ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP. Form 10-Q March 16, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10)-()
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(MARK ONE)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 2016

or

o TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number: 0-55073

ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Nevada</u> <u>45-2801371</u>

(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

6671 South Las Vegas Boulevard, Suite 210 <u>Las Vegas, Nevada</u>

<u>89119</u>

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 702-761-6866

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months.

Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company b (Do not check is smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No b

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of March 9, 2016, 3,768,957 shares of common stock are issued and outstanding.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this report contain or may contain forward-looking statements. These statements, identified by words such as "plan", "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "should", "expect" and similar expressions include our expectations objectives regarding our future financial position, operating results and business strategy. These statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward - looking statements. These forward-looking statements were based on various factors and were derived utilizing numerous assumptions and other factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, our ability to secure suitable financing to continue with our existing business or change our business and conclude a merger, acquisition or combination with a business prospect, economic, political and market conditions and fluctuations, government and industry regulation, interest rate risk, U.S. and global competition, and other factors. Most of these factors are difficult to predict accurately and are generally beyond our control. You should consider the areas of risk described in connection with any forward-looking statements that may be made herein. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report. Readers should carefully review this report in its entirety, including but not limited to our financial statements and the notes thereto and the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2015. We advise you to carefully review the reports and documents we file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), particularly our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and our current reports on Form 8-K. Except for our ongoing obligations to disclose material information under the Federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statements, to report events or to report the occurrence of unanticipated events.

OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

When used in this report, the terms, "we," the "Company," "our," and "us" refers to Aristocrat Group Corp., a Nevada corporation.

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)

ASSETS	January 31, 2016		July 31, 2015
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Inventory Total current assets	\$ 12,380 7,491 48,853 29,269 97,993	\$	7,411 8,585 37,103 10,365 63,464
Fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,338 and \$1,520, respectively Security deposits TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,797 1,367 105,157	\$	6,615 1,367 71,446
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Advances payable Current portion of convertible notes payable, net of discount of	\$ 231,631 18,385	\$	210,793
\$688,542 and \$512,883, respectively Current portion of accrued interest payable Total current liabilities	835,235 175,543 1,260,794		409,518 85,275 705,586
Convertible notes payable, net of discount of \$1,172,257 and \$1,093,340, respectively Accrued interest payable Accrued interest payable to related party TOTAL LIABILITIES	52,375 47,144 — 1,360,313	_	49,609 44,886 5,611 805,692
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	_	_	_

STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Common Stock, \$0.0010 par value; 480,000,000 shares		
authorized; 3,260,957 and 2,010,628 shares issued and		
outstanding at January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2015,		
respectively	3,261	2,011
Preferred Stock, \$0.0010 stated value; 20,000,000 shares		
authorized; 1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding at January		
31, 2016 and July 31, 2015	1,000	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	4,094,671	3,382,525
Accumulated deficit	(5,354,088)	(4,119,782)
Total stockholders' deficit	(1,255,156)	(734,246)

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'
DEFICIT \$ 105,157 \$ 71,446

ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(UNAUDITED)

		Six mont	hs en	ded	Three months ended			
		Janua	ry 31	,	January 31,			
		2016 2015			2016		2015	
REVENUE COST OF GOODS SOLD GROSS PROFIT	\$	36,332 30,582 5,750	\$	51,010 37,967 13,043	\$	22,031 19,297 2,734	\$	26,170 20,286 5,884
OPERATING EXPENSES Sales and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Total operating expenses		173,858 520,463 694,321		261,293 464,563 725,856		51,626 252,199 303,825		134,002 251,418 385,420
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(688,571)		(712,813)		(301,091)		(379,536)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Interest expense		(545,735)		(290,068)		(241,615)		(215,799)
NET LOSS	\$	(1,234,306)	\$	(1,002,881)	\$	(542,706)	\$	(595,335)
NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE Basic and diluted	-	(0.47)	\$	(1.26)	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.73)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING: – Basic and diluted		2,606,573		797,864		2,931,575		815,309

ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

(UNAUDITED)

	Commo	n St	ock	Series E Preferred Stock		A	Additional Paid In Accumulated				
	Shares	A	mount	Shares	A	mount		Capital		Deficit	Total
BALANCE, July 31, 2015	2,010,628	\$	2,011	1,000,000	\$	1,000	\$	3,382,525	\$	(4,119,782) \$	(734,246)
Common stock issued for conversion of debt Beneficial conversion discount on issuance of	1,250,329		1,250	-	_	_		29,087		_	30,337
convertible note payable Net Loss	-	_	-	 	<u> </u>	- -	_	683,059		(1,234,306)	683,059 (1,234,306)
BALANCE, January 31, 2016	3,260,957	\$	3,261	1,000,000	\$	1,000	\$	4,094,671	\$	(5,354,088) \$	(1,255,156)

ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

		Six months end 2016	ed Janu	2015
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss	¢	(1.224.206)	\$	(1,002,991)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$	(1,234,306)	Ф	(1,002,881)
Amortization of discount on convertible note payable Depreciation		428,483 818		231,487 713
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable and accrued revenue		1,094		(1,674)
Inventory		(18,904)		(47,914)
Prepaid expenses		(11,750)		51,503
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		20,838		114,367
Accrued interest payable		117,252		58,581
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(696,475)		(595,818)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				(0.107)
Purchase of fixed assets		_		(8,135)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		_		(8,135)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from advances		701,444		601,376
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		701,444		601,376
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		4,969		(2,577)
CASH, at the beginning of the period		7,411		13,103
CASH, at the end of the period	\$	12,380	\$	10,526
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Interest	\$	_	\$	
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_
Noncash investing and financing transaction:	¢	602 050	¢	601 276
Refinance of advances into convertible notes payable Noncurrent convertible notes payable reclassified to current	\$	683,059	\$	601,376
convertible notes payable	\$	601,376	\$	625,296

Beneficial conversion discount on convertible note payable	\$ 683,059	\$ 601,376
Conversion of convertible note payable to related party into		
common stock	\$ 5,611	\$ _
Conversion of convertible notes payable into common stock	\$ 24,726	\$ 120,000

ARISTOCRAT GROUP CORP.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JANUARY 31, 2016

Note 1. General Organization and Business

Aristocrat Group Corp., a Nevada corporation, was incorporated on July 20, 2011. Our year-end is July 31.

On October 17, 2012, we formed Luxuria Brands LLC as a wholly owned subsidiary. On January 10, 2013, we formed Level Two Holdings, LLC as our wholly owned subsidiary. On January 15, 2013, we formed Top Shelf Distributing, LLC ("Top Shelf") as our wholly owned subsidiary.

Top Shelf is focused on developing our distilled spirits line of business and currently markets and sells RWB Ultra Premium Handcrafted Vodka ("RWB Vodka").

Note 2. Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. For the six months ended January 31, 2016, the Company had a net loss of \$1,234,306 and negative cash flow from operating activities of \$696,475. As of January 31, 2016, the Company had negative working capital of \$1,162,801. Management does not anticipate having positive cash flow from operations in the near future.

These factors raise a substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result from the possible inability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Company does not have the resources at this time to repay its credit and debt obligations, make any payments in the form of dividends to its shareholders or implement its business plan. Without additional capital, the Company will not be able to remain in business.

Management has plans to address the Company's financial situation as follows:

In the near term, management plans to continue to focus on raising the funds necessary to implement the Company's business plan. Management will continue to seek out debt financing to obtain the capital required to meet the Company's financial obligations. There is no assurance, however, that lenders will continue to advance capital to the Company or that the new business operations will be profitable. The possibility of failure in obtaining additional funding and the potential inability to achieve profitability raise doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In the long term, management believes that the Company's projects and initiatives will be successful and will provide cash flow to the Company, which will be used to finance the Company's future growth. However, there can be no assurances that the Company's planned activities will be successful, or that the Company will ultimately attain profitability. The Company's long-term viability depends on its ability to obtain adequate sources of debt or equity funding to meet current commitments and fund the continuation of its business operations, and the ability of the Company to achieve adequate profitability and cash flows from operations to sustain its operations.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2015 and notes thereto and other pertinent information contained in our Form 10-K the Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

The results of operations for the six month period ended January 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending July 31, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the financial statements, cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents were \$12,380 and \$7,411 at January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2015, respectively.

Inventory

Inventory consists solely of finished goods, which consist entirely of bottled vodka. Inventory is recorded at weighted average cost.

Revenue Recognition

The Company follows ASC 605, *Revenue Recognition* recognizing revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, product delivery has occurred or the services have been rendered, the price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured.

Sales of RWB Vodka are recognized when the product has been delivered to the purchaser.

