenue Recognition**

During the first quarter of 2003, the Company changed its method of recognizing enrollment fee revenue. Through November 30, 2002, the Company recognized enrollment fees upon completion of the enrollment into the U-Cord storage program. Beginning December 1, 2002, enrollment fees and the related direct incremental costs associated with these fees are deferred and recognized once the processing of the specimens is completed. The cumulative effect of the change as of November 30, 2002, would have been a reduction of the accumulated deficit of approximately \$102,000. The cumulative impact of the change is reflected in the three months ended February 28, 2003. Management does not believe that the impact of this adjustment is material to the operating results and earnings for the year ending November 30, 2003 or to prior years.

The Company records revenue from processing and storage of specimens. The Company recognizes revenue from processing fees upon completion of processing and cellular storage fees ratably over the contractual storage period. The Company also records revenue from shipping and handling when earned. Shipping and handling costs are expensed and included in cost of sales.

**Income Taxes**

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Under the asset and liability method of SFAS No. 109 Accounting for Income Taxes , deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to be recovered or settled. A valuation allowance covering the net deferred tax assets of the Company as of August 31, 2004 and November 30, 2003, has been provided as the Company does not believe it is more likely than not that the future income tax benefits will be realized.

**Table of Contents****Reclassification**

Certain reclassifications have been made to the November 30, 2003 balance sheet to conform to the 2004 presentation, including the reclassification of the remaining initial value of the Company stock held by Saneron of approximately \$303,000 within stockholders' equity to treasury stock.

**Note 2 Earnings per Common Share**

Earnings (Loss) per share data is based on net income (loss) and not net comprehensive income (loss). The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003
<b>Numerator:</b>				
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 1,858,627	\$ (889,485)	\$ 2,681,326	\$ (3,122,229)
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Weighted-average shares outstanding-basic	11,364,172	11,352,379	11,357,939	11,352,379
Dilutive common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options	638,063		466,421	
<b>Weighted-average shares-diluted</b>	<b>12,002,235</b>	<b>11,352,379</b>	<b>11,824,360</b>	<b>11,352,379</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) per share:</b>				
Basic	\$ .16	\$ (.08)	\$ .23	\$ (.28)
Diluted	\$ .15	\$ (.08)	\$ .22	\$ (.28)

For the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2004, options to purchase 306,900 and 303,400 shares of common stock, respectively, were outstanding during the period but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares.

For the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2003 and 2004, basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share was computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company excluded the effect of all outstanding options from the computation of earnings per share for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2003, as the effect of potentially dilutive shares from the outstanding stock options would be antidilutive.

**Note 3 Legal Proceedings**

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The Company is involved in the following legal proceedings:

On February 22, 2002 the Company was named as a defendant in a complaint filed by Pharmastem Therapeutics, Inc. in the United States District Court of Delaware (Wilmington) (the Court ), Case No. 02-148-GMS, alleging patent infringement of U.S Patents Nos. 5,004,681 ( 681 patent ) which relates to the collection processing, and storage of stem cells derived from umbilical cord blood

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and 5,192,553 ( 553 patent ) which relates to the therapeutic uses of stem cells derived from umbilical cord blood. Pharmastem, a Delaware corporation, named eight companies (three of which are now out of business) involved in cord blood banking. The suit sought an injunction against the companies, an unspecified amount of damages or royalties, treble damages and attorney's fees. The trial was held in October 2003 and pursuant to a jury verdict entered on October 30, 2003, a judgment was entered against the Company related to the 681 patent in the amount of \$957,722 for damages relating to royalties resulting from revenues generated from specimens processed and stored from April 11, 2000 through August 31, 2003. The Company recognized a liability for the year ended November 30, 2003 in the amount of the judgment and an additional expense in the amount of \$145,000 for **estimated** damages relating to royalties resulting from revenues generated from specimens processed and stored for the three months ended November 30, 2003 and recorded this as an accrued expense in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

During fiscal 2004 the Company accrued an additional \$523,000 for **estimated** damages relating to royalties resulting from revenues generated from specimens processed and stored during the first, second and third quarters of fiscal 2004 recognizing that it was probable that the damages would continue to accrue at that rate should the judgment remain in effect related to the 681 patent. In December 2003, the Company transferred \$957,722 into an escrow account, which has been reflected as restricted cash in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The defendants, including the Company, filed motions for post-trial relief, and execution of the judgment was stayed pending disposition of those motions. The plaintiff also filed motions seeking an award of approximately \$2,800,000 for enhanced damages, counsel fees and interest, as well as for a permanent injunction against future infringement. The Company did not accrue the \$2,800,000 as of August 31, 2004, as the Company felt the likelihood of the judgment was remote.

On September 15, 2004, the Court ruled on the post trial motions. The Court vacated its judgment, overturning the jury's verdict for patent infringement and damages previously entered against the Company, and has denied Pharmastem's request for an injunction and enhanced damages against the defendants. Reversing the jury's verdict, the Court has entered a new judgment in favor of the Company and the other defendant blood banks with regard to PharmaStem's 553 patent, holding that the cord blood banks are not, and cannot be, liable for contributory infringement of the patent because they do not sell, or offer for sale, umbilical cord blood. Rather, the private blood banks provide a service of processing and preservation of cord blood for families. With regard to PharmaStem's original patent the 681 patent, the Court has granted CRYO-CELL and its co-defendants a new trial on the issues of infringement and damages, finding that the jury's earlier verdict of infringement was against the great weight of the evidence. Moreover, in a separate action, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has recently decided to reexamine the validity of both of the PharmaStem patents that were the subject of the litigation in Delaware, the 553 patent and the 681 patent.

As a result of the September 15, 2004 ruling, during the third quarter of 2004 the Company reversed all prior accruals related to the 681 patent totaling approximately \$1,600,000 and has reflected this reduction, net of accruals in the relevant period, as litigation accrual reversal in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the 2004 periods. Litigation accrual reversal for the three months ended August 31, 2004 was \$1,424,626 representing the litigation expense recognized from fiscal 2003 through the second quarter of fiscal 2004. The remaining impact of the reversal is reflected as a \$198,000 net reduction in marketing, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2004. Litigation accrual reversal for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 was \$1,102,968 representing litigation expense recognized during fiscal 2003. The remaining impact of the reversal is reflected as a \$523,000 net reduction in marketing, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended August 31, 2004. The Company will no longer be obligated to hold the \$957,722 in an escrow account and the funds have been returned to the Company. The Company cannot provide assurance on how the Court will rule during the new trial, as the outcome is not estimatable nor probable.

