BOOTS & COOTS INTERNATIONAL WELL CONTROL INC

Form 10-Q November 13, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2006

or

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 1-13817

Boots & Coots International Well Control, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 11-2908692 or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11615 N. Houston-Rosslyn Houston, Texas

77086

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(281) 931-8884

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filers (as defined in Exchange Act Rule (12b-2))

Large Accelerated Filer " Accelerated Filer " Non-Accelerated Filer x

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes "No x

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, par value \$.00001 per share, outstanding at November 13, 2006, was 58,813,821.

BOOTS & COOTS INTERNATIONAL WELL CONTROL, INC.

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BOOTS & COOTS INTERNATIONAL WELL CONTROL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(000's except share and per share amounts)

	September 30, 2006 (unaudited)		ember 31, 2005
CURRENT ASSETS:	(ui	iduateu)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,152	\$ 2,564
Restricted cash		303	30
Receivables, net		32,149	6,142
Inventory		895	, <u>—</u>
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		4,576	1,862
Total current assets		50,075	10,598
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		40,310	2,462
GOODWILL		4,118	_
OTHER ASSETS		518	1,707
Total assets	\$	95,021	\$ 14,767
LIABILITIES AND STO	OCKHOLI	DERS' EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	1,940	\$ 2,250
Current portion of accrued interest		_	259
Accounts payable		6,661	376
Foreign income tax payable		1,896	585
Accrued liabilities		12,442	3,563
Total current liabilities		22,939	7,033
LONG-TERM DEBT AND NOTES PAYABLE, net			
of current maturities		32,162	3,600
ACCRUED INTEREST, net of current portion		<u>—</u>	339
DEFERRED TAXES		5,110	_
OTHER LIABILITIES		1,598	_
Total liabilities		61,809	10,972
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note			
G)		_	_
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock (\$.00001 par value, 5,000,000 shares			
authorized, 0 and 53,000 shares issued and			
outstanding at September 30, 2006 and December 31,			
2005, respectively)		_	
Common stock (\$.00001 par value, 125,000,000		_	_
shares authorized, 58,754,000 and 29,594,000 shares			
issued and outstanding at September 30, 2006 and			

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December 31, 2005, respectively)		
Additional paid-in capital	93,756	71,859
Deferred compensation	_	(225)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,234)	(1,234)
Accumulated deficit	(59,310)	(66,605)
Total stockholders' equity	33,212	3,795
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 95,021	\$ 14,767

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BOOTS & COOTS INTERNATIONAL WELL CONTROL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(000's except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months En September 3			
	2006		2005	2006		2005
REVENUES	\$ 28,293	\$	4,612 \$	63,285	\$	23,664
COST OF SALES, excluding						
depreciation and amortization	15,329		1,846	33,437		12,520
Gross Margin	12,964		2,766	29,848		11,144
OPERATING EXPENSES	4,401		1,842	10,732		5,822
SELLING, GENERAL AND						
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	1,295		662	3,113		1,989
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES DEPRECIATION AND	62		_	174		_
AMORTIZATION AND	1,438		152	3,466		592
OPERATING INCOME	5,768		110	12,363		2,741
INTEREST EXPENSE AND						
OTHER, net	760		85	2,109		523
INCOME BEFORE INCOME						
TAXES	5,008		25	10,254		2,218
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	1,639		494	3,575		877
NET INCOME (LOSS)	3,369		(469)	6,679		1,341
PREFERRED DIVIDEND REQUIREMENTS AND						
ACCRETIONS	_	-	222	(616)		649
NET INCOME						
(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO						
COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ 3,369	\$	(691) \$	7,295	\$	692
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Common						
Share:	\$ 0.06	\$	(0.02) \$	0.14	\$	0.02
Weighted Average Common Shares						
Outstanding - Basic:	58,696,000		29,499,000	52,047,000		29,497,000
	\$ 0.05	\$	(0.02) \$	0.13	\$	0.02
			. , , ,			

Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Common Share:

Weighted Average Common Shares

Outstanding - Diluted: 62,076,000 29,499,000 55,315,000 31,376,000

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

(000's)

Accum	hatelu
Accum	uiatea

	Preferred			7100	dindiated		
	Stock	Common Stock	Additional		Other	1	otal
			Paid - in Acc	cumulat @ bm	prehensiv D ef	erredStocl	kholders'
	Shares Amoun	t Shares Amou	nt Capital	Deficit	Loss Compo	ensation E	quity
BALANCES,							
December 31, 2005	53 \$	— 29,594 \$	\$ 71,859 \$	(66,605)\$	(1,234)\$	(225)\$	3,795
Common stock							
options exercised		533	<u> </u>				357
Warrants exercised	<u> </u>	— 64		_		_	_
Common stock issued							
for services		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			_	21
Common stock issued							
for acquisition of		26.462	26.462				26.462
business	 .	— 26,462	— 26,462	-			26,462
Preferred stock			((1()	(1)			
dividends reversed Reversal of deferred	 .	_ _	— (616)	616	_		_
compensation with							
adoption of SFAS							
123(R)			— (225)			225	
123(K)	<u>—</u>	<u> </u>	— (223)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	223	_
Stock based							
compensation		150	— 1,197				1,197
Redemption of		120	1,177				1,177
preferred stock and							
conversion of							
preferred stock to							
common stock	(53)	— 1,936	— (5,299)	_		_	(5,299)
Net income				6,679	_	_	6,679
BALANCES,							
September 30, 2006	\$	58,754 \$	\$ 93,756 \$	(59,310)\$	(1,234)\$	-\$	33,212

