FREESTONE RESOURCES, INC.

Form 10-K October 28, 2009

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

#### FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

## FREESTONE RESOURCES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA (State or other jurisdiction of

000-28753 (Commission File Number) 33-0880427 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

incorporation)

Republic Center, Suite 1350 325 N. St. Paul St. Dallas, TX (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

75201 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 214-880-4870

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, Par value \$0.001

Indicate by a check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined by Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes | | No |X|

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act. Yes | | No |X|

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) (2) has been subject to such filing requirement for the past 90 days. Yes | | No |X|

Indicate by check if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (s229.405 of this chapter)
is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or
information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large
Accelerated Accelerated Filer [ ]
Filer [ ]

Non-Accelerated
Filer [ ]

Smaller Reporting Company [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): Yes | | No |X|

Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of October 18, 2009: \$11,342,228

Indicate the number of Shares of outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of October 18, 2009, the Registrant had 66,718,994 shares of common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE None

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report includes forward-looking statements as the term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 or by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission in its rules, regulations and releases, regarding, among other things, all statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this report, including statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations. The words "believe," "may," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "should," "pla "target," "potential," "is likely," "will," "expect" and similar expressions, as they relate to us, are intended to ident forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs. In addition, our past results of operations do not necessarily indicate our future results.

Other sections of this report may include additional factors which could adversely affect our business and financial performance. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for us to anticipate all the relevant risks to our business, and we cannot assess the impact of all such risks on our business or the extent to which any risk, or combination of risks, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Those factors include, among others, those matters disclosed in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Except as otherwise required by applicable laws and regulations, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements or the risk factors described in this report, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason after the date of this report. Neither the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 nor Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 provides any protection to us for statements made in this report. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events or performance. We cannot assure you that the events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

#### PART I

# ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

## Company Background

Freestone Resources, Inc. (the "Company" or "Freestone") is a Distribution Company that is actively acquiring oil and gas research and development properties that can benefit from our unique solvent, Petrozene. Petrozene is a solvent that has been proven to inhibit corrosion, remove scale, dissolve iron sulfides and decrease the viscosity of oil.

Freestone's principal strategy is to purchase producing oil and gas properties that have marginal production for further research and development of Petrozene. Freestone is actively working with industry partners to purchase these properties and to research alternative uses for Petrozene.

## **Available Information**

The Freestone website is www.freestoneresourcesinc.com. More information on Petrozene can also be found at www.petrozene.com. The Company's references to the URLs for these websites are intended to be inactive textual references only. The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to reports filed pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

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The public may read and copy any materials filed by the Company with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, DC 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy, and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at http://www.sec.gov.

#### **Distribution Business**

Freestone distributes Petrozene to a variety of operating and service companies within the oil and gas industry. During the year ended June 30, 2009, there were no sales of Petrozene.

#### **Products and Services**

#### Petrozene

Freestone has been engaged in extensive laboratory and oil field testing of Petrozene. Most tests of Petrozene has involved treatment for paraffin and asphaltine elimination within oil tank bottoms, oil flow lines, oil production tubing, well bore and oil formation strata. During the testing and use of Petrozene we have found additional characteristics of Petrozene that have marketable possibilities. Petrozene inhibits corrosion, removes scale, dissolves iron sulfide and decreases the viscosity of oil.

Viscosity is obviously a very important factor in oil production. The simple explanation is that it is more difficult to flow thick, high viscosity oil. Historically, heavy oil reserves, which abound in North America, have been bypassed for lighter oils due to the viscosity problems associated with production and refining. Even if heavy crude oil was capable of being produced from the well, the oil was often unable to travel by pipeline to refineries due to the thickness, or could only be transported or produced during the summer months when the viscosity was lowered by radiant heat. Methods used in the past to decrease the viscosity of the oil in the pipelines have included pipeline heaters or adding low viscosity condensate at high concentrations (up to 25%) in order to thin the oil. Some chemical treatments have also been tried, but to our knowledge, none have been economically proven.

Freestone's current well assets and leases were purchased for the purpose of testing Petrozene. These leases contain wells that have paraffin and asphaltine problems, and our tests are allowing the company to perfect a treatment method that can be marketed to potential customers.

#### Acquisition of Earth Oil Services, Inc.

On September 24, 2009 the Company acquired 100% of Earth Oil Services, Inc., a Nevada Corporation, which owns certain exclusive license agreements to utilize the product EncapSol. EncapSol is a chemical solvent that can separate, extract and recycle hydrocarbon contaminants from ground soils, tar sands, vessels and other materials.

## Research and Development

Freestone is actively purchasing marginal oil and gas properties and leasing properties that will be used in the further research and development of Petrozene. This research focuses on the types of formations that will benefit the most from the use of the solvent, as well as the various applications from production and storage to end cycle refinement.

#### **Growth Strategy**

Freestone is actively pursuing a strategy of growth through increasing the current market for Petrozene. Freestone intends to research various methods in which to expand its marketing efforts to refineries, oil and gas storage companies, independent operators, and service companies.

## Sale of Natural Gas and Oil

Freestone does not intend to refine our natural gas or oil production. We will sell all or most of our production to certain purchasers in a manner consistent with industry practices at prevailing rates. Freestone currently sells its natural gas to Shoreline Gas, LLC and sells oil to Bargas, Inc. Under current conditions, we should be able to find other purchasers, if needed. All of our produced oil is held in tank batteries and then each respective purchaser transports the oil by truck. Respectively, our natural gas is transported via pipeline.

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#### **Environmental Matters**

Freestone's oil and gas operations and properties and Petrozene distribution operations are subject to extensive and changing federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection, including the generation, storage, handling, emission, transportation and discharge of materials into the environment, and relating to safety and health. The recent trend in environmental legislation and regulation generally is toward stricter standards, and this trend will likely continue.

These laws and regulations may:

- require the acquisition of a permit or other authorization before construction or drilling commences and for certain other activities:
- limit or prohibit construction, drilling and other activities on certain lands lying within wilderness and other protected areas; and
- impose substantial liabilities for pollution resulting from its operations, or due to previous operations conducted on any leased lands.

The permits required for our operations may be subject to revocation, modification and renewal by issuing authorities. Governmental authorities have the power to enforce their regulations, and violations are subject to fines or injunctions, or both. In the opinion of management, we are in substantial compliance with current applicable environmental laws and regulations, and have no material commitments for capital expenditures to comply with existing environmental requirements. Nevertheless, changes in existing environmental laws and regulations or in interpretations thereof could have a significant impact on us, as well as the oil and natural gas industry in general.

The Comprehensive Environmental, Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended ("CERCLA"), and comparable state statutes impose strict, joint and several liability on owners and operators of sites and on persons who disposed of or arranged for the disposal of "hazardous substances" found at such sites. It is not uncommon for the neighboring land owners and other third parties to file claims for personal injury and property damage allegedly caused by the hazardous substances released into the environment. The Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended ("RCRA"), and comparable state statutes govern the disposal of "solid waste" and "hazardous waste" and authorize the imposition of substantial fines and penalties for noncompliance. Although CERCLA currently excludes petroleum from its definition of "hazardous substance," state laws affecting our operations may impose clean-up liability relating to petroleum and petroleum related products. In addition, although RCRA classifies certain oil field wastes as "non-hazardous," such exploration and production wastes could be reclassified as hazardous wastes thereby making such wastes subject to more stringent handling and disposal requirements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As a smaller reporting company we are not required to provide the information required by this item.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Freestone's corporate offices are located at Republic Center, Suite 1350 325 N. St. Paul St. Dallas, TX 75201. Freestone entered into a lease agreement on this property for a term of five years.

# ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Freestone is not involved in any legal proceedings.

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#### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Freestone did not submit any matters to a vote to the security holders during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

#### **PART II**

#### ITEM 5.

MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The Common Stock is currently quoted on the OTC:BB under the symbol "FSNR."

The following tables set forth the quarterly high and low bid prices for the Common Stock for 2009 and 2008. The prices set forth below represent interdealer quotations, without retail markup, markdown or commission and may not be reflective of actual transactions.

Fiscal 2009	High	Low
First Quarter	\$0.15	\$0.05
Second Quarter	\$0.10	\$0.03
Third Quarter	\$0.09	\$0.02
Fourth Quarter	\$0.10	\$0.02
Fiscal 2008	High	Low
Fiscal 2008 First Quarter	High \$0.26	Low \$0.12
First Quarter	\$0.26	\$0.12

#### Shareholders

As of October 18, 2009, there were approximately 190 record holders of the Common Stock. This number excludes any estimate by Freestone of the number of beneficial owners of shares held in street name, the accuracy of which cannot be guaranteed.

#### Dividends

Freestone has not paid cash dividends on any class of common equity since formation and Freestone does not anticipate paying any dividends on its outstanding common stock in the foreseeable future.

#### Warrants

Freestone has no warrants outstanding.

## ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As a smaller reporting company we are not required to provide the information required by this item.

# ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSIONS AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

At present, Freestone management is focused on the utilization of our unique solvent Petrozene. Freestone's acquisitions of certain oil and gas properties are necessary to conduct research and development for Petrozene. Minimal revenues have been earned and related expenses have been incurred from the incidental operation of these oil and gas interests, as well as miscellaneous fees associated with the corporation. Freestone continues to look for various solvents, chemicals, and technologies that might fit into Freestone's petro-chemical line.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. As such, management is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that they believe are reasonable based upon the information available. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense during the periods presented. The significant accounting policies which management believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results include the following:

# Revenue recognition

Revenues from oil, gas and natural gas liquids, which are produced from the Company's wells used its research and development activities, are recognized when the products are sold to a purchaser at a fixed or determinable price, delivery has occurred and title has transferred, and collectability of the revenue is reasonably assured.

#### Stock based compensation

Pursuant to SFAS No. 148, Share Based Payment, the guidelines for recording stock issued for goods or services require the fair value of the shares granted be based on the fair value of the goods or services received or the publicly traded share price of the Company's registered shares on the date the shares were granted (irrespective of the fact that the shares granted were unregistered), whichever is more readily determinable. This position has been further clarified by the issuance of SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. SFAS 157 defines fair value as "the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date". Accordingly, the Company elected an early application of these guidelines. Freestone Resources has determined that the fair value of all common stock issued for goods or services is more readily determinable based on the publicly traded share price on the date of grant.

## Research and development

The Company currently has limited finances available for research and development. As the Company's financial position improves the Company plans to develop an appropriate research and development policy.

Results of Operations Year Ended June 30, 2009 Compared to Year Ended June 30, 2008

#### Revenues

Revenue for the years ended June 30 2009 and June 30, 2008 were \$65,390 and \$545,231, respectively. This was provided by sales of oil of \$8,265 and \$34,342 respectively, sales of gas of \$57,125 and \$94,479 respectively. There

were no sales of Petrozene in the year ended June 30, 2009 and sales of Petrozene of \$ 416,410 in the year ended June 30, 2008.

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#### Operating Expense

Total operating expenses in the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 were \$995,231 and \$527,567, respectively. These included cost of sales which, for the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 were made up of lease operating costs of \$72,752 and \$81,004, respectively, and cost of Petrozene sold of \$-0- and \$37,521, for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Stock based compensation included of consulting and contract services paid for by the issuance of common stock of \$523,250 and \$141,250 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, Research and development was \$-0- and \$40,398 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, depreciation and amortization of \$40,413 and \$19,754 year respectively, with the balance of general and administrative expenses of \$105,935 and \$205,719, respectively. Impairment expenses were \$250,266 for the year ending June 30, 2009 and \$-0- for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Other income and expense for the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 – made up of other income (expense) of (\$830) and \$2,985, respectively, and interest expense of \$6,490 and \$4,024, respectively.

Net (Loss) Income

Net loss for the year ended June 30, 2009 was \$957,161. Net income for year ended June 30, 2008 was \$16,625.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have little cash reserves and liquidity to the extent we receive it from operations.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, cash decreased by \$8,733 from \$13,548 at June 30, 2008. This decrease resulted from the use of cash in our operating and investing activities which was less than the cash we were able to raise from debt and equity financing activities.

Net cash used by operating activities was \$186,076 for the year ended June 30, 2009 compared to \$157,734 provided by operating activities for the same period ending June 30, 2008.

#### **Employees**

As of June 30, 2009, our only employees are the officers of the Company.

#### Need for Additional Financing

The Company believes it will not generate sufficient liquidity from its operations so the need for additional funding will be necessary. We may sell stock and/or issue additional debt to raise capital to accelerate our growth.

## Going Concern Uncertainties

As of the date of this annual report, there is doubt regarding our ability to continue as a going concern as we have not generated sufficient cash flows to fund our business operations and loan commitments. Our future success and viability, therefore, are dependent upon our ability to generate capital financing. The failure to generate sufficient revenues or raise additional capital may have a material and adverse effect upon the Company and our shareholders.

# ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk represents the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and foreign exchange rates. At June 30, 2009, we had outstanding notes payable totaling \$25,997 to a bank and \$25,000 outstanding to a related party. The amount of our outstanding debt at any time may fluctuate and we may from time to time be subject to refinancing risk. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates would have a material effect on our annual interest expense and on our results of operations or financial condition as we rely on these notes to sustain our operations. Since we do not have transactions in foreign currencies, we do not consider it necessary to hedge against currency risk.

#### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The consolidated financial statements of Freestone Resources, Inc., together with the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm of Turner, Stone & Company, L.L.P. covering our year ended June 30, 2009, and of Malone & Bailey, P.C., covering the year ended June 30, 2008, appear on pages 17 through 32 of this report.

## SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The following is a summary of selected quarterly results of operations for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Revenues Gross profit Net income (loss)

Net income per share,

basic

Shares usedIn connection with the New Term Loan refinancing, we plan to incur approximately \$621.1 million in additional in per shareindebtedness, which would have resulted in \$800.0 million in total indebtedness on an adjusted basis as of March 3 calculation,2015, which could adversely affect our business. This additional indebtedness could increase our basic

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interest expense, limit our future borrowing capacity, increase the cost of future borrowing and decrease our busine flexibility. Any impairment of our ability to obtain future financing on favorable terms could have an adverse effect our ability to refinance any of our then-existing debt and may restrict our ability to execute on our business strateg which may include future acquisitions.