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On October 4, 2004, PharmaStem filed in the Delaware action a motion for preliminary injunction against the Company (and its co-defendants) regarding the 681 patent. PharmaStem seeks an injunction limiting the ability of the Company to refer to the use of umbilical cord blood in the treatment of adults in the marketing of the Company's services, to advise customers for its services that cord blood stored hereafter is for pediatric use only, and to enjoin the Company from storing cord blood units that have sufficient stem cells to effect the hematopoietic reconstitution of an adult. The court is expected to conduct a hearing on this motion in early November, as well as a hearing on a motion to be filed by the defendants seeking to hold PharmaStem in contempt of the court's prior order enjoining PharmaStem from making false and misleading statements directed to obstetricians and seeking a preliminary injunction against various marketing activities of PharmaStem that the defendants contend are unfair, deceptive and anticompetitive.

On July 28, 2004 the Company was named as a defendant in a complaint filed by PharmaStem Therapeutics, Inc. in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Tampa Division, Case No. 8:04-cv-1740-T-30TGW alleging infringement of U.S. Patents Nos. 6,461,645 and 6,569,427. PharmaStem, a Delaware corporation, also named as a defendant Dr. Bruce Zafran, a member of the Company's scientific and medical advisory board. The suit seeks an injunction, an unspecified amount of damages or royalties, treble damages and attorney's fees. The Company has filed an answer and counterclaims against PharmaStem and its Chief Executive Officer, Nicholas Didier. The Company intends to vigorously defend the suit. Discovery in the action has not yet commenced.

In March 2003, CRYO-CELL Europe, N.V., now known as Life-Sciences Group, N.V. (CCEU) was served with a letter terminating the Company's license agreement with a CCEU affiliate. On April 15, 2003, the Company commenced legal proceedings against CCEU and an affiliated corporation in the Hague, Netherlands, for a preliminary injunction restraining CCEU from using the CRYO-CELL name. On or about May 30, 2003, the Company voluntarily withdrew its preliminary injunction application. In July 2003, the Company commenced legal proceedings against CCEU and a affiliated corporation in the Hague, Netherlands, for a preliminary injunction restraining CCEU from using the CRYO-CELL name. In September 2003, the Company and CCEU reached a settlement of the issues in the Dutch proceedings, whereby CCEU agreed to stop using CRYO-CELL in its name and the names of its affiliates, and to transfer its related internet domain names to the Company.

The Company has settled its lawsuit against CCEU, and its affiliate CRYO-CELL Switzerland AG, now known as Life Sciences AG (collectively, Life Sciences), which was pending in the Circuit Court of the Sixth Judicial District in the State of Florida. In the lawsuit, the Company had sought to recover money damages, unpaid royalty payments due under a license agreement with the Company, and other relief. The license agreement granted COLTEC, Ltd. and its affiliates an exclusive license to market the Company's U-Cord program in Europe and allowed them to directly market the U-Cord program, sell revenue sharing agreements or further sub-license the marketing rights throughout Europe. Life Sciences assumed COLTEC's rights and obligations under the license agreement. The Company had previously advised Life Sciences that, by the Company's calculation, it owed the Company \$323,562 in unpaid royalties. Life Sciences denied liability and asserted a counterclaim for damages and rescission of the license agreement. The Company recognized as an expense in fiscal 2002, a provision for doubtful accounts of approximately \$129,000 as an estimate of that portion of the royalty that may not be paid. On February 17, 2004, the Company settled the litigation with Life Sciences. The terms of the settlement are confidential. As a result of the settlement, the claims and counterclaim in the lawsuit have been dismissed with prejudice.

Between May and July 2003, ten putative class action complaints were filed in the United States District Court of the Middle District of Florida against the Company, certain current and former officers and directors of the Company and two accounting firms who previously audited the Company's

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consolidated financial statements. All ten complaints alleged violations of federal securities laws, including improper recognition of revenue in the consolidated financial statements presented in certain public reports of the Company. On October 22, 2003, all ten complaints were consolidated (Case No. 03-CV-1011). On February 17, 2004, the court appointed lead plaintiffs. On April 27, 2004, the lead plaintiffs filed an amended complaint. The amended complaint generally seeks, among other things, certification of a class of persons who purchased the Company's common stock between March 16, 1999 and May 20, 2003 and unspecified damages. The parties have signed a memorandum of understanding to settle the litigation and are in the process of executing a formal stipulation of settlement that will be filed with the Court. The settlement remains subject to approval by the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida. The proposed settlement, which totals \$7 million, includes a payment of \$4 million, which would be paid by the carrier of the Company's former auditors, subject to its applicable deductible. In addition, the Company's insurance carrier would pay \$3 million on the Company's behalf under its directors' and officers' insurance policy, subject to its maximum deductible of \$175,000. The Company believes the litigation is without merit and, in the event a settlement agreement is not consummated or approved by the court, the Company intends to defend the litigation vigorously.

From time to time, the Company is involved in other inquiries, administrative proceedings and litigation relating to matters arising in the normal course of business. While any proceeding or litigation has an element of uncertainty, management currently believes that the final outcome of these matters is not likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

## **Note 4 - Investments in Subsidiaries and Affiliates**

### **Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc. (Saneron)**

The Company has ownership interest of approximately 43% in Saneron, which is accounted for under the equity method of accounting, along with approximately \$684,000 as of August 31, 2004 and November 30, 2003 that represents goodwill and is reflected in the investment balance. As of November 30, 2003, an independent valuation appraised the Company's approximate 43% interest in Saneron at \$900,000. As of November 30, 2003, the decline in value was considered other than temporary. Due to the permanent decline in the value of the Company's 43% interest in 2003, the Company recorded a charge of approximately \$616,000 to impairment of assets in fiscal 2003, to properly reflect the investment balance. As of August 31, 2004 and November 30, 2003, the net Saneron investment, including goodwill of approximately \$684,000, is reflected on the consolidated balance sheets at approximately \$757,000 and \$799,000, respectively.