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BOOTS & COOTS INTERNATIONAL WELL CONTROL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (000's) (Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended

	September 30,			
		2006	ber 30	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		2000		2003
Net income	\$	6,679	\$	1,341
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating	Ψ	0,079	Ψ	1,5 11
activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		3,466		592
Stock based compensation		1,197		
Reversal of bad debt		(230)		_
Troubled debt restructuring interest accrual		(598)		_
Amortization of deferred loan costs		809		_
Other non-cash charges		15		142
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisition:				
Receivables		(11,672)		4,106
Inventory		(58)		_
Prepaid expenses and current assets		(2,561)		172
Other assets		380		275
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities		7,314		(4,959)
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,741		1,669
, in the second of the second		,,		,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash acquired in connection with acquisition		4,366		_
Property and equipment additions		(1,675)		(170)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		12		_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		2,703		(170)
, , ,		·		, , ,
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Payments of senior debt		(750)		_
Payments of subordinated debt		(5,100)		(900)
Payments of term loan		(808)		_
Revolving credit borrowings		4,044		_
Proceeds from term loan		9,700		_
Redemption of preferred stock		(5,299)		_
Stock options exercised		357		
Net cash provided (used in) financing activities		2,144		(900)
Impact of foreign currency on cash		_		(361)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,588		238
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period		2,564		1,428
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$	12,152	\$	1,666
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	2,060	\$	539
Cash paid for income taxes		3,205		142

NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Preferred stock dividends accrued (reversed)	(616)	649
Common stock issued for acquisition of business	26,462	_
Conversion of preferred stock	1,936	
Long-term notes issued for acquisition of business	21,166	_

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BOOTS & COOTS INTERNATIONAL WELL CONTROL, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. They do not include all information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete annual financial statements. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, including normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary in order to make the condensed consolidated financial statements not misleading. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and the other financial information contained in this report should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, and those reports filed previously with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period consolidated financial statements to conform to current period presentation.

B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Stock Based Compensation - We have adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS No. 123R"), which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, consultants and directors, including employee stock options, based on estimated fair values. SFAS No. 123R supersedes our previous accounting under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25") for periods beginning in fiscal year 2006. In March 2005, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 ("SAB 107") relating to SFAS No. 123R. We have applied the provisions of SAB 107 in our adoption of SFAS No. 123R.

We adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective transition method, which requires the application of the accounting standard as of January 1, 2006, the first day of our fiscal year 2006. Our condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 reflect the impact of SFAS No. 123R. In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, our condensed consolidated financial statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect, and do not include, the impact of SFAS No. 123R.

Foreign currency - Effective January 1, 2006, and related to our acquisition of the hydraulic well control business of Oil States International, Inc. (see "Note E - Business Combination" for more information), we changed our functional currency in Venezuela from the Venezuelan Bolivar to the U.S. Dollar. This change allows us to have one consistent functional currency after the acquisition. Accumulated other comprehensive loss reported in the consolidated statements of stockholders' equity before January 1, 2006 totaled \$1.2 million and consisted solely of the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment in Venezuela prior to changing our functional currency. In accordance with SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation," the currency translation adjustment recorded up through the date of the change in functional currency will only be adjusted in the event of a full or partial disposition of our investment in Venezuela.

The accounts of foreign subsidiaries have been translated into U.S. Dollars in accordance with SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation." Accordingly, foreign currency is translated to U.S. dollars for financial purposes by using the U.S. Dollar as the functional currency and exchange gains and losses, as well as translation gains and losses, are

reported in income and expenses. These currency gains or losses are reported as other operating expenses. Monetary balance sheet accounts are translated using the current exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date for assets and liabilities, and for non-monetary items, the accounts are translated at the historical exchange rate in effect when acquired. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rate for the period.

C. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* ("FIN48") interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109. FIN48 establishes the threshold for recognizing the benefits of tax-return positions in the financial statements as more-likely-than-not to be sustained by the taxing authorities, and prescribes a measurement methodology for those positions meeting the recognition threshold. The Company has not yet determined the estimated impact on its financial condition or results of operations, if any, of adopting FIN48 which becomes effective for the fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair measurements. This Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the FASB having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this Statement does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of this Statement will change current practice. The Company has not yet determined the estimated impact on its financial condition or results of operations, if any, of adopting SFAS No. 157, which becomes effective for the fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007.