The ability to pay principal and interest on our debt and to refinance our debt in the future will depend not only updinancial and operating performance, but on the state of the global economy and credit markets during the period that the time of any such refinancing, many of which are factors over which we have no control. There can be no assurated that we will be able to make principal and interest payments on our indebtedness, or to refinance our indebtedness maturity as needed. If we are unable to satisfy our obligations under our debt agreements, our creditors could elect declare some or all of our debt to be immediately due and payable, elect to terminate their commitments, cease maturity as not institute foreclosure proceedings against our assets, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation.

#### **Risks Related to Our Business**

Our business and results of operations may be adversely affected by many factors outside of our control, include changes in federal, state and local education funding, general economic conditions and/or changes in the state procurement process.

The performance and growth of our U.S. educational comprehensive curriculum, supplemental and assessment businesses depend in part on federal and state education funding, which in turn is dependent on the robustness of st finances and the level of funding allocated to educational programs. State, local and municipal finances were and continue to be adversely affected by the recent U.S. economic recession and are affected by general economic condand factors outside of our control, as well as increasing costs and financial liabilities of under-funded public pension plans. In response to general economic conditions or budget shortfalls, states and districts may reduce educational spending to protect against existing or expected economic conditions or seek cost savings to mitigate budget deficit Most public school districts, the primary customers for K to 12 products and services, depend largely on state and funding to purchase materials. In school districts in states that primarily rely on local tax proceeds, significant reduction those proceeds for any reason can severely restrict district purchases of instructional materials. In districts and state that primarily rely on state funding for instructional materials, a reduction in state funds or loosening of restrictions the use of those funds may reduce net sales. Additionally, many school districts receive substantial amounts throug Federal education programs, funding for which may be reduced as a result of Congressional budget actions.

Federal and/or state legislative changes can also affect the funding available for educational expenditure, which include impact of education reform, such as the reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act ( ESE the implementation of Common Core State Standards. Existing programs and funding streams could be changed or eliminated in connection with legislation to reauthorize the ESEA and/or the federal appropriations process, in way could negatively affect demand and sources of funding for our products and services. Our business, results of operand financial condition may be materially adversely affected by many factors outside of our control, including, but limited to, delays in the timing of adoptions, changes in curricula and changes in student testing processes. There can assurances that states or districts will have sufficient funding to purchase our products and services, that we will their business in our competitive marketplace or that schools or districts that have historically purchased our product and services will do so again in the future.

There is considerable political controversy in many states surrounding the adoption and implementation of Commo Core State Standards. Legislation has been introduced in a number of states to drop Common Core standards, and states are considering revisions to and/or rebranding of the standards. These developments could disrupt local adoption and implementation of Common Core standards, and states are considering revisions to and/or rebranding of the standards. These developments could disrupt local adoption and implementation of Common Core standards, and states are considering revisions to and/or rebranding of the standards.

of instructional materials and require modifications to our programs offered for sale in states that adopt such change

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Similarly, changes in the state procurement process for textbooks, supplemental materials and student tests, particular in adoption states, can also affect our markets and sales. A significant portion of our net sales is derived from sales to 12 instructional materials pursuant to cyclical adoption schedules. Due to the revolving and staggered nature of adoption schedules, sales of K to 12 instructional materials have traditionally been cyclical, with some years offering more sales opportunities than others. In addition, changes in curricular and changes in the student testing processes negatively affect our programs and therefore the size of our market in any given year. For example, over the next fixed years, adoptions are scheduled in one or more of the primary subjects of reading, language arts and literature, social studies and mathematics in, among others, the states of California, Texas and Florida, the three largest adoption states that in ability to succeed in these states, or reductions in their anticipated funding levels, could materially and adversals for the year of adoption and subsequent years. Allowing districts flexibility to use state funds previously dedicated exclusively to the purchase of instructional materials and other items such as technology hardware and to could adversely affect district expenditures on state-adopted instructional materials in the future.

Decreases in federal and state education funding and negative trends or changes in general economic conditions ca a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

## Introduction of new products, services or technologies could impact our profitability.

We operate in highly competitive markets that continue to change to adapt to customer needs. In order to maintain competitive position, we must continue to invest in new content and new ways to deliver our products and services. These investments may not be profitable or may be less profitable than what we have experienced historically. In particular, in the context of our current focus on key digital opportunities, including e-books, the market is evolvin we may be unsuccessful in establishing ourselves as a significant competitor. New distribution channels, such as d platforms, the internet, online retailers and delivery platforms (e.g., tablets and e-readers), present both threats and opportunities to our traditional publishing models, potentially impacting both sales volumes and pricing.

# Our operating results fluctuate on a seasonal and quarterly basis and our business is dependent on our results of operations for the third quarter.

Our business is seasonal. For the year ended December 31, 2014, we derived approximately 88% of net sales from Education Segment. For sales of educational products, purchases typically are made primarily in the second and the quarters of the calendar year, in preparation for the beginning of the school year, though testing net sales are primare generated in the second and fourth quarters. We typically realize a significant portion of net sales during the third quarter, making third-quarter results material to full-year performance. This sales seasonality affects operating cash from quarter to quarter. We normally incur a net cash deficit from all of our activities through the middle of the third quarter of the year. In addition, changes in our customers—ordering patterns may impact the comparison of results quarter with the same quarter of the previous year, in a quarter with the consecutive quarter or a fiscal year with the fiscal year.

### Agreements with Resellers.

We have entered into agreements with resellers from time to time pertaining to certain defined products and chann. These agreements have been both exclusive and non-exclusive and have pertained to specific products as well as a channels. Depending on the timing of when orders with resellers occur, an individual transaction with a reseller compotentially be material to the quarter or year in which it occurs. Furthermore, there is no assurance that future order from resellers will occur within similar timeframes as past orders or be of similar magnitude. Some of our agreement have performance metrics which allow for one or both parties to terminate the agreement. If such termination were occur, our sales could be materially impacted.

Receivables to our two largest resellers comprised approximately 17.0% of our December 31, 2014 accounts receibalance. If such resellers are unable to remit contractual payments when due or at all, our financial results and cash position for the quarter and year could be materially impacted.

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Our business is and will continue to be impacted by the rate of and state of technological change, including the evolution and other disruptive technologies, and the presence and development of open-sourced content could continue to increase, which could adversely affect our net sales.

Our industry has been impacted by the digitalization of content and proliferation of distribution channels, either over internet, or via other electronic means, replacing traditional print formats. The digital migration brings the need for change in product distribution, consumers perception of value and the publisher is position between retailers and Such digitalization increases competitive threats both from large media players and from smaller businesses, online mobile portals. If we are unable to continue to adapt and transition to the move to digitalization at the rate of our competitors, our ability to effectively compete in the marketplace will be affected.

In recent years, there have been initiatives by non-profit organizations such as the Gates Foundation and the Hewler Foundation to develop educational content that can be open sourced and made available to educational institution free or nominal cost. To the extent that such open sourced content is developed and made available to educational customers and is competitive with our instructional materials, our sales opportunities and net sales could be adversaffected.

Technological changes and the availability of free or relatively inexpensive information and materials may also aff changes in consumer behavior and expectations. Public and private sources of free or relatively inexpensive informand lower pricing for digital products may reduce demand and impact the prices we can charge for our products an services. To the extent that technological changes and the availability of free or relatively inexpensive information materials limit the prices we can charge or demand for our products and services, our business, financial position a results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

Changes in product distribution channels and/or customer bankruptcy may restrict our ability to grow and affect profitability in our Trade Publishing segment.

New distribution channels such as digital formats, the internet, online retailers, growing delivery platforms (e.g., ta and e-readers), combined with the concentration of retailer power, pose threats and provide opportunities to our traditional consumer publishing models in our Trade Publishing segment, potentially impacting both sales volumes pricing. The economic slowdown combined with the trend in distribution channels toward the use of e-books has contraction in the consumer books retail market that has increased the risk of bankruptcy of major retail customers Additional bankruptcies of traditional bricks and mortar retailers of Trade Publishing could negatively affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Expansion of our investments and business outside of our traditional core U.S. market may result in lower than expected returns and incremental risks.

To take advantage of international growth opportunities and to reduce our reliance on our core U.S. market, we are increasing our investments in a number of countries and emerging markets, including Asia and the Middle East, so which are inherently more risky than our investments in the U.S. market. Political, economic, currency, reputations corporate governance risks, including fraud, as well as unmanaged expansion, are all factors which could limit our returns on investments made in these markets. For example, political instability in the Middle East has caused uncertainty in the region, which could affect our results of operations in the region. Also, certain international cust require longer payment terms, increasing our credit risk. As we expand internationally, these risks will become more pertinent to us and could have a bigger impact on our business.

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We operate in a highly competitive environment that is subject to rapid change and we must continue to invest a adapt to remain competitive.

Our businesses operate in highly competitive markets, with significant established competitors, such as Pearson Education, Inc., McGraw Hill Education, Cengage Learning, Inc., Scholastic Corporation, K12 Inc. and John Wile Sons, Inc. These markets continue to change in response to technological innovations and other factors. Profitability affected by developments in our markets beyond our control, including: changing U.S. federal and state standards are educational materials; rising development costs due to customers—requirements for more customized instructional materials and assessment programs; changes in prevailing educational and testing methods and philosophies; higher technology costs due to the trend toward delivering more educational content in both traditional print and electronic formats; market acceptance of new technology products, including online or computer-based testing; an increase in amount of materials given away in the K to 12 markets as part of a bundled pack; the impact of the expected increase turnover of K to 12 teachers and instructors on the market acceptance of our products; customer consolidation in the retail and wholesale trade book market and the increased dependence on fewer but stronger customers; rising advantage for popular authors and market pressures to maintain competitive retail pricing; a material increase in product return certain costs such as paper; and overall uncertain economic issues that affect all markets.

We cannot predict with certainty the changes that may occur and the effect of those changes on the competitivenes our businesses, and the acceleration of any of these developments may materially and adversely affect our profitab

The means of delivering our products may be subject to rapid technological change. Although we have undertaken several initiatives and invested significant amounts of capital to adapt to and benefit from these changes, we cannot predict whether technological innovations will, in the future, make some of our products, particularly those printed traditional formats, wholly or partially obsolete. If this were to occur, we might be required to invest significant resources to further adapt to the changing competitive environment. In addition, we cannot predict whether end customers will have sufficient funding to purchase the equipment needed to use our new technology products.

In order to maintain a competitive position, we must continue to invest in new offerings and new ways to deliver of products and services. These investments may not be profitable or may be less profitable than what we have expering historically. We could experience threats to our existing businesses from the rise of new competitors due to the rap changing environment within which we operate.

# There is a risk that technology companies may offer educational materials that compete with our products.

While our educational content is protected by copyright law, there is nothing to prevent technology companies from developing their own educational digital products and offering educational content to schools. Technology companies has substantial resources that they could devote to expand their business, including the development of educational dig products. Furthermore, while we have entered into digital distribution agreements with a number of technology companies, our agreements are non-exclusive arrangements and there is nothing to prevent such technology companies of the developing and distributing other educational content to the K to 12 market. There is a risk that a technology company with significant resources could license or acquire their own educational content and compete with us, we could negatively affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

There is also a risk of further disintermediation, which is the occurrence of state, district and other customers contributed with technology companies. As a result, there is a risk that technology companies may own direct relations with our customers, and accordingly, they may have a significant influence over the pricing and distribution strategies for digital and print education materials.

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Our history of operations includes periods of operating and net losses, and we may incur operating and net loss the future. Our significant net losses and our significant amount of indebtedness led us to declare bankruptcy in 2012.

For the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012, we generated operating losses of \$85.4 million, \$86.6 mil and \$120.7 million, respectively, and net losses of \$111.5 million, \$111.2 million, and \$87.1 million, respectively. See Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Results of Operations during these periods. If we continue to suffer operating and net losses, the trading price of our common stock may decline significantly.

Our net losses in recent years were impacted from general economic conditions, reductions in significant markets, federal, state and local budget shortfalls and the contraction of spending throughout most states, non-cash charges associated with our 2010 recapitalization, among other things. In addition, we had a significant amount of indebted prior to May 2012. During May 2012, as a result of our financial position, results of operations and significant amount indebtedness, we filed a voluntary petition for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code June 22, 2012, we emerged from bankruptcy pursuant to a pre-packaged plan of reorganization. Although we have significantly less interest expense as a result of our emergence from bankruptcy and have decreased our selling and administrative expenses, we may not generate sufficient net sales in future periods to pay for all of our operating of expenses, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition

Our ability to enforce our intellectual property and proprietary rights may be limited, which may harm our competitive position and materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our products are largely comprised of intellectual property content delivered through a variety of media, including and digital and web-based media. We rely on copyright, trademark and other intellectual property laws to establish protect our proprietary rights in these products. However, we cannot make assurances that our proprietary rights we challenged, invalidated or circumvented. We conduct business in other countries where the extent of effective leads protection for intellectual property rights is uncertain, and this uncertainty could affect future growth. Moreover, detective the existence of copyright and trademark protection under applicable laws, third parties may nonetheless violate our intellectual property rights, and our ability to remedy such violations, particularly in foreign countries, may be limit addition, the copying and distribution of content over the Internet creates additional challenges for us in protecting proprietary rights. If we are unable to adequately protect and enforce our intellectual property and proprietary rights competitive position may be harmed and our business and financial results could be materially and adversely affect

We are subject to risks based on Information Technology (IT) systems and technological change. A major da privacy breach or unanticipated IT system failure may cause reputational damage to our brands and financial l

Our business is dependent on information technology. We either provide software and/or internet-based services to customers or we use complex IT systems and products to support our business activities, particularly in infrastructuand as we move our products and services to an increasingly digital delivery platform.

We face several technological risks associated with software product development and service delivery in our educational businesses, information technology security (including virus and hacker attacks), e-commerce, enterprises our planning, system implementations and upgrades. Our growth strategy includes a consumer e-commerce strand an integrated solutions strategy that further subjects us to technological risks. If our e-commerce and integrated solutions expansion strategy is not successful, our business and growth prospects may be adversely affected. Additionally, the failure to recruit and retain staff with relevant skills may constrain our ability to grow as we comb

traditional publishing products with online service offerings.

