REGIS CORP Form 10-Q February 09, 2009 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended December 31, 2008

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-12725

Regis Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Minnesota
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

41-0749934 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

7201 Metro Boulevard, Edina, Minnesota

(Address of principal executive offices)

55439

(Zip Code)

(952) 947-7777

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer X

Accelerated filer O

Non-accelerated filer O (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company O

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock as of February 6, 2009:

Common Stock, \$.05 par value

Class

43,213,321 Number of Shares

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REGIS CORPORATION

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

REGIS CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited)

as of December 31, 2008 and June 30, 2008 (In thousands, except share data)

]	December 31, 2008		June 30, 2008
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,303	\$	127,627
Receivables, net		36,423		37,824
Inventories		194,459		212,468
Deferred income taxes		72,179		15,954
Other current assets		47,659		51,278
Total current assets		415,023		445,151
Property and equipment, net		415,270		481,851
Goodwill		759,751		870,993
Other intangibles, net		130,390		144,291
Investment in and loans to affiliates		232,157		247,102
Other assets		46,266		46,483
Total assets	\$	1,998,857	\$	2,235,871
Total tosets	Ψ	1,220,037	Ψ	2,233,071
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Long-term debt, current portion	\$	151,952	\$	230,224
Accounts payable		77,037		69,693
Accrued expenses		195,231		207,605
Total current liabilities		424,220		507,522
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations		580,579		534,523
Other noncurrent liabilities		205,202		217,640
Total liabilities		1,210,001		1,259,685
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		-,,,		2,227,000
Shareholders equity:				
Common stock, \$0.05 par value; issued and outstanding 43,213,321 and 43,070,927 common				
shares at December 31, 2008 and June 30, 2008, respectively		2,160		2,153
Additional paid-in capital		150,363		143,265
Accumulated other comprehensive income		39,757		101,973
Retained earnings		596,576		728,795
Total shareholders equity		788,856		976,186

Total liabilities and shareholders equity \$ 1,998,857 \$ 2,235,871

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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REGIS CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited) for the three months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands, except per share data)

Service \$ 445,078 \$ 450,851 Product 132,774 142,256 Royalties and fees 9,574 21,559 Operating expenses: 587,426 614,666 Operating expenses: 256,838 259,402 Cost of service 256,838 259,402 Cost of product 65,078 69,036 Site operating expenses 47,620 44,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 18,181 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 275,19 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 44,671 Lease termination costs 847 7 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): 1 1 Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (9,383)		2008	20	007
Product 132,774 142,556 Royalties and fees 9,574 21,559 Operating expenses: 587,400 61,666 Cost of product 65,078 69,036 Site operating expenses 47,620 40,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 44,671 Lease termination costs 847 7 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): 1 1 Interest expense 10,878 11,716 Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) 32,018 Income taxes (9,384) (11,679) 20,725 (Loss) income from continuing operations,	Revenues:			
Royalties and fees 9,74 21,559 Operating expenses: 256,338 29,402 Cost of service 256,338 29,402 Cost of product 65,078 69,036 Site operating expenses 47,620 44,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 11,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 7 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): 11,716 11,716 Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) 11,716 Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) 20,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) 20,725 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from continuing	Service	\$ 445,078	\$	450,851
S87,426 614,666	Product	132,774		142,256
Operating expenses: 256,838 259,02 Cost of service 65,078 69,036 Site operating expenses 47,620 44,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 7 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117	Royalties and fees	9,574		21,559
Cost of service 256,838 259,402 Cost of product 65,078 69,036 Site operating expenses 47,620 44,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expenses): 11,716 11,716 Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,769) I		587,426		614,666
Cost of product 65.078 69.036 Site operating expenses 47,620 44,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 7 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) 20,215 Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income \$ (143,252) \$ 22,556 Net (l	Operating expenses:			
Site operating expenses 47,620 44,079 General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expenses): 10,878 (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income per share: 8 (13,252) 2,2556 Net (loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (20,74) 0,04 Net (Cost of service	256,838		
General and administrative 72,531 83,060 Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 70tolal operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expenses): 10,878 (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest expenses (10,878) (11,716) Income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) 20,125 Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income \$ (143,252) \$ (2,256) Net (loss) income per share: 8 20,725 Net (loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (0,60) 0,48 (Loss)	Cost of product	65,078		69,036
Rent 81,981 89,191 Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): 10,878 (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,38) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income per share: 8 (143,252) \$ 22,556 Net (loss) income from continuing operations (0,60) 0,48 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2,74) 0,04 <td>Site operating expenses</td> <td>47,620</td> <td></td> <td>44,079</td>	Site operating expenses	47,620		44,079
Depreciation and amortization 27,519 28,254 Goodwill impairment 41,661 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 70tal operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): 10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income per share: 8 143,252) \$ 22,556 Net (loss) income from discontinued operations (0,60) 0,48 (Loss) income from fom discontinued operations, net of income taxes \$ (3,34) \$ 0,52 Diluted: (1,050)	General and administrative	72,531		83,060
Goodwill impairment 41,661 Lease termination costs 847 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense): (10,878) (11,716) Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income per share: 8 2,2556 Net (loss) income per share: 8 2,24 0,04 (Loss) income from continuing operations (0,60) 0,48 (Loss) income per share, basic (3,34) 0,52 Dilluted: (1,00) 0,47 (Loss) incom	Rent	81,981		89,191
Lease termination costs 847 Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense):	Depreciation and amortization	27,519		28,254
Total operating expenses 594,075 573,022 Operating (loss) income (6,649) 41,644 Other income (expense):	Goodwill impairment	41,661		
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Interest expense (10,878) (11,716) Interest income and other, net 3,462 2,090 (Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies (14,065) 32,018 Income taxes (9,383) (11,679) Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income \$ (143,252) \$ 22,556 Net (loss) income per share: 8 (0.60) 0.48 (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.48 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 Net (loss) income per share, basic \$ (3.34) 0.52 Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 (
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Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes (2,338) 386 (Loss) income from continuing operations (25,786) 20,725 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2) (117,466) 1,831 Net (loss) income \$ (143,252) \$ 22,556 Net (loss) income per share: 8 Basic: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.48 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 Net (loss) income per share, basic \$ (3.34) \$ 0.52 Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04				
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Net (loss) income per share: Basic: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Loss) income per share, basic State of the discontinued operations (0.60) (0.48) (Loss) income per share, basic (0.60) (0.52) Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) (0.60) (0.47) (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (0.60) (0.60) (0.47) (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (0.60) (0.60) (0.60)				
Net (loss) income per share: Basic: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 Net (loss) income per share, basic Signature (3.34) 0.52 Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04	(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2)	(117,466)		1,831
Net (loss) income per share: Basic: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 Net (loss) income per share, basic Signature (3.34) 0.52 Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04				
Basic: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 Net (loss) income per share, basic Sincome per share, basic Sincome from continuing operations (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Net (loss) income	\$ (143,252)	\$	22,556
Basic: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 Net (loss) income per share, basic Sincome per share, basic Sincome from continuing operations (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes				
(Loss) income from continuing operations(0.60)0.48(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes(2.74)0.04Net (loss) income per share, basic\$ (3.34)\$ 0.52Diluted:(Loss) income from continuing operations(0.60)0.47(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes(2.74)0.04	Net (loss) income per share:			
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes Net (loss) income per share, basic \$ (3.34) \$ 0.52 Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04 0.52	Basic:			
Net (loss) income per share, basic \$ (3.34) \$ 0.52 Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04	(Loss) income from continuing operations	(0.60)		0.48
Diluted: (Loss) income from continuing operations (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) (2.74)	(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(2.74)		0.04
(Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04	Net (loss) income per share, basic	\$ (3.34)	\$	0.52
(Loss) income from continuing operations (0.60) 0.47 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74) 0.04				
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (2.74)	Diluted:			
	(Loss) income from continuing operations	(0.60)		0.47
Net (loss) income per share, diluted \$ 0.51	(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(2.74)		0.04
	Net (loss) income per share, diluted	\$ (3.34)	\$	0.51

Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding:		
Basic	42,897	43,369
Diluted	42,897	43,915
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.04 \$	0.04

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

REGIS CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited) for the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands, except per share data)

		2008	2007
Revenues:			
Service	\$	914,113	\$ 903,614
Product		266,957	275,916
Royalties and fees		19,885	42,466
		1,200,955	1,221,996
Operating expenses:			
Cost of service		523,915	516,055
Cost of product		130,697	132,648
Site operating expenses		96,022	93,410
General and administrative		150,295	166,316
Rent		174,192	176,440
Depreciation and amortization		54,787	56,537
Goodwill impairment		41,661	
Lease termination costs		1,998	
Total operating expenses		1,173,567	1,141,406
Operating income		27,388	80,590
Other income (expense):			
Interest expense		(21,098)	(22,229)
Interest income and other, net		5,197	4,245
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of		44.40=	72 70 7
affiliated companies		11,487	62,606
Income taxes		(19,340)	(22,485)
Equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies, net of income taxes		(1,846)	52
(Loss) income from continuing operations		(9,699)	40,173
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes (Note 2)		(119,066)	2,982
Net (loss) income	\$	(128,765)	\$ 43,155
Tet (1055) Income	Ψ	(120,703)	Ψ Ψ3,133
Net (loss) income per share:			
Basic:			
(Loss) income from continuing operations		(0.23)	0.92
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(2.78)	0.07
Net (loss) income per share, basic	\$	(3.01)	\$ 0.99
Diluted:			
(Loss) income from continuing operations		(0.23)	0.91
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(2.78)	0.07
Net (loss) income per share, diluted	\$	(3.01)	

Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding:		
Basic	42,842	43,559
Diluted	42,842	44,172
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.08 \$	0.08

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Information.

REGIS CORPORATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) for the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

(In thousands)

	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (128,765) \$	43,155
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	57,562	57,271
Amortization	5,067	5,915
Equity in loss (income) of affiliated companies	1,846	(52)
Deferred income taxes	(59,808)	(1,202)
Impairment on discontinued operations	171,004	
Goodwill impairment	41,661	(1.205)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation plans	(284)	(1,295)
Stock-based compensation	3,829	3,303
Other noncash items affecting earnings	(2,535)	707
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(2.072)	(4.045)
Receivables	(3,072)	(4,217)
Inventories	(19,318)	(9,686)
Other current assets	(1,886)	(8,062)
Other assets	2,865	(2,270)
Accounts payable	12,397	(8,572)
Accrued expenses	(8,725)	2,287
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,136	14,987
Net cash provided by operating activities	73,974	92,269
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(48,793)	(44,399)
Proceeds from sale of assets	28	16
Asset acquisitions, net of cash acquired and certain obligations assumed	(30,965)	(53,297)
Proceeds from loans and investments	9,793	10,000
Disbursements for loans and investments	(5,971)	(22,500)
Transfer of cash related to contribution of schools		(7,254)
Net cash used in investing activities	(75,908)	(117,434)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings on revolving credit facilities	3,711,400	4,773,800
Payments on revolving credit facilities	(3,813,500)	(4,711,600)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	85,000	50,000
Repayments of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(21,165)	(63,612)
Repurchase of common stock		(49,957)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation plans	284	1,295
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	2,306	7,372
Dividends paid	(3,453)	(3,530)
Other	(4,117)	(653)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(43,245)	3,115
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(18,145)	10,120

Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(63,324)	(11,930)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of period	127,627	184,785
End of period	\$ 64,303 \$	172,855

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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REGIS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Regis Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2008 and for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to fairly state the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2008 and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the interim periods. Adjustments consist only of normal recurring items, except for any discussed in the notes below. The results of operations and cash flows for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results of operations and cash flows for the full year.

The Consolidated Balance Sheet data for June 30, 2008 was derived from audited Consolidated Financial Statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2008 and other documents filed or furnished with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) during the current fiscal year.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2008 and for the three and six month periods ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 included in this Form 10-Q, have been reviewed by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. Their separate report dated February 9, 2009 appearing herein, states that they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that unaudited financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their report on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for their report on the unaudited financial information because that report is not a report or a part of the registration statement prepared or certified by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.