In September 2006, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108. The interpretations in this Staff Accounting Bulletin are being issued to address diversity in practice in quantifying financial statement misstatements and the potential under current practice for the build up of improper amounts on the balance sheet. Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006, and we do not expect the new standard to have any material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

D. DETAILS OF SELECTED BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

Accounts receivable, net:	(unaudited) September 30, 2006		
Trade	\$ 15,798	\$ 4,676	
Unbilled Revenue	15,711	1,772	
Other	960	39	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(320)	(345)	
	\$ 32,149	\$ 6,142	
	(unaudited)		

Property and equipment, net:	September 30, 2006			December 31, 2005	
Land	\$	571	\$	136	
Leasehold		2,817		734	
Equipment		36,864		114	
Firefighting equipment		6,171		6,115	
Furniture, fixtures and office		1,288		970	
Computer systems		568		568	
Vehicles		1,091		612	
Construction in progress		1,131		_	

Total property and equipment	50,501	9,249
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(10,191)	(6,787)
	\$ 40,310 \$	2,462

	Septem	(unaudited) September 30, 2006		er 31, 5
Prepaid expenses and other assets:	ф	1 220	Φ.	202
Prepaid taxes	\$	1,339	\$	203
Prepaid insurance		2,219		546
Other prepaid expenses and current assets		1,018		1,113
	\$	4,576	\$	1,862
	(unau			
	Septem 200		December 32 2005	
Accounts payable:				
Trade accounts payable	\$	4,127	\$	376
Accrued payables		2,534		_
	\$	6,661	\$	376
	Septem	(unaudited) September 30, 2006		er 31, 5
Accrued liabilities:				
Accrued compensation and benefits	\$	3,999	\$	860
Accrued insurance		1,900		-
Accrued taxes, other than foreign income tax		2,546		706
Other accrued liabilities		3,997		1,997
	\$	12,442	\$	3,563

E. BUSINESS COMBINATION

On March 3, 2006, we acquired the hydraulic well control business (HWC) of Oil States International, Inc. (NYSE: OIS). The transaction was effective for accounting and financial purposes as of March 1, 2006. As consideration for the acquisition, we issued approximately 26.5 million shares, or approximately 45%, of our common stock and subordinated promissory notes with an aggregate balance of \$15 million, adjusted to \$21.2 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 to reflect a \$6.2 million adjustment for working capital acquired.

In accordance with SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations", we used the purchase method to account for this transaction. Under the purchase method of accounting, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed from HWC were recorded at the date of acquisition at their respective fair values. In connection with the acquisition, we engaged a valuation firm to assist in the determination of the fair value of certain assets and liabilities of HWC. The purchase price, including direct acquisition costs, exceeded the fair value of acquired assets and assumed liabilities, resulting in the recognition of goodwill of approximately \$4.1 million. The total purchase price, including direct acquisition costs of \$1.4 million less cash acquired of \$4.4 million, was \$44.7 million. The total purchase price decreased by \$0.4 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2006 due to the settlement of the working capital adjustment, pursuant to the purchase agreement. The operating results of HWC are included in the condensed consolidated financial statements subsequent to the March 1, 2006 effective date.

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The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed effective March 1, 2006 were as follows:

Current assets (excluding cash)	\$ 15,368
Property and equipment	\$ 39,645
Goodwill	\$ 4,118
Total assets acquired	\$ 59,131
Current liabilities	\$ 9,366
Deferred taxes	\$ 5,110
Total liabilities assumed	\$ 14,476
Net assets acquired	\$ 44,655

In accordance with the requirements of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", the goodwill associated with the acquisition will not be amortized, but will be reviewed at least annually for impairment or more often if changes in facts and circumstances indicate a loss in value has occurred. The goodwill related to this acquisition has been assigned to the Well Intervention segment which is deemed the reporting unit for this review. In the fourth quarter of each year, the Company will perform an annual impairment assessment of goodwill based on the fair value of the Well Intervention reporting unit.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the combined results of operations of the Company and HWC as if the acquisition had occurred as of the beginning of the periods presented. The unaudited pro forma financial information is not necessarily indicative of what our consolidated results of operations actually would have been had we completed the acquisition at the dates indicated. In addition, the unaudited pro forma financial information does not purport to project the future results of operations of the combined company.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2006		2005		2006		2005		
Revenue	\$ 28,293	\$	14,871	\$	71,826	\$	53,285		
Operating Income	\$ 5,768	\$	2,350	\$	14,027	\$	6,810		
Net Income	\$ 3,369	\$	997	\$	7,611	\$	2,473		
Basic Earnings Per									
Share	\$ 0.06	\$	0.02	\$	0.13	\$	0.04		
Diluted Earnings Per									
Share	\$ 0.05	\$	0.02	\$	0.12	\$	0.04		
Basic Shares									
Outstanding	58,696		58,218		58,460		58,495		
Diluted Shares									
Outstanding	62,076		60,746		61,734		60,374		

F. LONG-TERM DEBT AND NOTES PAYABLE

In conjunction with the acquisition of HWC on March 3, 2006, we entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which established a revolving credit facility capacity totaling \$10.3 million, subject to an initial borrowing base of \$6.0 million, and a term credit facility totaling \$9.7 million. The term credit facility is payable monthly over a period of sixty months and is payable in full on March 3,

2010, subject to extension under certain circumstances to March 3, 2011. The revolving credit facility is due and payable in full on March 3, 2010, subject to a year-to-year renewal thereafter. We utilized initial borrowings under the Credit Agreement totaling \$10.5 million to repay senior and subordinated debt in full and to repurchase all of our outstanding shares of preferred stock and for other transaction related expenses. The loan balance outstanding on September 30, 2006 was \$8.9 million on the term credit facility and \$4.0 million on the revolving credit facility.