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Across our businesses we hold large volumes of personal data, including that of employees, customers and student Failure to adequately protect such personal data could lead to penalties, significant remediation costs, reputational damage, potential cancellation of existing contracts and inability to compete for future business. We have policies, processes, internal controls and cybersecurity mechanisms in place intended to ensure the stability of our informati technology, provide security from unauthorized access to our systems and maintain business continuity, but no mechanisms are entirely free from failure and we have no guarantee that our security mechanisms will be adequate prevent all possible security threats. Our operating results may be adversely impacted by unanticipated system failure data corruption or breaches in security.

### We rely on third-party software development as part of our digital platform.

Some of the technologies and software that compose our instruction and assessment technologies are developed by parties. We rely on those third parties for the development of future components and modules. Thus, we face risks associated with software product development and the ability of those third parties to meet our needs and their obligations under our contracts with them.

# We may not be able to complete, or achieve the expected benefits from, any future acquisitions, which could materially and adversely affect our growth.

We have at times used acquisitions as a means of expanding our business and expect that we will continue to do so do not successfully integrate acquisitions, anticipated operating advantages and cost savings may not be realized. It acquisition and integration of companies involve a number of risks, including: use of available cash, new borrowing borrowings under our revolving credit facility to consummate the acquisition; demands on management related to increase in our size after an acquisition; diversion of management is attention from existing operations to the integration of acquired companies; integration of companies existing systems into our systems; difficulties in the assimilation retention of employees; and potential adverse effects on our operating results.

We may not be able to maintain the levels of operating efficiency that acquired companies achieved independently Successful integration of acquired operations will depend upon our ability to manage those operations and to elimi redundant and excess costs. We may not be able to achieve the cost savings and other benefits that we would hope achieve from acquisitions, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results operations.

# We may not be able to retain or attract the key management, creative, editorial and sales personnel that we need remain competitive and grow.

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to continue to retain key management and other personnel. We operate number of highly visible industry segments where there is intense competition for experienced and highly effective individuals, including authors. Our successful operations in these segments may increase the market visibility of members of key management, creative and editorial teams and result in their recruitment by other businesses. There he no assurance that we can continue to attract and retain the necessary talented employees, including executive of and other key members of management and, if we fail to do so, it could adversely affect our business.

In addition, our business results depend largely upon the experience, knowledge of local market dynamics and long-standing customer relationships of such personnel. Our inability to retain or hire effective sales people at economically reasonable compensation levels could materially and adversely affect our ability to operate profitably grow our business.

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# A significant increase in operating costs and expenses could have a material adverse effect on our profitability.

Our major expenses include employee compensation and printing, paper and distribution costs for product-related manufacturing. We offer competitive salary and benefit packages in order to attract and retain the quality employer required to grow and expand our businesses. Compensation costs are influenced by general economic factors, incluthose affecting the cost of health insurance and post-retirement benefits, and any trends specific to the employee sk we require. We could experience changes in pension costs and funding requirements due to poor investment return and/or changes in pension laws and regulations.

Paper is one of our principal raw materials. As a result, our business may be negatively impacted by an increase in prices. Paper prices fluctuate based on the worldwide demand and supply for paper in general and for the specific to of paper used by us. The price of paper may fluctuate significantly in the future, and changes in the market supply demand for paper, could affect delivery times and prices. Paper suppliers may consolidate and as a result, there may future shortfalls in supplies necessary to meet the demands of the entire marketplace. We may need to find alternate sources for paper from time to time. Our books and workbooks are printed by third parties and we typically have multi-year contracts for the production of books and workbooks. Increases in any of our operating costs and expendicular materially and adversely affect our profitability and our business, financial condition and results of operation

We make significant investments in information technology data centers and other technology initiatives, as well a significant investments in the development of programs for the K to 12 marketplace. Although we believe we are print in our investment strategies and execution of our implementation plans, there is no assurance as to the ultimate recoverability of these investments.

We also have other significant operating costs, and unanticipated increases in these costs could adversely affect our operating margins. Higher energy costs and other factors affecting the cost of publishing, transporting and distribut our products could adversely affect our financial results. Our inability to absorb the impact of increases in paper count and other costs or any strategic determination not to pass on all or a portion of these increases to customers could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### Exposure to litigation could have a material effect on our financial position and results of operations.

We are involved in legal actions and claims arising from our business practices and face the risk that additional act and claims will be filed in the future. Litigation alleging infringement of copyrights and other intellectual property has become extensive in the educational publishing industry. At present, there are various suits pending or threaten which claim that we exceeded the print run limitation or other restrictions in licenses granted to us to reproduce photographs in our instructional materials. A number of similar claims against us have already been settled. While management does not expect any of these matters to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, fin position or cash flows, due to the inherent uncertainty of the litigation process, the resolution of any particular legal proceeding or change in applicable legal standards could have a material effect on our financial position and result operations.

We have insurance in such amounts and with such coverage and deductibles as management believes is reasonable. However, there can be no assurance that our liability insurance will cover all events or that the limits of coverage varieties to fully cover all potential liabilities.

Operational disruption to our business caused by a major disaster, external threats or the loss of one of our key third-party print vendors could restrict our ability to supply products and services to our customers.

Across all our businesses, we manage complex operational and logistical arrangements including distribution center data centers and large office facilities as well as relationships with third-party print vendors.

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We have also outsourced some support functions, including application maintenance support, to third-party provide Failure to recover from a major disaster (such as fire, flood or other natural disaster) at a key facility or the disruption supply from a key third-party vendor, developer or distributor (e.g., due to bankruptcy) could restrict our ability to service our customers. External threats, such as terrorist attacks, strikes, weather and political upheaval, could affect business and employees, disrupting our daily business activities.

We currently rely on two key third-party print vendors to handle approximately 76% of our printing requirements, we expect a small number of print vendors will continue to account for a substantial portion of our printing require for the foreseeable future. The loss of, or a significant adverse change in our relationships with, our key print vendors described have a material adverse effect on our business and cost of sales. There can be no assurance that our relations with our print vendors will continue or that their businesses or operations will not be affected by major disasters or external factors. If we were to lose one of our key print vendors, if our relationships with these vendors were to adversal change or if their businesses were impacted by general economic conditions or the factors described above, our businesses were impacted by adversally and adversally affected.

We are subject to contingent liabilities that may affect liquidity and our ability to meet our obligations.

In the ordinary course of business, we issue performance-related surety bonds and letters of credit posted as securit our operating activities, some of which obligate us to make payments if we fail to perform under certain contracts it connection with the sale of instructional materials and assessment tests. The surety bonds are partially backstopped letters of credit. As of December 31, 2014, our contingent liability for all letters of credit was approximately \$20.2 million, of which \$2.4 million were issued to backstop \$11.3 million of surety bonds. The letters of credit rethe borrowing availability on our revolving credit facility, which could affect liquidity and, therefore, our ability to our obligations. We may increase the number and amount of contracts that require the use of letters of credit, which further restrict liquidity and, therefore, our ability to meet our obligations in the future.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash to service all of our indebtedness and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under our indebtedness, which may not be successful.

Our ability to make scheduled payments or to refinance our debt obligations and to fund planned capital expenditure and other growth initiatives depends on our financial and operating performance, which is subject to prevailing eccannel competitive conditions and to certain financial, business and other factors beyond our control. We may not be maintain a level of cash flow from operating activities sufficient to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, interest on our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we may be forced to re or delay capital expenditures, sell assets, seek additional capital or seek to restructure or refinance our indebtedness. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligation in the absence of such operating results and resources, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to sell material assets or operations to attempt to meet our debt service and other obligations. Our term loa facility and revolving credit facility restrict our ability to use the proceeds from asset sales. We may not be able to consummate those asset sales to raise capital or sell assets at prices that we believe are fair and proceeds that we do receive may not be adequate to meet any debt service obligations then due.

We may record future goodwill or indefinite-lived intangibles impairment charges related to our reporting units which could materially adversely impact our results of operations.

We test our goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles asset balances for impairment during the fourth quarter of each year, or more frequently if indicators are present or changes in circumstances suggest that impairment

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may exist. We assess goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level and, in evaluating the potential for impair of goodwill, we make assumptions regarding estimated net sales projections, growth rates, cash flows and discount Although we use consistent methodologies in developing the assumptions and estimates underlying the fair value calculations used in our impairment tests, these estimates are uncertain by nature and can vary from actual results. Declines in the future performance and cash flows of the reporting unit or small changes in other key assumptions result future goodwill impairment charges, which could materially adversely impact our results of operations.

# **Additional Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

In addition to the risks related to our common stock identified in the accompanying prospectus, you should conside following risk factor related to our common stock.

Purchasers of common stock offered by this prospectus supplement will not be entitled to vote their shares of co stock at our upcoming 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, because the record date for such meeting has pas

Our 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held on May 19, 2015. The record date for determining the hold our outstanding common stock entitled to vote at such meeting was March 25, 2015. Any shares of common stock purchase in this offering will not entitle you to vote on the proposals that will be voted upon by the stockholders at meeting, although you will nevertheless be affected by any changes to the Company resulting from such proposals selling stockholders (to the extent they were stockholders on the record date) will be able to exercise the voting rig associated with the shares offered by this prospectus supplement at the meeting, instead of you. You should fully consider the potential consequences of the proposals to be voted upon at the meeting before deciding to purchase of common stock in this offering. Such proposals are disclosed in our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, f with the SEC on March 31, 2015.

Future sales of our common stock, or the perception in the public markets that these sales may occur, may depr the price of our common stock.

Additional sales of a substantial number of our shares of common stock in the public market, or the perception that sales may occur, could have a material adverse effect on the price of our common stock and could materially imparability to raise capital through the sale of additional shares. The sale of such shares by our directors, executive office other stockholders in the public market, or the perception that these sales may occur, could cause the market price common stock to decrease significantly.

A significant amount of shares of our common stock have been registered for resale under a shelf registration state Pursuant to the Company s investor rights agreement, certain of our stockholders have certain demand and piggylt rights that have, in the past, and may, in the future, require us to file registration statements registering their comm stock or to include sales of such common stock in registration statements that we may file for ourselves or other stockholders. Any shares of common stock sold under these registration statements will be freely tradable in the pumarket. In the event such rights are exercised and a large number of common stock is sold in the public market, su sales could reduce the trading price of our common stock. These sales also could impede our ability to raise future capital. Additionally, we will bear all expenses in connection with any such registrations, except that the selling stockholders may be responsible for their pro rata shares of underwriters fees, commissions and discounts, stock taxes and certain legal expenses.

## MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is traded on NASDAQ under the symbol HMHC. The following table represents, for the per indicated, the range of high and low sale prices for our common stock as reported by NASDAQ. Such prices reflect interdealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission, and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	High	J
2013		
Fourth Fiscal Quarter ended December 31, 2013	\$ 18.69	\$
2014		
First Fiscal Quarter ended March 31, 2014	\$ 20.88	\$
Second Fiscal Quarter ended June 30, 2014	21.00	
Third Fiscal Quarter ended September 30, 2014	20.65	
Fourth Fiscal Quarter ended December 31, 2014	21.12	
2015		
First Fiscal Quarter ended March 31, 2015	\$ 23.84	\$
Second Fiscal Quarter ending June 30, 2015 (through May 12, 2015)	26.56	

On May 12, 2015, the last reported sale price of our common stock on NASDAQ was \$24.05 per share. The foregotable shows only historical comparisons. These comparisons may not provide meaningful information to you in determining whether to purchase our common stock. You are urged to obtain current market quotations for our constock and to review carefully the other information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference in each. See Where You Can Find More Information at Information Incorporated by Reference in this prospectus supplement.

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# SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table and accompanying footnotes set forth, as of May 11, 2015, the following information regardin selling stockholders:

the number and percentage of total outstanding shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the se stockholders prior to the offering;

the number of shares to be offered by the selling stockholders (giving no effect and full effect to the exert the underwriters—option to purchase additional shares); and

the number and percentage of total outstanding shares of our common stock to be beneficially owned by selling stockholders after completion of the offering (giving no effect and full effect to the exercise of the underwriters—option to purchase additional shares).

The amounts and percentages of our common stock beneficially owned are reported on the basis of regulations of t SEC governing the determination of beneficial ownership of securities. Under the rules of the SEC, a person is dee to be a beneficial owner of a security if that person has or shares voting power, which includes the power to direct the voting of such security, or investment power, which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of such security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any securities of which that perso a right to acquire beneficial ownership within 60 days. Under these rules, more than one person may be deemed to beneficial owner of such securities as to which such person has an economic interest.

The selling stockholders shown on the table have furnished information with respect to beneficial ownership.

Ownership Before Offering					Ownership After Offering <sup>(2)</sup> Number of		
Number of Shares Beneficially			Number of Shares Offered	Number of Shares Subject to Option	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned (No Option Exercise) Pe		Shares Beneficially Owned (Full Option Exercise) Pero
Selling Stockholders:							
Paulson & Co. Inc. <sup>(1)</sup>	32,312,552	22.3%	10,575,300	1,586,295	21,737,252	15.0%	20,150,957

(1) Beneficial ownership includes 1,399,994 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Paulson, an investment advisor that is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, furn investment advice to and manages onshore and offshore pooled investment vehicles and separately managed accounts (collectively, such pooled investment vehicles and accounts are referred to in this prospectus suppler as the Paulson Funds ). John Paulson is the President and sole Director of Paulson. In its role as investment or manager, Paulson possesses voting and investment power over the shares of our common stock listed above

are owned by the Paulson Funds. The pecuniary interest of all shares of our common stock reported in this row owned by the Paulson Funds. Except for the purpose of determining beneficial ownership under Section 13(d) Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), Paulson disclaims beneficial ownership shares of common stock reported in this prospectus supplement as being owned by the Paulson Funds. The adfort the Paulson Funds is c/o Paulson & Co. Inc., 1251 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10020.

(2) This table does not give effect to the Company s repurchase of shares of its common stock from certain stock affiliated with Paulson as described under Summary Stock Repurchase Program in this prospectus suppler

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# **Relationships with Selling Stockholders**

In connection with our stock repurchase program, we have entered into a purchase agreement with Paulson, on behavior certain funds and accounts managed by it that are selling stockholders hereunder, whereby we have agreed to repur an aggregate of \$150 million of shares of our common stock from such selling stockholders at a purchase price per equal to the public offering price in this offering. The stock repurchase is conditioned upon the consummation of the offering and the sale in this offering of at least 10,575,300 shares by these selling stockholders. The purchase agreed provides for customary representations, warranties and conditions. The closing of the stock repurchase is expected occur simultaneously with or shortly after the closing of this offering.