Earnings (Loss) per Common Share

The Company computes basic and diluted earnings per common share amounts in accordance with ASC Topic 260, *Earnings per Share*. The basic earnings (loss) per common share are calculated by dividing the Company's net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The diluted earnings (loss) per common share are calculated by dividing the Company's net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding is the basic weighted number of shares adjusted as of the first of the year for any potentially dilutive debt or equity. There are no dilutive shares outstanding for any periods reported.

In periods in which a net loss has been incurred, all potentially dilutive common shares are considered anti-dilutive and thus are excluded from the calculation. The Company's convertible debt is considered anti-dilutive due to the Company's net loss for the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015. As a result, the Company did not have any potentially dilutive common shares for those periods. For the three months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, potentially issuable shares as a result of conversions of convertible notes payable have been excluded from the calculation. At January 31, 2016, the Company had 156,683,019 potentially issuable shares upon the conversion of convertible notes payable and interest.

Financial Instruments

The Company's balance sheet includes certain financial instruments. The carrying amounts of current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair value because of the relatively short period between the origination of these instruments and their expected realization.

FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820) defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (e.g., interest rates); and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

Fair value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of January 31, 2016. The respective carrying value of certain on-balance-sheet financial instruments approximated their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. These financial instruments include accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable, and accrued expenses. The fair value of the Company's notes payable is estimated based on current rates that would be available for debt of similar terms that is not significantly different from its stated value.

Significant Concentrations

During the six months ended January 31, 2016, two customers generated 44% and 9% of our revenue. As of January 31, 2016, those two customers represented 4% and 0% of our accounts receivable. All accounts receivable from these customers were received subsequent to the end of the period.

The Company's entire inventory was manufactured by a single supplier during the six months ended January 31, 2016. The Company believes that, in the event that its significant customers are unable to continue to purchase the Company's product, there are a substantial number of alternative buyers for its product at a competitive price. The Company believes that, in the event that its supplier is unable to continue to supply the Company's product, there are alternative suppliers for its product at a competitive price.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

There were various other accounting standards and interpretations issued recently, none of which are expected to a have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, operations or cash flows.

Note 4. Related Party Transaction

On September 1, 2015, Bloise International Corporation, a significant shareholder of the Company, converted \$5,611 of accrued interest on a convertible note into 14,029 shares of our common stock.

Note 5. Advances

During the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company received net, non-interest bearing advances totaling \$701,444 and \$601,376, respectively. Vista View Ventures, Inc. provided \$683,059 and \$588,476 of these advances for the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. These advances are not collateralized, non-interest bearing and are due on demand. The advances were paid from Vista View Ventures Inc. to K.M. Delaney and Associates (See Note 8.) ("KMDA") and then by KMDA to the Company on behalf of Vista View Ventures Inc. These advances are typically converted to convertible notes payable on a quarterly basis as discussed below. As of January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2015, advances in the amount of \$18,385 and \$0, respectively, are due under advances from third parties and are included in current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

Note 6. Convertible Notes Payable

Convertible notes payable due to Vista View Ventures Inc. consisted of the following at January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2015:

	January 31, 2016	July 31, 2015
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$516,920, issued October 31, 2013 and due October 31, 2015, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.02 per share	\$ 320,342	\$ 320,342
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$83,265, issued November 30, 2013 and due November 30, 2015, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.01 per share	83,265	83,265
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$117,719, issued January 1, 2014 and due January 1, 2016, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.01 per share	117,719	117,719
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$401,075, issued July 31, 2014 and due July 31, 2016, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.01 per share	401,075	401,075
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$331,561, issued October 31, 2014 and due October 31, 2016, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.01 per share	331,561	331,561
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$269,815, issued January 31, 2015 and due January 31, 2017, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.025 per share	269,815	269,815
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$266,112, issued April 30, 2015 and due April 30, 2017, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.90 per share	266,112	266,112
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$275,461, issued July 31, 2015 and due July 31, 2017, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.80 per share	275,461	275,461
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$521,122, issued October 31, 2015 and due October 31, 2018, bearing interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.45 per share	521,122	_
Convertible note in the original principal amount of \$161,937, issued January 31, 2016 and due January 31, 2019, bearing	161,937	_

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interest at 10% per year, convertible into common stock at a rate of \$0.14 per share Total convertible notes payable 2,748,409 2,065,350 Less: current portion of convertible notes payable (1,523,777)(922,401)Less: discount on noncurrent convertible notes payable (1,172,257)(1,093,340)\$ Long-term convertible notes payable, net of discount 49,609 52,375 1,523,777 Current portion of convertible notes payable 922,401 Less: discount on current convertible notes payable (688,542)(512,883)Current convertible notes payable, net of discount \$ 835,235 \$ 409,518

All principal along with accrued interest is payable on the maturity date. The notes are convertible into common stock at the option of the holder. The holder of the notes cannot convert the notes into shares of common stock if that conversion would result in the holder owning more than 4.9% of the outstanding stock of the Company.

