WINMARK CORP Form 10-Q April 25, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECTIDITIES AND EXCHANCE COMMISSION

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012
or
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

to

For the transition period from

Commission File Number: 000-22012

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WINMARK CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Minnesota	41-1622693
Willingsou	71 1022

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

605 Highway 169 North, Suite 400, Minneapolis, MN 55441

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(763) 520-8500

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Common stock, no par value, 5,075,954 shares outstanding as of April 18, 2012.

WINMARK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1: Financial Statements

WINMARK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	ASSETS			
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,093,400	\$	9,020,100
Marketable securities				1,043,800
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$16,700				
and \$15,100		1,282,400		1,316,200
Net investment in leases - current		11,465,300		11,746,900
Income tax receivable				116,500
Inventories		69,100		68,500
Prepaid expenses		437,400		362,000
Total current assets		15,347,600		23,674,000
Net investment in leases - long-term		18,096,700		18,102,000
Long-term investments, less allowance for losses of \$883,100				
and \$883,100		3,780,000		3,817,400
Property and equipment, net		1,384,000		1,474,800
Other assets		677,500		677,500
	\$	39,285,800	\$	47,745,700
LIABILITIES AND	SHAREHOLD	ERS EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:				
Line of credit	\$	12,100,000	\$	
Accounts payable		1,269,800		1,460,300
Income tax payable		58,200		
Accrued liabilities		1,709,900		1,346,000
Discounted lease rentals		13,900		20,800
Rents received in advance		282,000		274,700
Deferred revenue		1,376,800		1,212,400
Deferred income taxes		3,487,900		3,464,800
Total current liabilities		20,298,500		7,779,000
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Rents received in advance		194,500		269,400
Deferred revenue		847,300		844,300
Other liabilities		1,314,200		1,389,200
Deferred income taxes		2,607,100		2,355,100
Total long-term liabilities		4,963,100		4,858,000
Shareholders Equity:				
Common stock, no par, 10,000,000 shares authorized,				
5,075,954 and 4,987,643 shares issued and outstanding		1,565,800		629,800

Accumulated other comprehensive income		17,000
Retained earnings	12,458,400	34,461,900
Total shareholders equity	14,024,200	35,108,700
	\$ 39,285,800	\$ 47,745,700

WINMARK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 March 26, 2011 **REVENUE:** Royalties \$ 8,288,500 \$ 7,052,800 Leasing income 2,392,100 3,235,000 Merchandise sales 709,800 501,400 Franchise fees 285,000 75,000 Other 240,700 158,000 Total revenue 11,833,400 11,104,900 COST OF MERCHANDISE SOLD 482,900 664,300 LEASING EXPENSE 239,800 518,700 PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES (53,000)45,400 SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES 5,136,100 4,845,900 Income from operations 5,846,200 5,212,000 LOSS FROM EQUITY INVESTMENTS (37,400)(77,000)INTEREST EXPENSE (69,800)(31,100)INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME 46,300 17,200 5,121,100 5,785,300 Income before income taxes PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES (2,094,800) (2,269,300)\$ \$ NET INCOME 3,516,000 3,026,300 EARNINGS PER SHARE BASIC \$.70 \$.61 \$ EARNINGS PER SHARE DILUTED .67 \$.58 WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING 4,989,588 5,052,952 WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING 5,280,202 5,215,484

WINMARK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

		Three Mont	hs Ende	ì
	N	Iarch 31, 2012		March 26, 2011
NET INCOME	\$	3,516,000	\$	3,026,300
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), BEFORE TAX:				
Unrealized net gains on marketable securities:				
Reclassification adjustment for net gains included in net income		(28,000)		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), BEFORE TAX		(28,000)		
INCOME TAX (EXPENSE) BENEFIT RELATED TO ITEMS OF OTHER				
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:				
Unrealized net gains on marketable securities:				
Reclassification adjustment for net gains included in net income		11,000		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET OF TAX		(17,000)		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	3,499,000	\$	3,026,300

WINMARK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			d
		March 31, 2012	March 26, 2011	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$	3,516,000	\$	3,026,300
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating				
activities:				
Depreciation		114,500		120,500
Provision for credit losses		(53,000)		45,400
Compensation expense related to stock options		205,400		170,400
Deferred income taxes		275,100		
Loss (gain) on sale of marketable securities		(30,000)		600
Loss from equity investments		37,400		77,000
Deferred initial direct costs		(152,000)		(52,100)
Amortization of deferred initial direct costs		102,300		150,700
Tax benefits on exercised stock options		(327,400)		(69,800)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		33,800		492,300
Income tax receivable / payable		513,100		582,900
Inventories		(600)		38,100
Prepaid expenses		(75,400)		(25,600)
Accounts payable		(190,500)		1,161,700
Accrued and other liabilities		288,900		1,690,400
Rents received in advance and security deposits		107,600		76,200
Other assets				3,000
Deferred revenue		167,400		216,800
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,532,600		7,704,800
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		1,311,600		160,400
Purchase of marketable securities		(265,800)		
Purchase of property and equipment		(23,700)		(32,400)
Purchase of equipment for lease contracts		(4,338,000)		(4,720,000)
Principal collections on lease receivables		4,545,500		4,405,700
·				
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		1,229,600		(186,300)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				, , ,
Proceeds from borrowings on line of credit		14,600,000		
Payments on line of credit		(2,500,000)		(5,300,000)
Repurchases of common stock				(2,499,300)
Proceeds from exercises of stock options		403,200		421,300
Dividends paid		(25,519,500)		(99,800)
Tax benefits on exercised stock options		327,400		69,800
		, , ,		
Net cash used for financing activities		(12,688,900)		(7,408,000)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(6,926,700)		110,500
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		9,020,100		2,257,100
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	2,093,400	\$	2,367,600
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:	Ţ	, , , , , , , ,		_,_ ,,,,,,,