At our option, borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at either (i) Wells Fargo's prime commercial lending rate plus a margin ranging, as to the revolving credit facility up to 1.00%, and, as to the term credit facility, from 0.50% to 1.50% or (ii) the London Inter-Bank Market Offered Rate plus a margin ranging, as to the revolving credit facility, from 2.50% to 3.00% per annum, and, as to the term credit facility, from 3.00% to 3.50%, which margin increases or decreases based on the ratio of the outstanding principal amount under the Credit Agreement to our consolidated EBITDA. The interest rate applicable to borrowings under the revolving credit facility and the term credit facility at September 30, 2006 was 8.25% and 8.75%, respectively. Fees on unused commitments under the revolving credit facility are due monthly and range from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum, based on the ratio of the outstanding principal amount under the Credit Agreement to our consolidated EBITDA.

Substantially all of our assets are pledged as collateral under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement contains various restrictive covenants and compliance requirements, including: (1) maintenance of a minimum book net worth through December 31, 2006 equal to 90% of the pro forma book net worth calculated on March 1, 2006, but in no event less than \$25 million, or, for each fiscal year thereafter, equal to the greater of the minimum book net worth required for the preceding fiscal year or 85% of book net worth on the last day of the preceding fiscal year (for these purposes "book net worth" means the aggregate of our common and preferred stockholders' equity on a consolidated basis); (2) maintenance of a minimum ratio of our consolidated EBITDA less unfinanced capital expenditures to principal and interest payments required under the Credit Agreement, on a trailing twelve month basis, of 1.50 to 1.00; (3) limitation on capital expenditures of \$3 million in the aggregate during any fiscal year; and (4) limitation on the incurrence of additional indebtedness except for indebtedness arising under the subordinated promissory notes issued in connection with the HWC acquisition. We were in compliance with these covenants at September 30, 2006.

The \$15 million of unsecured subordinated debt issued to Oil States Energy Services, Inc. in connection with the HWC acquisition has been adjusted to \$21.2 million after a \$6.2 million adjustment for working capital acquired. The note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, and requires a one-time principal payment on September 9, 2010.

As of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September (Unaudi	*	December 3	31, 2005
U.S. revolving credit facility, with available commitments				
up to \$10.3 million, a borrowing base of \$10.0 million				
and an average interest rate of 8.1% for the nine month	\$	4,044	¢	
period ended September 30, 2006 U.S. term credit facility with initial borrowings of \$9.7	Φ	4,044	ф	_
million, payable over 60 months and an average interest				
rate of 8.6% for the nine month period ended September				
30, 2006		8,892		_
Subordinated unsecured debt issued to Oil States Energy		0,072		
Services, Inc. with a fixed interest rate of 10%		21,166		_
Senior secured debt with Specialty Finance Fund I, LLC,				
which was acquired by San Juan Investments with a fixed				
interest rate of 7%		-		750
Subordinated unsecured notes payable with Prudential				
with a fixed interest rate of 12%		_		5,100
Total debt		34,102		5,850
Less: current maturities		(1,940)		(2,250)
Total long-term debt	\$	32,162	\$	3,600

G. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We are involved in or threatened with various legal proceedings from time to time arising in the ordinary course of business. Management does not believe that any liabilities resulting from any such proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our operations or financial position.

H. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted income(loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding. The weighted average number of shares used to compute basic and diluted earnings(loss) per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are illustrated below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 2005			Nine Mon Septen 2006		
Numerator:			_000	_000		
For basic and diluted earnings per						
share:						
Net income(loss) attributable to						
common stockholders	\$ 3,369	\$	(691) \$	7,295	\$	692
Denominator:						
For basic earnings(loss) per						
share- weighted-average shares	58,696		29,499	52,047		29,497
Effect of Dilutive Securities:						
Stock options and warrants	3,380		-	3,268		1,879
Denominator:						
For diluted earnings(loss) per						
share - weighted-average shares	62,076		29,499	55,315		31,376

The exercise price of our stock options and stock warrants varies from \$0.67 to \$3.00 per share. The maximum number of potentially dilutive securities at September 30, 2006, and 2005 would include: (1) 6,423,000 and 5,585,000 common shares, respectively, issuable upon exercise of stock options, (2) 732,000 and 2,572,000, common shares, respectively, issuable upon exercise of stock purchase warrants, (3) 120,000 and 330,000 shares of common stock, respectively, to be issued as compensation over a four year vesting period as earned, and (4) zero and 96,000 common shares, respectively, issuable upon conversion of convertible preferred stock.

I. EMPLOYEE "STOCK-BASED" COMPENSATION

We have adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS No. 123R"), which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, consultants and directors; including employee stock options based on estimated fair values. SFAS No. 123R supersedes our previous accounting under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25") for periods beginning in fiscal 2006. In March 2005, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 ("SAB 107") relating to SFAS No. 123R. We have applied the provisions of SAB 107 in our adoption of SFAS No. 123R.