Convertible notes issued

During the six months ended January 31, 2016, the Company signed convertible promissory notes that refinance non-interest bearing advances into convertible notes payable. The convertible promissory notes bear interest at 10% per annum and are payable along with accrued interest. The convertible promissory note and unpaid accrued interest are convertible into common stock at the option of the holder.

		Interes	st			
Date Issued	Maturity Date	Rate		Conversion Rate	Am	ount of Note
October 31, 2015	October 31, 2018	10	%	Fixed at \$0.45 per share	\$	521,122
January 31, 2016	January 31, 2019	10	%	Fixed at \$0.14 per share		161,937
					\$	683,059

For notes convertible at a discount to the market price, we use a 5-day volume weighted average to determine the market price.

The Company evaluated the terms of the new notes in accordance with ASC Topic No. 815 - 40, *Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Stock* and determined that the underlying common stock is indexed to the Company's common stock. The Company determined that the conversion features did not meet the definition of a liability and therefore did not bifurcate the conversion feature and account for it as a separate derivative liability. The Company evaluated the conversion feature for a beneficial conversion feature. The effective conversion price was compared to the market price on the date of the note and was deemed to be less than the market value of underlying common stock at the inception of the note. Therefore, we recognized discounts for beneficial conversion features of \$521,122 and \$161,937 on October 31, 2015 and January 31, 2016. The discount is amortized over the life of the notes using the effective interest method. The discount is amortized at effective interest rates of 191.56% and 192.35%, respectively. The beneficial conversion feature was recorded as increase to additional paid-in capital and a discount to the convertible note.

The Company amortized \$428,483 and \$231,487 of the discount on the convertible notes payable to interest expense during the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015.

Conversions into Common Stock

During six months ended January 31, 2016, the holder of our convertible promissory note dated October 31, 2013, elected to convert \$24,726 of accrued interest into 1,236,300 shares of common stock at a rate of \$0.02 per share.

During six months ended January 31, 2016, Bloise International, elected to convert \$5,611 of accrued interest into 14,029 shares of common stock at a rate of \$0.40 per share.

Note 7. Stockholders' Equity

Conversion of shares

During six months ended January 31, 2016, the holders of our convertible notes elected to convert principal and interest into shares of common stock as detailed below:

	Amount	Number of
Date	Converted	Shares Issued
August 14, 2015	\$ 840	42,000
August 24, 2015	1,770	88,500
September 1, 2015	5,611	14,029
September 2, 2015	420	21,000
September 11, 2015	1,780	89,000
September 24, 2015	2,700	135,000
October 8, 2015	690	34,500
October 16, 2015	4,418	220,900
November 16, 2015	3,560	178,000
December 22, 2015	4,140	207,000
January 7, 2016	1,310	65,500
January 18, 2016	3,098	154,900
Total	\$ 30,337	1,250,329

Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

During the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, KMDA has provided office space and certain administrative functions to the Company. The services provided include a furnished executive suite, use of office equipment and supplies, accounting and bookkeeping services, treasury and cash management services, financial reporting, and other support staffing requirements. As a part of the services provided to the Company, KMDA receives the advances from the lender (See Note 5.) and disburses those funds to the Company. During the six months ending January 31, 2016 and 2014, KMDA billed the Company \$101,176 and \$85,913, respectively, for those services. At January 31, 2016, no amounts were owed for these services.

We rent office space in Las Vegas, Nevada; Houston, Texas and Vancouver, British Columbia. We also rent warehouse space in Houston, Texas. All leases are short-term with expiration dates of one year or less from the origination date.