Cash paid for interest	\$ 19,800	\$ 90,200
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 1,481,100	\$ 1,348,200

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WINMARK CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Management s Interim Financial Statement Representation:

The accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared by Winmark Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company has a 52/53 week year which ends on the last Saturday in December. The information in the consolidated condensed financial statements includes normal recurring adjustments and reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of such financial statements. The consolidated condensed financial statements and notes are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions for Form 10-Q, and therefore do not contain certain information included in the Company s annual consolidated financial statements and notes. This report should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company s latest Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Revenues and operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of previously reported amounts have been made to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications did not impact net income or shareholders equity as previously reported.

2. Organization and Business:

The Company offers licenses to operate franchises using the service marks Plato s Closet®, Play It Again Sports®, Once Upon A Child® and Music Go Round®. The Company also operates both middle market and small-ticket equipment leasing businesses under the Winmark Capital® and Wirth Business Credit® marks.

3. Fair Value Measurements

The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company uses three levels of inputs to measure fair value:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 3 unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data available, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company s marketable securities were valued based on Level 1 inputs using quoted prices.

Due to their nature, the carrying value of cash equivalents, receivables, payables and debt obligations approximates fair value.

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4. Investments:

Marketable Securities

The following is a summary of marketable securities classified as available-for-sale securities:

	Mai	rch 31, 2012	December	r 31, 20	11
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost		Fair Value
Equity securities	\$	\$	\$ 1.015.800	\$	1.043.800

The Company s unrealized gains and losses for marketable securities classified as available-for-sale securities in accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows:

	March 31, 201	2 Decem	ber 31, 2011
Unrealized gains	\$	\$	32,900
Unrealized losses			(4,900)
Net unrealized gains/(losses)	\$	\$	28,000

The Company s realized gains and losses recognized on sales of available-for-sale marketable securities are as follows:

		Three Months Ended			
	N	March 31, 2012	Ma	arch 26, 2011	
Realized gains	\$	42,300	\$		
Realized losses		(12,300)		(600)	
Net realized gains/(losses)	\$	30,000	\$	(600)	

Amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings is determined by using the average cost of the security when sold.

Long-Term Investments

The Company has an investment in Tomsten, Inc. (Tomsten), the parent company of Archiver s retail chain. The Company has invested a total of \$8.5 million in the purchase of common stock of Tomsten. The Company s investment currently represents 22.0% of the outstanding common stock of Tomsten. As of March 31, 2012, \$0.3 million of the Company s investment, with a current carrying value of \$2.5 million, is attributable to goodwill. The amount of goodwill was determined by calculating the difference between the Company s net investment in Tomsten less its pro rata share of Tomsten s net worth.

The Company has a \$2.0 million investment in senior subordinated promissory notes with warrants in BridgeFunds Limited (BridgeFunds). BridgeFunds advances funds to claimants involved in civil litigation to cover litigation expenses. Monthly prepayment of the principal of such notes in an amount equal to Available Cash Flow (as defined within the agreements governing the notes) is required, and the maturity date of the notes is June 30, 2012. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company did not receive any payments of principal or interest on the notes. The Company stopped accruing interest on this investment as of September 30, 2010. The Company has deemed this investment to be impaired, and in evaluating the investment for impairment has determined that its present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate on the notes of 15%, is less than the recorded investment in the notes. In developing its estimate of expected future cash flows, the Company used certain information obtained from BridgeFunds concerning existing liabilities, claimant cases outstanding and historical default rates on claimant advances, and made certain assumptions regarding the timing of case settlements, the payment of future liabilities and future default rates. The Company

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recognized \$883,100 in impairment charges during 2011 and established a corresponding valuation allowance accordingly. Based upon the Company's estimate of expected future cash flows as of March 31, 2012, there were no additional impairment charges during the three month period then ended. As of March 31, 2012, the \$1.3 million net investment balance inclusive of \$0.2 million of related interest receivable is classified as long-term based on expected payments from Available Cash Flow.