We adopted SFAS No. 123R using the modified prospective transition method, which requires the application of the accounting standard as of January 1, 2006, the first day of our fiscal year 2006. Our condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 reflect the impact of SFAS No. 123R. In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, our condensed consolidated financial statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect, and do not include, the impact of SFAS No. 123R. The balance previously reflected as deferred compensation was eliminated against additional paid-in capital upon adoption of SFAS No.

123R. The effect on our net earnings and earnings per share before and after application of the fair value recognition provision of SFAS No. 123R to stock-based employee compensation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 is illustrated below:

stockholders

Basic

Diluted

Three Months Ended September 30, 2006

(amounts in thousands, except per share data) **Net Earnings Before** Effect of **Application** Stock-**Based Net Earnings** of SFAS No. Compensation as 123R **Expense** Reported Income before income taxes \$ 5,387 \$ 379 \$ 5,008 Provision for income taxes 1,639 1,639 Preferred dividends Net income attributable to common 3,748 379 3,369 Earnings per share:

0.07

0.06

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

0.01

0.01

0.06

0.05

(amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Ap SI	Earnings Before plication of FAS No. 123R	Effect of Stock- Based Compensation Expense	1	Net Earnings as Reported	
Income before income taxes	\$	11,242	\$ 988		10,254	
Provision for income taxes		3,575			3,575	
Preferred dividends		(616)		_	(616)	
Net income attributable to common						
stockholders		8,283	988		7,295	
Earnings per share:						
Basic		0.16	0.02	,	0.14	
Diluted		0.15	0.02	,	0.13	

The pro forma effect on net earnings(loss) and earnings(loss) per share as if we had applied the fair value recognition provision of SFAS No. 123R, to stock-based employee compensation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 is illustrated below:

	Ei Septei	Months Nine Mont nded Ended mber 30, September 2005		l
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders as				
reported	\$	(691)	\$	692
		247		739

Less total stock based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of tax related effects

Pro forma net (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (938) \$	(47)
Basic net income (loss) per share:		
As reported	\$ (0.02) \$	0.02
Pro forma	\$ (0.03) \$	0.00
Diluted net income (loss) per share:		
As reported	\$ (0.02) \$	0.02
Pro forma	\$ (0.03) \$	0.00

We used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of options on the date of grant. The following assumptions were applied in determining stock-based employee compensation under SFAS No. 123R and the pro forma compensation costs:

	Three Months September		Nine Months 1 September	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Risk-free interest rate	4.68%	3.4%	4.64%	3.4%
Expected dividend yield				
Expected option life	6.5 yrs	3 yrs	6.5 yrs	3 yrs
Expected volatility	96.7%	75.5%	96.1%	71.5%
Weighted average fair value of				
options granted at market value	\$ 1.20 \$	0.51 \$	1.17 \$	0.43
Forfeiture rate	4.82%	0.0%	4.82%	0.00%

J. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

Effective January 1, 2006, we redefined the segments in which we operate as a result of the acquisition of HWC. Our current business segments are "Well Intervention" and "Response". Intercompany transfers between segments were not material. Our accounting policies for the operating segments are the same as those described in Note A, "Basis of Presentation". Operating expenses and depreciationand amortization have been charged to each segment based upon specific identification of expenses and an allocation of remaining non-segment specific expenses pro rata between segments based upon relative revenues. For purposes of this presentation, selling, general and administrative and corporate expenses have been allocated between segments in proportion to their relative revenue. HWC's results from and after March 1, 2006 are included in our consolidated operating results.

The Well Intervention segment consists of services that are designed to reduce the number and severity of critical well events and enhance production for oil and gas operators. The scope of these services includes training, contingency planning, well plan reviews, audits, inspection services and engineering services offered through our Safeguard programs and services offered in conjunction with our WELLSURE® risk management program. This segment also includes services performed by hydraulic workover and snubbing units that are used to enhance production of oil and gas wells. These units may also be used for underbalanced drilling, workover, completions and plug and abandonment services. A hydraulic unit is a specially designed rig used for moving tubulars in and out of a wellbore using hydraulic pressure. These units may be used for snubbing operations, servicing wells that are under pressure. When a unit is snubbing, it is pushing pipe or tubulars into the wellbore against wellbore pressures.

The Response segment consists of personnel, equipment and services provided during an emergency response such as a critical well event or a hazardous material response. These services include snubbing and other workover services provided during a response. These services are designed to minimize response time and mitigate damage while maximizing safety.

Information concerning segment operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 is presented below. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior periods to conform to the current presentation.