In January 2016, the Company received a notice from the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission (the "TABC") informing it that an administrative case had been filed against the Company's permit to distribute distilled spirits in the State of Texas. The TABC asserted that the Company's private labeling contract to produce RWB Vodka resulted in unauthorized manufacturing activities by the Company. The TABC has issued a cease and desist order which prohibits the manufacturer from shipping additional RWB Vodka to the Company under its existing wholesalers permit ("W Permit"), and the Company is barred from importing any distilled spirits into Texas from its private label manufacturer. Under the current settlement discussion, the Company is not prohibited from selling the RWB Vodka which is already held in inventory and expects to be able to continue to sell its existing inventory for 30 days after a settlement is reached. The Company is currently in settlement discussions with the TABC to resolve this matter. In order to comply with TABC rules, the Company plans to surrender their existing W Permit and applying for a non-resident seller's permit ("S Permit") from the TABC. Under the S Permit, the Company would be allowed to distribute its products through a third-party wholesaler instead of selling directly to retailers as it does now. The Company expects that its existing inventory will be sufficient to fulfill all orders until it is able to again purchase inventory under a new permit.

Note 9. Subsequent Events

On February 1, 2016, the holder of the convertible promissory note dated October 31, 2013 converted \$3,260 of accrued interest into 163,000 shares of our common stock.

On February 16, 2016, the holder of the convertible promissory note dated January 31, 2015 converted \$1,700 of accrued interest into 170,000 shares of our common stock.

On February 22, 2016, the holder of the convertible promissory note dated January 31, 2015 converted \$1,750 of accrued interest into 175,000 shares of our common stock.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Aristocrat Group Corp., a Nevada corporation, was incorporated on July 20, 2011. Our year-end is July 31.

On April 1, 2015, the Company reincorporated from Florida to Nevada. The Company's board of directors and majority shareholder consented to the reincorporation. Each of our shareholders on the record date received one share of the Nevada company's common stock for each 100 shares of common stock they own in the Florida company. Fractional shares will be rounded up to the next whole share, and each shareholder received at least five shares. The Nevada company is authorized to issue 480 million shares of common stock and 20 million shares of preferred stock, each with a par value of \$0.001 per share. The board of directors and officers of the Nevada company consists of the same persons who are currently directors and officers

On February 3, 2015, our board of directors adopted the 2015 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan.

On October 17, 2012, we formed Luxuria Brands LLC as a wholly owned subsidiary. On January 10, 2013, we formed Level Two Holdings, LLC as our wholly owned subsidiary. On January 15, 2013, we formed Top Shelf Distributing, LLC ("Top Shelf") as our wholly owned subsidiary.

Top Shelf is focused on developing our distilled spirits line of business and currently markets and sells RWB Ultra Premium Handcrafted Vodka ("RWB Vodka").

Critical Accounting Policies

We prepare our Consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP, which requires management to make certain estimates and apply judgments. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience, current trends, and other factors that management believes to be important at the time the condensed Consolidated financial statements are prepared. On a regular basis, we review our accounting policies and how they are applied and disclosed in our condensed consolidated financial statements.

While we believe that the historical experience, current trends and other factors considered support the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP, actual results could differ from our estimates and such differences could be material.

For a full description of our critical accounting policies, please refer to Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report for the year ended July 31, 2015 on Form 10-K.

Results of Operations

Six months ended January 31, 2016 compared to the six months ended January 31, 2015.

Revenue

Revenue decreased to \$36,332 for the six months ended January 31, 2016, compared to \$51,010 for the six months ended January 31, 2015. The decline is largely due to reduced prices on our RWB Vodka product.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold decreased to \$30,582 for the six months ended January 31, 2016, compared to \$37,967 for the comparable period in 2015. The decline is due to lower manufacturing costs.

Gross Profit

Gross profit decreased to \$5,750 for the six months ended January 31, 2016, compared to \$13,043 for the six months ended January 31, 2015. This was caused by the decrease in sales prices and manufacturing costs discussed above.

We recognized sales and marketing expenses of \$173,858 and \$261,293 for the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. We have reduced to the cost of our advertising and promotional spend as we have targeted more effective methods.

General and Administrative Expenses

We recognized general and administrative expenses of \$520,463 and \$464,563 for the six months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The increase was due to higher expenditure on professional fees and payroll expenses.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased from \$290,068 for the six months ended January 31, 2015 to \$545,735 for the six months ended January 31, 2016. Interest expense for the six months ended January 31, 2016 included amortization of discount on convertible notes payable in the amount of \$428,483, compared to \$231,487 for the comparable period of 2015. The remaining amount is the result of the Company entering into interest-bearing convertible notes payable.

Net Loss

We incurred a net loss of \$1,234,306 for the six months ended January 31, 2016 as compared to \$1,002,881 for the comparable period of 2015. The increase in the net loss was primarily the result of increased interest expense.