For the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2004 the Company recorded equity in losses of affiliates in earnings of Saneron operations of \$57,008 and \$93,457, respectively. Included in equity in losses of affiliates is approximately \$28,000 and \$52,000 for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2004, respectively, related to compensation expense for stock option awards that were granted by Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc. (SCTI) to certain consultants and employees below fair market value. For the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2003, the Company recorded equity in losses of Saneron operations of approximately \$263,000 and \$235,000 respectively. During the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2003, the Company recorded approximately \$215,000 in equity losses of affiliates related to compensation expense that resulted from the stock awards.

### **Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc.**

In 2001, CRYO-CELL announced the decision to spin off its subsidiary, Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. (SCPT), through the distribution of shares of SCPT common stock to CRYO-CELL's stockholders of record on August 31, 2001. These shares were not distributed. SCPT was a development stage company, which was to be involved in the development of marketing programs for the collection and preservation of adult stem cells.





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In August 2003, SCPT received a \$100,000 interest-bearing loan from a shareholder of SCPT and CRYO-CELL, who was an officer and director of SCPT through January 29, 2004, to fund its operations. On November 20, 2003, the loan agreement was amended to allow additional loans to SCPT of \$45,000. The note, including interest of 5%, was due on September 5, 2004. SCPT had pledged 345,161 shares of the CRYO-CELL common stock held by SCPT to secure this note. On December 28, 2003, SCPT entered into an additional, separate loan agreement with this officer, director and shareholder of SCPT for up to \$50,000. The loan, including accrued interest at a rate of 5%, was due on demand, no later than December 31, 2004. SCPT pledged an additional 100,000 shares of the CRYO-CELL common stock held by SCPT as collateral for this note.

On January 29, 2004, CRYO-CELL announced the decision to close SCPT, following the resignation of SCPT's Board of Directors and management, and advised the CRYO-CELL shareholders that the distribution of SCPT shares would not be completed. CRYO-CELL rejected restructuring proposals made by SCPT's management. SCPT's management proposed to repurchase the SCPT stock held by CRYO-CELL, so that SCPT would no longer be a subsidiary of CRYO-CELL. CRYO-CELL's Board of Directors formed a special sub-committee to consider the restructuring proposals presented by SCPT's management. CRYO-CELL concluded that SCPT required significant additional funding to complete the repurchase and to remain in operation, and SCPT's proposals all would have required CRYO-CELL to make significant cash expenditures. In rejecting the SCPT proposals, CRYO-CELL's investment to date in SCPT, the failure of SCPT management to submit acceptable business plans, and the need for CRYO-CELL to conserve its capital for its core business were all considered. CRYO-CELL had no assurance that SCPT had concrete credible operational, marketing, or financing plans. At February 29, 2004, CRYO-CELL owned 11,500,000 (86.6%) shares of SCPT. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, ( SFAS No. 144 ) the closing of SCPT represents a discontinued operation as of August 31, 2004. The net assets of SCPT are immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

During the second quarter 2004, SCPT paid all outstanding liabilities to employees and other creditors including the loan in the amount of \$195,000 plus accrued interest to the shareholder of SCPT. In April 2004, the Board of Directors of SCPT approved a liquidating distribution of the remaining assets of SCPT to the holders of SCPT common stock. After payment of SCPT's remaining debts, SCPT's remaining assets consisted solely of shares of common stock of CRYO-CELL. In order to facilitate the liquidating distribution, CRYO-CELL agreed to repurchase the CRYO-CELL shares from SCPT for a cash price of \$.75 per share, the average price per share for CRYO-CELL common stock reported on the OTC Bulletin Board for the twenty trading days prior to April 30, 2004. After the repurchase of CRYO-CELL common stock, SCPT's remaining assets consisted of \$138,035 in cash, which was equal to approximately \$.01 per share of SCPT common stock. This cash was distributed to SCPT's shareholders, including CRYO-CELL, in May 2004.

Through November 30, 2002, aggregate losses attributable to the minority interest exceeded the minority's interest in the equity capital of SCPT. As a result, minority interest on the balance sheet as of August 31, 2004 and November 30, 2003 is reflected at \$0, and CRYO-CELL has recognized 100% of the earnings of SCPT in its statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as discontinued operations during the three months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 of approximately \$0 and \$84,000, respectively, and for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 CRYO-CELL has recognized 100% of the losses of SCPT in its statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as discontinued operations of approximately \$93,000 and \$448,000, respectively. The minority interest portion of the losses for the three months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 was approximately \$0 and \$15,000, respectively. The minority portion of the losses for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 was approximately \$12,000 and \$85,000, respectively.

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The CRYO-CELL Board intends to pursue every available option to minimize the losses incurred from the terminated spin-off. CRYO-CELL may pursue the SCPT business opportunity in the future.

**Note 5 Stock Options**

The Company accounts for stock options under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ( APB No. 25 ), under which no compensation expense has been recognized as permitted by SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, ( SFAS No. 123 ) which is effective for years beginning after December 15, 1995. SFAS No. 123 allows an entity to continue to measure compensation costs for those plans using the intrinsic value based method of accounting prescribed by APB No. 25, but requires pro forma disclosure of net income and earnings per share for the effects on compensation expense had the accounting guidance for SFAS No. 123 been adopted. Certain stock options have been issued to consultants of the Company and accounted for under SFAS No. 123. The expense recognized for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2004 is \$0 and \$37,296, respectively. The expense recognized for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2003 is \$6,204 and \$18,612, respectively.