	Well Intervention	Response	Consolidated
Three Months Ended September 30, 2006:			
Operating Revenues	\$ 21,311		\$ 28,293
Operating Income(1)	3,086		5,768
Identifiable Operating Assets	83,360	·	95,021
Capital Expenditures	606		873
Depreciation and Amortization(1)	1,340	98	1,438
Three Months Ended September 30, 2005:			
Operating Revenues	\$ 3,109		
Operating Income (loss)(1)	203	(93)	
Identifiable Operating Assets	5,966	7,690	13,656
Capital Expenditures	41	41	82
Depreciation and Amortization(1)	86	66	152
	Well		
	Well Intervention	Response	Consolidated
N. W. d. F. I. I.G. d. I. 20 2004		Response	Consolidated
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006:	Intervention	-	
Operating Revenues	Intervention \$ 54,148	\$ 9,137	\$ 63,285
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1)	Intervention \$ 54,148 8,968	\$ 9,137 3,395	\$ 63,285 12,363
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures Depreciation and Amortization(1)	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures Depreciation and Amortization(1) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005:	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241 3,325	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434 141	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675 3,466
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures Depreciation and Amortization(1) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005: Operating Revenues	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241 3,325 \$ 10,339	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434 141 \$ 13,325	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675 3,466 \$ 23,664
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures Depreciation and Amortization(1) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005: Operating Revenues Operating Income(1)	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241 3,325 \$ 10,339 1,936	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434 141 \$ 13,325 805	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675 3,466 \$ 23,664 2,741
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures Depreciation and Amortization(1) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005: Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241 3,325 \$ 10,339 1,936 5,966	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434 141 \$ 13,325 805 7,690	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675 3,466 \$ 23,664 2,741 13,656
Operating Revenues Operating Income(1) Identifiable Operating Assets Capital Expenditures Depreciation and Amortization(1) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005: Operating Revenues Operating Income(1)	\$ 54,148 8,968 83,360 1,241 3,325 \$ 10,339 1,936	\$ 9,137 3,395 11,661 434 141 \$ 13,325 805 7,690	\$ 63,285 12,363 95,021 1,675 3,466 \$ 23,664 2,741

⁽¹⁾Operating expenses and depreciation and amortization have been charged to each segment based upon specific identification of expenses and an allocation of remaining non-segment specific expenses pro rata between segments based upon relative revenues.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-looking statements

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is based on projections, assumptions and estimates, not historical information. Some statements in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking and may be identified as such through the use of words like "may," "may not," "believes," "do not believe," "expects," "do not expect," "do not anticipate," and other similar expressions. We also provide oral or written forward-looking information on other materials we release to the public. Forward-looking information involves risks and uncertainties and reflects our best judgment based on current information. Our actual events and results of operations may differ materially from expectations because of inaccurate assumptions we make or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. As a result, no forward-looking information can be guaranteed.

While it is not possible to identify all factors, the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from our forward-looking statements include those contained in this 10-Q, our press releases and our Forms 10-Q, 8-K and 10-K filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. We do not assume any responsibility to publicly update any of our forward-looking statements regardless of whether factors change as a result of new information, future events or for any other reason.

Overview

We provide a suite of integrated oilfield services centered on the prevention, emergency response and restoration of blowouts and well fires around the world, and have significant operations in the United States, Venezuela, the Middle East and Africa. Our proprietary risk management program, WELLSURE®, combines traditional well control insurance with post-event response as well as preventative services, giving oil and gas operators and insurance underwriters a medium for effective management of well control insurance policies. Our SafeGuard program, developed for international producers and operators, provides dedicated emergency response and risk management services including risk assessment, training, contingency planning, well plan reviews, audits, inspection services and engineering services.

On March 3, 2006, we acquired the hydraulic well control business (HWC) of Oil States International, Inc. As a consequence of the acquisition, we also provide hydraulic units for emergency well control situations and various Well Intervention solutions involving workovers, well drilling, well completions and plug and abandonment services. Hydraulic units may be used for both non-critical and emergency well control situations in the oil and gas industry. A hydraulic workover unit is a specially designed rig used for moving tubulars in and out of a wellbore using hydraulic pressure. These units may be used for snubbing operations, servicing wells that are under pressure. When a unit is snubbing, it is pushing pipe or tubulars into the wellbore against wellbore pressures. The transaction was effective for accounting and financial purposes as of March 1, 2006. As consideration for HWC, we issued approximately 26.5 million shares, or approximately 45%, of our common stock and subordinated promissory notes with an aggregate balance of \$15 million, adjusted to \$21.2 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2006, after a \$6.2 million adjustment for working capital acquired.

The market for emergency well control services, or critical well events, is highly volatile due to factors beyond our control, including changes in the volume and type of drilling and workover activity occurring in response to fluctuations in oil and natural gas prices. Wars, acts of terrorism and other unpredictable factors may also increase the need for such services from time to time. As a result, we experience large fluctuations in our revenues from these services. Non-critical services, reported as our Well Intervention segment, provide more stable revenues and our strategy has been, and continues to be, to expand these product and service offerings to mitigate the revenue and earnings volatility associated with critical well event services.

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Segment Information

Effective January 1, 2006, we redefined the segments in which we operate as a result of our acquisition of HWC. Our current business segments are "Well Intervention" and "Response".

The Well Intervention segment consists of services that are designed to reduce the number and severity of critical well events and enhance production for oil and gas operators. The scope of these services includes training, contingency planning, well plan reviews, audits, inspection services and engineering services offered through our Safeguard programs and services offered in conjunction with our WELLSURE® risk management program. This segment also includes services, performed by hydraulic workover and snubbing units that are used to enhance production of oil and gas wells. These units may also be used for underbalanced drilling, workover, well completions and plug and abandonment services.