5. Investment in Leasing Operations:

Investment in leasing operations consists of the following:

	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Direct financing and sales-type leases:		
Minimum lease payments receivable	\$ 27,040,200 \$	27,413,300
Estimated residual value of equipment	2,992,700	2,764,400
Unearned lease income net of initial direct costs deferred	(4,198,600)	(4,217,000)
Security deposits	(2,624,000)	(2,448,800)
Equipment installed on leases not yet commenced	6,476,800	6,489,200
Total investment in direct financing and sales-type leases	29,687,100	30,001,100
Allowance for credit losses	(759,200)	(803,800)
Net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases	28,927,900	29,197,300
Operating leases:		
Operating lease assets	1,302,500	1,218,900
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(668,400)	(567,300)
Net investment in operating leases	634,100	651,600
Total net investment in leasing operations	\$ 29,562,000 \$	29,848,900

As of March 31, 2012, the \$29.6 million total net investment in leases consists of \$11.5 million classified as current and \$18.1 million classified as long-term. As of December 31, 2011, the \$29.8 million total net investment in leases consists of \$11.7 million classified as current and \$18.1 million classified as long-term.

As of March 31, 2012, leased assets with one customer approximated 13% of the Company s total assets.

Future minimum lease payments receivable under lease contracts and the amortization of unearned lease income, net of initial direct costs deferred, is as follows for the remainder of fiscal 2012 and the full fiscal years thereafter as of March 31, 2012:

	I	Direct Financing and	Operating Leases			
	Miı	Minimum Lease		Income	Minimum Lease	
	Paym	Payments Receivable		Amortization	Pay	ments Receivable
2012	\$	11,200,300	\$	2,343,800	\$	1,055,600
2013		9,312,400		1,402,400		1,517,800

2014	4,776,900	366,900	132,400
2015	1,251,700	79,300	,
2016	498,900	6,200	
Thereafter			
	\$ 27,040,200	\$ 4,198,600 \$	2,705,800

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The activity in the allowance for credit losses for leasing operations during the first three months of 2012 and 2011, respectively, is as follows:

	Marc	h 31, 2012	Ma	rch 26, 2011
Balance at beginning of period	\$	803,800	\$	907,800
Provisions charged to expense		(53,000)		45,400
Recoveries		34,100		25,100
Deductions for amounts written-off		(25,700)		(117,800)
Balance at end of period	\$	759,200	\$	860,500

The Company s investment in direct financing and sales-type leases (Investment In Leases) and allowance for credit losses by loss evaluation methodology are as follows:

	March 31, 2012			December 31, 2011			
	Investment		owance for		Investment		owance for
	In Leases	Cr	edit Losses		In Leases	Cr	edit Losses
Collectively evaluated for loss potential	\$ 29,687,100	\$	759,200	\$	30,001,100	\$	803,800
Individually evaluated for loss potential							
Total	\$ 29,687,100	\$	759,200	\$	30,001,100	\$	803,800

The Company s key credit quality indicator for its investment in direct financing and sales-type leases is the status of the lease, defined as accruing or non-accruing. Leases that are accruing income are considered to have a lower risk of loss. Non-accrual leases are those that the Company believes have a higher risk of loss. The following table sets forth information regarding the Company s accruing and non-accrual leases. Delinquent balances are determined based on the contractual terms of the lease.

	á	0-60 Days Delinquent and Accruing	61-90 Days Delinquent and Accruing	March 31, 2012 Over 90 Days Delinquent and Accruing	Nor	n-Accrual	Total
Middle-Market	\$	26,835,700	\$	\$	\$	94,300	\$ 26,930,000
Small-Ticket		2,757,100					2,757,100
Total Investment in Leases	\$	29,592,800	\$	\$	\$	94,300	\$ 29,687,100

					December 31, 2011			
		0-60 Days Delinquent		1-90 Days elinquent	Over 90 Days Delinquent and			
	a	nd Accruing	an	d Accruing	Accruing	No	n-Accrual	Total
Middle-Market	\$	25,650,500	\$	932,100	\$	\$		\$ 26,582,600
Small-Ticket		3,351,400		48,300			18,800	3,418,500
Total Investment in Leases	\$	29,001,900	\$	980,400	\$	\$	18,800	\$ 30,001,100

6. New Accounting Pronouncements:

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) amended its accounting guidance on the presentation of other comprehensive income (OCI) in an entity s financial statements. The amended guidance eliminates the option to present the components of OCI as part of the statement of changes in shareholders equity and provides two options for presenting OCI: in a statement included in the income statement or in a separate statement immediately following the income statement. The amendments do not change the guidance for the items that have to be reported in OCI or when an item of OCI has to be moved into net income. For public entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company has adopted the amended presentation guidance in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q (see Consolidated Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income) and such adoption has not impacted the consolidated results of the Company.

In September 2011, the FASB amended its accounting guidance on testing goodwill for impairment by providing entities an option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing is necessary. The amendments do not change the guidance for how goodwill is calculated or when goodwill is tested for impairment. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company adopted the new guidance on January 1, 2012 and such adoption has not impacted the consolidated results of the Company.