Had SFAS No. 123 been implemented, the Corporation's net income (loss) and income (loss) per share would have been adjusted to the amounts indicated below for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003	August 31, 2004	August 31, 2003
Net Income (Loss), as reported	\$ 1,858,627	\$ (889,485)	\$ 2,681,326	\$ (3,122,229)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards	(38,924)	(234,437)	(178,113)	(403,617)
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ 1,819,703	\$ (1,123,922)	\$ 2,503,213	\$ (3,525,846)
Income (Loss) per share:				
Basic -as reported	\$ .16	\$ (.08)	\$ .23	\$ (.28)
Diluted-as reported	\$ .15	\$ (.08)	\$ .22	\$ (.28)
Basic -pro forma	\$ .16	\$ (.10)	\$ .22	\$ (.31)
Diluted-pro forma	\$ .15	\$ (.10)	\$ .21	\$ (.31)

**Note 6 Property and Equipment Held-for-Sale**

The Company developed several technologies that allow for the processing and storage of specimens in a cryogenic environment, including a patented computer controlled, robotically operated cryogenic storage system ( CCEL Cellular Storage System ). During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003, the Company made the strategic decision to terminate further utilization of the CCEL Cellular Storage System and abandon further construction of the units. The Board of Directors formally approved this decision in January 2004. This decision was based on the conclusion that the Company's resources are best utilized for market development and expansion of services. The decision to terminate utilization of the technology resulted in a \$771,000 impairment charge in fiscal 2003 in order to reflect the CCEL Cellular Storage System at fair value. The Company intends to dispose of this equipment during 2004. The fair value of this equipment has been reclassified on the consolidated balance sheet as of August 31, 2004 as assets that are held for sale.



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**Note 7 Marketable Securities and Other Investments**

The Company has certain investments in marketable securities, which are categorized as marketable securities on the accompanying balance sheets and accounted for under SFAS No. 115, Accounting for Certain Debt and Equity Instruments ( SFAS No. 115 ). Marketable securities were \$136,735 at August 31, 2004. In accordance with SFAS No. 115, the Company recorded a realized gain of \$0 and \$2,958 for the three months and nine months ended August 31, 2004, respectively, and a realized gain of \$4,542 for the three months ended August 31, 2003 and a realized loss of \$20,210 for the nine months ended August 31, 2003, in conjunction with certain marketable securities. Also included within marketable securities and other investments on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of August 31, 2004 are certificates of deposits of approximately \$1,087,000 recorded at cost.

**Note 8 Cash in Escrow**

In December 2003, the Company transferred \$958,000 of its cash into an escrow account resulting from entry of judgment in litigation brought by Pharmastem, described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, in which the Company is a defendant. The judgment was subject to post trial motions. On September 15, 2004, the Court ruled on these post trial motions. As a result of the September 15, 2004 ruling, the Company will no longer be obligated to hold the \$957,722 in an escrow account and expects the monies to be returned during the fourth quarter 2004.

During the second quarter 2004, the Company entered into a 10-year lease agreement to construct a customized, nearly 18,000 square foot good manufacturing practice (cGMP) facility in Oldsmar, Florida. In April and June 2004, the Company transferred \$216,000 and \$271,000, respectively, of its cash into an escrow account in accordance with the Company's new lease agreement. During the third quarter 2004, approximately \$448,000 was transferred from the escrow account to the lessor to fund the leasehold improvements. The remaining cash balance of approximately \$39,000 remains in escrow and is classified as restricted cash on the accompanying balance sheet.

**Note 8 Subsequent Event**

On October 6, 2004, subsequent to the end of its fiscal third quarter, the Company announced that it has entered into a definitive License and Royalty Agreement with Asia CRYO-CELL Private Limited ( ACCPL ) to establish and market its U-Cord<sup>®</sup> program in India. The Agreement, which was signed on July 14, 2004, is contingent on India government approval. ACCPL has a one-year option to expand into Singapore and Malaysia after the program launches commercially in India. ACCPL will pay an up-front license fee and in return the Company will transfer its technology, know-how and quality systems to ACCPL. The up-front license fee is \$750,000, which will be paid in installments over a three-year term. In addition, the Company will receive royalty fees of 8.5% of the U-Cord collection and processing revenues generated in India and 10% of those generated in Singapore and Malaysia. The Company will receive royalties on storage revenues ranging from 10% to 15% depending on the number of units stored by ACCPL. Per the Agreement, ACCPL transferred the non-refundable deposit of \$275,000 into an escrow account pending approval of the Agreement by the India government. Once all necessary government approvals are received, this non-refundable deposit will be transferred to the Company.

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**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

**Overview**

The Company is engaged in cryogenic cellular storage, with a focus on the processing and preservation of umbilical cord (U-Cord) blood stem cells for autologous/sibling use. During its history, the Company has engaged in a number of other business activities outside of its core business area, such as development of cellular storage systems, development of new business enterprises and international investments. During the past several fiscal years, the Company incurred losses, related in large part to impairment of assets related to these non-core businesses, expenses of these non-core businesses and significant litigation expenses. During fiscal 2003, the Company announced that it would focus on its core business of marketing the U-Cord storage program and increasing the number of customers enrolled, with an emphasis in the U.S. market. Management has been working to control costs and stabilize the Company's business by continuing to resolve the disputes facing the Company and by directing resources to the core business.

During the nine months ended August 31, 2004, the Company increased its revenues by 77% over the level in the nine months ended August 31, 2003 and achieved net income of approximately \$2,700,000, compared to an approximately \$3,100,000 net loss for the nine months ended August 31, 2003. Net storage revenues increased because of an increase in recurring annual storage fees and the effects of two price increases during 2003 and one price increase during the third quarter of 2004. The Company was profitable mainly because cost of sales and marketing, general and administrative fees were relatively flat compared to 2003 levels. In addition, a \$1.6 million reversal of accrued expenses in connection with a patent litigation matter contributed to profits. In order to maintain profitability, the Company needs to continue to control operating costs while it works to continue to increase revenues from its core business.

At August 31, 2004, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$4,167,386 and marketable securities and other investments of \$1,223,837. The Company's cash increased by approximately \$2,800,000 during the nine months, as a result of its cash flows from operations. In December 2003, approximately \$958,000 of its cash was transferred to an escrow account in connection with a judgment against the Company and has been classified as restricted cash in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of August 31, 2004. The judgment was subject to post trial motions. On September 15, 2004, the Court ruled favorably on these post trial motions, described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. As a result of the September 15, 2004 ruling, the Company will no longer be obligated to hold the \$957,722 in an escrow account and expects the monies to be returned during the fourth quarter 2004. This amount will no longer be classified as restricted cash in future balance sheets. During the second quarter 2004, the Company entered into a 10-year lease agreement to construct a customized, nearly 18,000 square foot good manufacturing practice (cGMP) facility in Oldsmar, Florida. In April and June 2004, the Company transferred \$216,000 and \$271,000, respectively, of its cash into an escrow account in accordance with the Company's new lease agreement. During the third quarter 2004, approximately \$448,000 was transferred from the escrow account to the lessor to fund the leasehold improvements. The remaining cash balance of approximately \$39,000 remains in escrow and is classified as restricted cash on the accompanying balance sheet.