For a discussion of certain relationships between the Company and the selling stockholders, see Selling Stockholders Relationships with Selling Stockholders in the accompanying prospectus, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

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# MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a discussion of material U.S. federal income tax considerations with respect to the ownership and disposition of our common stock applicable to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below). The following discussion is be upon current provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code), U.S. judicial decisions, administrative pronouncements and existing and proposed Treasury regulations, all as in effect as of the date hereof the preceding authorities are subject to change at any time, possibly with retroactive effect, so as to result in U.S. federal income tax consequences different from those discussed below. We have not requested, and will not request ruling from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the IRS) with respect to any of the U.S. federal income tax consequences discussed below, and as a result there can be no assurance that the IRS will not disagree with or challenge any of the conclusions we have reached and describe herein.

This discussion only addresses beneficial owners of our common stock that hold such common stock as capital ass within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does no address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be important to a Non-U.S. Holder in light of such No Holder's particular circumstances or that may be applicable to Non-U.S. Holders subject to special treatment undefederal income tax law (including, for example, financial institutions, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, dealers in securities, traders in securities that elect mark-to-market treatment, insurance companitax-exempt entities, Non-U.S. Holders who acquire our common stock pursuant to the exercise of employee stock options or otherwise as compensation for their services, Non-U.S. Holders liable for the alternative minimum tax, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, former citizens or former long-term resider the United States, and Non-U.S. Holders that hold our common stock as part of a hedge, straddle, constructive sale conversion transaction). In addition, this discussion does not address U.S. federal tax laws other than those pertains the U.S. federal income tax (such as U.S. federal estate or gift tax or the Medicare contribution tax on certain net investment income), nor does it address any aspects of U.S. state, local or non-U.S. taxes. Non-U.S. Holders are unconsult with their own tax advisors regarding the possible application of these taxes.

For the purposes of this discussion, the term Non-U.S. Holder means a beneficial owner of our common stock the individual, corporation, estate or trust, other than:

an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States, as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes;

a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia;

an estate, the income of which is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardle its source; or

a trust if: (i) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administrati the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust; (ii) it has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a domestic

If an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds shares of our commo stock, the tax treatment of a person treated as a partner generally will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Persons that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, are treated as a partner in a partner holding shares of our common stock are urged to consult their own tax advisors.

Prospective purchasers are urged to consult their tax advisors as to the particular consequences to them under U.S. federal, state and local, and applicable foreign tax laws of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of our commo stock.

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#### **Distributions**

Although we do not anticipate that we will make any distributions on our common stock in the foreseeable future, distributions of cash or property that we pay in respect of our common stock will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits (as determined under federal income tax principles). Subject to the discussions below under U.S. Trade or Business Income, Informate, or at a reduced rate prescribed by an applicable income tax treaty, on any dividends received in respect of our common stock. If the amount of the distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, such exfirst will be treated as a return of capital to the extent of your tax basis in our common stock, and thereafter will be treated as capital gain. However, except to the extent that we elect (or the paying agent or other intermediary through which you hold your common stock elects) otherwise, we (or the intermediary) must generally withhold on the entitle distribution, in which case you would be entitled to a refund from the IRS for the withholding tax on the portion of distribution that exceeded our current and accumulated earnings and profits.

In order to obtain a reduced rate of U.S. federal withholding tax under an applicable income tax treaty, you will be required to provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E (or, in each case, a successor for certifying your entitlement to benefits under the treaty. If you are eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. federal withhold tax under an income tax treaty, you may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by filing an appropriate of or a refund with the IRS. You are urged to consult your own tax advisor regarding your possible entitlement to be under an income tax treaty.

# Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Common Stock

Subject to the discussions below under U.S. Trade or Business Income, Information Reporting and Backup and FATCA, you generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax in respect of any gain exchange or other taxable disposition of our common stock unless:

the gain is U.S. trade or business income, in which case, such gain will be taxed as described in U.S. The Business Income below;

you are an individual who is present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the disposition and certain other conditions are met, in which case you will be subject to U.S. federal income a rate of 30% (or a reduced rate under an applicable income tax treaty) on the amount by which certain cagains allocable to U.S. sources exceed certain capital losses allocable to U.S. sources; or

we are or have been a U.S. real property holding corporation (a USRPHC) under Section 897 of the any time during the shorter of the five-year period ending on the date of the disposition and your holding period for the common stock, in which case, subject to the exception set forth in the second sentence of the next paragraph, such gain will be subject to U.S. federal income tax in the same manner as U.S. trade or business income discussed below.

In general, a corporation is a USRPHC if the fair market value of its U.S. real property interests equals or excee of the sum of the fair market value of its worldwide real property interests and its other assets used or held for use trade or business. If we are a USRPHC, gain will not be subject to tax as U.S. trade or business income if your hole

(direct and indirect) at all times during the applicable period described in the third bullet point above constituted 50 less of our common stock, provided that our common stock was regularly traded on an established securities marked during such period. We believe that we are not currently, and we do not anticipate becoming in the future, a USRP for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

# **U.S. Trade or Business Income**

For purposes of this discussion, dividend income and gain on the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of our common stock will be considered to be U.S. trade or business income if (A) such income or gain is

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(i) effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business within the United States and (ii) if you are eligible the benefits of an income tax treaty with the United States and such treaty requires, attributable to a permanent establishment (or, if you are an individual, a fixed base) that you maintain in the United States or (B) with respect gain, we are or have been a USRPHC at any time during the shorter of the five-year period ending on the date of the disposition of our common stock and your holding period for our common stock (subject to the 5% ownership excessed forth above in the second paragraph of Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of Common Stock). Common Stock (U.S. trade or business income is not subject to U.S. federal withholding tax (provided that you comply with applicate certification and disclosure requirements, including providing a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI (or successoform)); instead, you are subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at regular U.S. federal income tax rates (generally in the same manner as a U.S. person) on your U.S. trade or business income. If you are a corporation, ar U.S. trade or business income that you receive may also be subject to a branch profits tax at a 30% rate, or at a laprescribed by an applicable income tax treaty.

# **Information Reporting and Backup Withholding**

We must annually report to the IRS and to each Non-U.S. Holder any dividend income that is subject to U.S. feder withholding tax, or that is exempt from such withholding. Copies of these information returns may also be made available under the provisions of a specific treaty or agreement to the tax authorities of the country in which a Non Holder resides. Under certain circumstances, the Code imposes a backup withholding obligation on certain reporta payments. Dividends paid to you will generally be exempt from backup withholding if you provide a properly exert IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E (or, in each case, a successor form) or otherwise establish an exemption ado not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a U.S. person or that the conditions of such other exemption are not, in fact, satisfied.

The payment of the proceeds from the disposition of our common stock to or through the U.S. office of any broker or non-U.S.) will be subject to information reporting and possible backup withholding unless you certify as to your non-U.S. status under penalties of perjury or otherwise establish an exemption and the broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a U.S. person or that the conditions of any other exemption are not, in fa satisfied. The payment of proceeds from the disposition of our common stock to or through a non-U.S. office of a non-U.S. broker will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding unless the non-U.S. broker has certain types of relationships with the United States (a U.S. related financial intermediary ). In the case of the pa proceeds from the disposition of our common stock to or through a non-U.S. office of a broker that is either a U.S. person or a U.S. related financial intermediary, the Treasury regulations require information reporting (but not bac withholding) on the payment unless the broker has documentary evidence in its files that the owner is not a U.S. per and the broker has no knowledge to the contrary. You are urged to consult your tax advisor on the application of information reporting and backup withholding in light of your particular circumstances.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules from a pay to you will be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

# **FATCA**

Pursuant to Section 1471 through 1474 of the Code, commonly referred to as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance (FATCA), foreign financial institutions (which include most foreign hedge funds, private equity funds, mutual to securitization vehicles and any other investment vehicles) and certain other foreign entities must comply with information reporting rules with respect to their U.S. account holders and investors or be subject to a withholding to U.S. source payments made to them (whether received as a beneficial owner or as an intermediary for another part

More specifically, a foreign financial institution or other foreign entity that does not comply with the FATCA reported requirements will generally be subject to a 30% withholding tax with respect to any

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withholdable payments. For this purpose, withholdable payments generally include U.S.-source payments other subject to nonresident withholding tax (e.g., U.S.-source dividends) and also include the entire gross proceeds from sale of any equity instruments of U.S. issuers (such as our common stock). The FATCA withholding tax will apply if the payment would otherwise not be subject to U.S. nonresident withholding tax (e.g., because it is capital gain).

FATCA currently applies to dividends made in respect of our common stock. Final Treasury regulations defer this withholding obligation for gross proceeds from dispositions of U.S. common stock until January 1, 2017. To avoid withholding on dividends and gross proceeds, as applicable, Non-U.S. Holders may be required to provide the Com (or its withholding agents) with applicable tax forms or other information. Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult witheir own tax advisors regarding the effect, if any, of the FATCA provisions to them based on their particular circumstances.

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# **UNDERWRITING**

The Company, the selling stockholders and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agree with respect to the shares being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to pur the number of shares indicated in the following table. Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC and Goldman, Sachs & Co. are representatives of the underwriters.

Underwriters	Number of Shares
Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC	
Goldman, Sachs & Co.	
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC	
BMO Capital Markets Corp.	
Houlihan Lokey Capital, Inc.	
Piper Jaffray & Co.	
Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated	
Total	10,575,300

The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the shares being offered, if any are taken, other than the covered by the option described below, unless and until this option is exercised.

The underwriters have an option to purchase up to an additional 1,586,295 shares from the selling stockholders to sales by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than the total number set forth in the table above. They may exercise that option for 30 days. If any shares are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase shares in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid to the underwing connection with this offering. We have agreed to pay all underwriting discounts and commissions applicable to sale of the common stock in this offering and certain expenses of the selling stockholders incurred in connection we sale. We have also agreed to reimburse the underwriters for certain of their expenses in an amount up to \$25,000, a forth in the underwriting agreement. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters—option to purchase additional shares.

	No Exercis	se Full Ex
Per Share		

Total

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the public offering price set forth on the countries this prospectus supplement. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of uper share from the public offering price. After the initial offering of the shares, the representatives may char offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters right to reject any order in whole or in part.

The Company, its executive officers, directors and the selling stockholders have agreed with the underwriters, subject of certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of their common stock or securities convertible into or exchange for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus supplement continuing through the days after the date of this prospectus supplement, except with the prior written consent of the representatives. And other exceptions, the lock-up agreements do not apply to

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(i) any issuances of common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock by the Company under its employee benefit plans (including its 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan and Employee Stock Purch Plan, each of which is being voted upon by stockholders in connection with the Company s 2015 Annual Meeting Stockholders, to be held on May 19, 2015) and (ii) sales of shares of common stock by executive officers and direct under sales plans adopted under Rule 10b5-1 of the Act in existence on the date hereof.

Our shares of common stock are listed on NASDAQ under the symbol HMHC.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of common stock in the open market These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by sho sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purch the offering, and a short position represents the amount of such sales that have not been covered by subsequent purchases. A covered short position is a short position that is not greater than the amount of additional shares for the underwriters option described above may be exercised. The underwriters may cover any covered short position either exercising their option to purchase additional shares or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining source of shares to cover the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional sl pursuant to the option described above. Naked short sales are any short sales that create a short position greater amount of additional shares for which the option described above may be exercised. The underwriters must cover a such naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions con various bids for or purchases of common stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completio the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwrite portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased shares sold by or account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for town accounts, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Company s stock together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the common stock. As a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist open market. The underwriters are not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at time. These transactions may be effected on NASDAQ, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive defined below) (each, a Relevant Member State ) an offer to the public of any shares of our common stock may made in that Relevant Member State, except that an offer to the public in that Relevant Member State of any shares our common stock may be made at any time under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Directive, if the been implemented in that Relevant Member State:

(a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;

(b)

to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 P Amending Directive (as defined below), 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as do in the Prospectus Directive), as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior co of the representatives for any such offer; or

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(c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive, provided that no such of shares of our common stock shall result in a requirement for the publication by us or any underwriter or prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an offer to the public in relation to any shares of our common any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on terms of the offer and any shares of our common stock to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchas shares of our common stock, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression Prospectus Directive means Directive 2003/71/EC (a amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State, and the expression 2010 PA Amending Directive means Directive 2010/73/EU.

Each underwriter has represented and agreed that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the FSMA)) received by it in connection with the issue of the shares of our common stock in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply and
- (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done in relation to the shares of our common stock in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

  The shares may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not consum offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to professional investors—within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571, Laws of Hong Kong) any rules made thereunder or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a prospectus the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32, Laws of Hong Kong), and no advertisement, invitation or docurrelating to the shares may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or real the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to sha which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to professional investors the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereund

This prospectus supplement has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus supplement and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be off or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to person Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 28 Singapore (the SFA), (ii) to a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the condition any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 by a relevant person which is: (a) a corporation (v is not an accredited investor) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or (b) a trust (where the trustee is not a

accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary is

an accredited investor, shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiarie rights and interest in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation or that

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trust has acquired the shares under Section 275 except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA a relevant person, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA; (2) where no consideration is given for the transfer; or (3) by operation of law.

The securities have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan Financial Instruments and Exchange Law ) and each underwriter has agreed that it will not offer or sell any secur directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means a person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and a other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

The Company and the selling stockholders estimate that their share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$1.07 million. The Company and the selling stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities unde Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act ).

The selling stockholders may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act with respect t shares of common stock that they are offering under this prospectus supplement.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions, engaged in various activities, may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities services. In connection with the Acquisition, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC performed advisory services to the Compand our board of directors and received customary fees and expenses. Certain of the underwriters and their respects affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the Company and to persons a entities with relationships with the Company, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the Company (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the Company. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommendations that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

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# **LEGAL MATTERS**

Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP, New York, New York, will pass on the validity of the common st offered by this prospectus supplement. The underwriters have been represented by Latham & Watkins LLP, New New York.