The Response segment consists of personnel, equipment and services provided during an emergency response such as a critical well event or a hazardous material response. These services include snubbing and other workover services provided during a response which are designed to minimize response time and mitigate damage while maximizing safety.

Intercompany transfers between segments were not material. Our accounting policies for the operating segments are the same as those described in Note A, "Basis of Presentation" and as disclosed in our annual report on form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. Operating expenses and depreciation and amortization have been charged to each segment based upon specific identification of expenses and an allocation of remaining non-segment specific expenses pro rata between segments based upon relative revenues. For purposes of this presentation, selling, general and administrative and corporate expenses have been allocated between segments in proportion to their relative revenue. Business segment operating data from continuing operations is presented for purposes of management discussion and analysis of operating results. HWC's operating results from and after March 1, 2006 are included in our consolidated operating results.

Results of operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and the other financial information included in this report and contained in our periodic reports previously filed with the SEC.

Information concerning operations in different business segments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 is presented below. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior periods to conform to the current presentation.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 2005			Nine Mon Septem 2006		
Revenues						
Well Intervention	\$ 21,311	\$	3,109	\$ 54,148	\$	10,339
Response	6,982		1,503	9,137		13,325
	\$ 28,293	\$	4,612	\$ 63,285	\$	23,664
Cost of Sales						
Well Intervention	\$ 13,526	\$	1,404	\$ 31,198	\$	4,572
Response	1,803		442	2,239		7,948
•	\$ 15,329	\$	1,846	\$ 33,437	\$	12,520
Operating Expenses(1)						
Well Intervention	\$ 2,338	\$	1,051	\$ 7,819	\$	2,724
Response	2,063		791	2,913		3,098
•	\$ 4,401	\$	1,842	\$ 10,732	\$	5,822
Selling, General and						
Administrative Expenses(2)						
Well Intervention	\$ 1,021	\$	365	\$ 2,839	\$	869
Response	336		297	448		1,120
	\$ 1,357	\$	662	\$ 3,287	\$	1,989
Depreciation and						
Amortization(1)						
Well Intervention	\$ 1,340	\$	86	\$ 3,325	\$	238
Response	98		66	141		354
•	\$ 1,438	\$	152	\$ 3,466	\$	592
Operating Income						
Well Intervention	\$ 3,086	\$	203	\$ 8,967	\$	1,936
Response	2,682		(93)	3,396		805
-	\$ 5,768	\$	110	\$ 12,363	\$	2,741

⁽¹⁾Operating expenses and depreciation and amortization have been charged to each segment based upon specific identification of expenses and an allocation of remaining non-segment specific expenses pro rata between segments based upon relative revenues.

Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 with the Three Months Ended September 30, 2005

Revenues

Well Intervention revenues were \$21,311,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$3,109,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, representing an increase of \$18,202,000, or 585.5%, in the current quarter. The increase was primarily the result of the inclusion of \$15,705,000 of revenues related to our acquisition of HWC for the quarter ended September 30, 2006. For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, Safeguard revenue increased \$1,394,000, or 62.7%, compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2005. In the U.S., revenue for Gulf of Mexico remediation work was \$1,043,000 during the quarter ended September 30, 2006 compared to zero revenue during the quarter ended September 30, 2005.

⁽²⁾ Selling, general and administrative expenses have been allocated pro rata between segments based upon relative revenues and includes foreign exchange translation gains and losses.

Response revenues were \$6,982,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,503,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$5,479,000, or 364.5% in the current quarter due to a greater level of international emergency response activity.

Cost of Sales

Well Intervention cost of sales were \$13,526,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,404,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$12,122,000, or 863.4%, in the current quarter. The increase was primarily the result of the inclusion of HWC cost of \$10,875,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006. The remaining cost increase of \$1,247,000 in the current quarter was primarily attributable to the increase in our Safeguard activity and the Gulf of Mexico remediation work.

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Response cost of sales were \$1,803,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$442,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$1,361,000, or 307.9%, due to variable costs associated with increased response revenue in the current quarter.

Operating Expenses

Consolidated operating expenses were \$4,401,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,842,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$2,559,000, or 138.9%, in the current quarter. This increase is primarily due to support personnel and facility expenses related to HWC of \$1,346,000 and an increase of accrued incentive expense and business development expense associated with an increase in our international business in the third quarter of 2006. The current quarter includes expense of \$308,000 related to stock option expense in the current year pursuant to our adoption of SFAS No. 123R which requires the expensing of stock options beginning January 1, 2006.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Consolidated selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) and other operating expenses were \$1,357,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$662,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$695,000, or 105.0%, in the current quarter. The increase in total SG&A expense was primarily due to increases in wages and benefits, incentive plan expense, professional fees and a \$71,000 stock option expense in the current year pursuant to our adoption of SFAS No. 123R "Share-Based Payment." During the current quarter, SG&A and other operating expenses represented 4.8% of revenues compared to 14.4% of revenues in the prior year quarter. The percentage decrease is primarily due to the increased quarter over quarter revenue base.