**Discontinued Operations**

On January 29, 2004, CRYO-CELL announced the decision to close SCPT, following the resignation of SCPT's Board of Directors and management, and advised the CRYO-CELL shareholders that the distribution of SCPT shares would not be completed. CRYO-CELL rejected restructuring proposals made by SCPT's management. SCPT's management proposed to repurchase the SCPT stock held by CRYO-CELL, so that SCPT would no longer be a subsidiary of CRYO-CELL. CRYO-CELL's

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Board of Directors formed a special sub-committee to consider the restructuring proposals presented by SCPT's management. CRYO-CELL concluded that SCPT required significant additional funding to complete the repurchase and to remain in operation, and that SCPT's proposals all would have required CRYO-CELL to make significant cash expenditures. In rejecting the SCPT proposals, CRYO-CELL's investment to date in SCPT, the failure of SCPT management to submit acceptable business plans, and the need for CRYO-CELL to conserve its capital for its core business were all considered. CRYO-CELL had no assurance that SCPT had concrete credible operational, marketing, or financing plans. At February 29, 2004, CRYO-CELL owned 11,500,000 (86.6%) shares of SCPT. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, ( SFAS No. 144 ) the closing of SCPT represents a discontinued operation as of August 31, 2004. The net assets of SCPT are immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

During the second quarter 2004, SCPT completed the payments to all known amounts owed to employees and other creditors including the loan in the amount of \$195,000 plus accrued interest to the shareholder of SCPT. In April 2004, the Board of Directors of SCPT approved a liquidating distribution of the remaining assets of SCPT to the holders of SCPT common stock. After payment of SCPT's remaining debts, SCPT's remaining assets consisted solely of shares of common stock of CRYO-CELL. In order to facilitate the liquidating distribution, CRYO-CELL agreed to repurchase the CRYO-CELL shares from SCPT for a cash price of \$.75 per share, the average of the closing bid and ask prices per share for CRYO-CELL common stock reported on the OTC Bulletin Board for the twenty trading days prior to April 30, 2004. After the repurchase of CRYO-CELL common stock, SCPT's remaining assets consisted of \$138,035 in cash, which was equal to approximately \$.01 per share of SCPT common stock. This cash was distributed to SCPT's shareholders, including CRYO-CELL, in May 2004. CRYO-CELL may pursue the SCPT business opportunity in the future.

Through November 30, 2002, aggregate losses attributable to the minority interest exceeded the minority's interest in the equity capital of SCPT. As a result, minority interest on the balance sheet as of August 31, 2004 and November 30, 2003 is reflected at \$0, and CRYO-CELL has recognized 100% of the earnings of SCPT in its statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as discontinued operations during the three months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 of approximately \$0 and \$84,000, respectively, and for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 CRYO-CELL has recognized 100% of the losses of SCPT in its statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) of approximately \$93,000 and \$448,000, respectively. The minority interest portion of the losses for the three months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 was approximately \$0 and \$15,000, respectively. The minority portion of the losses for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003 was approximately \$12,000 and \$85,000, respectively.

**Results of Operations Three-month period ending August 31, 2004**

**Revenues.** Revenues for the three months ended August 31, 2004 were \$3,229,268 as compared to \$2,028,159 for the same period in 2003, representing a 59% increase. The increase was due in part to an increase of approximately \$356,000 or 61% in recurring annual storage fees. The remaining increase was due to the U-Cord program fees. During 2003 and 2004 the Company implemented price increases affecting its enrollment, processing and testing fees ( Initial Fee ). These increases began to have a positive impact on revenue and gross profit during the fiscal 2003 third quarter and continued through 2004.

**Cost of Sales.** Cost of sales for the three months ended August 31, 2004 was \$858,870 as compared to \$644,317 for the same period in 2003, representing a 33% increase. Cost of sales were 27% of revenues for the three months ended August 31, 2004 compared with 32% for the three months ended August 31, 2003. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased due to the increase in revenue from the price increases and relatively stable costs. Cost of sales includes wages, supplies and testing associated with the

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processing of cord blood specimens at the Company's laboratory in Clearwater, Florida and the costs associated with storage of specimens at the Safti-Cell facility (a related party) in Arizona, which commenced in October 2002.

**Marketing, General and Administrative Expenses.** Marketing, general and administrative expenses during the three months ended August 31, 2004 were \$1,643,843 as compared to \$1,831,959 for the three months ended August 31, 2003 representing a 10% decrease. Professional fees for the three months ended August 31, 2004 decreased by approximately \$415,000 compared to the same period in 2003. The decrease is due to a reduction in the Company's legal proceedings.

In the first quarter of 2004, the Company settled its lawsuit with CCEU and its affiliates, as described in Note 3. However, other legal proceedings continue. The Company cannot provide assurance that legal fees will not increase in the foreseeable future.

**Litigation Accrual Reversal.** During fiscal 2003 the Company accrued approximately \$1,100,000 as the result of a judgment entered against the Company in October 2003. During fiscal 2004 the Company accrued an additional \$523,000 for **estimated** damages relating to royalties resulting from revenues generated from specimens processed and stored during the first, second and third quarters of fiscal 2004. During the third quarter 2004, the Company reversed all prior accruals totaling approximately \$1,600,000 as a result of the ruling by the Court on the post trial motions with regards to the Pharmastem litigation (See Note 3 to the consolidated financial systems). Litigation accrual reversal for the three months ended August 31, 2004 was \$1,424,626 representing the litigation expense recognized from fiscal 2003 through the second quarter of fiscal 2004. The remaining impact of the reversal is reflected as a \$198,000 net reduction in marketing, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2004.