# **EXPERTS**

The financial statements and management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial repo (which is included in Management s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prosupplement by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

# WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3, which includes exhibits and schedules, under the Securities Act with respect to the common stock offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement. This prospectus supplement does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement because parts of the registratement have been omitted as permitted by rules and regulations of the SEC. We refer you to the registration state (including the accompanying prospectus) and its exhibits for further information about us and our securities. The registration statement and its exhibits, as well as any other documents that we have filed with the SEC, can be insp and copied at the SEC s public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-1004. The public mobtain information about the operation of the public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In add the SEC maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov that contains the registration statement and other reports, proxy information statements and information that we will file electronically with the SEC.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. We make thes filings available on our website once they are filed with the SEC. You may read and copy any reports, statements of other information on file at the public reference rooms. You can also request copies of these documents, for a copy fee, by writing to the SEC, or you can review these documents on the SEC s website, as described above. In additional provide electronic or paper copies of our filings free of charge upon request.

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# INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The rules of the SEC allow us to incorporate information into this prospectus supplement by reference. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus supplement, and later information that we fill the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. This prospectus supplement incorporates by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus supplement incorporates by reference. The information that we fill the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. This prospectus supplement incorporates by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus supplement incorporate by reference. The information that we fill the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. This prospectus supplement to Items 2.02 and of Form 8-K) we file with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act subsequent to date of this prospectus supplement and prior to the termination of the offering:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed on February 26, 2015;

our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed on March 31, 2015 (solely to the extent incorpora reference into Part III of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014);

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, filed on May 7, 2015; and

our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 24, 2015.

You can obtain any of the filings incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement through us or from the through the SEC s website at http://www.sec.gov. We will provide, without charge, to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom a copy of this prospectus supplement is delivered, upon written or oral request of such person, a copy of any or all of the reports and documents referred to above which have been or may be incorporate reference into this prospectus supplement. You should direct requests for those documents to:

Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company

222 Berkeley Street

Boston, MA 02116

Attn: Corporate Secretary

(617) 351-5000

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our Definitive Proxy Statement and other report and documents incorporated by reference herein may also be found in the Investor Relations section of our web http://www.hmhco.com. Our website and the information contained in it or connected to it shall not be deemed to incorporated into this prospectus supplement or any registration statement of which it forms a part.

# 102,104,801

#### **Shares**

# **Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company**

#### **COMMON STOCK**

This prospectus relates to the resale of up to an aggregate of 102,104,801 shares of common stock of Houghton Mi Harcourt Company by the selling stockholders (which term as used in this prospectus includes pledgees, donees, transferees or other successors-in-interest) identified in this prospectus. Pursuant to this prospectus, the selling stockholders are permitted to offer shares of our common stock from time to time, if and to the extent as they may determine, through public or private transactions or through other means described in the section of this prospectus entitled Plan of Distribution at prevailing market prices, at prices different than prevailing market prices or at prices negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may sell shares through agents they select or through underwriters and dealers they select. The selling stockholders also may sell shares directly to investors.

If the selling stockholders use agents, underwriters or dealers to sell the shares, we will name such agents, underwrot dealers and describe any applicable commissions or discounts in a supplement to this prospectus if required.

Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company is registering the offer and sale of the shares of its common stock hereunder pursuant to the investor rights agreement, dated June 22, 2012, between the Company and certain of its stockholde Investor Rights Agreement ).

The selling stockholders identified in this prospectus are offering all of the shares of common stock under this prospectus. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of our common stock by the selling stockholders.

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market ( NASDAQ ) under the symbol HMHC. Of 2015, the last reported sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shares of our common stock as reported on NASDAQ was \$23.24 per shared sale price of the shared sale price of th

Investing in our common stock involves risks. See <u>Risk Factors</u> beginning on page 3 of this prospectus an Risk Factors section in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 to read a risks you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation contrary is a criminal offense.

Prospectus dated May 1, 2015

We and the selling stockholders have not authorized anyone to provide any information other than that con or incorporated by reference into this prospectus or any free writing prospectus prepared by us or on our b or to which we have referred you. We can take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurances as to the reliability of, any information that others may give you. We and the selling stockholders are not making an to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information contained this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of the common stock.

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As used in this prospectus, the terms we, us, our, HMH and the Company refer to Houghton Miffling formerly known as HMH Holdings (Delaware), Inc., and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise expressly so the context otherwise requires.

# **TRADEMARKS**

This prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein contain references to our trademarks and serv marks and to those belonging to other entities. Solely for convenience, trademarks and trade names referred to in the prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein may appear without the ® or symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law rights or the rights of the applicable licensor to these trademarks and trade names. We do not intend our use or disported to the trademarks or service marks to imply a relationship with, or endorsement or sponsor of us by, any other companies.

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# STATEMENT REGARDING INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA

We obtained the market, industry and competitive position data contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus from our own internal data and estimates and a variety of third-party sources, including independent ind publications, government publications, reports by market research firms or other published independent sources. T third-party sources include: The Condition of Education 2013, dated May 2013, by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES); Digest of Education Statistics, 2011, dated May 2012, by the NCES; Public Elementary and Secondary School Student Enrollment and Staff Counts From the Common Core of Data: School Year 2010-11, day April 2012, by the NCES; Projections of Education Statistics to 2021 (Fortieth Edition), dated January 2013, by th NCES; American Revolution 2.0: How Education Innovation is Going to Revitalize America and Transform the U. Economy, dated July 4, 2012, by GSV Asset Management; Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2012, dated Ja 2013, by the U.S. Census Bureau; Early Learning: America s Middle Class Promise Begins Early, by the U.S. Department of Education; Evaluation of Evidence- Based Practices in Online Learning: A Meta-Analysis and Revo Online Learning Studies, dated September 2010, by the U.S. Department of Education; Florida instructional mate adoption schedule for adoption years 2011-2012 through 2016-2017, by the Florida Department of Education; Curriculum Frameworks: Mathematics, by the California Department of Education; Instructional Materials 2013-Adoption Bulletin, by the Texas Education Agency; Instructional Materials Adoption, by the Association of Ameri Publishers; Population & Development: Global Population Patterns and Trends, by the United Nations Education Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO); School enrollment, preprimary (% gross), by the World Bank, w data from the UNESCO Institute for Statistics; A Study on the Effects of Houghton Mifflin Harcourt s Journeys Program: Year 2 Final Report, dated October 2013, by Miriam Resendez and Dr. Mariam Azin; and State Pre-K Funding: 2014-2015 Fiscal Year, dated January 2015, by Bruce Atchinson and Emily Workman. We believe that of these third-party sources is reliable. Our internal data and estimates, which we believe are true and accurate, are ba upon information obtained from trade and business organizations and other contacts in the markets in which we op and our management s understanding of industry conditions.

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# PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights the more detailed information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before deciding whether to invest in our common stock. You should read this entire prospectus carefully, including the documents incorporated by reference herein, before making an investment decision. This prospectus includes forward-looking statements that involve rise and uncertainties. See Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements.

# **Company Overview**

We are a global learning company, specializing in education solutions across a variety of media. We deliver contenservices and technology to both educational institutions and consumers, reaching over 50 million students in more 150 countries worldwide. In the United States, we are the leading provider of Kindergarten through 12th grade (Keducational content by market share. We believe that nearly every current K-12 student in the United States has utiour content during the course of his or her education. As a result, we believe that we have an established reputation students and educators that is difficult for others to replicate and that positions us to also provide content and service that serve their learning needs beyond the classroom. We believe our long-standing reputation and well-known bracenable us to capitalize on consumer and digital trends in the education market through our existing and developing channels. Furthermore, since 1832, we have published trade and reference materials, including adult and children and non-fiction books that have won industry awards such as the Pulitzer Prize, Newbery and Caldecott medals and National Book Award, all of which we believe are widely known.

For a description of our business, financial condition, results of operations and other important information regardi Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company, we refer you to our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( incorporated by reference in this prospectus. For instructions on how to find copies of these documents, see When Can Find More Information.

Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company, formerly known as HMH Holdings (Delaware), Inc., was incorporated under laws of the State of Delaware on March 5, 2010. Our principal executive offices are located at 222 Berkeley Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116. Our telephone number is (617) 351-5000. Our website is www.hmhco.com. The information contained on our website, or any other website that is referred to in this prospectus, does not constitute of this prospectus and is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus or any accompanying prospectus supple

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# THE OFFERING

**Common stock offered by us:** We are not selling any shares of common stock pursuant to this

prospectus.

Common stock offered by the selling

stockholders:

**Use of proceeds:** 

Up to 102,104,801 shares of common stock.

Common stock outstanding as of April 24, 143,329,477 shares of common stock. 2015:

the common stock offered from time to time pursuant to this prospect Accordingly, we will not receive any proceeds from the sale of share common stock that may be sold from time to time pursuant to this

The selling stockholders will receive all of the proceeds from the sal

prospectus.

**Dividend policy:** We have not paid any dividends on our common stock. We do not in

to declare or pay any cash dividends on our common stock for the

foreseeable future.

Listing: Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market

the symbol HMHC.

Except as otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus regarding the number of shares of common stock outstanding excludes 10,520,795 shares issuable pursuant to the HMH Holdings (Delaware), Inc. 2012 Manageme Incentive Plan (the MIP) as of March 31, 2015, including 10,197,851 shares that are subject to options granted to the MIP as of March 31, 2015 at a weighted average exercise price of \$13.43 per share and 322,944 restricted st units outstanding as of March 31, 2015, and excludes 7,368,422 shares of common stock that we may issue upon exercise of outstanding warrants as of March 31, 2015, with a weighted average exercise price of \$21.14 per share.

Except as otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus gives effect to a 2-for-1 stock split that occurred o October 22, 2013.

# **RISK FACTORS**

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk together with all of the other information set forth in this prospectus or incorporated herein by reference, before deciding whether to invest in our common stock. In addition to those listed below and elsewhere in this prospectus, should also consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions discussed under the caption Risk Factors included our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which is incorporated by reference in the prospectus. If any of these risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations would like suffer. In such case, the trading price of our common stock would likely decline due to any of these risks, and you is lose all or part of your investment.

# **Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

Our stock price may be volatile or may decline regardless of our operating performance, and you may not be ab resell your shares at or above the offering price.

The market price for our common stock may be volatile and may fluctuate significantly in response to a number of factors, most of which we cannot control, including, among others:

changes in economic trends or the continuation of current economic conditions;

changes in state and local education funding and/or related programs, legislation and procurement proces

changes in schools curriculum programs in various states;

changes in consumer demand for, and acceptance of, our publications;

industry cycles and trends;

changes in laws or regulations governing our business and operations;

changes in technology and the digitalization of content;

future sales of our common stock by our stockholders.

These and other factors may lower the market price of our common stock, regardless of our actual operating performance. In the event of a drop in the market price of our common stock, you could lose a substantial part or a

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the sustainability of an active trading market for our common stock; and

your investment in our common stock.

In addition, the stock markets have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have affected and cont affect the market prices of equity securities of many companies, including other publishing and education companies the past, stockholders have instituted securities class action litigation following periods of market volatility. If we to become involved in securities litigation, we could incur substantial costs and our resources and the attention of management could be diverted from our business.

If securities or industry analysts cease to publish research or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our share price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock depends in part on the research and reports that securities or industry an publish about us or our business. If one or more of the analysts who cover us downgrades our common stock or publishes inaccurate or unfavorable research about us or our business, our share price would likely decline. If one more of these analysts cease coverage of us or fail to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our common stock could decrease, which could cause our share price and trading volume to decline.

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# We do not expect to pay any cash dividends for the foreseeable future.

We currently expect to retain all our future earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business and do anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. The declaration and paymen future dividends to holders of our common stock will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend many factors, including our financial condition, earnings, legal requirements, restrictions in our debt agreements, including the credit agreements governing our term loan facility and revolving credit facility, and other factors dee relevant by our board of directors. As a holding company, our ability to pay dividends depends on our receipt of ca dividends from our operating subsidiaries, which may further restrict our ability to pay dividends as a result of the of their respective jurisdictions of organization, agreements of our subsidiaries or covenants under future indebted that we or they may incur. In addition, Delaware law may impose requirements that may restrict our ability to pay dividends to holders of our common stock. Investors seeking cash dividends in the foreseeable future should not purchase our common stock.

# We incur increased costs as a result of being a publicly traded corporation.

We have a limited history operating as a publicly traded corporation. We incur significant additional legal, account reporting and other expenses as a result of having publicly traded common stock, including, but not limited to, increases related to auditor fees, legal fees, directors fees, directors and officers insurance, investor relations and varied other costs. We also incur costs associated with corporate governance requirements, including requirements under Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the Sarbanes-Oxley Act ), as well as rules implemented by the Securities and Exchanges Commission (the SEC ) and NASDAQ. Moreover, the additional demands associated with being a public comparison of our business by diverting the attention of some of our senior management team away revenue producing activities.

# Failure to maintain adequate financial and management processes and controls could lead to errors in our fina reporting, which could harm our business and cause a decline in the price of our common stock.

Maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting is necessary for us to produce reliable financial repo is important in helping to prevent financial fraud. If we are unable to maintain adequate internal controls, our busing and operating results could be harmed. The requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the related of the SEC require, among other things, our management to assess annually the effectiveness of our internal control financial reporting. In addition to our report on internal control over financial reporting, our independent registered public accounting firm is required to issue a report on our internal control over financial reporting in connection w Annual Reports on Form 10-K. In the future, we may identify deficiencies that we may be unable to remedy before requisite deadline for those reports. Any failure to remediate material weaknesses noted by us or our independent registered public accounting firm or to implement required new or improved controls or difficulties encountered in implementation could cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligation or result in material misstatements in our fir statements. If our management or our independent registered public accounting firm were to conclude in their repo that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information, and the trading price of our common stock could decrease significantly. Failure to comply w Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act could potentially subject us to sanctions or investigations by the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA) or other regulatory authorities. The accompanying loss confidence could harm our business and cause a decline in the price of our common stock.

As a holding company, our only material assets will be our equity interests in our operating subsidiaries, and our principal source of revenue and cash flow will be distributions from such subsidiaries, which may be limited by and/or contract in making such distributions.