Depreciation and Amortization

Consolidated depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$1,286,000 in the quarter ended September 30, 2006 compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2005 due to the inclusion of HWC depreciation expense of \$1,297,000, for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, offset by certain assets being fully depreciated prior to the end of the third quarter of 2006.

Interest Expense and Other Expenses, net

The change in net interest and other expenses of \$675,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, as compared to the prior year period is set forth in the table below (in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended				
	September 30, 2006		September 30, 2005		
Interest expense - senior debt	\$	_	\$ 13		
Interest on subordinated notes			162		
Interest credit related to December 2000					
subordinated debt restructuring		_	(81)		
Interest expense - Credit Facility		258	_		
Interest expense - Term Notes		529	_		
Amortization of deferred finance cost on credit					
facility		11	_		
Amortization of deferred finance cost on					
subordinated debt		_	51		
Interest expense on financing agreements		21	_		
Interest income on cash investments		(57)	(10)		
Other		(2)	(50)		
Total Interest and Other	\$	760	\$ 85		

Income Tax Expense

Income taxes for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 totaled \$1,639,000 or 32.7% of pre-tax income compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2005 of \$494,000 on pre-tax income of \$25,000. The tax expense in the quarter ended September 30, 2005 was due to foreign tax in Venezuela and Algeria. The increase in tax expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2005 is due to an increase in the percentage of our consolidated pretax income taxable in the U.S. and the limitations of the net operating loss (NOL) carry forward benefit. We have determined that as a result of the acquisition of HWC we have experienced a change of control pursuant to limitations set forth in Section 382 of the IRS rules and regulations. As a result, we will be limited to utilizing approximately \$2.9 million of U.S. net operating losses to offset taxable income generated by us during the tax year ended December 31, 2006 and expect lower dollar limits in future years until our U.S. NOL's are either completely used or expire. All U.S. tax expense in 2005 was offset by utilization of NOL's.

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 with the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005

Revenues

Well Intervention revenues were \$54,148,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$10,339,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$43,809,000, or 423.7% in the current period. The increase was primarily the result of the inclusion of \$38,028,000 of HWC revenues for seven of the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Safeguard revenues increased \$4,109,000, or 80.2%, in the first nine months of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005, due to an increase in international revenues primarily in Algeria. The remaining increase in revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2005 was primarily due to remediation work in the Gulf of Mexico.

Response revenues were \$9,137,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$13,325,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, a decrease of \$4,188,000, or 31.4%, in the current period. The decrease was primarily due to work performed in northern Iraq during the prior year period. The Iraq revenue included low margin pass-through charges for third party subcontractor services relating to field personnel security of \$5,341,000.

Cost of Sales

Well Intervention cost of sales were \$31,198,000 for the nine months ended Sepember 30, 2006, compared to \$4,572,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$26,626,000, or 582.4%, in the current period. The increase was primarily the result of the inclusion of HWC cost of \$24,278,000 for seven of the nine months ended September 30, 2006. The remaining cost increase of \$2,348,000 in the first nine months of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 was due to a cost increase attributable to our Safeguard international activity primarily in Algeria and direct costs associated with remediation work in the Gulf of Mexico.

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Response cost of sales were \$2,239,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$7,948,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, a decrease of \$5,709,000, or 71.8%, in the current period. The decrease is primarily the result of the absence in the current period of subcontracted security services related to work in northern Iraq of \$5,074,000 for the prior year period. The additional decrease was primarily due to higher variable cost associated with response work in Iraq during 2005.

Operating Expenses

Consolidated operating expenses were \$10,732,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$5,822,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$4,910,000, or 84.3% in the current period. This increase is due to support personnel and facility expenses related to HWC of \$2,679,000 and increased accrued incentive expense and business development expense, associated with an increase in our international business in the first nine months of 2006. The current nine months includes expense of \$730,000 related to stock options expense in the current year pursuant to our adoption of SFAS No. 123R which requires the expensing of stock options beginning January 1, 2006.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Consolidated selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) and other operating expenses were \$3,287,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,989,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$1,298,000, or 65.3%, in the current period. This increase in total SG&A expense is primarily due to professional service fees, incentive bonus expense and \$258,000 of stock option expense in the current year pursuant to our adoption of SFAS No. 123R. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, SG&A expense represented 5.2% of revenues compared to 8.4% of revenues in the prior year.

Depreciation and Amortization

Consolidated depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$2,874,000 between the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 due to the inclusion of HWC depreciation expense of \$3,074,000, for seven of the nine months ended September 30, 2006, offset by certain assets being fully depreciated prior to September 30, 2006. *Interest Expense and Other Expenses, net*

The change in net interest and other expenses, of \$1,586,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, as compared to the prior year period is set forth in the table below (in thousands):

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	For the Nine Months Ended				
	September 30, 2006		September 30, 2005		
Interest expense - senior debt	\$	9	\$	39	
Interest on subordinated notes		102		513	
Interest credit related to December 2000					
subordinated debt restructuring		(598)		(256)	
Interest expense - Credit Facility		576			