**Research, Development and Related Engineering Expenses.** Research, development and related engineering expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2004 were \$15,731 as compared to \$100,639 for the three months ended August 31, 2003, a decrease of 84%.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense for the three months ended August 31, 2004 was \$202,461 as compared to \$182,411 for the same period in 2003. Interest expense is mainly comprised of payments made to the other parties to the Company's Revenue Sharing Agreements (RSAs) based on the Company's storage revenue. Prior to fiscal 2002, the Company entered into RSAs with individuals and entities for specific geographic areas. The Company's RSAs provide that in exchange for an up-front payment, the Company would share in perpetuity a percentage of its future revenue derived from the annual storage fees charged related to a certain number of specimens that originated from specific areas. To date, the Company has entered into five RSAs covering the following states: New York, Texas, Florida and Illinois (including contiguous states). Essentially, as the Company receives annual storage fees relating to specimens from these states, the portion of the fees shared with the parties to the RSAs are recognized as interest expense. Also included in interest expense is the amortization of the present value of a deferred consulting agreement in the amount of \$17,546 and \$22,375 for the three months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003, respectively.

**Other Income.** Other income for the three months ended August 31, 2004, was \$82,042 as compared to \$64,813 for the same period in 2003. Other income for these periods was royalty income earned on the subsequent processing and storage of specimens in geographical areas where the Company has license agreements, and from the sale of sub-license agreements by licensees.

**Equity in (Losses) Earnings of Affiliates.** Equity in losses of affiliates was \$57,008 for the three months ended August 31, 2004, compared to \$262,689 for the 2003 period. Included in equity in losses of affiliates is approximately \$28,000 for the three months ended August 31, 2004, related to compensation expense for stock option awards that were granted by Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc. (SCTI) to





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certain consultants and employees below fair market value. During the quarter ended August 31, 2003, the Company identified certain previously unrecorded stock awards that were granted by SCTI in March 2003 at below fair market value to certain members of SCTI management who represent owners of SCTI and serve on the board of directors. Included in equity in losses of affiliates is approximately \$215,000 for the three months ended August 31, 2003, related to compensation expense that resulted from the stock awards.

### **Results of Operations    Nine-month period ending August 31, 2004**

**Revenues.** Revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 were \$9,003,295 as compared to \$5,091,329 for the same period in 2003, representing a 77% increase. The increase was due to an increase of approximately \$1,000,000 or 69% in recurring annual storage fees. The remaining increase was due to the U-Cord program fees. During 2003 and 2004 the Company implemented price increases affecting its enrollment, processing and testing fees ( Initial Fee ). These increases began to have a positive impact on revenue and gross profit during the fiscal 2003 third quarter and continued through 2004.

**Cost of Sales.** Cost of sales for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 was \$2,225,685 as compared to \$1,944,537 for the same period in 2003, representing a slight increase. Cost of sales were 25% of revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 compared with 38% for the nine months ended August 31, 2003. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased due to the increase in revenue from the price increases and relatively stable costs. Cost of sales includes wages, supplies and testing associated with the processing of cord blood specimens at the Company's laboratory in Clearwater, Florida and the costs associated with storage of specimens at the Safti-Cell facility (a related party) in Arizona, which commenced in October 2002.

**Marketing, General and Administrative Expenses.** Marketing, general and administrative expenses during the nine months ended August 31, 2004 were \$4,460,979 as compared to \$4,913,606 for the nine months ended August 31, 2003 representing a 9% decrease. Professional fees decreased approximately \$552,000 for the nine months ended August 31, 2004. The decrease is due to a reduction in the Company's legal proceedings.

In the first quarter of 2004, the Company settled its lawsuit with CCEU and its affiliates, as described in Note 3. However, other legal proceedings continue. The Company cannot provide assurance that legal fees will not increase in the foreseeable future.

**Litigation Accrual Reversal.** During fiscal 2003 the Company accrued approximately \$1,100,000 as the result of a judgment entered against the Company in October 2003. During fiscal 2004 the Company accrued an additional \$523,000 for **estimated** damages relating to royalties resulting from revenues generated for specimens processed and stored during the first, second and third quarters of fiscal 2004. During the third quarter 2004, the Company reversed all prior accruals totaling approximately \$1,600,000 as a result of the ruling by the Court on the post trial motions with regards to the Pharmastem litigation (See Note 3 to the consolidated financial systems). Litigation accrual reversal for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 was \$1,102,968 representing litigation expense recognized during fiscal 2003. The remaining impact of the reversal is reflected as a \$523,000 net reduction in marketing, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended August 31, 2004.

**Research, Development and Related Engineering Expenses.** Research, development and related engineering expenses for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 were \$70,170 as compared to \$166,029 for the nine months ended August 31, 2003, a decrease of 58%. As a percentage of revenues, research, development and related engineering expenses were 1% and 3% for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003, respectively.



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**Interest Expense.** Interest expense for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 was \$569,945 as compared to \$460,105 for the same period in 2003. Interest expense is mainly comprised of payments made to the other parties to the Company's RSAs based on the Company's storage revenue. Prior to fiscal 2002, the Company entered into RSAs with individuals and entities for specific geographic areas. The Company's RSAs provide that in exchange for an up-front payment, the Company would share in perpetuity a percentage of its future revenue derived from the annual storage fees charged related to a certain number of specimens that originated from specific areas. To date, the Company has entered into five RSAs covering the following states: New York, Texas, Florida and Illinois (including contiguous states). Essentially, as the Company receives annual storage fees relating to specimens from these states, the portion of the fees shared with the parties to the RSAs are recognized as interest expense. Also included in interest expense is the amortization of the present value of a deferred consulting agreement in the amount of \$56,902 and \$65,259 for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003, respectively.

**Other Income.** Other income for the nine months ended August 31, 2004, was \$235,481 as compared to \$139,956 for the same period in 2003. Other income for these periods was royalty income earned on the subsequent processing and storage of specimens in geographical areas where the Company has license agreements, and from the sale of sub-license agreements by licensees.

**Settlement on Insurance Claim.** For the nine months ended August 31, 2004, the Company received \$135,338 as settlement to an insurance claim for reimbursement of a portion of the legal and settlement fees pertaining to settled lawsuits filed by the Company's former President and Chief Operating Officer.