7. Earnings Per Share:

The following table sets forth the presentation of shares outstanding used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS):

	Three Mont	hs Ended
	March 31, 2012	March 26, 2011
Denominator for basic EPS weighted average common shares	5,052,952	4,989,588
Dilutive shares associated with option plans	227,250	225,896
Denominator for diluted EPS weighted average common shares and dilutive potential		
common shares	5,280,202	5,215,484
Options excluded from EPS calculation anti-dilutive	4,494	14,487

8. Shareholders Equity:

Dividends

On January 18, 2012, the Company s Board of Directors approved the payment of a \$0.03 per share quarterly cash dividend and \$5.00 per share special cash dividend (the Special Dividend) to shareholders of record at the close of business on February 8, 2012, both of which were paid on March 1, 2012. The Special Dividend totaled \$25.4 million and was financed by a combination of cash on hand as well as net borrowings under the Line of Credit of \$12.8 million. (See Note 9 Line of Credit).

Repurchase of Common Stock

The Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock in the first three months of 2012. Under the Board of Directors authorization, as of March 31, 2012, the Company has the ability to repurchase 495,872 shares of its common stock. Repurchases may be made from time to time at prevailing prices, subject to certain restrictions on volume, pricing and timing.

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Stock Option Plans and Stock-Based Compensation

The Company had authorized up to 750,000 shares of common stock be reserved for granting either nonqualified or incentive stock options to officers and key employees under the Company s 2001 Stock Option Plan (the 2001 Plan). The 2001 Plan expired on February 20, 2011. The Company has authorized up to 250,000 shares of common stock to be reserved for granting either nonqualified or incentive stock options to officers and key employees under the Company s 2010 Stock Option Plan (the 2010 Plan).

The Company also sponsors a Stock Option Plan for Nonemployee Directors (the Nonemployee Directors Plan) and has reserved a total of 300,000 shares for issuance to directors of the Company who are not employees.

Stock option activity under the 2001 Plan, 2010 Plan and Nonemployee Directors Plan (collectively, the Option Plans) as of March 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	668,614	\$ 24.31	6.62	\$ 22,101,800
Exercised	(119,662)	20.31		
Outstanding at March 31, 2012	548,952	\$ 25.19	6.90	\$ 17,979,700
Exercisable at March 31, 2012	300.126	\$ 17.86	5.75	\$ 11.489.900

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, option holders surrendered 31,351 shares of previously owned common stock as payment for option shares exercised as provided for by the Option Plans. No options were granted during the three months ended March 31, 2012 or the three months ended March 26, 2011. All unexercised options at March 31, 2012 have an exercise price equal to the fair market value on the date of the grant.

Compensation expense of \$205,400 and \$170,400 relating to the vested portion of the fair value of stock options granted was expensed to Selling, General and Administrative Expenses in the first three months of 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of March 31, 2012, the Company had \$1.8 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to stock options that is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted average period of approximately 2.3 years.

9. Line of Credit

On January 30, 2012, the Company s Line of Credit with The PrivateBank and Trust Company and BMO Harris Bank N.A. was amended to, among other things, provide the consent of the lenders for the payment of the Special Dividend and to amend certain financial covenant calculations to remove the effect of the Special Dividend in such calculations.

On February 29, 2012, the Line of Credit was amended to, among other things, increase the aggregate commitments from \$30.0 million to \$35.0 million and extend the termination date from July 31, 2014 to February 29, 2016.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Line of Credit was used to finance in part the Special Dividend (as indicated above) and has been and will continue to be used for general corporate purposes. Borrowings under the Line of Credit are subject to certain borrowing base limitations, and the Line of Credit is secured by a lien against substantially all of the Company s assets, contains customary financial conditions and covenants, and requires maintenance of minimum levels of debt service coverage and tangible net worth and maximum levels of leverage (all as defined within the Line of Credit). As of March 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants and the Company s borrowing availability under the Line of Credit was \$35.0 million (the lesser of the borrowing base or the aggregate commitments). There were \$12.1 million in borrowings outstanding under the Line of Credit bearing interest ranging from 3.24% to 3.75%, leaving \$22.9 million available for additional borrowings.

10. Segment Reporting:

The Company currently has two reportable business segments, franchising and leasing. The franchising segment franchises value-oriented retail store concepts that buy, sell, trade and consign merchandise. The leasing segment includes (i) Winmark Capital Corporation, a middle-market equipment leasing business and (ii) Wirth Business Credit, Inc., a small ticket financing business. Segment reporting is intended to give financial statement users a better view of how the Company manages and evaluates its businesses. The Company s internal management reporting is the basis for the information disclosed for its business segments and includes allocation of shared-service costs. Segment assets are those that are directly used in or identified with segment operations, including cash, accounts receivable, prepaids, inventory, property and equipment and investment in leasing operations. Unallocated assets include corporate cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, current and long-term investments, deferred tax amounts and other corporate assets. Inter-segment balances and transactions have been eliminated. The following tables summarize financial information by segment and provide a reconciliation of segment contribution to operating income:

	Three Months Ended					
	March 31, 2012		March 26, 2011			
Revenue:						
Franchising	\$ 9,441,300	\$	7,849,900			
Leasing	2,392,100		3,255,000			
Total revenue	\$ 11,833,400	\$	11,104,900			
Reconciliation to operating						
income:						
Franchising segment contribution	\$ 4,828,500	\$	3,740,800			
Leasing segment contribution	1,017,700		1,471,200			
Total operating income	\$ 5,846,200	\$	5,212,000			
Depreciation:						
Franchising	\$ 88,900	\$	93,700			
Leasing	25,600		26,800			
Total depreciation	\$ 114,500	\$	120,500			