Inventories:

Inventories consist principally of hair care products held either for use in services or for sale. Cost of product used in salon services is determined by applying estimated gross profit margins to service revenues, which are based on historical factors including product pricing trends and estimated shrinkage. In addition, the estimated gross profit margin is adjusted based on the results of physical inventory counts performed at least semi-annually and the monthly monitoring of factors that could impact the Company s usage rate estimates. These factors include mix of service sales, discounting, and special promotions. Cost of product sold to salon customers is determined based on the weighted average cost of product to the Company, adjusted for an estimated shrinkage factor. Product and service inventories are adjusted based on the results of physical inventory counts performed at least semi-annually.

Stock-Based Employee Compensation:

Stock-based awards are granted under the terms of the 2004 Long Term Incentive Plan (2004 Plan) and the 2000 Stock Option Plan (2000 Plan). Additionally, the Company has outstanding stock options under its 1991 Stock Option Plan (1991 Plan), although the Plan terminated in 2001. Under these plans, four types of stock-based compensation awards are granted: stock options, equity-based stock appreciation rights (SARs), restricted stock awards (RSAs) and restricted stock units (RSUs). The stock-based awards, other than the RSUs, expire within ten years from the grant date. The RSUs cliff vest after five years, and payment of the RSUs is deferred until January 31 of the year following vesting. Unvested awards are subject to forfeiture in the event of termination of employment. The Company utilizes an option-pricing model to estimate the fair value of options and SARs at their grant date. Stock options and SARs are granted at not less than fair market value on the date of grant. The Company s primary employee stock-based compensation grant occurs during the fourth fiscal quarter. The Company generally recognizes compensation expense for its stock-based compensation awards on a straight-line basis over a five-year vesting period. Awards granted do not contain acceleration of vesting terms for retirement eligible recipients.

Total compensation cost for stock-based payment arrangements totaled \$3.8 and \$3.3 million for the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

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Stock options outstanding, weighted average exercise price and weighted average fair values as of December 31, 2008 were as follows:

Options	Shares (in thousands)	A	Weighted verage Exercise Price
Outstanding at June 30, 2008	1,713	\$	24.55
Granted	2		26.79
Exercised	(133)		17.17
Forfeited or expired	(6)		36.24
Outstanding at September 30, 2008	1,576	\$	25.14
Granted			
Exercised	(1)		19.28
Forfeited or expired	(19)		33.10
Outstanding at December 31, 2008	1,556	\$	25.05
Exercisable at December 31, 2008	1,202	\$	22.41

Outstanding options of 1,555,996 at December 31, 2008 had an intrinsic value of less than \$0.1 million and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 4.0 years. Exercisable options of 1,202,296 at December 31, 2008 had an intrinsic value of less than \$0.1 million and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 2.8 years. An additional 336,822 options are expected to vest with a \$34.08 per share weighted average grant price and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 8.1 years and a total intrinsic value of zero.

All options granted relate to stock option plans that have been approved by the shareholders of the Company.

Stock options were granted under the 2004 Plan in fiscal year 2008.

Grants of RSAs, RSUs and SARs outstanding under the 2004 Plan, as well as other relevant terms of the awards, were as follows:

	Nonvested			SARs Outstanding			
	Restricted Stock Outstanding Shares/Units (in thousands)	A Gr	eighted verage ant Date ir Value	Shares (in thousands)		Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Balance, June 30, 2008	523	\$	36.76	527	\$	35.70	
Granted							
Vested/Exercised							
Forfeited or expired	(8)		34.31	(14)		38.27	
Balance, September 30, 2008	515	\$	36.80	513	\$	35.69	
Granted							
Vested/Exercised	1		34.01				
Forfeited or expired							
Balance, December 31, 2008	516	\$	36.80	513	\$	35.69	

Outstanding and unvested RSAs of 300,974 at December 31, 2008 had an intrinsic value of \$4.4 million and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 1.8 years. An additional 288,162 awards are expected to vest with a total intrinsic value of \$4.2 million.

Outstanding and unvested RSUs of 215,000 at December 31, 2008 had an intrinsic value of \$3.1 million and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 3.2 years. All unvested RSUs are expected to vest.

Outstanding SARs of 513,150 at December 31, 2008 had a total intrinsic value of zero and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 7.6 years. Exercisable SARs of 176,980 at December 31, 2008 had a total intrinsic value of zero and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 6.5 years. An additional 326,435 rights are expected to vest with a \$34.05 per share weighted average grant price, a weighted average remaining contractual life of 8.2 years and a total intrinsic value of zero.

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Total cash from the exercise of share-based instruments for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was less than \$0.1 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. Total cash received from the exercise of share-based instruments for the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was \$6.7 and \$7.4 million, respectively.

As of December 31, 2008, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to all unvested stock-based compensation arrangements was \$19.5 million. The related weighted average period over which such cost is expected to be recognized was approximately 3.3 years as of December 31, 2008.

The total intrinsic value of all stock-based compensation (the amount by which the respective December 31 stock price exceeded the exercise or grant date price) that was exercised during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was less than \$0.1 and \$1.6 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value of all stock-based compensation (the amount by which the respective December 31 stock price exceeded the exercise or grant date price) that was exercised during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was \$6.1 and \$6.3 million, respectively.

The total fair value of awards vested during the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was zero and less than \$0.1 million, respectively.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157). SFAS No. 157 establishes a single definition of fair value and a framework for measuring fair value, sets out a fair value hierarchy to be used to classify the source of information used in fair value measurements, and requires new disclosures of assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on their level in the hierarchy. This statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, but does not change existing guidance as to whether or not an instrument is carried at fair value. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. 157-1 and No. 157-2, which, respectively, removed leasing transactions from the scope of SFAS No. 157 and deferred for one year the effective date for SFAS No. 157 as it applies to certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities. On July 1, 2008, the Company adopted, on a prospective basis, SFAS No. 157 and became subject to the new disclosure requirements (excluding FSP 157-2) with respect to the Company s fair value measurements of (a) nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in our financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually) and (b) all financial assets and liabilities. The Company s adoption did not impact its consolidated financial position or results of operations as all fair value measurements were in accordance with SFAS No. 157 upon adoption. The additional disclosures required by SFAS No. 157 are included in Note 4. The Company is evaluating the impact FSP No. 157-2 will have on its nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, but are recognized or disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141(R)). SFAS No. 141(R) replaces SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*. SFAS No. 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interests in the acquiree and the goodwill acquired. Some of the key changes under SFAS No. 141(R) will change the accounting treatment for certain specific acquisition related items including: (1) accounting for acquired in process research and development as an indefinite-lived intangible asset until approved or discontinued rather than as an immediate expense; (2) expensing acquisition costs rather than adding them to the cost of an acquisition; (3) expensing restructuring costs in connection with an acquisition rather than adding them to the cost of an acquisition; the fair value of contingent consideration at the date of an acquisition in the cost of an acquisition; and (5) recording at the date of an acquisition the fair value of contingent liabilities that

are more than likely than not to occur. SFAS No. 141(R) also includes a substantial number of new disclosure requirements. SFAS No. 141(R) will be effective for the Company s fiscal year 2010 and must be applied prospectively to all new acquisitions closing on or after July 1, 2009. Early adoption is prohibited. SFAS No. 141(R) is expected to have a material impact on how the Company will identify, negotiate and value future acquisitions and may materially impact the Company s Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS No. 161). SFAS No. 161 requires enhanced disclosures about how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, how derivative instruments and related hedge items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and its related interpretations, and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity s financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS No. 161

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is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008 (i.e. the Company s third quarter of fiscal year 2009). The Company intends to comply with the disclosure requirements upon adoption.

2. **DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:**

On January 26, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its Trade Secret salon concept (Trade Secret). The Company concluded, after a comprehensive review of strategic and financial options, to divest Trade Secret. The sale of Trade Secret includes 659 company-owned salons and 62 franchise salons, all of which have historically been reported within the Company s North America reportable segment. The sale of Trade Secret is expected to close on February 15, 2009.

During the three months ended December 31, 2008, steps were taken to market and identify potential buyers of Trade Secret. The Company concluded that Trade Secret qualified as held for sale under Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* (SFAS. No. 144), as of December 31, 2008 and is presented as discontinued operations in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for all periods presented. The conclusion was based on management having the authority to commit the Company to sell Trade Secret within parameters approved by the Board of Directors, the salons being available for sale in present condition, negotiations were being held with a potential buyer and the sale was probable as of December 31, 2008. The operations and cash flows of Trade Secret will be eliminated from ongoing operations of the Company and there will be no significant continuing involvement in the operations after disposal pursuant to Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 03-13, *Applying the Conditions in Paragraph 42 of FASB Statement No. 144 in Determining Whether to Report Discontinued Operations.* The agreement includes a provision that the Company will supply product to the buyer of Trade Secret and provide certain administrative services for a transition period of six months following the date of sale with possible extension to not more than eleven months.

As the proceeds the Company will receive from the sale of Trade Secret are negligible, the Company recognized an impairment charge during the three months ended December 31, 2008 set forth in the following table.

	(Dollars in thousands)
Inventories	\$ 33,599
Property and equipment, net	56,491
Goodwill	78,126
Other intangibles, net	7,187
Other assets	2,896
Other noncurrent liabilities	(6,477)
Impairment loss before income taxes	\$ 171,822

The (loss) income from discontinued operations are summarized below:

For the Periods Ended December 31,
Three Months
Six Months
2008
2007
2008
2007
(Dollars in thousands)
(Dollars in thousands)

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Revenues	\$ 67,807	\$ 67,575	\$ 134,547	\$ 127,770
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, before				
income taxes	(174,670)	3,173	(177,445)	5,168
Income tax benefit (provision) on discontinued				
operations	57,204	(1,342)	58,379	(2,186)
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of				
income taxes	\$ (117,466)	\$ 1,831	\$ (119,066)	\$ 2,982

Income taxes have been allocated to continuing and discontinued operations based on the methodology required by Financial Accounting Interpretation No. 18, Accounting for Income Taxes in Interim Periods an Interpretation of APB Opinion No. 28 (FIN 18).

Pursuant to the agreement the Company will retain certain assets and liabilities of Trade Secret. These balances are classified in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet within their natural balance sheet classification. Remaining Trade Secret assets and liabilities at December 31, 2008 to be retained consist of \$1.3 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$2.7 million in receivables, net, \$8.9 million in inventory estimated to be sold prior to the expected closing date, \$1.4 million in other currents assets, \$14.5 million in accrued expenses, \$0.9 million in other current

liabilities, and \$1.4 million in long-term debt and capital lease obligations. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company will reimburse the buyer for loss contingencies including any losses imposed against the buyer arising from existing litigation and for the termination of an existing office lease.

3. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:

Net Income Per Share:

The Company s basic earnings per share is calculated as net income divided by weighted average common shares outstanding, excluding unvested outstanding RSAs and RSUs. The Company s dilutive earnings per share is calculated as net income divided by weighted average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding, which includes shares issuable under the Company s stock option plan and long-term incentive plan and dilutive securities. Stock-based awards with exercise prices greater than the average market value of the Company s common stock are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2008, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share, as the assumed exercise of shares under the Company s stock option plan and long-term incentive plan would have an anti-dilutive effect.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	For the Periods Ended December 31,					
	Three M	lonths	Six Mor	nths		
	2008	2007	2008	2007		
		(Shares in th	ousands)			
Weighted average shares for basic earnings per						
share	42,897	43,369	42,842	43,559		
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Dilutive effect of stock-based compensation (1)		442		509		
Contingent shares issuable under contingent stock						
agreements		104		104		
Weighted average shares for diluted earnings per						
share	42,897	43,915	42,842	44,172		

⁽¹⁾ For the three and six months ended December 31, 2008, 2,040 and 166,343 common stock equivalents, respectively, of potentially dilutive Common Stock were not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation because to do so would have been anti-dilutive.