As a holding company, our principal source of revenue and cash flow will be distributions from our subsidiaries. Therefore, our ability to carry out our business plan, to fund and conduct our business, service our debt and pay dividends (if any) in the future will depend on the ability of our subsidiaries to generate sufficient

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net income and cash flows to make upstream cash distributions to us. Our subsidiaries are separate legal entities, as although they may be wholly owned or controlled by us, they have no obligation to make any funds available to us whether in the form of loans, dividends or otherwise. The ability of our subsidiaries to distribute cash to us may also subject to, among other things, future restrictions that are contained in our subsidiaries—agreements (as entered into time to time), availability of sufficient funds in such subsidiaries and applicable laws and regulatory restrictions. Co of creditors of our subsidiaries generally will have priority as to the assets of such subsidiaries over our claims and claims of our creditors and stockholders. To the extent the ability of our subsidiaries to distribute dividends or other payments to us could be limited in any way, this could materially limit our ability to fund and conduct our business service our debt and pay dividends (if any).

# Provisions in our organizational documents may delay or prevent our acquisition by a third party.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated by-laws contain several provise that may make it more difficult or expensive for a third party to acquire control of us without the approval of our be of directors. These provisions also may delay, prevent or deter a merger, acquisition, tender offer, proxy contest or transaction that might otherwise result in our stockholders receiving a premium over the market price for their constock. These provisions include, among others:

our board of directors ability to issue, from time to time, one or more classes of preferred stock and, wirespect to each such class, to fix the terms thereof by resolution;

provisions relating to the appointment of directors upon an increase in the number of directors or vacancy our board of directors;

provisions requiring stockholders to hold at least 50.1% of our outstanding common stock in the aggregate request special meetings and restricting the ability of stockholders to bring proposals before meetings;

provisions that provide that the doctrine of corporate opportunity will not apply with respect to the Co to any of our stockholders or directors, other than any stockholder or director that is an employee, consult officer of ours; and

provisions that set forth advance notice procedures for stockholders nominations of directors and propo consideration at meetings of stockholders.

These provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws could discourage potential takeover attempts and reduce the price that investors might be willing to pay for our common in the future, which could reduce the market price of our common stock. For more information, see Description of Capital Stock.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that the doctrine of corporate opportunity will apply to us or to any of our stockholders or directors, except in limited circumstances, which may adversely affective business or prospects.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that the doctrine of corporate opportunity will not with respect to the Company, to any of our stockholders or directors, other than any stockholder or director that is a employee, consultant or officer of ours. The doctrine of corporate opportunity generally provides that a corporate fiduciary may not develop an opportunity using corporate resources, acquire an interest adverse to that of the corporation acquire property that is reasonably incident to the present or prospective business of the corporation or in which corporation has a present or expectancy interest, unless that opportunity is first presented to the corporation and the corporation chooses not to pursue that opportunity. The doctrine of corporate opportunity is intended to preclude or directors from personally benefiting from opportunities that belong to the corporation. The Company has renount any prospective corporate opportunity so that our stockholders and directors, other than those that are employees, consultants or officers of ours, and their respective representatives have no duty to communicate or present corporate opportunities to us and have

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the right to either hold any corporate opportunity for its (and its representatives ) own account and benefit or to recommend, assign or otherwise transfer such corporate opportunity to persons other than the Company. As a result stockholders, directors and their respective affiliates will not be prohibited from investing in competing businesses doing business with our customers. Therefore, we may be in competition with our stockholders, directors or their respective affiliates, and we may not have knowledge of, or be able to pursue, a transaction that could potentially beneficial to us. Accordingly, we may lose a corporate opportunity or suffer competitive harm, which could negati impact our business or prospects.

Any offering may cause or contribute to an ownership change of the Company for U.S. federal income tax powhich may result in limitations on the Company s use of certain tax attributes.

The sale of shares of our common stock in any offering may cause or contribute to an ownership change of the for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If the Company undergoes an ownership change, the Company may be limited its ability to use certain tax attributes, including its net operating losses, under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue of 1986, as amended (the Code ). The Company has certain significant tax attributes (other than net operating losses) that these tax attributes will not be subject to any limitation as a result of any potential ownership change.

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# SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, any prospectus supplement that we may issue and the documents incorporated by reference include forward-looking statements, which involve risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements can be identified in the control of the c by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms believes, estimates, projects, anticipates. project, intends, will or should, forecast, intend, potential, target or, in each plan, variations or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements include all matters that are not historical They include statements regarding our intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, or results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, prospects, growth, strategies, the industry in which we operate potential business decisions. We derive many of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based upon many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and, of course, it is impossible for us to antic all factors that could affect our actual results. All forward-looking statements are based upon information available on the date of this prospectus.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depending circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. We caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that our actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industry in which we operate may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus. In addition, even if our of operations, financial condition and liquidity and the development of the industry in which we operate are consist with the forward-looking statements contained in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in subsequent periods. Important factors that could our results to vary from expectations include, but are not limited to:

changes in state and local education funding and/or related programs, legislation and procurement process adverse or worsening economic trends or the continuation of current economic conditions; changes in consumer demand for, and acceptance of, our products; changes in competitive factors; offerings by technology companies that compete with our products; industry cycles and trends; conditions and/or changes in the publishing industry;

changes or the loss of our key third-party print vendors;

restrictions under agreements governing our outstanding indebtedness;

changes in laws or regulations governing our business and operations;

changes or failures in the information technology systems we use;

demographic trends;

uncertainty surrounding our ability to enforce our intellectual property rights;

inability to retain management or hire employees;

impact of potential impairment of goodwill and other intangibles in a challenging economy;

decline or volatility of our stock price regardless of our operating performance;

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provisions in our organizational documents may delay or prevent our acquisition by a third party; and

any offering may cause or contribute to an ownership change of the Company for U.S. federal income purposes, which may result in limitations on the Company s use of certain tax attributes.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors may not contain all of the material factors that are important to you. We urge you to read this entire prospectus carefully, including the information incorporated herein by refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, for a more complete discussion of the factors that could affect our future performance and the industry in which we operate. In light of these risks, uncertain assumptions, the forward-looking events described in this prospectus or incorporated herein by reference may occur.

We undertake no obligation, and do not expect, to publicly update or publicly revise any forward-looking statement whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. All subsequent writted oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or to persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referred to above and contained elsewhere in or incorporated by reference interprospectus.

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# **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock that may be sold from time to time. The selling stockholders will receive all of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock offered from time time under this prospectus. We have agreed to pay certain expenses of the selling stockholders incurred in connect with the sale of common stock from time to time, including the underwriters—discounts and commissions for the funderwritten demand registration or underwritten shelf takedown by stockholders under this prospectus, as well as offering expenses.

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# SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table and accompanying footnotes set forth, as of April 24, 2015, information regarding the beneficion ownership of the outstanding shares of our common stock by all selling stockholders.

Beneficial ownership has been determined under rules promulgated by the SEC. The information does not necessal indicate beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Shares of common stock subject to currently exercisable and convertible securities currently convertible, or exercisable or convertible within 60 days after the date of this prospare deemed outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage beneficially owned by the person or entity holding such securities but are not deemed outstanding for purposes of computing the percentage beneficially owned by an other person or entity.

Each entity or group shown on the table has furnished information with respect to beneficial ownership, which has updated on the basis of public filings of such stockholders, to the extent applicable.

S	Ownership Bef Number of Shares of Common Sto <b>N</b> Beneficially Owned	Ü	Ownership Aft Number of Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	er Offerin Percenta Common Benefic Own
Selling Stockholders:				
Anchorage Funds (2)	21,839,380	21,839,380		
Avenue Capital Management II, L.P. (3)	5,738,103	5,738,103		
Blackrock Funds (4)	10,773,470	9,214,156	1,559,314	
Contrarian Funds (5)	3,178,732	3,178,732		
Credit Suisse Securities (USA), LLC (6)	3,112,035	3,112,035		
Guggenheim Funds (7)	5,087,977	5,087,977		
Knighthead Funds (8)	3,050,596	3,050,596		
Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. (9)	510,586	510,586		
LeverageSource IV, LLC (10)	4,086,146	4,086,146		
Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC (11)	4,430,071	3,162,752	1,267,319	
MSD Credit Opportunity Master Fund,				
L.P. (12)	2,002,180	2,002,180		
Oak Hill Funds (13)	4,642,882	4,642,882		
Paulson & Co. Inc. (14)	32,312,552	32,312,552		
Silver Point Funds (15)	2,870,217	2,621,428	248,789	
TOP Fund II, LLC (16)	1,545,296	1,545,296		

- \* Represents beneficial ownership of less than one percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock.
- (1) Represents the amounts of shares that will be held by the selling stockholders after completion of this offering on the assumptions that: (a) all shares registered for sale by the registration statement of which this prospectus part will be sold by or on behalf of the selling stockholders; and (b) no other shares of our common stock will acquired prior to completion of this offering by the selling stockholders. The selling stockholders may sell all or none of the shares offered pursuant to this prospectus and may sell other shares of our common stock that t

may own pursuant to another registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Secur Act ) or sell some or all of their shares pursuant to an exemption from the registration provisions of the Secur Act, including under Rule 144 promulgated thereunder or any successor rule. To our knowledge, there are cur no agreements, arrangements or understandings with respect to the sale of any of the shares that may be held selling stockholders after completion of this offering or otherwise.

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- (2) Includes 449,506 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Anchorage Capit Group LLC ( ACG ) is the investment advisor to each of Anchorage Capital Master Offshore, Ltd., Anchorage Illiquid Opportunities Offshore Master II, L.P., ANCHORAGE ILLIQUID OPPORTUNITIES OFFSHORE MASTER III, L.P., Anchorage Illiquid Opportunities Offshore Master, L.P., GRF Master Fund II, L.P. and PC Fund LLC (collectively, the Anchorage Funds ). Anchorage Advisors Management LLC ( Anchorage Management is the sole managing member of ACG. Mr. Anthony Davis is the president of ACG and a managing member of Anchorage Management. Mr. Kevin Ulrich is the chief executive officer of ACG and the senior managing memory of Anchorage Management. The mailing address of each of the Anchorage Funds is 610 Broadway, 6th Floor York, NY 10012.
- (3) Amount of shares beneficially owned is based on information contained in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the Stepruary 13, 2015 by Avenue Capital Management II, L.P. ( Avenue Advisor ). Avenue Advisor is the investadvisor or manager to several investment funds that own the shares of our common stock listed above (the Funds ). Avenue Capital Management II GenPar, L.L.C. ( ACM GenPar ) is the general partner of Avenue Marc Lasry and Sonia Gardner are the managing members of ACM GenPar. Each of Avenue Advisor, ACM GenPar, Mr. Lasry and Ms. Gardner may be deemed to have voting and investment power over the shares and beneficial owners of the shares. The pecuniary interest of all shares of the Company s common stock reported row is owned by the Avenue Funds. Avenue Advisor, ACM GenPar and Mr. Lasry disclaim any beneficial ownership. The mailing address for the Avenue Funds is c/o Avenue Capital Management II, L.P., 399 Park A 6th Floor, New York, NY 10022.
- (4) Amount of shares beneficially owned is based on information contained in a Schedule 13G/A filed with the S January 26, 2015 by BlackRock, Inc. Includes 674,582 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Blackrock, Inc. is the ultimate parent holding company of Blackrock Financial Manage Inc. Blackrock Financial Management, Inc. is the Manager of Blackrock Credit Investors Master Fund LP, the Investment Manager of R3 Capital Partners Master, L.P. and Blackrock Credit Investors Master Fund SPV LI Investment Advisor of each of Blackrock Fixed Income Portable Alpha Master Series Trust, MET INVESTO SERIES TRUST BLACKROCK HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO, The OBSIDIAN Master Fund, VALUE CRED PARTNERS, LP and Value Credit Partners (Offshore) Master, L.P., and the Sub-Advisor of each of Blackroc Corporate High Yield Fund VI Inc., Blackrock Debt Strategies Fund Inc., Blackrock Defined Opportunity Cre Trust, Blackrock Floating Rate Income Strategies Fund Inc., Blackrock Floating Rate Income Trust, Blackrock Funds II Blackrock Floating Rate Income Port, Blackrock Funds II High Yield Bond Portfolio, Blackrock Glo Investment Series Income Strategies Portfolio, Blackrock Limited Duration Income Trust and Blackrock Seni Floating Rate Portfolio (collectively, the Blackrock Funds ). On behalf of Blackrock Financial Managemen James Keenan, as a Managing Director of Blackrock Financial Management, Inc., has voting and investment over the securities held by each of the Blackrock Funds. James Keenan expressly disclaims beneficial owners all shares held by each of the Blackrock Funds. The mailing address for each of the Blackrock Funds is c/o BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. Leveraged Finance Group, 55 East 52nd Street, New York, NY 1005
- (5) Jon Bauer is the managing member of Contrarian Capital Management, L.L.C., which is the managing member each of CCM Pension-A, L.L.C., CCM Pension-B, L.L.C. and CCM Pension-C, L.L.C., the investment manage each of Contrarian Advantage Master Fund I Limited, Contrarian Capital Fund I, L.P., Contrarian Capital Sers Secured, L.P. and Contrarian Capital Trade Claims, L.P., the non-member manager of Contrarian Funds, L.L. the investment adviser of Permal Contrarian Fund I Ltd (collectively, the Contrarian Funds), and as such, redeemed to have sole voting and dispositive power over the shares held by the Contrarian Funds and/or investre control over the Contrarian Funds. The mailing address for each of the Contrarian Funds is 411 West Putnam Avenue, Suite 425, Greenwich, CT 06830.
- (6) Includes 260,966 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Jonathan Satran Bender and Adam Furchheimer have shared voting and investment power over the shares held by Credit Suiss Securities (USA), LLC. The mailing address for Credit Suisse Securities (USA), LLC is 11 Madison Ave, Ne York, NY 11050.