		As	of	
	Mar	ch 31, 2012	Dec	ember 31, 2011
Identifiable assets:				
Franchising	\$	2,418,100	\$	7,753,200
Leasing		31,601,400		33,374,000
Unallocated		5,266,300		6,618,500
Total	\$	39,285,800	\$	47,745,700

ITEM 2: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Overview

As of March 31, 2012, we had 939 franchises operating under the Plato s Closet, Play it Again Sports, Once Upon a Child and Music Go Round brands and had a leasing portfolio of \$29.6 million. Management closely tracks the following financial criteria to evaluate current business operations and future prospects: royalties, leasing activity, and selling, general and administrative expenses.

Our most profitable source of franchising revenue is royalties received from our franchise partners. During the first three months of 2012, our royalties increased \$1.2 million or 17.5% compared to the first three months of 2011.

During the first three months of 2012, we purchased \$4.3 million in equipment for lease customers compared to \$4.7 million in the first three months of 2011. Overall, our leasing portfolio (net investment in leases current and long-term) decreased to \$29.6 million at March 31, 2012 from \$29.8 million at December 31, 2011. Leasing income net of leasing expense during the first three months of 2012 was \$2.2 million compared to \$2.7 million in the same period last year. Fluctuations in period-to-period leasing income and leasing expense result primarily from the manner and timing in which leasing income and leasing expense is recognized over the term of each particular lease in accordance with accounting guidance applicable to leasing. For this reason, we believe that more meaningful levels of leasing activity are the purchases of equipment for lease customers and the medium- to long-term trend in the size of the leasing portfolio. Our earnings are also impacted by credit losses. During the first three months of 2012, our provision for credit losses decreased to \$(53,000) from \$45,400 in the first three months of 2011.

Management continually monitors the level and timing of selling, general and administrative expenses. The major components of selling, general and administrative expenses include salaries, wages and benefits, advertising, travel, occupancy, legal and professional fees. During the first three months of 2012, selling, general and administrative expense increased \$292,200, or 6.0%, compared to the first three months of 2011.

Management also monitors several nonfinancial factors in evaluating the current business operations and future prospects including franchise openings and closings and franchise renewals. The following is a summary of our franchising activity for the first three months ended March 31, 2012:

					THREE MONTH	IS ENDED 3/31/12
	TOTAL 12/31/11	OPENED	CLOSED	TOTAL 3/31/12	AVAILABLE FOR RENEWAL	COMPLETED RENEWALS
Plato s Closet						
Franchises - US and Canada	324	9	(0)	333	12	12
Play It Again Sports						
Franchises - US and Canada	325	1	(4)	322	28	23
Once Upon A Child						
Franchises - US and Canada	247	2	(0)	249	2	2

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Franchises - US	34	1	(0)	35		
Total Franchised Stores	930	13	(4)	939	42	37

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Renewal activity is a key focus area for management. Our franchisees sign 10-year agreements with us. The renewal of existing franchise agreements as they approach their expiration is an indicator that management monitors to determine the health of our business and the preservation of future royalties. During the first three months of 2012, we renewed 37 of the 42 franchise agreements available for renewal.

Our ability to grow our operating income is dependent on our ability to: (i) effectively support our franchise partners so that they produce higher revenues, (ii) open new franchises, (iii) increase lease originations and minimize write-offs in our leasing portfolios, and (iv) control our selling, general and administrative expenses.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth selected information from our Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations expressed as a percentage of total revenue:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2012	March 26, 2011
Revenue:		
Royalties	70.0%	63.5%
Leasing income	20.2	29.1
Merchandise sales	6.0	4.5
Franchise fees	2.4	0.7
Other	1.4	2.2
Total revenue	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of merchandise sold	(5.6)	(4.3)
Leasing expense	(2.0)	(4.7)
Provision for credit losses	0.4	(0.4)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(43.4)	(43.6)
Income from operations	49.4	47.0
Loss from equity investments	(0.3)	(0.7)
Interest expense	(0.6)	(0.3)
Interest and other income	0.4	0.1
Income before income taxes	48.9	46.1
Provision for income taxes	(19.2)	(18.9)
Net income	29.7%	27.2%

Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 to Three Months Ended March 26, 2011

Revenue

Revenues for the first three months of 2012 totaled \$11.8 million compared to \$11.1 million for the comparable period in 2011.

Royalties and Franchise Fees

Royalties increased to \$8.3 million for the first three months of 2012 from \$7.1 million for the first three months of 2011, a 17.5% increase. The increase was due to higher Plato s Closet and Once Upon A Child royalties of \$0.9 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. The increase in royalties for these brands is primarily due to higher franchisee retail sales in these brands as well as having 31 additional Plato s Closet franchise stores in the first three months of 2012 compared to the same period last year.