The following table sets forth the awards which are excluded from the various earnings per share calculations:

For the Periods Ended December 31,

	Three Mo	onths	Six Mon	ths
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	(Shares in the	ousands)	(Shares in the	ousands)
Basic earnings per share:				
RSAs (1)	301	247	301	247
RSUs (1)	215	215	215	215
	516	462	516	462
Diluted earnings per share:				
Stock options (2)	1,560	494	803	482
SARs (2)	513	390	516	392
RSAs (2)	289	117	289	117
RSUs (2)	215	215	215	215
	2,577	1,216	1,823	1,206

(1) Shares were not vested

(2) Shares were anti-dilutive

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Additional Paid-In Capital:

The change in additional paid-in capital during the six months ended December 31, 2008 was due to the following:

	(Dollars in thousands)
Balance, June 30, 2008	\$ 143,265
Exercise of stock options	2,299
Tax benefit realized upon exercise of stock options	592
Stock-based compensation	3,829
Franchise stock incentive plan	380
Taxes related to restricted stock	(2)
Balance, December 31, 2008	\$ 150,363

Comprehensive Income:

Components of comprehensive income for the Company include net income, changes in fair market value of financial instruments designated as hedges of interest rate or foreign currency exposure and foreign currency translation charged or credited to the cumulative translation account within shareholders equity. Comprehensive (loss) income for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

		Fo	r the Periods En	ded D	ecember 31,			
	Three M	Ionth	s		Six Months			
	2008		2007		2008		2007	
	(Dollars in t	housa	ands)		(Dollars in t	thousa	nds)	
Net (loss) income	\$ (143,252)	\$	22,556	\$	(128,765)	\$	43,155	
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Changes in fair market value of financial instruments								
designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate								
exposure and foreign currency exposure, net of taxes	(3,150)		(1,101)		(3,097)		(2,841)	
Change in cumulative foreign currency translation	(39,103)		9,543		(59,119)		21,737	
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (185,505)	\$	30,998	\$	(190,981)	\$	62,051	

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

As discussed in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company adopted SFAS No. 157, subject to the deferral provisions of FSP No. 157-2, on July 1, 2008. This standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure requirements about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy prescribed by SFAS No. 157 contains three levels as follows:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2 Other observable inputs available at the measurement date, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, either directly or indirectly, including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by other observable market data.

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Level 3 Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data and reflect the use of significant management judgment. These values are generally determined using pricing models for which the assumptions utilize management s estimates of market participant assumptions.

Assets and Liabilities that are Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The fair value hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. In instances in which the inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the fair value measurement has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Our assessment of the significance of a particular item to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, including the consideration of inputs specific to the asset or liability. The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy, our financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2008, according to the valuation techniques the Company used to determine their fair values.

	- **	Value at per 31, 2008	Level 1	Using Inp	ue Measuremen outs Considered evel 2 rs in thousands	l as Leve	13
ASSETS							
Noncurrent assets							
Derivative instruments	\$	1,014		\$	1,014		
LIABILITIES							
Long-term liabilities							
Derivative instruments		8,043			8,043		
Equity put option		22,131				\$	22,131

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument:

Derivative instruments. The Company s derivative instrument assets and liabilities consist of cash flow hedges represented by interest rate swaps and forward foreign currency contracts. The instruments are classified as Level 2 as the fair value is obtained using observable inputs available for similar assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date, as provided by sources independent from the Company.

Equity put option. The Company s merger of the European franchise salon operations with the operations of the Franck Provost Salon Group on January 31, 2008 contained an equity put option and an equity call option. See further discussion within Note 6 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The equity put option is valued using binomial lattice models that incorporate assumptions including the business enterprise value at that date, and future estimates of volatility and earnings before interest, taxes, and depreciation and amortization multiples based on

available market data. At June 30, 2008, the fair value of the equity put option was \$24.8 million. The value of the equity put option as of December 31, 2008 was determined to be consistent with the value recorded at June 30, 2008. The \$2.7 million decrease in the fair value of the equity put option since June 30, 2008 relates to foreign currency translation and has been recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income in the December 31, 2008 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. The Company determined the equity call option to have no value at December 31, 2008.

Assets and Liabilities that are Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

As indicated in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the aspects of SFAS No. 157 for which the effective date was deferred for one year (i.e., the Company s first quarter of fiscal year 2010) under FSP No. 157-2 relate to nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, but are recognized or disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. This deferral applies to such items as nonfinancial assets and liabilities initially measured at fair value in a business combination (but not measured at fair value in subsequent periods) or nonfinancial long-lived asset groups measured at fair value for an impairment assessment.

5. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLES:

The table below contains details related to the Company s recorded goodwill as of December 31, 2008 and June 30, 2008:

	N/	Salo		ernational	Restoration	C	
	Nor	th America	Inte	ernationai (Dollars in	Centers nds)	C	onsolidated
Balance at June 30, 2008	\$	668,799	\$	48,461	\$ 153,733	\$	870,993
Goodwill acquired		24,615		(1,255)	540		23,900
Translation rate adjustments		(9,810)		(5,545)			(15,355)
Goodwill impairment		(78,126)		(41,661)			(119,787)
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	605,478	\$		\$ 154,273	\$	759,751

Goodwill acquired includes adjustments to prior year acquisitions, primarily representing the finalization of purchase price allocations. For the six months ended December 31, 2008 the \$1.3 million reduction to international goodwill related to the settlement of the escrow account on an acquisition that closed in September 2007.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or at the time of a triggering event in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). Fair values are estimated based on the Company's best estimate of the expected present value of future cash flows and compared with the corresponding carrying value of the reporting unit, including goodwill. Where available and as appropriate comparative market multiples are used to corroborate the results of the present value method. The Company considers its various concepts to be reporting units when it tests for goodwill impairment because that is where the Company believes goodwill resides. The Company's policy is to perform its annual goodwill impairment test during its third quarter of each fiscal year ending June 30.

During the three months ended December 31, 2008 the fair value of the Company s stock declined such that it began trading below book value per share. Due to the adverse changes in operating results and the continuation of the Company s stock trading below book value per share, the Company performed an interim impairment test of goodwill during the three months ended December 31, 2008. The fair value of the Company s reporting units was estimated based on discounted cash flows that utilize estimates of revenues, driven by assumed same-store sales rates, estimated future gross margins and expense rates, as well as acquisition integration and maturation and appropriate discount rates.

The Regis, Mastercuts, SmartStyle, Supercuts and Promenade reporting units within the Company s North America reportable segment had estimated fair values that exceeded carrying values by a minimum of approximately 30.0 percent as of December 31, 2008 and therefore goodwill in those reporting units was not impaired. The remaining reporting unit within the North America reportable segment is Trade Secret. See Note 2 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion on the \$78.1 million goodwill impairment of Trade Secret recorded within discontinued operations.

A \$41.7 million impairment charge for the full carrying amount of goodwill within the salon concepts in the United Kingdom was recorded within continuing operations during the three months ended December 31, 2008. The recent performance challenges of the International salon operations indicated that the estimated fair value was less than the current carrying value of this reporting unit s net assets, including goodwill.

The estimated fair value of Hair Restoration Centers exceeded its carrying value by approximately five percent at December 31, 2008 and therefore no goodwill impairment was recorded. The Hair Restoration Centers were acquired on December 1, 2004 at fair market value. Since the date of acquisition the financial performance of the Hair Restoration Centers has continued to meet or exceed the Company s internal expectations, however, because of some of the inherent assumptions and estimates in determining fair value are outside the control of management, changes in these assumptions can adversely impact fair value.

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As of December 31, 2008, our estimated fair value as determined by the sum of our reporting units based upon discounted cash flow calculations reconciled to within a reasonable range of our market capitalization which included an assumed control premium. Subsequent to December 31, 2008, the fair value of our stock continues to fluctuate and regularly trades below our book value per share. Adverse changes in expected operating results, an extended period of our stock trading significantly below book value per share, and unfavorable changes in other economic factors may result in further impairments of goodwill. We will reassess the possible impairment of goodwill during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009 as part of our annual assessment.

No impairment of goodwill was recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2007.

The table below presents other intangible assets as of December 31, 2008 and June 30, 2008:

	Cost	 December ccumulated ortization (1)	T	2008 rade Secret pairment (2)		Net		Cost	A	une 30, 2008 ccumulated nortization (1)	Net
				(Doll	lars i	n thousands	()				
Amortized intangible											
assets:											
Brand assets and trade											
names	\$ 80,336	\$ (8,909)	\$	(1,733)	\$	69,694	\$	81,407	\$	(8,072)	\$ 73,335
Customer lists	52,045	(20,542)				31,503		51,316		(17,444)	33,872
Franchise agreements	26,096	(6,603)		(4,897)		14,596		27,115		(6,363)	20,752
Lease intangibles	14,729	(3,346)		(475)		10,908		14,771		(2,887)	11,884
Non-compete agreements	703	(597)		(35)		71		785		(631)	154
Other	6,743	(3,078)		(47)		3,618		7,974		(3,680)	4,294
	\$ 180,652	\$ (43,075)	\$	(7,187)	\$	130,390	\$	183,368	\$	(39,077)	\$ 144,291

⁽¹⁾ Balance sheet accounts are converted at the applicable exchange rates effective as of the reported balance sheet dates, while income statement accounts are converted at the average exchange rates for the year-to-date periods presented.

(2) The net book value of the Trade Secret intangible assets as of December 31, 2008 was written off as of December 31, 2008 as part of the sale of Trade Secret (see Note 2).

All intangible assets have been assigned an estimated finite useful life and are amortized over the number of years that approximate their respective useful lives (ranging from one to 40 years). The cost of intangible assets is amortized to earnings in proportion to the amount of economic benefits obtained by the Company in that reporting period. The weighted average amortization periods, in total and by major intangible asset class, are as follows:

Weighted Average Amortization Period

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	(I	n years)
	December 31, 2008	June 30, 2008
Amortized intangible assets:		
Brand assets and trade names	39	39
Customer lists	10	10
Franchise agreements	22	21
Lease intangibles	20	20
Non-compete agreements	4	5
Other	18	17
Total	26	26

Total amortization expense related to the amortizable intangible assets was approximately \$2.5 and \$2.9 million during the three months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$5.1 and \$5.8 million during the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. As of December 31, 2008, future estimated amortization expense related to amortizable intangible assets is estimated to be:

Fiscal Year	`	llars in ısands)
2009 (Remainder: six-month period)	\$	4,776
2010		9,656
2011		9,458
2012		9,258
2013		8,985

6. ACQUISITIONS, INVESTMENT IN AND LOANS TO AFFILIATES:

Acquisitions

During the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company made salon and hair restoration center acquisitions and the purchase prices have been allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the dates of acquisition. Operations of the acquired companies have been included in the operations of the Company since the date of the respective acquisition.

The components of the aggregate purchase prices of the acquisitions made during the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the allocation of the purchase prices were as follows:

	For the Six M Decem		ded
Allocation of Purchase Prices	2008		2007
	(Dollars in	thousand	s)
Components of aggregate purchase prices:			
Cash	\$ 30,965	\$	53,297
Deferred purchase price	75		2,602
	\$ 31,040	\$	55,899
Allocation of the purchase price:			
Current assets	\$ 986	\$	2,022
Property and equipment	3,819		5,664
Deferred income taxes	1,788		
Goodwill	23,900		41,636
Identifiable intangible assets	770		7,978
Other long-term assets			1,210
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(140)		(2,611)
Other noncurrent liabilities	(83)		
	\$ 31,040	\$	55,899

The majority of the purchase price in salon acquisitions is accounted for as residual goodwill rather than identifiable intangible assets. This stems from the value associated with the walk-in customer base of the acquired salons, which is not recorded as an identifiable intangible asset, as well as the limited value and customer preference associated with the acquired hair salon brand. Key factors considered by consumers of hair salon services include personal relationships with individual stylists, service quality and price point competitiveness. These attributes represent the going concern value of the salon.

Residual goodwill further represents the Company s opportunity to strategically combine the acquired business with the Company s existing structure to serve a greater number of customers through its expansion strategies. In the acquisitions of international salons and hair restoration centers, the residual goodwill primarily represents the growth prospects that are not captured as part of acquired tangible or identified intangible assets. Generally, the goodwill recognized in the North American salon transactions is expected to be fully deductible for tax purposes and the goodwill recognized in the international salon transactions is non-deductible for tax purposes. Goodwill generated in certain acquisitions is not deductible for tax purposes due to the acquisition structure of the transaction.

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During the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, certain of the Company s salon acquisitions were from its franchisees. The Company evaluated the effective settlement of the preexisting franchise contracts and associated rights afforded by those contracts in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) No. 04-1, *Accounting for Preexisting Relationships Between the Parties to a Business Combination*. The Company determined that the effective settlement of the preexisting franchise contracts at the date of the acquisition did not result in a gain or loss, as the agreements were neither favorable nor unfavorable when compared to similar current market transactions, and no settlement provisions exist in the preexisting contracts. Therefore, no settlement gain or loss was recognized with respect to the Company s franchise buybacks.