**Equity in Losses of Affiliates.** Equity in losses of affiliates was \$93,457 for the nine months ended August 31, 2004, compared \$234,902 for the 2003 period. Included in equity in losses of affiliates is approximately \$52,000 and \$215,000 for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and August 31, 2003, respectively, related to compensation expense for stock option awards that were granted by SCTI to certain consultants and employees below fair market value.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Through August 31, 2004, the Company's principal sources of cash have been from sales of its U-Corp program to customers, the sale of license agreements and proceeds from revenue sharing agreements. The Company does not have a line of credit or other type of financing instrument.

At August 31, 2004, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$4,167,386 as compared to \$2,452,006 at November 30, 2003. The increase in cash and cash equivalents during the nine months ended August 31, 2004 was primarily attributable to the Company's operating activities including a price increase and an increase in recurring revenue from a growth in the client base, the maturity of certificates of deposit and the receipt of a settlement for an insurance claim that was filed for reimbursement of a portion of the legal and settlement fees pertaining to settled lawsuits filed by the Company's former President and Chief Operating Officer. In December 2003, approximately \$958,000 of its cash was transferred to an escrow account in connection with a judgment against the Company and has been classified as restricted cash in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The judgment was subject to post trial motions. On September 15, 2004, the Court ruled on these post trial motions, described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. As a result of the September 15, 2004 ruling, the Company will no longer be obligated to hold the \$957,722 in an escrow account and expects the monies to be returned during the fourth quarter 2004. This amount will no longer be classified as restricted cash in future balance sheets.

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During the second quarter 2004, the Company entered into a 10-year lease agreement to construct a customized, nearly 18,000 square foot good manufacturing practice (cGMP) facility in Oldsmar, Florida. In April and June 2004, the Company transferred \$216,000 and \$271,000, respectively, of its cash into an escrow account in accordance with the Company's new lease agreement. During the third quarter 2004, approximately \$448,000 was transferred from the escrow account to the lessor to fund the leasehold improvements. The remaining cash balance of approximately \$39,000 remains in escrow and is classified as restricted cash on the accompanying balance sheet.

Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 amounted to \$2,762,324, which was primarily attributable to the Company's operating activities including a price increase and an increase in recurring revenue from the current client base.

Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 amounted to \$828,843, which was primarily attributable to the purchase of approximately \$234,000 of laboratory equipment and the payment of approximately \$448,000 for leasehold improvements in the Company's new facility.

Cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2004 amounted to \$218,101, which consisted primarily of a repayment of a loan in the amount of \$195,000 to a former officer, director and shareholder of SCPT as a result of the liquidation of SCPT. See SCPT's liquidity and capital resources discussion below.

The Company also has certain investments in marketable securities and certificates of deposit, totaling \$1,223,837 at August 31, 2004, including \$707,040 that is classified as current assets.

The Company anticipates that its cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund its operations for at least the next 12 to 18 months. Cash flows from operations will depend primarily upon increasing revenues from sales of its umbilical cord blood cellular storage services and controlling expenses. The Company has attempted to focus its capital resources on its core business of cellular storage services by de-emphasizing certain non-core business activities and through settlement of some of its legal disputes. The adequacy of the Company's cash resources will depend to some extent on its ability to further reduce legal expenses resulting from continuing legal disputes and to minimize the impact of legal settlements or judgments from these disputes.

The Company currently believes that during the next twelve months, capital expenditures will be approximately \$1,600,000, principally for machinery, equipment, leasehold improvements, facilities and related expenses. The Company believes that its cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund these capital expenditures. The Company will consider financing all or a portion of these capital expenditures through borrowings under a line of credit, vendor financing and other financing sources.

Since inception SCPT's costs and expenses were funded by capital contributions, advances for the purchase of revenue sharing agreements sold by SCPT, the sale of a promissory note for \$500,000, which was converted into SCPT's capital stock, and the sale of common stock. In 2003, SCPT received a \$100,000 interest-bearing loan from an officer, director and shareholder of SCPT (and a shareholder of CRYO-CELL) to fund its operations. The note, including 5% interest, was due on September 5, 2004. On November 20, 2003, the loan agreement was amended to allow additional loans to SCPT of \$45,000. The amended loan agreement, including 5% interest, was due on September 5, 2004. SCPT pledged 345,161 shares of the CRYO-CELL common stock held by SCPT to secure this note. On December 28, 2003, SCPT entered into an additional, separate loan agreement with the officer, director and shareholder of SCPT for



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up to \$50,000. The loan, including 5% interest, was due on demand or no later than December 31, 2004. SCPT pledged an additional 100,000 shares of the CRYO-CELL common stock held by SCPT to secure this note. On January 29, 2004, CRYO-CELL made the decision to close its majority-owned subsidiary, SCPT, following the resignation of SCPT's Board of Directors and management. CRYO-CELL rejected a restructuring proposal made by SCPT's management, which the Company concluded would have required substantial additional funding from CRYO-CELL to continue SCPT's operations, see Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. In connection with closing SCPT, CRYO-CELL repaid the loans in May 2004, and the shares held as collateral were released.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The SEC has defined a company's critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of the company's financial condition and results of operations, and which require the company to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable under the circumstances; however, actual results may vary from these estimates and assumptions. We have identified the following critical accounting policies that affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

## **Revenue Recognition**

During the first quarter of fiscal 2003, the Company changed its method of recognizing enrollment fee revenue. Through November 30, 2002, the Company recognized enrollment fees upon completion of the enrollment into the U-Cord storage program. Beginning December 1, 2002, enrollment fees and the related direct incremental costs associated with these fees are deferred and recognized once the processing of the specimens is completed. The cumulative effective of the change as of November 30, 2002, would have been a reduction of the accumulated deficit of approximately \$102,000. The cumulative impact of the change is reflected in the three months ended February 28, 2003. Management does not believe that the impact of this adjustment is material to the operating results and earnings for the year ending November 30, 2003 or to prior years.

The Company records revenue from processing and storage of specimens. The Company recognizes revenue from processing fees upon completion of processing and cellular storage fees ratably over the contractual storage period. The Company also records revenue from shipping and handling when earned and includes in revenue. Shipping and handling costs are expensed and included in cost of sales.