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Franchise fees increased to \$285,000 for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$75,000 for the first three months of 2011, primarily as a result of opening 10 more franchises in the 2012 period compared to the same period in 2011.
Leasing Income
Leasing income decreased to \$2.4 million for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$3.2 million for the same period in 2011. The decrease is primarily due to a lower level of equipment sales to customers.
Merchandise Sales
Merchandise sales include the sale of product to franchisees either through the Play It Again Sports buying group, or through our Computer Support Center (together, Direct Franchisee Sales). Direct Franchisee Sales increased to \$709,800 for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$501,400 in the same period of 2011. The increase is due to an increase in buying group sales and increased technology purchases by our franchisees.
Cost of Merchandise Sold
Cost of merchandise sold includes in-bound freight and the cost of merchandise associated with Direct Franchisee Sales. Cost of merchandise sold increased to \$664,300 for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$482,900 in the same period of 2011. The increase was due to an increase in Direct Franchisee Sales discussed above. Cost of merchandise sold as a percentage of Direct Franchisee Sales for the first three months of 2012 and 2011 was 93.6% and 96.3%, respectively.
Leasing Expense
Leasing expense decreased to \$239,800 for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$518,700 for the first three months of 2011. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the associated cost of equipment sales to customers discussed above.
Provision for Credit Losses

Provision for credit losses was \$(53,000) for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$45,400 for the first three months of 2011. Provision levels for the periods presented were impacted by net recoveries/write-offs as well as a lower level of delinquencies, primarily in the small-ticket financing business portion of our leasing segment. During the first three months of 2012, we had total net recoveries of \$8,400 compared to

total net write-offs of \$92,700 in the first three months of 2011.	st three months of 2011.
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Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 6.0% to \$5.1 million in the first three months of 2012 from \$4.8 million in the same period of 2011. The increase was primarily due to an increase in compensation and benefits expense.

Loss from Equity Investments

During the first quarter of 2012 and 2011, we recorded losses of \$37,400 and \$77,000, respectively, from our investment in Tomsten (representing our pro-rata share of losses for the periods).

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased to \$69,800 for the first three months of 2012 compared to \$31,100 for the first three months of 2011. The increase is primarily due to higher corporate borrowings.

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Interest and Other Income

During the first three months of 2012, we had interest and other income of \$46,300 compared to \$17,200 of interest and other income in the first three months of 2011. The increase is primarily due to realized gains on sales of marketable securities during the first three months of 2012. (See Note 4 Investments).

Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was calculated at an effective rate of 39.2% and 40.9% for the first three months of 2012 and 2011, respectively. The lower effective rate in 2012 compared to 2011 is primarily due to a decrease in state taxes.

Segment Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 to Three Months Ended March 26, 2011

Franchising Segment Operating Income

The franchising segment s operating income for the first three months of 2012 increased by \$1.1 million, or 29.1%, to \$4.8 million from \$3.7 million for the first three months of 2011. The increase in segment contribution was primarily due to increased royalty revenue.

Leasing Segment Operating Income

The leasing segment s operating income for the first three months of 2012 decreased by \$0.5 million to \$1.0 million from \$1.5 million for the first three months of 2011. The decrease in segment contribution was primarily due to a decrease in leasing income.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity have historically been cash flow from operations and borrowings. The components of the consolidated statement of operations that reduce our net income but do not affect our liquidity include non-cash items for depreciation, compensation expense related to stock options, loss from equity investments and impairment of investment in notes. The most significant component of the consolidated balance sheet that affects liquidity is our long-term investments. Long-term investments include \$3.8 million of illiquid investments in two private companies: Tomsten, Inc. and BridgeFunds, LLC. (See Note 4 Investments).

We ended the first quarter of 2012 with \$2.1 million in cash and cash equivalents and a current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) of 0.8 to 1.0 compared to \$2.4 million in cash and cash equivalents and a current ratio of 1.5 to 1.0 at the end of the first quarter of 2011.

Operating activities provided \$4.5 million of cash during the first three months of 2012 compared to \$7.7 million during the same period last year. Cash provided by operating assets and liabilities during the 2012 period include an increase in deferred and current income taxes net of tax benefits on exercised stock options of \$0.5 million.

Investing activities provided \$1.2 million of cash during the first three months of 2012 compared to \$0.2 million used during the same period of 2011. The 2012 activities consisted primarily of the purchase of equipment for lease customers of \$4.3 million, collections on lease receivables of \$4.5 million and proceeds from sale of marketable securities of \$1.3 million.

Financing activities used \$12.7 million of cash during the first three months of 2012 compared to \$7.4 million used during the same period of 2011. The 2012 activities consisted primarily of net proceeds and tax benefits from exercises of stock options of \$0.7 million, net borrowings on our line of credit of \$12.1 million and \$25.5 million for the payment of dividends. (See Note 8 Shareholder s Equity).

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As of March 31, 2012, we had no off balance sheet arrangements.

As of March 31, 2012, our borrowing availability under our credit agreement with The PrivateBank and Trust Company and BMO Harris Bank, N.A. (the Line of Credit) was \$35.0 million (the lesser of the borrowing base or the aggregate line of credit). There were \$12.1 million in borrowings outstanding at March 31, 2012 under the Line of Credit bearing interest ranging from 3.24% to 3.75%, leaving \$22.9 million available for additional borrowings.