Investment in and loans to affiliates

The table below presents the carrying amount of investments in and loans to affiliates as of December 31, 2008 and June 30, 2008:

	Decen	nber 31, 2008	June 30, 2008	
		(Dollars in t		·
Provalliance	\$	109,374	\$	119,353
Empire Education Group, Inc.		101,659		109,307
Intelligent Nutrients, LLC				5,657
MY Style		16,095		7,756
Hair Club for Men, Ltd.		5,029		5,029
	\$	232,157	\$	247,102

Provalliance

On January 31, 2008, the Company merged its continental European franchise salon operations with the operations of the Franck Provost Salon Group in exchange for a 30.0 percent equity interest in the newly formed Provalliance entity (Provalliance). The merger with the operations of the Franck Provost Salon Group which are also located in continental Europe, created Europe slargest salon operator with approximately 2,400 company-owned and franchise salons as of December 31, 2008.

The merger agreement contains a right (Equity Put) to require the Company to purchase additional ownership interest in Provalliance between specified dates in 2010 to 2018. The acquisition price is determined based on the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization of Provalliance for a trailing twelve month period which is intended to approximate fair value. The estimated fair value of the Equity Put has been included as a component of the Company s investment in Provalliance. A corresponding liability for the same amount as the Equity Put has been recorded in other noncurrent liabilities. Any changes in the fair value of the Equity Put in periods after fiscal year 2008, will be recorded in the Company s consolidated statement of operations. The merger agreement also contains an option (Equity Call) whereby the Company can acquire additional ownership interest in Provalliance between specific dates in 2018 to 2020 at an acquisition price determined consistent with the Equity Put.

The Company s investment in Provalliance is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. The Company concluded that Provalliance is a variable interest entity for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. This assessment was based on the Company s 30.0 percent equity ownership interest, and the impact and expected timing of the equity put option. During the six month period ended December 31, 2008, the Company recorded \$2.9 million of equity in income related to its investment in Provalliance. The decline in investment balance above is due

to translation. The exposure to loss related to the Company s involvement with Provalliance is the carrying value of the investment and future changes in fair value of the Equity Put.

Empire Education Group, Inc.

On August 1, 2007, the Company contributed its 51 wholly-owned accredited cosmetology schools to Empire Education Group, Inc. (EEG) in exchange for a 49.0 percent equity interest in EEG. In January 2008, the Company s effective ownership interest increased to 55.1 percent related to the buyout of EEG s minority interest shareholder. This transaction leverages EEG s management expertise, while enabling the Company to maintain a vested interest in the beauty school industry. Once the integration of the Regis schools is complete, the Company expects to share in significant synergies and operating improvements. EEG operates 86 accredited cosmetology schools.

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At December 31, 2008 the Company had \$28.4 million in outstanding loans with EEG. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 the Company recorded \$0.3 and \$0.7 million, respectively, and \$0.2 and 0.3 million of interest income, respectively, related to the loan.

The Company accounts for the investment in EEG under the equity method of accounting as Empire Beauty School retains majority voting interest and has full responsibility for managing EEG. During the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded \$0.3 and \$0.7 million, respectively, of equity earnings related to its investment in EEG. The exposure to loss related to the Company s involvement with EEG is the carrying value of the investment and the outstanding loans.

Intelligent Nutrients LLC

The Company holds a 49.0 percent interest in Intelligent Nutrients, LLC. The Company s ownership percentage decreased from 50.0 percent to 49.0 percent during the Company s 2008 fiscal year due to the issuance of additional shares by Intelligent Nutrients, LLC to the other investor.

Intelligent Nutrients, LLC currently carries a wide variety of organic, harmonically grown products, including dietary supplements, coffees, teas and aromatics. In addition, professional hair care and personal care products are currently available. These products are offered at the Company s corporate and franchise salons, and eventually in other independently owned salons. The Company s investment in Intelligent Nutrients, LLC is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. The Company completed \$3.0 million of loans to Intelligent Nutrients, LLC in August 2008 of which \$3.0 million was outstanding as of December 31, 2008. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2008, the Company recorded less than \$0.1 and less than \$0.1 million of interest income related to the loans.

During the three months ended December 31, 2008, the Company determined that its investment in and loan to Intelligent Nutrients, LLC was impaired and the fair value was zero due to Intelligent Nutrients, LLC s inability to develop a professional organic brand of shampoo and conditioner with broad consumer appeal. The Company also determined that the loss in value was other-than-temporary and recognized a pretax, non-cash impairment charge of \$7.8 million for the full carrying value of the investment and loan as of December 31, 2008. The loss is included within the equity in loss of affiliated companies on the Statement of Operations. The Company has no further exposure to loss related to the Company s involvement with Intelligent Nutrients, LLC.

MY Style

In April 2007, the Company purchased exchangeable notes issued by Yamano Holding Corporation (Exchangeable Note) and a loan obligation of a Yamano Holdings subsidiary, MY Style, formally known as Beauty Plaza Co. Ltd., (My Style Note) for an aggregate amount of 1.3 billion JPY (\$11.3 million). In September 2008, the Company advanced an additional 300 million JPY (\$2.9 million) to Yamano Holding Corporation and extended the maturity date of the existing Exchangeable Note to September 2011. In connection with the 300 million JPY advance the exchangeable portion of the Exchangeable Note increased from approximately 14.8 percent to 27.1 percent of the outstanding shares of MY Style. The exchangeable portion of the Exchangeable Note is recorded as an equity method investment as it is probable that the Company will exercise its right to exchange a portion of the note into equity of My Style.

As of December 31, 2008 the amount outstanding under the Exchangeable Note and My Style Note were \$8.1 and \$3.2 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2008, \$1.8 and \$9.5 million are recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as current assets and investment in affiliates and loans, respectively representing the outstanding principal of the notes. The notes are due in installments in September of fiscal years 2010 through 2012. The Company recorded less than \$0.1 and \$0.1 million in interest income related to the Exchangeable Note and My Style Note during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The exposure to loss related to the Company s involvement with MY Style is the carrying value of the investment and the outstanding notes.

Yamano Holding Corporation and the Company have an agreement with respect to their joint pursuit of opportunities relating to retail hair salons in Asia.

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Т	ab	le	of	Cor	itents

Hair Club for Men, Ltd.

The Company acquired a 50.0 percent interest in Hair Club for Men, Ltd. through its acquisition of Hair Club in fiscal year 2005. The Company accounts for its investment in Hair Club for Men, Ltd. under the equity method of accounting. Hair Club for Men, Ltd. operates Hair Club centers in Illinois and Wisconsin. During the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 the Company recorded income of \$0.3 and \$0.8 million, respectively. The exposure to loss related to the Company s involvement with Hair Club for Men, Ltd. is the carrying value of the investment.

Cool Cuts 4 Kids, Inc.

The Company holds an interest of less than 20 percent in the preferred stock of a privately held entity, Cool Cuts 4 Kids, Inc. This investment is accounted for under the cost method. During fiscal year 2006, the Company determined that its investment was impaired and recognized an impairment loss for the full carrying value of the investment. The Company s securities purchase agreement contains a call provision, giving the Company the right of first refusal should the privately held entity receive a bona fide offer from another company, as well as the right to purchase all of the assets of the privately held entity during the period from April 1, 2008 to January 31, 2009 for a multiple of cash flow. The Company exercised the right to purchase all of the Cool Cuts 4 Kids, Inc. assets for which the purchase is expected to close within the current fiscal year.

7. LEASE TERMINATION COSTS:

In July 2008, the Company approved a plan to close up to 160 underperforming company-owned salons in fiscal year 2009. Approximately 100 locations are regional mall based concepts, another 40 locations are strip center concepts and 20 locations are in the United Kingdom. The timing of the closures is dependent on successfully completing lease termination agreements and is therefore subject to change. The Company expects to offer employment to associates affected by such closings at nearby Regis-owned salons. The decision is a result of a comprehensive evaluation of the Company s salon portfolio, further continuing the Company s initiatives to enhance profitability.

The Company anticipated the pre-tax charge for the store closings would total approximately \$20 to \$25 million. This included approximately \$4.5 million, of incremental non-cash asset write-downs which were recognized in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008. The incremental non-cash asset write-down in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008 was \$3.4 million for the North America reportable segment and \$1.1 million for the International reportable segment. The balance of approximately \$15 to \$20 million was related to the original estimate of lease termination costs that were expected to be recognized primarily in fiscal year 2009.

As of December 31, 2008, 35 stores ceased using the right to use the leased property or negotiated a lease termination agreement with the lessor in which the Company will cease using the right to the leased property subsequent to December 31, 2008. Of the 35 stores, 34 stores were within the North America reportable segment and one store within the International segment. Lease termination costs from continuing operations are presented as a separate line item in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. Lease termination costs related to the Trade Secret salon concept are reported within discontinued operations. As lease settlements are negotiated the Company has found that some lessors are willing to negotiate rent reductions which has allowed the Company to keep operating certain stores. As a result, the Company expects that the number of stores to be closed will be less than the 160 stores originally communicated, reducing the estimated lease termination costs of \$15 to \$20 million

to approximately \$6.0 million. Therefore, we now expect future store closings expense to be approximately \$3.5 million.

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Lease termination expense represents either the lease settlement or the net present value of remaining contractual lease payments related to closed stores, after reduction by estimated sublease rentals. The activity reflected in the accrual for lease termination costs is as follows:

	termi	l for lease nations n thousands)
Balance at July 1, 2008	\$	
Provision for lease termination expense:		
Provisions associated with store closings		1,173
Change in assumptions about lease terminations and sublease income		
Cash payments		(695)
Balance at September 30, 2008	\$	478
Provision for lease termination expense:		
Increase in provisions associated with store closings		1,298
Change in assumptions about lease terminations and sublease income		
Cash payments		(1,105)
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	671

The \$2.5 million of lease termination expense for the six months ended December 31, 2008 includes \$0.9 million of lease termination expense associated with five salons within the Trade Secret concept, accounted for within the loss on discontinued operations as of December 31, 2008. Cash payments of \$0.5 million have been made on three of the five salons within the Trade Secret concept.

8. LITIGATION:

The Company is a defendant in various lawsuits and claims arising out of the normal course of business. Like certain other large retail employers, the Company has been faced with allegations of purported class-wide wage and hour violations. Litigation is inherently unpredictable and the outcome of these matters cannot presently be determined. Although company counsel believes that the Company has valid defenses in these matters, it could in the future incur judgments or enter into settlements of claims that could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations in any particular period.

9. **DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:**

The primary market risk exposure of the Company relates to changes in interest rates in connection with its debt, some of which bears interest at variable rates based on LIBOR plus an applicable borrowing margin. Additionally, the Company is exposed to foreign currency translation risk related to its net investments in its foreign subsidiaries and, to a lesser extent, foreign currency denominated transactions. The Company has established policies and procedures that govern the management of these exposures through the use of derivative financial instrument contracts. By policy, the Company does not enter into such contracts for the purpose of speculation.

Interest Rate Swaps

In November 2008 the Company entered into two interest rate swap contracts of \$20.0 million each which pay fixed rates of interest and receive variable rates of interest (based on the one-month LIBOR rate). The Company will pay fixed rates of interest of 2.9825 percent and 3.345 percent on \$20.0 and \$20.0 million, respectively. The contracts are on an aggregate notional amount of indebtedness of \$40.0 million related to the \$85.0 million term loan, which the Company entered into in October 2008. The contracts expire in July 2011 and the debt matures in July 2012. These interest rate swap contracts were designed and are effective as cash flow hedges. They were recorded at fair value within other noncurrent liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, with corresponding offsets in deferred income taxes and other comprehensive income within shareholders equity.

Freestanding Derivative Forward Contract

Freestanding derivative forward contracts are used to offset the Company s exposure to the change in value of certain foreign currency denominated intercompany assets and liabilities. These derivatives are not designated as hedges and therefore, changes in the value of these forward contracts are recognized currently in earnings, thereby offsetting the current earnings effect of the related foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. The aggregate foreign currency transaction gains were \$3.0 million and zero for the three and six months ended

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December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and were recognized within other income in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

10. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS:

On October 3, 2008, the Company completed an \$85 million term loan that matures in July 2012. The monthly interest payments are based on a one-month LIBOR rate plus a 1.75% spread. The term loan includes customary financial covenants including a leverage ratio, fixed charge ratio and minimum net equity test. The Company used the proceeds from the term loan to pay down the Company s revolving line of credit facility.