Three months ended January 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended January 31, 2015.

Revenue

Revenue decreased to \$22,031 for the three months ended January 31, 2016, compared to \$26,170 for the three months ended January 31, 2015 as we earned less revenue per bottle of RWB Vodka. This was partially offset by an

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increase in our sales volume.
Cost of Goods Sold
Cost of Goods Sold decreased to \$19,297 for the three months ended January 31, 2016, compared to \$20,286 for the comparable period in 2015. This is due to lower manufacturing costs for our RWB Vodka product.
Gross Profit
Revenue decreased to \$2,734 for the six months ended January 31, 2016, compared to \$5,884 for the three months ended January 31, 2015 as a result of the decline in per unit revenue and lower manufacturing costs.
Sales and Marketing Expenses
We recognized sales and marketing expenses of \$51,626 and \$134,002 for the three months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. We have reduced our sales and promotional expenditures as we target more effective promotional methods.
General and Administrative Expenses
We recognized general and administrative expenses of \$252,199 and \$251,418 for the three months ended January 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The decline is due to slightly lower professional fees.
Interest Expense
Interest expense increased from \$215,799 for the three months ended January 31, 2015 to \$241,615 for the three months ended January 31, 2016. Interest expense for the three months ended January 31, 2016 included amortization of discount on convertible notes payable in the amount of \$176,421, compared to \$183,092 for the comparable period of 2015. The remaining difference is due to higher interest on our convertible notes payable, as we carried higher

average debt balance this year.

Net Loss

We incurred a net loss of \$542,706 for the three months ended January 31, 2016 as compared to \$595,335 for the comparable period of 2015. The increase in the net loss was primarily the result of increased interest expense.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

At January 31, 2016, we had cash on hand of \$12,380. The company has negative working capital of \$1,162,801. Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended January 31, 2016 was \$696,475. Cash on hand is adequate to fund our operations for less than one month. We do not expect to achieve positive cash flow from operating activities in the near future. We will require additional cash in order to implement our business plan. There is no guarantee that we will be able to attain fund when we need them or that funds will be available on terms that are acceptable to the Company. We have no material commitments for capital expenditures as of January 31, 2016.

Additional Financing

Additional financing is required to continue operations. Although actively searching for available capital, the Company does not have any current arrangements for additional outside sources of financing and cannot provide any assurance that such financing will be available.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

This item is not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of January 31, 2016. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of January 31, 2016, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed by us under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required time periods and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

- 1. As of January 31, 2016, we did not maintain effective controls over the control environment. Specifically, we have not developed and effectively communicated to our employees our accounting policies and procedures. This has resulted in inconsistent practices. Further, the Board of Directors does not currently have any independent members and no director qualifies as an audit committee financial expert as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K. Since these entity level programs have a pervasive effect across the organization, management has determined that these circumstances constitute a material weakness.
- 2. As of January 31, 2016, we did not maintain effective controls over financial statement disclosure. Specifically, controls were not designed and in place to ensure that all disclosures required were originally addressed in our financial statements. Accordingly, management has determined that this control deficiency constitutes a material weakness.

Our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, who is the same person, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all error or fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Due to the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected.

Change in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report, which has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to have a material effect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We know of no material, active or pending legal proceedings against us, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceedings or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered beneficial shareholder are an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to us.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

This item is not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

There were no sales of unregistered equity securities during the six months ended January 31, 2016.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

We have not defaulted upon senior securities.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

This item is not applicable to the Company.		
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION		
None.		
ITEM 6. EXHIBITS		
3.1	Articles of Incorporation for the State of Nevada (1)	
3.2	Bylaws for the State of Nevada (1)	
14	Code of Ethics (1)	
21	Subsidiaries of the Registrant (2)	
31.1	Rule 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) Certification of principal executive officer and principal financial and account officer. (2)	
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of principal executive officer and principal financial accounting officer. (2)	
101	XBRL data files of Financial Statement and Notes contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. (3),(4)	
(1) Incorporated by reference to our Form S-1 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 2, 2016		
(2) Filed or furnished herewith		
(3) In accordance with Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files in Exhibit 101 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall be deemed "furnished" and not "filed."		
(4) To be submitted by amendment		

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Aristocrat Group Corp.

Date: March 16, 2016

BY: /s/ Chris Less

Chris Less

Interim Chief Executive Officer, President, Secretary, Treasurer, Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial and Accounting Officer and Sole Director

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