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- (7) Includes 1,002,564 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Guggenheim Partners Investment Management, LLC has investment discretion over the shares held by each of CNI Charter Yield Bond Fund, Copper River CLO Ltd., Guggenheim Life and Annuity Company, High Yield Loan Plus M Segregated Portfolio, Indiana University Health, Inc., Kennecott Funding Ltd., Master Segregated Portfolio B Midland National Life Insurance Company, Minerva Holdings LLC, NZCG Funding Ltd., Principal Fund, Inc. Global Diversified Income Fund, Sands Point Funding Ltd., SEI Institutional Investments Trust High Y Bond Fund, SEI Institutional Managed Trust High Yield Bond Fund, U.S. High Yield Bond Fund and Wilsh: Institutional Master Fund SPC Guggenheim Alpha Segregated Portfolio (collectively, the Guggenheim Fund Scott Minerd is the CIO of Guggenheim Partners Investment Management, LLC and as such may be deemed have voting and dispositive power over the shares held by the Guggenheim Funds. B. Scott Minerd disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares. The mailing address of each of the Guggenheim Funds is c/o Guggenheim Partners, 330 Madison Ave, 10th Floor, New York, NY 10017.
- (8) Includes 106,150 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Knighthead Cap Management, LLC ( KCM ) is the investment manager for each of Knighthead Master Fund, LP and LMA S and on behalf of MAP84 Segregated Portfolio (together, the Knighthead Funds ) and may be deemed to have and dispositive power over the shares held by each of the Knighthead Funds and/or investment control over each the Knighthead Funds. Thomas Wagner and Ara Cohen are managing members of KCM, and Laura Torrado is general counsel to KCM, and as such may be deemed to have voting and dispositive power over the shares he each of the Knighthead Funds. Thomas Wagner, Ara Cohen and Laura Torrado disclaim beneficial ownership these shares. The mailing address for each of the Knighthead Funds is c/o Knighthead Capital Management, I 1140 Avenue of the Americas, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10036.
- (9) Consists of 510,586 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Lehman Commercial Paper Inc. ( LCPI ) is the legal owner of 254,410 warrants exercisable for 508,820 shares of co stock, but is the beneficial owner of only 229,656 warrants exercisable for 459,312 shares of common stock. Lehman Brothers Special Financing ( LBSF ) is the beneficial owner of 24,754 warrants exercisable for 49,5 shares of common stock, under LCPI. Woodlands Commercial Corporation ( Woodlands ) is the beneficial 883 warrants exercisable for 1,766 shares of common stock. The board of directors for LCPI and Lehman Brotholdings Inc. ( LBHI ) exercise investment control over the shares held by LCPI. The board of directors for and LBHI exercise investment control over the shares held by LBSF. The board of directors for Woodlands exercises investment control over the shares held by Woodlands. Thomas Knott, Frederick Arnold and Michal Schmertzler are members of the board of directors for LCPI. Ronald Tanemura, David Pauker and Ken Gross are members of the board of directors for LBSF. Frederick Arnold, Robert Gifford, Thomas Knott, Sean Maho David Pauker, Ronald Tanemura and Owen Thomas are members of the board of directors for LBHI. Clifford Feibus and Jeffry Ciongoli are members of the board of directors of Woodlands. The mailing address for LCP LBSF and Woodlands is 1271 Avenue of the Americas, 40th Floor, New York, NY 10020.
- (10) LeverageSource IV Holdco, LLC is the sole member of LeverageSource IV, LLC. LeverageSource Holdings, with respect to Series IV is the sole member of LeverageSource IV Holdco, LLC. LeverageSource Holdings CLLC is the general partner of LeverageSource Holdings, L.P. with respect to Series IV. LeverageSource, L.P. sole member of LeverageSource Holdings GP, LLC. Advisors VI (EH), L.P. and Advisors VII (EH), L.P. are general partners of LeverageSource, L.P. Apollo Advisors VI (EH-GP), Ltd. is the general partner of Advisor (EH), L.P. Apollo Advisors VII (EH GP), Ltd. is the general partner of Advisors VII (EH), L.P. Apollo Princi Holdings III, L.P. is the sole shareholder of Advisors VI (EH), L.P. and Advisors VII (EH), L.P. Apollo Princi Holdings III GP, Ltd. is the general partner of Apollo Principal Holdings III, L.P. Leon D. Black, Joshua Harn Marc Rowan are the directors of Apollo Principal Holdings III GP, Ltd., and as such may be deemed to control securities held by LeverageSource IV, LLC. The mailing address of LeverageSource IV, LLC is One Manhattanville Road, Suite 201, Purchase, NY 10577.
- (11) Includes 7,140 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Adam Savarese is Managing Director of the business unit at Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC that holds the shares in the ordinary co

its business and as such may be deemed to have voting and dispositive power over the

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- shares held by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC. Adam Savarese disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares. M. Stanley & Co. LLC, a registered broker-dealer, is a subsidiary of Morgan Stanley, a widely held reporting con under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ). The mailing address for Morg Stanley & Co. LLC is 1585 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, NY 10036.
- (12) MSDC Management, L.P. is the investment manager of, and may be deemed to have or share voting and dispositive power over, and/or beneficially own securities owned by, MSD Credit Opportunity Master Fund, L.P. MSDC Management (GP), LLC is the general partner of, and may be deemed to have or share voting and dispositive over, and/or beneficially own securities owned by, MSDC Management, L.P. Each of Glenn R. Fuhrman, Joh Phelan and Marc R. Lisker is a manager of MSDC Management (GP), LLC and may be deemed to have or sh voting and/or dispositive power over, and beneficially own, the common stock beneficially owned by MSDC Management (GP), LLC. Each of Mr. Fuhrman, Mr. Phelan and Mr. Lisker disclaim beneficial ownership of scommon stock, except to the extent of the pecuniary interest of such person in such shares. The mailing addre MSD Credit Opportunity Master Fund, L.P. is c/o MSDC Management, L.P., 645 Fifth Avenue, 21st Floor, N York, NY 10022.
- (13) Oak Hill Advisors, L.P. is the investment advisor for each of Lerner Enterprises LLC, OHA Asia Customized Fund, L.P., OHA Strategic Credit Master Fund II, L.P., OHA Strategic Credit Master Fund, L.P., and Master SICAV-SIF (collectively, the Oak Hill Funds ). Glenn August and Robert Okun have dispositive power and investment control over the shares beneficially owned by each of the Oak Hill Funds. The mailing address for of the Oak Hill Funds is 1114 Avenue of the Americas, 27th Floor, New York, NY 10036.
- (14) Includes 1,399,994 shares of common stock underlying warrants that are currently exercisable. Paulson & Co. ( Paulson ), an investment advisor that is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, furnishes in advice to and manages onshore and offshore pooled investment vehicles and to separately managed accounts (collectively, such pooled investment vehicles and accounts are referred to in this prospectus as the Paulson John Paulson is the President and sole Director of Paulson. In its role as investment advisor or manager, Pauls possesses voting and investment power over the shares of our common stock listed above that are owned by the Paulson Funds. The pecuniary interest of all shares of our common stock reported in this row is owned by the Paulson Funds. Except for the purpose of determining beneficial ownership under Section 13(d) of the Excharact, Paulson disclaims beneficial ownership of all shares of common stock reported in this prospectus as bein owned by the Paulson Funds. The address for the Paulson Funds is c/o Paulson & Co. Inc., 1251 Avenue of the Americas, NY, NY 10020.
- (15) Silver Point Capital, L.P. (Silver Point) is the investment manager of both Silver Point Capital Fund, L.P. a Point Capital Offshore Master Fund, L.P. (together, the Silver Point Funds) and, by reason of such status, a deemed to be the beneficial owner of all the reported securities held by each of the Silver Point Funds. Silver Capital Management, LLC (Silver Point Management) is the general partner of Silver Point and as a result deemed to be the beneficial owner of all securities held by each of the Silver Point Funds. Messrs. Edward A. and Robert J. O Shea are each members of Silver Point Management and as a result may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of all of the securities held by each of the Silver Point Funds. The mailing address for each of Silver Point Funds is 2 Greenwich Plz, Greenwich, CT 06830.
- (16) TPG Opportunities II Management, LLC, which is indirectly controlled by David Bonderman and James G. Coulter, has sole voting and dispositive power over the shares held by TOP Fund II, LLC and/or investment c over TOP Fund II, LLC. The mailing address for TOP Fund II, LLC is 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, For Worth, TX 76102.

### **Relationships with Selling Stockholders**

**Director Nomination Agreement** 

We are party to Amended and Restated Director Nomination Agreement, dated as of August 2, 2013 (the Director Nomination Agreement) with Paulson. Under the Director Nomination Agreement, Paulson has the right to nomination Agreement.

director to our Board (the Holder Director ). Paulson s right to nominate the Holder Director to our Board will olong as Paulson holds at least 15% of our issued and outstanding common stock. The current Holder Director is Mr. Sheru Chowdhry.

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Under the Director Nomination Agreement, we have agreed to take all actions reasonably necessary to ensure that Paulson's nominee is included in the Board's slate of nominees for each election of directors, the nominee is included our proxy statement for each stockholder meeting to elect directors and each replacement nominee is elected by our Board to fill a vacancy created by the Holder Director or as a replacement. If requested by Paulson, we have also a to cause the Holder Director to be designated as a member of each committee of our Board unless the designation violate legal restrictions or the rules and regulations of the national securities exchange on which our common stock listed. If the Holder Director is not Mr. Chowdhry, the nominee must be selected in consultation with our Nominate Ethics and Governance Committee. Under the Director Nomination Agreement, if Paulson transfers at least 15% of issued and outstanding common stock to a transferee, the nominating rights with respect to the Holder Director (and successor in the event of a vacancy) may be assigned to that transferee, subject to our consent (which may not be unreasonably withheld) but may not be assigned to any subsequent transferees.

### Investor Rights Agreement

In connection with our restructuring, on June 22, 2012, we entered into the Investor Rights Agreement with our ne stockholders. The Investor Rights Agreement contains, among others, provisions granting our stockholders party the from time to time certain registration rights as described in further detail below and provisions related to confident holdback agreements and our public reporting obligations.

The Investor Rights Agreement provides our stockholders party thereto from time to time with certain registration

Under the Investor Rights Agreement, we are required to use commercially reasonable efforts to file and cause to become effective, a shelf registration statement (on Form S-3 if permitted) for the benefit of all stockholders party Investor Rights Agreement, and any individual holder or holders of 15% or more of our outstanding common stock demand an unlimited number of shelf takedowns, so long as the total offering size is reasonably expected to exemillion.

Each holder or group of holders who owns at least 15% of our outstanding common stock has: (i) one Form S-1 de registration right per annum, which may be conducted in an underwritten offering, as long as the total offering size reasonably expected to exceed \$100 million; and (ii) unlimited Form S-3 demand registration rights, which may be conducted in underwritten offerings, as long as the total offering size is reasonably expected to exceed \$100 million each subject to customary cutback provisions.

Each stockholder party to the Investor Rights Agreement has unlimited piggyback registration rights with respect t underwritten offerings, subject to certain exceptions and limitations.

The foregoing registration rights are subject to certain cutback provisions and customary suspension/blackout prov. We have agreed to pay all registration expenses under the Investor Rights Agreement, except that the selling stockholders may be responsible for their pro rata shares of underwriters—fees, commissions and discounts (subject exception described below), stock transfer and certain legal expenses. We are required to pay certain expenses of the selling stockholders, including one firm of legal counsel for the selling stockholders, for any shelf takedown under shelf registration statement. Under the Investor Rights Agreement, we have agreed to pay all underwriting discount commissions applicable to the sale of the common stock in connection with the first underwritten demand registrate shelf takedown by stockholders under the shelf registration statement.

In connection with the registrations described above, we have agreed to indemnify the stockholders against certain liabilities. The Investor Rights Agreement also contains certain holdback agreements that apply to each stockholde to the Investor Rights Agreement. Generally, without our prior consent and subject to limited exceptions, the

stockholders party to the Investor Rights Agreement have agreed that, if participating in a future

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shelf takedown or other underwritten public offering, they shall not publicly sell or distribute our equity securities during: (i) the seven-day period prior to the pricing of such offering; and (ii) for the 90-day period beginning on su pricing date.

The registration statement, of which this prospectus is a part, has been filed pursuant to the terms of the Investor R Agreement.

#### Broker-Dealers and Underwriters

Each selling stockholder that is a broker-dealer or an affiliate of a broker-dealer acquired its shares of common sto the ordinary course of its business and, at the time of acquisition, had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the shares.

Each of Barclays Capital Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA), LLC, and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC is a registere broker-dealer and a selling stockholder. Each registered broker-dealer is an underwriter with respect to its shares of common stock to be sold from time to time pursuant to this prospectus.

Certain of the selling stockholders or their affiliates acted as underwriters in connection with our initial public offe

#### Debt-for-Equity Exchange

Upon our emergence from Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings on June 22, 2012, holders of our prior term loan, revolving loan, and 10.5% Senior Notes were issued post-emergence shares of new common stock pursuant to the plan of emergence on a pro rata basis. Certain of these holders of our prior term loan, revolving loan, and 10.5% So Notes were also equity holders prior to the consummation of the Plan and are selling stockholders under this prosp The amount of the gain attributable to the debt-to-equity conversion, net of elimination of fees and other charges, c \$1,010.3 million, which is associated to the holders of the prior term loan, revolving loan, and 10.5% Senior Notes were also equity holders prior to the consummation of the plan of emergence, was charged to capital in excess of p value.

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### DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

## **Capital Stock**

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation has an authorized capital stock consisting of 380,000,000 share common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. As a April 24, 2015, we had 143,329,477 shares of common stock and no shares of preferred stock outstanding. Summa below are material provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws, as well as relevant sections of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the DGCL). The following sum qualified in its entirety by the provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws, copies of which have been filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus part, and by the applicable provisions of the DGCL.

#### Common stock

The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholder including the election of directors. Holders of the common stock do not have any preemptive rights or cumulative rights, which means that the holders of a majority of the outstanding common stock voting for the election of direct can elect all directors then being elected. The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive dividends when, and if declared by our board of directors out of legally available funds. Upon our liquidation or dissolution, the hol of common stock will be entitled to share ratably in those of our assets that are legally available for distribution to stockholders after payment of liabilities and subject to the prior rights of any holders of preferred stock then outsta. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of common stock are subject to the rights of the holders of shares series of preferred stock that may be issued in the future.