11. INCOME TAXES:

Income taxes have been allocated to continuing and discontinued operations based on the methodology required by FIN 18. Discontinued operations are excluded in determining the estimated effective income tax rate from continuing operations and the corresponding income tax expense (benefit). The determination of the annual effective income tax rate is based upon a number of significant estimates and judgments, including the estimated annual pretax income of the Company in each tax jurisdiction in which it operates and the development of tax planning strategies during the year. In addition, as a global enterprise, the Company s interim tax expense (benefit) can be impacted by changes in tax rates or laws, the finalization of tax audits or reviews, as well as other factors that cannot be predicted with certainty. As such, there can be significant volatility in interim tax provisions.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2008, the Company s continuing operations recognized tax expense of \$9.4 million and \$19.3 million, respectively, with corresponding effective tax rates of 66.7 percent and 168.4 percent. This was compared to tax expense of \$11.7 million and \$22.5 million with corresponding effective tax rates of 36.5 percent and 35.9 in the comparable periods of the prior year. The increase in the effective tax rate during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 is primarily due to substantially all of the \$41.7 million goodwill impairment of the salon concepts in the United Kingdom not being deductible for tax purposes, which increased the tax provision by approximately \$11.4 million for each of the three and six months ended December 31, 2008.

The Company accrues for the effects of open uncertain tax positions and the related potential penalties and interest. There were no material adjustments to our recorded liability for unrecognized tax benefits during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008. It is reasonably possible that the amount of the unrecognized tax benefit with respect to certain of our unrecognized tax positions will increase or decrease during the next 12 months; however, we do not expect the change to have a significant effect on our consolidated results of operations or financial position.

The Company files tax returns and pays tax primarily in the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, and the Netherlands as well as states, cities, and provinces within these jurisdictions. In the United States, fiscal years 2005 and after remain open for federal tax audit. For state tax audits, the statute of limitations generally spans three to four years, resulting in a number of states remaining open for tax audits dating back to fiscal year 2004. However, the company is under audit in a number of states in which the statute of limitations has been extended to fiscal years 2000 and forward. Internationally (including Canada), the statute of limitations for tax audits varies by jurisdiction, but generally ranges from three to five years.

12. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

As of December 31, 2008, the company owned, franchised, or held ownership interests in over 13,600 worldwide locations. The Company s locations consisted of 10,271 North American salons (located in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico), 469 international salons, 94 hair restoration centers and approximately 2,800 locations in which the Company maintains an ownership interest. The Company operates its North American salon operations through six primary concepts: Regis Salons, MasterCuts, Trade Secret, SmartStyle, Supercuts and Promenade salons. The concepts offer similar products and services, concentrate on the mass market consumer marketplace and have consistent distribution channels. All of the company-owned and franchise salons within the North American salon concepts are located in high traffic, retail shopping locations that attract mass market consumers, and the individual salons display similar economic characteristics. The salons share interdependencies and a common support base.

See Note 2 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements on the classification of the Trade Secret concept as

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a discontinued operation as of December 31, 2008. The locations listed above include 659 company-owned salons and 62 franchised salons that are within the Trade Secret concept being accounted for as a discontinued operation.

The Company operates its international salon operations, primarily in the United Kingdom, through three primary concepts: Regis, Supercuts, and Sassoon salons. Consistent with the North American concepts, the international concepts offer similar products and services, concentrate on the mass market consumer marketplace and have consistent distribution channels. All of the international salon concepts are company-owned and are located in malls, leading department stores, and high-street locations. Individual salons display similar long-term economic characteristics. The salons share interdependencies and a common support base.

The Company s company-owned and franchise hair restoration centers are located in the United States and Canada. The Company s hair restoration centers offer three hair restoration solutions; hair systems, hair transplants and hair therapy, which are targeted at the mass market consumer. Hair restoration centers are located primarily in office and professional buildings within larger metropolitan areas.

Based on the way the Company manages its business, it has reported its North American salons, International salons and hair restoration centers as three separate reportable segments.

Financial information for the Company s reporting segments is shown in the following tables:

Total Assets by Segment	December 31, 2008			June 30, 2008			
	(Dollars in thousands)						
North American salons	\$	1,001,963	\$	1,249,827			
International salons		63,705		120,443			
Hair restoration centers		328,651		284,898			
Unallocated corporate		604,538		580,703			
Consolidated	\$	1,998,857	\$	2,235,871			

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2008(1)

						Hair				
			ons			estoration	_	nallocated	~	** * . *
	North	America	Inte	ernational		Centers s in thousands)		Corporate	Co	nsolidated
Revenues:					Donai	s III tilousalius)				
Service	\$	399,961	\$	28,823	\$	16,294	\$		\$	445,078
Product	Ψ	102,491	Ψ	12,445	Ψ	17,838	Ψ		Ψ	132,774
Royalties and fees		8,961		12,		613				9,574
,		511,413		41,268		34,745				587,426
Operating expenses:		, ,		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,
Cost of service		232,126		15,670		9,042				256,838
Cost of product		52,762		7,052		5,264				65,078
Site operating expenses		42,801		3,535		1,284				47,620
General and administrative		30,086		4,387		7,750		30,308		72,531
Rent		69,057		10,088		2,272		564		81,981
Depreciation and										
amortization		18,538		1,466		2,780		4,735		27,519
Goodwill impairment				41,661						41,661
Lease termination costs		847								847
Total operating expenses		446,217		83,859		28,392		35,607		594,075
Operating income (loss)		65,196		(42,591)		6,353		(35,607)		(6,649)
Other income (expense):										
Interest expense								(10,878)		(10,878)
Interest income and other,										
net								3,462		3,462
Income (loss) from										
continuing operations before										
income taxes and equity in										
(loss) income of affiliated	\$	65,196	\$	(42,591)	\$	6.353	\$	(43,023)	\$	(14,065)
companies	Ф	05,190	Φ	(42,391)	Ф	0,333	Φ	(43,023)	Ф	(14,003)

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2008, the Trade Secret concept within the North American reportable segment was accounted for as a discontinued operation. All comparable periods will reflect Trade Secret as a discontinued operation. See further discussion at Note 2 in these Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2007(1)

	Hair									
		Sal			F	Restoration	Unal	located		
	Nor	th America	In	ternational		Centers		porate	Co	onsolidated
_					(Dolla	rs in thousands)				
Revenues:										
Service	\$	392,360	\$	43,224	\$	15,267	\$		\$	450,851
Product		106,363		19,133		16,760				142,256
Royalties and fees		9,782		10,699		1,078				21,559
		508,505		73,056		33,105				614,666
Operating expenses:										
Cost of service		227,092		24,091		8,219				259,402
Cost of product		53,993		10,117		4,926				69,036
Site operating expenses		39,064		3,708		1,307				44,079
General and administrative		30,310		11,786		7,357		33,607		83,060
Rent		72,747		14,284		1,728		432		89,191
Depreciation and amortization		18,340		2,589		2,552		4,773		28,254
Goodwill impairment										
Lease termination costs										
Total operating expenses		441,546		66,575		26,089		38,812		573,022
Operating income (loss)		66,959		6,481		7,016		(38,812)		41,644
		,		ĺ		,				,
Other income (expense):										
Interest expense								(11,716)		(11,716)
Interest income and other, net								2,090		2,090
Income (loss) from continuing								,		,
operations before income taxes										
and equity in (loss) income of										
affiliated companies	\$	66,959	\$	6.481	\$	7.016	\$	(48,438)	\$	32,018
	Ψ	00,,,,,	Ψ.	5,.51	Ψ	.,010	*	(.0,.20)	Ψ	22,010

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2008, the Trade Secret concept within the North American reportable segment was accounted for as a discontinued operation. All comparable periods will reflect Trade Secret as a discontinued operation. See further discussion at Note 2 in these Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2008(1)

	Hair Salons Restoration					Unallocated				
	No	Sal rth America		ternational		Restoration Centers		allocated orporate	C	onsolidated
	110	rtii ziineriea		ici national	(Dolla	ars in thousands)		rporace	C	onsonuateu
Revenues:										
Service	\$	817,511	\$	64,221	\$	32,381	\$		\$	914,113
Product		205,204		25,494		36,259				266,957
Royalties and fees		18,633				1,252				19,885
		1,041,348		89,715		69,892				1,200,955
Operating expenses:										
Cost of service		471,781		34,421		17,713				523,915
Cost of product		105,676		14,078		10,943				130,697
Site operating expenses		87,141		6,179		2,702				96,022
General and administrative		61,656		8,554		16,454		63,631		150,295
Rent		146,364		22,434		4,324		1,070		174,192
Depreciation and amortization		36,730		3,282		5,484		9,291		54,787
Goodwill impairment				41,661						41,661
Lease termination costs		1,998								1,998
Total operating expenses		911,346		130,609		57,620		73,992		1,173,567
Operating income (loss)		130,002		(40,894)		12,272		(73,992)		27,388
Other income (expense):										
Interest expense								(21,098)		(21,098)
Interest income and other, net								5,197		5,197
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and equity in (loss) income of affiliated										
companies	\$	130,002	\$	(40,894)	\$	12,272	\$	(89,893)	\$	11,487

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2008, the Trade Secret concept within the North American reportable segment was accounted for as a discontinued operation. All comparable periods will reflect Trade Secret as a discontinued operation. See further discussion at Note 2 in these Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2007(1)(2)

						Hair					
		Sal				estoration	_	nallocated			
	Noi	th America	Int	ternational		Centers	•	Corporate	C	onsolidated	
Davianuagi					(Dollar	s in thousands)					
Revenues:	ď	702 544	¢	01 (52	¢	20.417	¢		¢.	002 614	
Service	\$	792,544	\$	81,653	\$	29,417	\$		\$	903,614	
Product		208,074		34,426		33,416				275,916	
Royalties and fees		19,813		20,258		2,395				42,466	
_		1,020,431		136,337		65,228				1,221,996	
Operating expenses:											
Cost of service		455,573		44,512		15,970				516,055	
Cost of product		104,161		18,728		9,759				132,648	
Site operating expenses		83,918		6,915		2,577				93,410	
General and administrative		60,208		23,600		14,516		67,992		166,316	
Rent		145,229		26,913		3,385		913		176,440	
Depreciation and amortization		36,936		5,048		5,049		9,504		56,537	
Goodwill impairment											
Lease termination costs											
Total operating expenses		886,025		125,716		51,256		78,409		1,141,406	
Operating income (loss)		134,406		10,621		13,972		(78,409)		80,590	
		ĺ		,		,		, , ,		ĺ	
Other income (expense):											
Interest expense								(22,229)		(22,229)	
Interest income and other, net								4,245		4,245	
Income (loss) from continuing								1,2 12		1,2 10	
operations before income taxes											
and equity in (loss) income of											
affiliated companies	\$	134,406	\$	10.621	\$	13.972	\$	(96,393)	\$	62,606	
arrinaed companies	Ψ	134,400	Ψ	10,021	Ψ	13,912	Ψ	(90,393)	Ψ	02,000	

⁽¹⁾ On August 1, 2007, the Company contributed its accredited cosmetology schools to Empire Education Group, Inc. For the six months ended December 31, 2007, the results of operations for the month ended July 31, 2007 for the accredited cosmetology schools are reported in the North American salons segment. The Company retained ownership of its one North America and four United Kingdom Vidal Sassoon schools. Subsequent to August 1, 2007 results of operations for the Vidal Sassoon schools are included in the respective North American and international salon segments.

⁽²⁾ As of December 31, 2008, the Trade Secret concept within the North American reportable segment was accounted for as a discontinued operation. All comparable periods will reflect Trade Secret as a discontinued operation. See further discussion at Note 2 in these Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Directors of Regis Corporation:

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Regis Corporation as of December 31, 2008 and the related condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six month periods ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 and of cash flows for the six month periods ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Regis Corporation changed the manner it which it measures fair value for certain assets and liabilities effective July 1, 2008. As discussed in Note 11 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Regis Corporation changed the manner in which it accounts for unrecognized income tax benefits effective July 1, 2007.

We previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2008, and the related consolidated statements of operations, of changes in shareholders equity and comprehensive income and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated August 29, 2008, we expressed an unqualified opinions on those financial statements. In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet information as of June 30, 2008, is fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota February 9, 2009

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) is designed to provide a reader of our financial statements with a narrative from the perspective of our management on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and certain other factors that may affect our future results. Our MD&A is presented in five sections:

- Management s Overview
- Critical Accounting Policies
- Overview of Results
- Results of Operations
- Liquidity and Capital Resources

MANAGEMENT S OVERVIEW

Regis Corporation (RGS, we, our, or us) owns, franchises or holds ownership interests in beauty salons, hair restoration centers and educational institutions. As of December 31, 2008, we owned, franchised or held ownership interests in over 13,600 worldwide locations. Our locations consisted of 10,740 system wide North American and International salons, 94 hair restoration centers and approximately 2,800 locations in which we maintain an ownership interest. Our salon concepts offer generally similar products and services and serve mass market consumers. Our salon operations are organized to be managed based on geographical location. Our North American salon operations include 10,271 salons, including 2,102 franchise salons, operating in the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico primarily under the trade names of Regis Salons, MasterCuts, Trade Secret, SmartStyle, Supercuts and Cost Cutters. Our International salon operations include 469 company-owned salons, located in the United Kingdom. Our hair restoration centers, operating under the trade name Hair Club for Men and Women, include 94 North American locations, including 33 franchise locations. As of December 31, 2008, we had approximately 65,000 corporate employees worldwide.

On January 26, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its Trade Secret salon concept (Trade Secret). The Company concluded, after a comprehensive review of strategic and financial options, to divest Trade Secret. The sale of Trade Secret includes 659 company-owned salons and 62 franchise salons, all of which have historically been reported within the Company s North America reportable segment. The sale of Trade Secret is expected to close on February 15, 2009, and will reduce the worldwide locations noted above by the 659 company-owned

salons and 62 franchise salons. The sale of Trade Secret includes Cameron Capital I, Inc. (CCI). CCI owns and operates PureBeauty and BeautyFirst salons and was acquired by the Company on February 20, 2008.

On August 1, 2007, we contributed our 51 accredited cosmetology schools to Empire Education Group, Inc., creating the largest beauty school operator in North America. As of December 31, 2008, we own a 55.1 percent equity interest in Empire Education Group, Inc. (EEG). Our investment in EEG is accounted for under the equity method as Empire Beauty School retains majority voting interest and has full responsibility for managing EEG. This transaction leverages EEG s management expertise, while enabling us to maintain a vested interest in the beauty school industry. The combined Empire Education Group, Inc. includes 86 accredited cosmetology schools with annual revenues of approximately \$130 million. Results of operations of the accredited beauty schools for the month ended July 31, 2007 are reported in the North American salons segment. The Company retained ownership of its one North American and four United Kingdom Vidal Sassoon schools. Results of operations for the Vidal Sassoon schools are included in the respective North American and International salon segments.

On January 31, 2008, we merged our continental European franchise salon operations with the Franck Provost Salon Group in exchange for a 30.0 percent equity interest in the newly formed entity, Provalliance. This transaction is expected to create significant growth opportunities for Europe s salon brands. The Provost Salon Group management structure has a proven platform to build and acquire company-owned stores as well as a strong franchise operating group that is positioned for expansion. Provalliance operates over 2,400 company-owned and franchise salons.

Over the next twelve to eighteen months our strategy is to focus on strengthening our balance sheet by reducing our overall combined current and long-term debt to below \$700.0 million. This will be achieved by moderating our acquisition and capital expenditure spending, as well as focusing on reducing overhead expenses. Our long-term growth strategy consists of

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two primary, but flexible, components. Through a combination of organic and acquisition growth, we seek to achieve six to ten percent annual revenue growth. We anticipate that going forward, the mix of organic and acquisition growth will be roughly equal. However, depending on several factors, including the ability of our salon development program to keep pace with the availability of real estate for new construction, hair restoration lead generation, the availability of attractive acquisition candidates and same-store sales trends, this mix will vary from year to year.

We are in compliance with all covenants and other requirements of our financing arrangements as of December 31, 2008. However, the continued global economic downturn and credit crisis have negatively impacted our operating results in the three and six months ended December 31, 2008. Accordingly we continue to take action to reduce debt and interest expense by utilizing intercompany borrowings on a short-term basis as allowed by a recently expanded IRS ruling. We are also focused on reducing capital expenditure and acquisition budgets, reducing inventory levels, and reducing overhead.

Salon Business

The strength of our salon business is in the fundamental similarity and broad appeal of our salon concepts that allow flexibility and multiple salon concept placements in shopping centers and neighborhoods. Each concept generally targets the middle market customer, however, each attracts a different demographic. We believe there are growth opportunities in all of our salon concepts. When commercial opportunities arise, we anticipate testing and developing new salon concepts to complement our existing concepts.

We execute our salon growth strategy by focusing on real estate. Our salon real estate strategy is to add new units in convenient locations with good visibility and customer traffic, as well as appropriate trade demographics. Our various salon and product concepts operate in a wide range of retailing environments, including regional shopping malls, strip centers and Wal-Mart Supercenters. We believe that the availability of real estate will augment our ability to achieve the aforementioned long-term growth objectives.

Organic salon revenue growth is achieved through the combination of new salon construction and salon same-store sales increases. During the next twelve to eighteen months we will be slowing our capital expenditures which includes building new salons. Once the economy normalizes we expected we will continue with our historical trend of building several hundred company-owned salons. We anticipate our franchisees will open approximately 80 to 120 salons as well. Older, unprofitable salons will be closed or relocated. Our long-term outlook for our salon business is for annual consolidated low single digit same-store sales increases.

Historically, our salon acquisitions have varied in size from as small as one salon to over one thousand salons. The median acquisition size is approximately ten salons. From fiscal year 1994 to December 31, 2008, we acquired 7,952 salons, net of franchise buybacks. We anticipate adding several hundred company-owned salons each year from acquisitions. Some of these acquisitions may include buying salons from our franchisees.

Hair Restoration Business

In December 2004, we acquired Hair Club for Men and Women. Hair Club for Men and Women is a provider of hair loss solutions with an estimated five percent share of the \$4 billion domestic market. This industry is comprised of numerous locations domestically and is highly fragmented. As a result, we believe there is an opportunity to consolidate this industry through acquisition. Expanding the hair loss business organically and through acquisition would allow us to add incremental revenue which is neither dependent upon, nor dilutive to, our existing salon business.

Our organic growth plans for hair restoration include the construction of a modest number of new locations in untapped markets domestically and internationally. However, the success of our hair restoration business is not dependent on the same real estate criteria used for salon expansion. In an effort to provide confidentiality for our customers, hair restoration centers operate primarily in professional or medical office buildings. Further, the hair restoration business is more marketing intensive. As a result, organic growth at our hair restoration centers will be dependent on successfully generating new leads and converting them into hair restoration customers. Our growth expectations for our hair restoration business are not dependent on referral business from, or cross marketing with, our hair salon business, but these concepts are continually evaluated closely for additional growth opportunities.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In preparing the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, we are required to make various judgments, estimates and assumptions that could have a significant impact on the results reported in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. We base these estimates on historical experience and other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates are considered to be critical if they meet both of the following criteria: (1) the estimate requires assumptions about material matters that are uncertain at the time the accounting estimates are made, and (2) other materially different estimates could have been reasonably made or material changes in the estimates are reasonably likely to occur from period to period. Changes in these estimates could have a material effect on our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our significant accounting policies can be found in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part II, Item 8 of the June 30, 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as Note 1 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained within this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We believe the accounting policies related to the valuation of goodwill, the valuation and estimated useful lives of long-lived assets, purchase price allocations, revenue recognition, the cost of product used and sold, self-insurance accruals, stock-based compensation expense, legal contingencies and estimates used in relation to tax liabilities and deferred taxes are most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial condition and results of operations. Discussion of each of these policies is contained under Critical Accounting Policies in Part II, Item 7 of our June 30, 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Other than the valuation of goodwill, there were no significant changes in or application of our critical accounting policies during the three months ended December 31, 2008.

Goodwill:

As disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, we perform our impairment analysis of goodwill during the third quarter of each fiscal year in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). Fair values are estimated based on our best estimate of the expected present value of future cash flows and compared with the corresponding carrying value of the reporting unit, including goodwill. Where available and as appropriate comparative market multiples are used to corroborate the results of the present value method. We consider our various concepts to be reporting units when we test for goodwill impairment because that is where we believe goodwill resides.

During the three months ended December 31, 2008 the fair value of the Company s stock declined such that it began trading below book value per share. Due to the adverse changes in operating results and the continuation of the Company s stock trading below book value per share, the Company performed an interim impairment test of goodwill during the three months ended December 31, 2008. The fair value of the Company s reporting units was estimated based on discounted cash flows that utilize estimates of revenues, driven by assumed same-store sales rates, estimated future gross margins and expense rates, as well as acquisition integration and maturation and appropriate discount rates.

The Regis, Mastercuts, SmartStyle, Supercuts and Promenade reporting units within the Company s North America reportable segment had estimated fair values that exceeded carrying values by a minimum of approximately 30.0 percent as of December 31, 2008 and therefore goodwill in those reporting units was not impaired. The remaining reporting unit within the North America reportable segment is Trade Secret. See Note 2 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion on the \$78.1 million goodwill impairment of Trade Secret recorded within discontinued operations.

A \$41.7 million impairment charge for the full carrying amount of goodwill within the salon concepts in the United Kingdom was recorded within continuing operations during the three months ended December 31, 2008. The recent performance challenges of the International salon operations indicated that the estimated fair value was less than the current carrying value of this reporting unit s net assets, including goodwill.

The estimated fair value of Hair Restoration Centers exceeded its carrying value by approximately five percent at December 31, 2008 and therefore no goodwill impairment was recorded. The Hair Restoration Centers were acquired on December 1, 2004 at fair market value. Since the date of acquisition the financial performance of the Hair Restoration Centers has continued to meet or exceed the Company s internal expectations, however, because of some of the inherent assumptions and estimates in determining fair value are outside the control of management, changes in these assumptions can adversely impact fair value.

As of December 31, 2008, our estimated fair value as determined by the sum of our reporting units based upon discounted cash flow calculations reconciled to within a reasonable range of our market capitalization which included an assumed control premium. Subsequent to December 31, 2008, the fair value of our stock continues to fluctuate and regularly trades below our book value per share. Adverse changes in expected operating results, an extended period of our stock trading significantly below book value per share, and unfavorable changes in other economic factors may result in further impairments of goodwill. We will reassess the possible impairment of goodwill during the third quarter of fiscal year 2009 as part of our annual assessment.

OVERVIEW OF RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

- Trade Secret was classified as held for sale and reported as a discontinued operation. Reported as part of the loss on discontinued operations was a pre-tax \$171.8 million non-cash write-off of the net assets associated with the sale of Trade Secret (\$115.8 million, net of tax). The locations include 659 company-owned salons and 62 franchised salons that are within the Trade Secret concept.
- Revenues from continuing operations decreased 4.4 percent to \$587.4 million, primarily related to a consolidated same-store sales decrease of 3.8 percent during the three months ended December 31, 2008.
- During the three months ended December 31, 2008, we acquired two corporate locations, both of which were franchise location buybacks (neither of which were hair restoration centers). We built 46 corporate locations and closed, converted or relocated 82 locations. Our franchisees constructed 28 locations and closed, sold back to us, converted or relocated 22 locations during the three months ended December 31, 2008. As of December 31, 2008, we had 8,638 company-owned locations, 2,102 franchise locations and 94 hair restoration centers (61 company-owned and 33 franchise locations).
- A pre-tax, non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$41.7 million was associated with our United Kingdom salon division.
- Lease termination costs of \$1.3 million (\$0.8 million pre-tax, or \$0.5 million net of tax is included in continuing operations, with \$0.5 million pre-tax, or \$0.3 million net of tax, included in loss from discontinued operations) were incurred as a result of 14 stores that ceased using the right to use the leased property or negotiated a lease termination agreement in connection with the Company s planned closure of up to 160 underperforming company-owned salons.
- The Company recorded a \$6.8 million reduction to our self-insurance accruals primarily for workers compensation (\$6.7 million included in continuing operations or \$4.1 million, net of tax and \$0.1 million, included,

net of tax, in loss from discontinued operations).