## **Investments**

The Company has made several significant investments in entities that operate in related businesses. The Company has made these investments in order to expand into international markets and be involved in the area of stem cell research. The Company accounts for these investments under either the cost or equity method, as applicable, and at least annually, reviews its investments for possible impairment and, if necessary, adjusts the carrying value of such investments.

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### **Revenue Sharing Agreements**

The Company has entered into Revenue Sharing Agreements ( RSAs ) with various parties whereby these parties contracted with the Company for a percentage of future storage revenues the Company generates from clients in specific geographical areas. The parties typically pay the Company a non-refundable up-front fee for the rights to these future payments. The Company had recognized these non-refundable fees as a long-term liability. Given the criteria under which these RSAs are established, cash receipts from these contracts can fluctuate from period to period. The Company periodically, and at least annually, reviews its RSAs receivables for collectibility. All payments made to the other parties to the RSAs are recognized as interest expense. At such time as the total payments can be determined, the Company will commence amortizing these liabilities under the effective interest method.

### **License and Royalty Agreements**

The Company previously entered into licensing agreements with certain investors in various international markets in an attempt to capitalize on the Company's technology. The investors typically paid a licensing fee to receive Company marketing programs, technology and know-how in a selected area. The investor may be given a right to sell sub-license agreements as well. In addition to the license fee, the Company earns royalties on subsequent processing and storage revenues by the investor in the selected area and a fee on any sub-license agreements that are sold by the investor where applicable. The Company periodically, and at least annually, reviews license and royalty receivables for collectibility and, if necessary, will record an expense for an allowance for an uncollectible account.

### **Marketable Securities and Other Investments**

The Company has certain investments in certificates of deposit and equity securities, which are categorized as marketable securities and other investments. The Company believes these are conservative investments with a low risk for any loss of principal. The Company regularly assesses its marketable security investments for impairment and adjusts its investment strategy, as it deems appropriate.

### **Litigation**

The Company is periodically involved in litigation and regulatory proceedings incidental to the conduct of our business and the Company expects that it will be involved in such litigation and regulatory proceedings from time to time. The Company regularly reviews any such litigation and regulatory proceedings for possible adverse outcomes, and provides estimates for the possible liability to the Company from such adverse outcomes, as it considers appropriate.

### **Deferred Consulting Fees**

The Company entered into a long-term consulting agreement with the founder and prior Chairman and Chief Executive Officer to provide future consulting services to the Company. The unamortized present value of the deferred consulting fee was recognized as a liability for the year ended November 30, 2003 and the nine months ended August 31, 2004 and the deferred consulting asset was expensed as of November 30,



2003.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on its financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

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**Item 3. Controls and Procedures**

Based on their most recent review, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and are effective to ensure that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

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### **Forward Looking Statements**

This Form 10-QSB, press releases and certain information provided periodically in writing or orally by the Company's officers or its agents may contain statements which constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The terms CRYO-CELL International, Inc., CRYO-CELL Company, we, our and refer to CRYO-CELL International, Inc. The words expect, believe, goal, plan, intend, estimate and similar expressions and variations thereof used, are intended to specifically identify forward-looking statements. Those statements appear in a number of places in this Form 10-QSB and in other places, particularly, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of the Company, its directors or its officers with respect to, among other things:

- (i) our legal proceedings;
- (ii) our anticipated future cash flows;
- (iii) our liquidity and capital resources;
- (iv) our future operating plans; and
- (v) our future performance and operating results;

Investors and prospective investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. The factors that might cause such differences include, among others, the following:

- (i) any adverse effect or limitations caused by any governmental regulations, proceedings or actions, foreign and domestic;
- (ii) any continued or increased losses, or any inability to obtain acceptable financing, where desirable in the future, in connection with our operating or growth plans;
- (iii) any increased competition in our business;
- (iv) any decrease or slow down in the number of people seeking to store umbilical cord blood stem cells or decrease in the number of people paying annual storage fees;
- (v) the effect of any future reduced cash position and future inability to access borrowings;
- (vi) any adverse impacts on our revenue or operating margins due to the costs associated with increased growth in our business;
- (vii)

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any adverse developments impacting our continued relationship with and success of our licensees, foreign affiliates or investments in, or relationships with, foreign companies;

(viii) any inability to achieve increases in revenue or earnings from umbilical cord blood stem cell storage;

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- (ix) any future inability to substantially achieve the objectives expected from the successful implementation of our strategy;
- (x) any decline in public market interest in the Company's business sector;
- (xi) any added requirements imposed on us by new laws or SEC regulations and costs thereof;
- (xii) any technological breakthrough or medical breakthrough that would render the Company's business of stem cell preservation obsolete;
- (xiii) any material failure or malfunction in our storage facilities;
- (xiv) any natural disaster such as a tornado, other disaster (fire) or act of terrorism that adversely affects stored specimens;
- (xv) the potential impact of negative market influences on the Company's portfolio of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities;
- (xvi) the costs associated with defending or prosecuting litigation matters and any material adverse result from such matters;
- (xvii) decreases in asset valuations;
- (xviii) any continued negative effect from adverse publicity in the past year regarding the Company's business operations;
- (xix) any new technology rendering the Company's patented equipment or business obsolete;
- (xx) any performance failures related to the Company's equipment or operations;
- (xxi) any negative consequences resulting from deriving, shipping and storing specimens at a second location; and
- (xxii) any negative effect from the filed class action shareholder lawsuits.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise the forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-QSB to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-QSB or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date hereof. CRYO-CELL International, Inc. (the "Company") undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof. Readers should carefully review the risk factors described in other documents the Company files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed by the Company and any Current Reports on Form 8-K filed by the Company.



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**PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

Incorporated by reference to Part I. Financial Statements-Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Note 3.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

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**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K**

(a) Exhibits

31.1 Certification of CEO Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

31.2 Certification of CFO Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

Form 8-K filed on July 6, 2004, reporting under Items 7 and 12 the results of operations and financial conditions for the second quarter ended May 31, 2004.



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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ MERCEDES WALTON

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Mercedes Walton  
Interim Chief Executive Officer

CRYO-CELL International, Inc.

/s/ JILL TAYMANS

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Jill M. Taymans  
Vice President, Finance

Date: October 13, 2004