## Preferred stock

We are authorized to issue up to 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Our board of directors is authorized, subject limitations prescribed by the DGCL and our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, to determine the ter and conditions of the preferred stock, including whether the shares of preferred stock will be issued in one or more series, the number of shares to be included in each series and the powers, designations, preferences and rights of the shares. Our board of directors is also authorized to designate any qualifications, limitations or restrictions on the shares without any further vote or action by the stockholders. The issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delay deferring or preventing a change in control of our Company and may adversely affect the voting and other rights of holders of our common stock, which could have an adverse impact on the market price of our common stock. We have the current plan to issue any shares of preferred stock.

#### Corporate opportunity

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that the doctrine of corporate opportunity will no with respect to the Company, to any of our existing stockholders or any directors of the Company who are not employees, consultants or officers of ours in a manner that would prohibit them from investing in competing business with our customers.

#### Certain certificate of incorporation, by-law and statutory provisions

The provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws and of t DGCL summarized below may have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, deter or prevent a tender offer or takeout takeover effect and may delay, deter or prevent a tender offer or takeout t

attempt that you might consider in your best interest, including an attempt that might result in your receipt of a pre over the market price for your shares.

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#### Directors liability; Indemnification of directors and officers

Section 145 of the DGCL authorizes a court to award, or a corporation s board of directors to grant, indemnity to directors and officers in terms sufficiently broad to permit such indemnification under certain circumstances for liabilities, including reimbursements for expenses incurred arising under the Securities Act.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that a director will not be personally liable to us or stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except:

for any breach of the duty of loyalty;

for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or knowing violations of

for liability under Section 174 of the DGCL (relating to unlawful dividends, stock repurchases or stock redemptions); or

for any transaction from which the director derived any improper personal benefit.

The effect of this provision is to eliminate our rights, and our stockholders—rights, to recover monetary damages a director for breach of a fiduciary duty of care as a director. This provision does not limit or eliminate our rights or of any stockholder to seek non-monetary relief such as an injunction or rescission in the event of a breach of a director of care. The provisions will not alter the liability of directors under federal securities laws. In addition, our and and restated certificate of incorporation provides that we indemnify each director and the officers, employees and a determined by our board of directors to the fullest extent provided by the laws of the State of Delaware. Our amend and restated certificate of incorporation also requires us to advance expenses, including attorneys—fees, to our directors in connection with legal proceedings, subject to very limited exceptions.

Any amendment to or repeal of these provisions will not adversely affect any right or protection of our directors in respect of any act or failure to act that occurred prior to any amendment to or repeal of such provisions or the adopt an inconsistent provision. If the DGCL is amended to provide further limitation on the personal liability of directors corporations, then the personal liability of our directors will be further limited to the greatest extent permitted by the DGCL. In addition, we have entered into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executofficers. We also maintain director and officer liability insurance.

### Special meetings of stockholders

Our amended and restated by-laws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called only by the chairm a majority of the members of our board of directors or at the request of holders of 50.1% or more of our outstanding common stock. Stockholders requesting a special meeting must provide a notice to us with the proposed date, time place of the meeting (which may not be earlier than 60 days after the date the notice is delivered to us (or 90 days in case of special meetings called to elect one or more directors)) and the purposes for which the special meeting is be called. The stockholders requesting the special meeting must also comply with the requirements that would be applied in the stockholders were proposing to nominate a candidate for election as a director at an annual meeting or proposing to consideration at an annual meeting. Except as described above, stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition of the stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition of the stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition of the stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition of the stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition or proposition of the stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition or proposition at an annual meeting or proposition or proposition of the stockholders are not permitted to call a special meeting or proposition or proposit

meeting of stockholders, to require that the chairman call such a special meeting or to require that our board requestilling of a special meeting of stockholders. These provisions, taken together, will prevent stockholders from forci consideration by the stockholders of stockholder proposals over the opposition of the board, except at an annual mor under the circumstances described above.

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#### Stockholder action; Advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and director nominations

Our amended and restated by-laws provide that stockholders may take action by written consent if the consent is si by holders of our outstanding shares having the number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and the stockholders seeking to take the action provide us with the same information that would have been required to be provided if they were proposing to take action at a special meeting of stockholders.

In addition, our amended and restated by-laws establish advance notice procedures for:

stockholders to nominate candidates for election as a director; and

stockholders to propose topics for consideration at stockholders meetings.

Stockholders must notify our corporate secretary in writing prior to the meeting at which the matters are to be acte or directors are to be elected. The notice must contain the information specified in our amended and restated by-lav including, but not limited to, information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock or derivati securities that have a value associated with our common stock held by the proposing stockholder and its associates any voting or similar agreement the proposing stockholder has entered into with respect to our common stock. To timely, the notice must be received at our corporate headquarters not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days price the first anniversary of the date of the prior year s annual meeting of stockholders. If the annual meeting is advanced to the prior year shall be a stockholders and the stockholders and the stockholders are stockholders. more than 30 days, or delayed by more than 60 days, from the anniversary of the preceding year s annual meeting no annual meeting was held in the preceding year or for the first annual meeting following our initial public offering notice by the stockholder, to be timely, must be received not earlier than the 120th day prior to the annual meeting not later than the later of the 90th day prior to the annual meeting or the 10th day following the day on which we n stockholders of the date of the annual meeting, either by mail or other public disclosure. In the case of a special me of stockholders called to elect directors, the stockholder notice must be received not earlier than 120 days prior to special meeting and not later than the later of the 90th day prior to the special meeting or 10th day following the day which we notify stockholders of the date of the special meeting, either by mail or other public disclosure. Notwithstanding the above, in the event that the number of directors to be elected to the board at an annual meeting

Notwithstanding the above, in the event that the number of directors to be elected to the board at an annual meeting increased and we do not make any public announcement naming the nominees for the additional directorships at le 100 days before the first anniversary of the preceding year s annual meeting, a stockholder notice of nomination s be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for the additional directorships, if it is delivered not later t the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such public announcement is first made. These provisions may preclude some stockholders from bringing matters before the stockholders at an annual or special meeting or from nominating candidates for director at an annual or special meeting.

#### **Directors**

Our board of directors currently has nine members. Each of our directors will serve for a term of one year. Directo office until the annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors have been duly elected and qualified. Our of directors may elect a director to fill a vacancy, including vacancies created by the expansion of the board of directors the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors then in office.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated by-laws do not provide for cumulavoting in the election of directors.

## **Business combinations with interested stockholders**

In general, section 203 of the DGCL prevents an interested stockholder (which is defined generally as a person ow 15% or more of the corporation s outstanding voting stock) of a Delaware corporation from

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engaging in a business combination (as defined therein) for three years following the date that person became an interested stockholder unless various conditions are satisfied. We have elected to opt out of the provisions of section Accordingly, we will not be subject to the anti-takeover effects of section 203.

#### Forum for adjudication of disputes

Our amended and restated by-laws provide that unless the Company consents in writing to the selection of an alter forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for any derivative action proceeding brought on behalf of the Company, any action asserting breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any direct conficer or other employee of the Company, any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to the DGCL or any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Although we have included a choice of forum provision amended and restated by-laws, it is possible that a court could rule that such provision is inapplicable or unenforce. In addition, this provision would not affect the ability of our stockholders to seek remedies under the federal securitary.

### Transfer agent and registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

#### National securities exchange listing

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol HMHC.

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#### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are registering common stock covered by this prospectus to permit the selling stockholders to conduct public secondary trading of these shares from time to time after the date of this prospectus. We will not receive any of the proceeds of the sale of the common stock offered by this prospectus. The aggregate proceeds to the selling stockhol from the sale of the common stock will be the purchase price of the common stock less any discounts and commiss. We have agreed to pay certain expenses of the selling stockholders incurred in connection with the sale of common from time to time pursuant to this prospectus, including the underwriters—discounts and commissions for the first underwritten demand registration or shelf takedown by stockholders under this prospectus, as well as other offering expenses payable by us.

Each selling stockholder reserves the right to accept and, together with its agents, to reject, any proposed purchase common stock to be made directly or through agents. If any pledgee, donee, transferee or other successor to the sel stockholders named in this prospectus wishes to sell under this prospectus, we will file a prospectus supplement identifying such successors as selling stockholders.

The shares of common stock offered by this prospectus may be sold from time to time to purchasers:

directly by the selling stockholders and their successors, which includes their donees, pledgees or transfe their successors-in-interest; or

through underwriters, broker-dealers or agents, who may receive compensation in the form of discounts, commissions or agent s commissions from the selling stockholders or the purchasers of the common sto These discounts, concessions, or commissions may be in excess of those customary in the types of transa involved.

The common stock may be sold in one or more transactions at:

fixed prices;

prevailing market prices at the time of sale;

prices related to such prevailing market prices;

varying prices determined at the time of sale; or

negotiated prices.

These sales may be effected in one or more transactions:

on any national securities exchange or quotation service on which our common stock may be listed or que the time of sale, including NASDAQ;

in the over-the-counter market;

in transactions otherwise than on such exchanges or services or in the over-the-counter market;

through the writing of options (including the issuance by the selling stockholders of derivative securities) whether the options or such other derivative securities are listed on an options exchange or otherwise;

through the settlement of short sales; or

through any combination of the foregoing.

These transactions may include block transactions or crosses. Crosses are transactions in which the same broker ac an agent on both sides of the trade. In connection with the sales of our common stock, the selling stockholders may into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions that, in turn, may:

engage in short sales of the common stock in the course of hedging their positions;

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sell the common stock short and deliver the common stock to close out short positions;

loan or pledge the common stock to broker-dealers or other financial institutions that in turn may sell the common stock;

enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions that require the delivery to the broker-dealer or other financial institution of the common stock, which the broker-dealer other financial institution may resell; or

enter into transactions in which a broker-dealer makes purchases as a principal for resale for its own according through other types of transactions.

A short sale of common stock by a broker-dealer, financial institution or selling stockholder would involve the sale such common stock that is not owned, and therefore must be borrowed, in order to make delivery of the security in connection with such sale. In connection with a short sale of common stock, a broker-dealer, financial institution of selling stockholder may purchase shares on the open market to cover positions created by short sales. In determining source of the common stock to close out such short positions, the broker-dealer, financial institution or selling stockholders may consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market.

At the time a particular offering of the shares is made, a prospectus supplement, if required, will be distributed, wh will set forth the names of the selling stockholders, the aggregate amount of shares being offered and the terms of to offering, including, to the extent required, (1) the name or names of any underwriters, broker-dealers or agents, (2) discounts, commissions and other terms constituting compensation from the selling stockholders and (3) any disco commissions or concessions allowed or reallowed to be paid to broker-dealers.

The common stock is listed on NASDAQ under the symbol HMHC.

There can be no assurance that any selling stockholder will sell any or all of the common stock under this prospect Further, we cannot assure you that any such selling stockholder will not transfer, devise or gift the common stock to other means not described in this prospectus. In addition, any common stock covered by this prospectus that qualificate under Rule 144 of the Securities Act may be sold under Rule 144 rather than under this prospectus. The common stock may be sold in some states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states common stock may not be sold unless it has been registered or qualified for sale or an exemption from registration qualification is available and complied with.

The selling stockholders and any other person participating in the sale of the common stock will be subject to the Exchange Act. The Exchange Act rules include, without limitation, Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of the common stock by the selling stockholders and any other person. In addition, Regulation M may restrict the ability of any person engaged in the distribution of the common stock to engage in market-making activities with respect to the particular common stock being distributed. This may affect the marketability of the common stock and the ability of any person or entity to engage in market-making activities wirespect to the common stock.

In the Investor Rights Agreement, we have agreed to indemnify or provide contribution to the selling stockholders against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. In addition, where agreed to pay substantially all of the expenses incidental to the registration of the common stock, including the

payment of federal securities law and state blue sky registration fees, and, except for the first underwritten demargistration or shelf takedown by stockholders under this prospectus, we will not bear any underwriting discounts commissions or transfer taxes relating to the sale of common stock.

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#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP, New York, New York, will pass on the validity of the common st offered by this prospectus.

#### **EXPERTS**

The financial statements and management s assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial repo (which is included in Management s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this proby reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 have been so incorporated reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

#### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3, which includes exhibits and schedules, under the Securities Act with respect to the common stock offered for sale from time to time pursuant to this prospectus. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement because parts of the registratement have been omitted as permitted by rules and regulations of the SEC. We refer you to the registration state and its exhibits for further information about us and our securities. The registration statement and its exhibits, as we any other documents that we have filed with the SEC, can be inspected and copied at the SEC is public reference reference room by Calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the SEC maintains a website at http://www.sec that contains the registration statement and other reports, proxy and information statements and information that we file electronically with the SEC.

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. We make thes filings available on our website once they are filed with the SEC. You may read and copy any reports, statements of other information on file at the public reference rooms. You can also request copies of these documents, for a copy fee, by writing to the SEC, or you can review these documents on the SEC s website, as described above. In additional provide electronic or paper copies of our filings free of charge upon request.

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### INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The rules of the SEC allow us to incorporate information into this prospectus by reference. The information incorp by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus, and later information that we file with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents listed below and any future documents (excluding information furnished pursuant to Items 2.02 and 7.01 of Form 8-K) with the SEC pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, subsequent to the date of this prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed on February 26, 2015;

our Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed on March 31, 2015 (solely to the extent incorpora reference into Part III of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014); and

our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 24, 2015.

You can obtain any of the filings incorporated by reference into this prospectus through us or from the SEC throug SEC s website at http://www.sec.gov. We will provide, without charge, to each person, including any beneficial o whom a copy of this prospectus is delivered, upon written or oral request of such person, a copy of any or all of the reports and documents referred to above which have been or may be incorporated by reference into this prospectus should direct requests for those documents to:

Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company

222 Berkeley Street

Boston, MA 02116

Attn: Corporate Secretary

(617) 351-5000

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, our Definitive Proxy Statement and other reports and documents incorporated by reference herein may also be found in the Investor Relations section of our website at http://www.hmhco.com. Of website and the information contained in it or connected to it shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this prospor any registration statement of which it forms a part.

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10,575,300 Shares

Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Company

COMMON STOCK

Prospectus Supplement

May , 2015