• A pre-tax, non-cash impairment charge of \$7.8 million was related to our equity method investment in and loans to Intelligent Nutrients, LLC (the charge of \$4.8 million, net of tax, is included in equity in loss of affiliated companies).

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

As of December 31, 2008 the Trade Secret concept within the North American reportable segment was accounted for as a discontinued operation. All comparable periods will reflect Trade Secret as a discontinued operation. The following discussion of results of operations will reflect results from continuing operations. Discontinued operations will be discussed at the end of this section.

Consolidated Results of Continuing Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain information derived from our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations, expressed as a percent of revenues. The percentages are computed as a percent of total consolidated revenues, except as noted.

	For the Periods Ended December 31,									
	Three Mo	nths	Six Montl	ıs						
Results of Operations as a Percent of Revenues	2008	2007	2008	2007						
Service revenues	75.8%	73.4%	76.1%	73.9%						
Product revenues	22.6	23.1	22.2	22.6						
Franchise royalties and fees	1.6	3.5	1.7	3.5						
Operating expenses:										
Cost of service (1)	57.7	57.5	57.3	57.1						
Cost of product (2)	49.0	48.5	49.0	48.1						
Site operating expenses	8.1	7.2	8.0	7.6						
General and administrative	12.3	13.5	12.5	13.6						
Rent	14.0	14.5	14.5	14.4						
Depreciation and amortization	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6						
Goodwill impairment	7.1		3.5							
Lease termination costs	0.1		0.2							
Operating (loss) income	(1.1)	6.8	2.3	6.6						
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes										
and equity in (loss) income of affiliated companies	(2.4)	5.2	1.0	5.1						
Income taxes	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.8						
Equity in affiliates	(0.4)	0.1	(0.2)	0.0						
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(4.4)	3.4	(0.8)	3.3						
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(20.0)	0.3	(9.9)	0.2						
Net (loss) income	(24.4)	3.7	(10.7)	3.5						

⁽¹⁾ Computed as a percent of service revenues and excludes depreciation expense.

(2) Computed as a percent of product revenues and excludes depreciation expense.

Consolidated Revenues

Consolidated revenues primarily include revenues of company-owned salons, product and equipment sales to franchisees, hair restoration center revenues, and franchise royalties and fees. As compared to the respective prior fiscal year, consolidated revenues decreased 4.4 percent to \$587.4 million during the three months ended December 31, 2008 and decreased 1.7 percent to \$1,201.0 million during the six months ended December 31, 2008. The following table details our consolidated revenues by concept. All service revenues, product revenues (which include product and equipment sales to franchisees), and franchise royalties and fees are included within their respective concept within the table.

	For the Periods Ended December 31,									
	Three Months			Six Months						
	2008		2007		2008		2007			
	(Dollars in thousands)									
North American salons:										
Regis	\$ 121,020	\$	128,971	\$	243,343	\$	256,568			
MasterCuts	42,083		43,879		85,514		87,468			
SmartStyle	127,785		122,179		259,041		244,282			

Strip Center(1)	220,525	213,476	453,450	426,555
Other(2)				5,558
Total North American salons (5)	511,413	508,505	1,041,348	1,020,431
International salons(1)(3)	41,268	73,056	89,715	136,337
Hair restoration centers(1)	34,745	33,105	69,892	65,228
Consolidated revenues	\$ 587,426	\$ 614,666	\$ 1,200,955	\$ 1,221,996
Percent change from prior year	(4.4)%	5.2%	(1.7)%	5.5%
Salon same-store sales (decrease) increase(4)	(3.8)%	0.1%	(1.9)%	1.0%

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The percent changes in consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, were driven by the following:

		For the Periods Ended December 31,							
	Three Mon	nths	Six Montl	hs					
Percentage Increase (Decrease) in Revenues	2008	2007	2008	2007					
Acquisitions (previous twelve months)	6.1%	4.3%	6.5%	3.9%					
Organic growth	(4.7)	3.3	(3.8)	4.2					
Foreign currency	(2.8)	1.7	(1.6)	1.5					
Franchise revenues(3)	(1.8)	0.1	(1.7)	0.1					
Closed salons(2)(3)	(1.2)	(4.2)	(1.1)	(4.2)					
	(4.4)%	5.2%	(1.7)%	5.5%					

- (1) Includes aggregate franchise royalties and fees of \$9.6 and \$21.6 million for the three months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$19.9 and \$42.5 million for the six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. North American salon franchise royalties and fees represented 93.6 and 45.4 percent of total franchise revenues in the three months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and 93.7 and 46.7 percent of total franchise revenues in the six months ended December 31, 2008, and 2007, respectively. The decrease in aggregate franchise, royalties, and fees and increase in North American salon franchise royalties and fees as a percent of total franchise revenues for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 is a result of the deconsolidation of the Company s European franchise salon operations.
- (2) On August 1, 2007, the Company contributed its 51 accredited cosmetology schools to Empire Education Group, Inc. Accordingly, revenue growth was negatively impacted as a result of the deconsolidation. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2007, the accredited cosmetology schools generated revenue of \$0.0 and \$5.6 million, respectively, which represented 0.0 and 0.5 percent of consolidated revenues, respectively.
- (3) On January 31, 2008, the Company deconsolidated the results of operations of its European franchise salon operations. Accordingly, revenue growth was negatively impacted as a result of the deconsolidation. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 the European franchise salon operations generated revenue of \$16.6 and \$31.2 million which represented 2.7 and 2.6 percent of consolidated revenues, respectively.
- (4) Salon same-store sales increases or decreases are calculated on a daily basis as the total change in sales for company-owned salons which were open on a specific day of the week during the current period and the corresponding prior period. Quarterly and year-to-date salon same-store sales increases are the sum of the same-store sales increases computed on a daily basis. Relocated salons are included in same-store sales as they are considered to have been open in the prior period. International same-store sales are calculated in local currencies so that foreign currency fluctuations do not impact the calculation. Management believes that same-store sales, a component of organic growth, are useful in determining the increase in salon revenues attributable to its organic growth (new salon construction and same-store sales growth) versus growth from acquisitions.
- (5) As of December 31, 2008, the Trade Secret concept within the North American reportable segment was accounted for as a discontinued operation. All periods presented reflect Trade Secret as a discontinued operation. Accordingly, Trade Secret revenues are excluded from this presentation.

We acquired 323 salons (including 159 franchise salon buybacks and two hair restoration centers) during the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. The organic growth decrease was due to the salon same-store sales decrease, partially offset by the construction of 248 company-owned salons during the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. We closed 268 salons (including 65 franchise salons) during the twelve months ended December 31, 2008.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2008, the foreign currency impact was driven by the strengthening of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar, British pound, and Euro, as compared to the exchange rates for the comparable prior periods. The impact of foreign currency was calculated by multiplying current year revenues in local currencies by the change in the foreign currency exchange rate between the current and prior fiscal year.

We acquired 350 salons (including 111 franchise salon buybacks) and eight hair restoration centers (seven of which were franchise buybacks) during the twelve months ended December 31, 2007. The organic growth increase was due to the salon

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same-store sales increase and the construction of 348 company-owned salons during the twelve months ended December 31, 2007. We closed 304 salons (including 171 franchise salons) during the twelve months ended December 31, 2007.

During the three and six months ended December 31, 2007, the foreign currency impact was driven by the weakening of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar, British pound and Euro as compared to the exchange rates for the comparable prior period. The impact of foreign currency was calculated by multiplying current year revenues in local currencies by the change in the foreign currency exchange rate between the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year.

Consolidated revenues are primarily comprised of service and product revenues, as well as franchise royalties and fees. Fluctuations in these three major revenue categories were as follows:

Service Revenues. Service revenues include revenues generated from company-owned salons and service revenues generated by hair restoration centers. Total service revenues for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	(Decrease) Increase Over Prior Fiscal Year							
Periods Ended December 31,	Revenues			Dollar n thousands)	Percentage			
Three Months								
2008	\$	445,078	\$	(5,773)	(1.3)%			
2007		450,851		17,911	4.1			
Six Months								
2008	\$	914,113	\$	10,499	1.2%			
2007		903,614		43,577	5.1			

The decrease in service revenues during the three months ended December 31, 2008 was due to same-store service sales decreasing 3.0 percent as compared to flat same-store service sales during the comparable prior period. Same-store service sales decreased 3.0 percent due to a significant decline in customer visits, primarily in the month of December. Also, service revenues decreased due to the strengthening of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar, Euro and British Pound and deconsolidation of the European franchise salon operations on January 31, 2008. Partially offsetting the decrease was growth due to acquisitions during the previous twelve months and an increase in average ticket.

Growth during the six months ended December 31, 2008 was not as robust due to same-store service sales decreasing 1.2 percent compared to increasing 1.2 percent during the six months ended December 31, 2007. Consistent with the three months ended December 31, 2008, service revenues decreased due to the strengthening of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar, Euro and British Pound and the deconsolidation of the European franchise salon operations. In addition, service revenues decreased due to the deconsolidation of our 51 accredited cosmetology schools to Empire Education Group, Inc. on August 1, 2007. Offsetting the factors that negatively impacted services revenues was growth due to acquisitions during the previous twelve months and an increase in average ticket.

The growth in service revenues in the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was driven by acquisitions and new salon construction (a component of organic growth). Growth was negatively impacted as a result of the deconsolidation of our 51 accredited cosmetology schools to Empire Education Group, Inc. on August 1, 2007. Same-store service sales were flat during the three months ended December 31, 2007 and increased 1.2 percent during the six months ended December 31, 2007, as compared to an increase of 1.4 percent and 0.8 percent during the comparable prior periods.

Product Revenues. Product revenues are primarily sales at company-owned salons, hair restoration centers and sales of product and equipment to franchisees. Total product revenues for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

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	(Decrease) Increase								
Periods Ended December 31,	R	evenues		Over Prior Fisca Dollar n thousands)	Percentage				
Three Months									
2008	\$	132,774	\$	(9,482)	(6.7)%				
2007		142,256		10,393	7.9				
Six Months									
2008	\$	266,957	\$	(8,959)	(3.2)%				
2007		275,916		16,996	6.6				

The decrease in product revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was due to same-store product sales decreasing 6.4 and 4.4 percent, respectively, as compared to increases of 0.4 and 0.3 percent during the comparable prior periods. Same-store product sales decreased during the current periods due to a decline in customer visits and a mix play, as a larger than expected percentage of product sales came from promotional items.

Growth during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was not as robust as compared to the comparable prior periods due to a slower than expected holiday selling season, product diversion and increased appeal of mass hair care lines to the consumer. Consolidated same-store product sales increased 0.4 and 0.3 percent during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 as compared to decreases of 0.3 and 0.5 percent during the comparable prior periods.

Royalties and Fees. Total franchise revenues, which include royalties and fees, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	(Decrease) Increase Over Prior Fiscal Year								
Periods Ended December 31,	Revenues			Dollar in thousands)	Percentage				
Three Months			·	ĺ					
2008	\$	9,574	\$	(11,985)	(55.6)%				
2007		21,559		1,814	9.2				
Six Months									
2008	\$	19,885	\$	(22,581)	(53.2)%				
2007		42,466		3,094	7.9				

Total franchise locations open at December 31, 2008 were 2,073, including 33 franchise hair restoration centers, as compared to 3,786, including 35 franchise hair restoration centers, at December 31, 2007. We purchased 159 of our franchise salons and two franchise hair restoration centers during the twelve months ended December 31, 2008. The decrease in consolidated franchise revenues during the three and six month periods ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to the merger of the 1,587 European franchise salon operations with Franck Provost Salon Group on January 31, 2008.

Total franchise locations open at December 31, 2007 were 3,786, including 35 franchise hair restoration centers, as compared to 3,808, including 41 franchise hair restoration centers, at December 31, 2006. We purchased 111 of our franchise salons and six franchise hair restoration centers during the twelve months ended December 31, 2007 and acquired a franchisor of product-focused salons which operates 42 franchise locations, which drove the overall decrease in the number of franchise salon between periods. The increase in consolidated franchise revenues during the

three and six months ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 was primarily due to the weakening of the United States dollar against the Canadian dollar, British pound and Euro as compared to the exchange rates for the comparable prior period, partially offset by a decreased number of franchise salons, as discussed above.