The Line of Credit, which has a termination date of February 29, 2016, has been and will continue to be used for general corporate purposes. The Line of Credit is secured by a lien against substantially all of our assets, contains customary financial conditions and covenants, and requires maintenance of minimum levels of debt service coverage and tangible net worth and maximum levels of leverage (all as defined within the Line of Credit). As of March 31, 2012, we were in compliance with all of our financial covenants.

We may utilize discounted lease financing to provide funds for a portion of our leasing activities. Rates for discounted lease financing reflect prevailing market interest rates and the credit standing of the lessees for which the payment stream of the leases are discounted. We believe that discounted lease financing will continue to be available to us at competitive rates of interest through the relationships we have established with financial institutions.

We believe that the combination of our cash on hand, the cash generated from our franchising business, cash generated from discounting sources and our Line of Credit will be adequate to fund our planned operations through 2012.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company prepares the consolidated financial statements of Winmark Corporation and Subsidiaries in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As such, the Company is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that it believes are reasonable based on information available. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the periods presented. There can be no assurance that actual results will not differ from these estimates. The critical accounting policies that the Company believes are most important to aid in fully understanding and evaluating the reported financial results include the following:

Revenue Recognition Royalty Revenue and Franchise Fees

The Company collects royalties from each retail franchise based on a percentage of retail store gross sales. The Company recognizes royalties as revenue when earned. At the end of each accounting period, estimates of royalty amounts due are made based on applying historical weekly sales information to the number of weeks of unreported franchisee sales. If there are significant changes in the actual performance of franchisees versus the Company s estimates, its royalty revenue would be impacted. During the first three months of 2012, the Company collected \$89,400 more than it estimated at December 31, 2011. As of March 31, 2012, the Company s royalty receivable was \$945,900.

The Company collects initial franchise fees when franchise agreements are signed and recognizes the initial franchise fees as revenue when the franchise is opened, which is when the Company has performed substantially all initial services required by the franchise agreement. Franchise fees collected from franchisees but not yet recognized as income are recorded as deferred revenue in the liability section of the consolidated balance sheet. As of March 31, 2012, deferred franchise fees were \$1,050,600.

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Leasing Income Recognition
Leasing income for direct financing leases is recognized under the effective interest method. The effective interest method of income recognition applies a constant rate of interest equal to the internal rate of return on the lease. Generally, when a lease is more than 90 days delinquent (where more than three monthly payments are owed), the lease is classified as being on non-accrual and the Company stops recognizing leasing income on that date. Payments received on leases in non-accrual status generally reduce the lease receivable. Leases on non-accrual status remain classified as such until there is sustained payment performance that, in the Company s judgment, would indicate that all contractual amounts will be collected in full.
In certain circumstances, the Company may re-lease equipment in its existing portfolio. As this equipment may have a fair value greater than it carrying amount when re-leased, the Company may be required to account for the lease as a sales-type lease. At inception of a sales-type lease, revenue is recorded that consists of the present value of the future minimum lease payments discounted at the rate implicit in the lease. In subsequent periods, the recording of income is consistent with the accounting for a direct financing lease.
For leases that are accounted for as operating leases, income is recognized on a straight-line basis when payments under the lease contract are due.
Allowances for Credit Losses

The Company maintains an allowance for credit losses at an amount that it believes to be sufficient to absorb losses inherent in its existing lease portfolio as of the reporting dates. Leases are collectively evaluated for potential loss. The Company s methodology for determining the allowance for credit losses includes consideration of the level of delinquencies and non-accrual leases, historical net charge-off amounts and review of any significant concentrations.

A provision is charged against earnings to maintain the allowance for credit losses at the appropriate level. If the actual results are different from the Company s estimates, results could be different. The Company s policy is to charge-off against the allowance the estimated unrecoverable portion of accounts once they reach 121 days delinquent. (See Note 5 Investment in Leasing Operations).

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company currently uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options. The determination of the fair value of the awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model is affected by stock price as well as assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables. These variables include implied volatility over the term of the awards, actual and projected employee stock option exercise behaviors, risk-free interest rate and expected dividends.

The Company evaluates the assumptions used to value awards on an annual basis. If factors change and the Company employs different assumptions for estimating stock-based compensation expense in future periods or if the Company decides to use a different valuation model, the future periods may differ significantly from what it has recorded in the current period and could materially affect operating income, net income and earnings per share.

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Impairment of Long-term Investments

The Company evaluates its long-term equity investments for impairment on an annual basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The impairment, if any, is measured by the difference between the assets—carrying amount and their fair value (as prescribed by applicable accounting guidance), based on the best information available, including market prices, discounted cash flow analysis or other financial metrics that management utilizes to help determine fair value. Judgments made by management related to the fair value of its long-term equity investments are affected by factors such as the ongoing financial performance of the investees, additional capital raised by the investees as well as general changes in the economy. If there are significant changes in the actual performance of the long-term equity investments versus the Company—s estimates, the carrying value of these investments could be significantly impacted.

The Company evaluates its long-term note investments for impairment on an annual basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that it probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the notes. The impairment, if any, is measured by the difference between the recorded investment in the notes, including accrued interest, and the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate of the notes (as prescribed by applicable accounting guidance), based on the best information available to management. Once a note investment is deemed impaired, any significant change in the amount or timing of the expected or actual cash flows requires recalculation of the impairment applying the procedures described above. Estimates and assumptions made by management related to the expected future cash flows from the notes could be different than the actual cash flows, which could significantly impact the carrying value of these investments.

Forward Looking Statements

The statements contained in this Item 2 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations that are not strictly historical fact, including without limitation, the Company s belief that it will have adequate capital and reserves to meet its current and contingent obligations and operating needs, as well as its disclosures regarding market rate risk are forward looking statements made under the safe harbor provision of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Such statements are based on management s current expectations as of the date of this Report, but involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by such forward looking statements. Investors are cautioned to consider these forward looking statements in light of important factors which may result in material variations between results contemplated by such forward looking statements and actual results and conditions. See the section appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 entitled Risk Factors and Part II, Item 1A in this Report for a more complete discussion of certain factors that may cause the Company s actual results to differ from those in its forward looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. The Company undertakes no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason.

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ITEM 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company incurs financial markets risk in the form of interest rate risk. Risk can be quantified by measuring the financial impact of a near-term adverse increase in short-term interest rates. At March 31, 2012, the Company had available a \$35.0 million line of credit with The PrivateBank and Trust Company and BMO Harris Bank, N.A. The interest rates applicable to this agreement are based on either the bank s base rate or LIBOR for short-term borrowings (less than three months) or the bank s index rate for borrowings one year or greater. The Company had \$12.1 million of debt outstanding at March 31, 2012 under this line of credit, all of which was in the form of short-term borrowings subject to daily changes in the bank s base rate or LIBOR. The Company s earnings would be affected by changes in these short-term interest rates. With the Company s borrowings at March 31, 2012, a one percent increase in short-term rates would reduce annual pretax earnings by \$121,000. The Company had no interest rate derivatives in place at March 31, 2012.

None of the Company s cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2012 was invested in money market mutual funds, which are subject to the effects of market fluctuations in interest rates.

Although the Company conducts business in foreign countries, international operations are not material to its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Additionally, foreign currency transaction gains and losses were not material to the Company s results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2012. Accordingly, the Company is not currently subject to material foreign currency exchange rate risks from the effects that exchange rate movements of foreign currencies would have on its future costs or on future cash flows it would receive from its foreign activity. To date, the Company has not entered into any foreign currency forward exchange contracts or other derivative financial instruments to hedge the effects of adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

ITEM 4: Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of its disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act). Based upon, and as of the date of that evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There was no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting during its most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: Legal Proceedings

We are not a party to any material litigation and are not aware of any threatened litigation that would have a material adverse effect on our business.

ITEM 1A: Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, including the important information in Forward-Looking Statements, you should carefully consider the Risk Factors discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. If any of those factors were to occur, they could materially adversely affect the Company's financial condition or future results, and could cause its actual results to differ materially from those expressed in its forward-looking statements in this report. The Company is aware of no material changes to the Risk Factors discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

ITEM 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchase of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Plan(1)	Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2012 to February 4, 2012				495,872
February 5, 2012 to March 3, 2012				495,872
March 4, 2012 to March 31, 2012				495,872

⁽¹⁾ The Board of Directors authorization for the repurchase of shares of the Company s common stock was originally approved in 1995 with no expiration date. The total shares approved for repurchase has been increased by additional Board of Directors approvals and is currently limited to 5,000,000 shares, of which 495,872 may still be repurchased

ITEM 3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None. ITEM 4: Mine Safety Disclosures Not applicable. ITEM 5: Other Information

All information required to be reported in a report on Form 8-K during the first quarter covered by this Form 10-Q has been reported.

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3.1	Articles of Incorporation, as amended (Exhibit 3.1)(1)
3.2	By-laws, as amended and restated to date (Exhibit 3.2)(2)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
Sheets, (ii) Con	Interactive Data Files Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: Financial statements from the quarterly report on Form 10-Q reporation and Subsidiaries for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Condensed Balance solidated Condensed Statements of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income, ed Condensed Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements tagged as blocks of
*Filed Herewith	<u> </u>
	Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the interactive data files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of atement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for atement or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.
(1) (Reg. No. 333-6	Incorporated by reference to the specified exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, effective August 24, 1993 65108).

(2) Incorporated by reference to the specified exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 25, 2012 By: /s/ John L. Morgan

John L. Morgan

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

Date: April 25, 2012 By: /s/ Anthony D. Ishaug

Anthony D. Ishaug

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (principal financial and accounting officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

WINMARK CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q FOR QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, as amended (Exhibit 3.1)(1)
3.2	By-laws, as amended and restated to date (Exhibit 3.2)(2)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
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32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
101	Interactive Data Files Pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: Financial statements from the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Winmark Corporation and Subsidiaries for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements tagged as blocks of text.+

^{*}Filed Herewith

- + Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the interactive data files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections.
- (1) Incorporated by reference to the specified exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, effective August 24, 1993 (Reg. No. 333-65108).
- (2) Incorporated by reference to the specified exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 30, 2006.