Gross Margin (Excluding Depreciation)

Our cost of revenues primarily includes labor costs related to salon and hair restoration center employees, the cost of product used in providing services and the cost of products sold to customers and franchisees. The resulting gross margin for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	Gross	Margin as % of Service and Product		` /	erease Over Prior Fis	
Periods Ended December 31,	Margin	Revenues		Dollar	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
		(De	ollars i	n thousands)		
Three Months						
2008	\$ 255,936	44.3%	\$	(8,733)	(3.3)%	(30)
2007	264,669	44.6		7,659	3.0	(90)
Six Months						
2008	\$ 526,458	44.6%	\$	(4,369)	(0.8)%	(40)
2007	530,827	45.0		21,572	4.2	(50)

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in gross margin as a percent of service and product revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

Service Margin (Excluding Depreciation). Service margin for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	Service	Margin as % of Service		(Decrease) Inc	rease Over Prior Fis	scal Year
Periods Ended December 31,	Margin	Revenues		Dollar	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
		(Do	llars i	n thousands)		
Three Months						
2008	\$ 188,240	42.3%	\$	(3,209)	(1.7)%	(20)
2007	191,449	42.5		1,390	0.7	(140)
Six Months						
2008	\$ 390,198	42.7%	\$	2,639	0.7%	(20)
2007	387,559	42.9		9,468	2.5	(110)

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in service margin as a percent of service revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point decrease in service margin as a percent of service revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to slightly higher cost of goods used in service as a result of price increases implemented by suppliers along with higher bank charges due to increased credit card usage by customers. Additionally, for the six months ended December 31, 2008, the basis point decrease was due to hurricanes Gustav and Ike and recent salon acquisitions, which have higher cost payroll plans.

The basis point decrease in service margin as a percent of service revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was primarily due to the absence of the beauty school segment service revenue from consolidated service revenues, which accounted for 60 of the total 140 basis point deterioration. The deterioration was also due to a change made during the first fiscal quarter as a result of refinements made to our inventory tracking systems. The refinements resulted in better tracking and accounting for retail products that our salon stylists transfer from retail shelves to the back bar for use in servicing customers. The cost of these products had historically been included as a component of our product gross margin, whereas they are now more appropriately included in our service margin. These retail-to-shop transfers amount to approximately \$1.0 million each quarter. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2007, reclassification accounted for approximately

30 basis points of the total 140 and 110 basis point deterioration, respectively, and had no impact on total gross margin. Also contributing to the basis point deterioration was a planned increase in North America service payroll costs related to recent salon acquisitions and negative payroll leverage due to negative same-store sales in our international salon segment.

Product Margin (Excluding Depreciation). Product margin for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	Product	Margin as % of Product		(Decrease) Inc	crease Over Prior Fis	cal Year
Periods Ended December 31,	Margin	Revenues		Dollar	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
		(De	ollars i	n thousands)		
Three Months						
2008	\$ 67,696	51.0%	\$	(5,524)	(7.5)%	(50)
2007	73,220	51.5		6,268	9.4	70
Six Months						
2008	\$ 136,260	51.0%	\$	(7,008)	(4.9)%	(90)
2007	143,268	51.9		12,104	9.2	120

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in product margin as a percent of product revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point decrease in product margin as a percent of product revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to a mix play, as a larger than expected percentage of our product sales came from lower-margin promotional items. We are not promoting or discounting at a higher rate, but we are seeing consumers continuing to be more value-focused through buying promotional items at a higher rate than prior periods.

The basis point improvement in product margins as a percent of product revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was primarily due refinements made to our inventory tracking systems.

Site Operating Expenses

This expense category includes direct costs incurred by our salons and hair restoration centers such as on-site advertising, workers compensation, insurance, utilities and janitorial costs. Site operating expenses for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

		Site	Expense as % of Consolidated		(Decrease) In	ncrease Over Prior F	iscal Year
Periods Ended December 31,	OI	erating	Revenues		Dollar	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
				(Dollars	in thousands)		
Three Months							
2008	\$	47,620	8.1%	6 \$	3,541	8.0%	90
2007		44,079	7.2		(5,973)	(11.9)	(140)
Six Months							
2008	\$	96,022	8.0%	6 \$	2,612	2.8%	40

2007	93,410	7.6	(8,080)	(8.0)	(120)

(1) Represents the basis point change in site operating expenses as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point increase in site operating expenses as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to the reclassification from rent for rubbish removal and utilities that we pay our landlords as part of our operating lease agreements. This increase was partially offset by a \$6.7 million reduction in self insurance accruals primarily related to prior years workers compensation reserves as a result of successful safety and return-to-work programs implemented over the past few years.

The basis point improvement in site operating expenses as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was primarily due to a reduction of \$4.8 million in self insurance accruals, primarily workers—compensation, as a result of successful safety and return-to-work programs implemented over the past few years. In addition, the absence of the beauty school segment site operating expenses from consolidated site operating expenses and decreased janitorial and advertising expense contributed to the basis point improvement.

General and Administrative

General and administrative (G&A) includes costs associated with our field supervision, salon training and promotions, product distribution centers and corporate offices (such as salaries and professional fees), including costs incurred to support franchise and hair restoration center operations. G&A expenses for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

		Expense as % of Consolidated		(Decrease) Inci	rease Over Prior Fisc	al Year
Periods Ended December 31,	G&A	Revenues	(Doll	Dollar lars in thousands)	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
Three Months				,		
2008	\$ 72,531	12.3%	\$	(10,529)	(12.7)%	(120)
2007	83,060	13.5		4,431	5.5	
Six Months						
2008	\$ 150,295	12.5%	\$	(16,021)	(9.6)%	(110)
2007	166,316	13.6		12,424	8.1	30

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in G&A as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point improvement in G&A costs as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to cost savings initiatives implemented by the Company, the deconsolidation of the European franchise salon operations and the absence of professional fees that were incurred in the comparable periods related to investment transactions and cost saving initiatives.

The basis point decrease in G&A costs as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was primarily due increased professional fees of \$2.3 million related to investment transactions.

Rent

Rent expense, which includes base and percentage rent, common area maintenance, and real estate taxes, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, was as follows:

Periods Ended December 31,	Rent	Expense as % of Consolidated Revenues		(Decrease) In Dollar 1 thousands)	crease Over Prior Fi Percentage	scal Year Basis Point(1)
Three Months		· ·	onais in	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
2008	\$ 81,981	14.0%	\$	(7,210)	(8.1)%	(50)

2007	89,191	14.5	6,272	7.6	30
Six Months					
2008	\$ 174,192	14.5%	\$ (2,248)	(1.3)%	10
2007	176,440	14.4	11,563	7.0	20

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in rent as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point improvement in rent expense as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three months ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to the reclassification to site operating expense for rubbish removal and utilities that we pay our landlords as part of our operating lease agreements. Partially offsetting the basis point improvement was negative leverage in this fixed cost category due to negative same-store sales.

The basis point decrease in rent expense as a percent of consolidated revenues during the six months ended December 31, 2008 is primarily due to negative leverage in this fixed cost category due to negative same-store sales. Partially offsetting the basis point decrease was the reclassification to site operating expense for rubbish removal and utilities as discussed above.

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The basis point decrease in rent expense as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was primarily due to negative leverage in this fixed cost category, as salon rents are increasing at a slightly faster rate than our overall same-store sales.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense (D&A) for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

		Expense as % of Consolidated		(Decrease) Inc	crease Over Prior Fis	scal Year
Periods Ended December 31,	D&A	Revenues		Dollar	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
		(D	ollars i	in thousands)		
Three Months						
2008	\$ 27,519	4.7%	\$	(735)	(2.6)%	10
2007	28,254	4.6		1,002	3.7	(10)
Six Months						
2008	\$ 54,787	4.6%	\$	(1,750)	(3.1)%	
2007	56,537	4.6		2,756	5.1	

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in D&A as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point increase in D&A as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three months ended December 31, 2008 was primarily due to the decrease in same-store-sales. D&A as a percent of consolidated revenues during the six months ended December 31, 2008 was consistent with prior year D&A as a percent of consolidated revenues.

D&A as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was consistent with prior year D&A as a percent of consolidated revenues.

Goodwill impairment

Goodwill impairment expenses for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

Expense as %
Goodwill of Consolidated Increase Over Prior Fiscal Year

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Periods Ended December 31,	impa	nirment	Revenues (D	ollars i	Dollar in thousands)	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
Three Months							
2008	\$	41,661	7.1%	\$	41,661	100.0%	710
2007							
Six Months							
2008	\$	41,661	3.5%	\$	41,661	100.0%	350
2007							

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in goodwill impairment as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The Company recorded a \$41.7 million goodwill impairment charge related to the salon concepts in the United Kingdom during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008. The recent performance challenges of the International salon operations indicated that the estimated fair value of the International salon operations was less than the current carrying value of this reporting unit s net assets, including goodwill. There is no remaining goodwill recorded within the salon concepts in the United Kingdom. No impairment of goodwill was recorded during the three and six months ended December 31, 2007.

Lease Termination Costs

Lease termination costs for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

		ease nination	Expense as % of Consolidated		Increase	e Over Prior Fiscal Y	'ear
Periods Ended December 31,	C	costs	Revenues		Dollar	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
			(1	onars in	thousands)		
Three Months							
2008	\$	847	0.1%	\$	847	100.0%	10
2007							
Six Months							
2008	\$	1,998	0.2%	\$	1,998	100.0%	20
2007							

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in lease termination costs as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The lease termination costs are associated with the Company s plan to close up to 160 underperforming company-owned salons in fiscal year 2009. During the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 we closed 19 and 35 salons, respectively. See further discussion within Note 7 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Interest

Interest expense for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

			Expense as % of Consolidated		(Decrease) Inc	rease Over Prior Fis	scal Year
Periods Ended December 31,	In	terest	Revenues	Dollars ii	Dollar n thousands)	Percentage	Basis Point(1)
Three Months							
2008	\$	10,878	1.9%	\$	(838)	(7.2)%	
2007		11,716	1.9		1,065	10.0	10
Six Months							
2008	\$	21,098	1.8%	\$	(1,131)	(5.1)%	
2007		22,229	1.8		1,763	8.6	

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in interest expense as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

Interest expense as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was consistent with prior year interest as a percent of total revenues.

The basis point increase in interest expense as a percent of consolidated revenues during the three months ended December 31, 2007 was primarily due to increased debt levels used to fund customary acquisitions and investments and the repurchase of \$50.0 million of our outstanding common stock.

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Income Taxes

Our reported effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

Periods Ended December 31,	Effective Rate	Basis Point(1) Increase
	Ellective Rate	Hicrease
Three Months		
2008	66.7%	3,020
2007	36.5	890
Six Months		
2008	168.4%	13,250
2007	35.9	530

⁽¹⁾ Represents the basis point change in income tax expense as a percent of consolidated revenues as compared to the corresponding periods of the prior fiscal year.

The basis point increase in our overall effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 was due primarily to substantially all of the \$41.7 million goodwill impairment of the salon concepts in the United Kingdom not being deductible for tax purposes, which increased the tax provision by approximately \$11.4 million for each of the three and six months ended December 31, 2008.

The decrease in our overall effective tax rate for the three and six months ended December 31, 2007 was due to the impact of state income taxes and the impact of certain non-deductible professional fees. The prior year rates were favorably impacted by the retroactive reinstatement of the Work Opportunity and Welfare-to-Work Tax Credits. The adoption of FIN 48 at the beginning of fiscal year 2008 caused the Company s second quarter tax rate to be higher than the estimated annual rate.

Equity in (Loss) Income of Affiliated Companies, Net of Income Taxes

Equity in income (loss) of affiliates, represents the income or loss generated by our equity investment in Empire Education Group, Inc., Provalliance, and other equity method investments, for the three and six months ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, was as follows:

			(Decrease) Increase Over Prior Fiscal Year		
Periods Ended December 31,	Equity in (loss) income		Dollar	Percentage	
			(Dollars in thousands)		
Three Months					
2008	\$	(2,338) \$			